Takashi Kondoh

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

12 papers	104 citations	7 h-index	10 g-index
12 ext. papers	120 ext. citations	3.6 avg, IF	1.99 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
12	Induction of Fos expression in the rat brain after intragastric administration of dried bonito. *Nutritional Neuroscience*, **2021**, 24, 688-696	3.6	1
11	Intake and preference for dried bonito dashi in male Sprague-Dawley rats and C57BL/6 N mice. *Physiology and Behavior*, **2020**, 213, 112708	3.5	0
10	Dried bonito dashi: Contributions of mineral salts and organic acids to the taste of dashi. *Physiology and Behavior*, **2019**, 199, 127-136	3.5	5
9	Ingestion of dried-bonito broth (dashi) facilitates PV-parvalbumin-immunoreactive neurons in the brain, and affects emotional behaviors in mice. *Nutritional Neuroscience*, **2017**, 20, 571-586	3.6	9
8	Dried bonito dashi: taste qualities evaluated using conditioned taste aversion methods in wild-type and T1R1 knockout mice. *Chemical Senses*, **2015**, 40, 125-40	4.8	9
7	Long-term consumption of dried bonito dashi (a traditional Japanese fish stock) reduces anxiety and modifies central amino acid levels in rats. *Nutritional Neuroscience*, **2015**, 18, 256-64	3.6	9
6	Dried bonito dashi: a preferred fish broth without postoral reward actions in mice. *Chemical Senses*, **2014**, 39, 159-66	4.8	14
5	Physiological Significance of Glutamate Signaling in Gut-Brain Communication. *Bioscience and Microflora*, **2009**, 28, 109-118		2
4	Effects of repeated cold stress on activity of hypothalamic neurons in rats during performance of operant licking task. *Journal of Neurophysiology*, **2000**, 84, 2844-58	3.2	6
3	Hypothalamic and amygdalar neuronal responses to various tastant solutions during ingestive behavior in rats. *Journal of Nutrition*, **2000**, 130, 954S-9S	4.1	32
2	Increased histidine preference during specific alteration of rhythm of environmental temperature stress in rats.. *Behavioral Neuroscience*, **1996**, 110, 1187-1192	2.1	10
1	Contribution of chorda tympani and glossopharyngeal nerves to taste preferences of rat for amino acids and NaCl. *Brain Research*, **1996**, 739, 139-55	3.7	7