

Lixing Yuan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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times ranked

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citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Phosphorus Dynamics: From Soil to Plant. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2011, 156, 997-1005.	4.8	1,127
2	NRT1.1B is associated with root microbiota composition and nitrogen use in field-grown rice. <i>Nature Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 37, 676-684.	17.5	641
3	Improving crop productivity and resource use efficiency to ensure food security and environmental quality in China. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2012, 63, 13-24.	4.8	465
4	Endocytosis and degradation of BOR1, a boron transporter of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> , regulated by boron availability. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 12276-12281.	7.1	378
5	The Organization of High-Affinity Ammonium Uptake in <i>Arabidopsis</i> Roots Depends on the Spatial Arrangement and Biochemical Properties of AMT1-Type Transporters. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2007, 19, 2636-2652.	6.6	330
6	Tonoplast Intrinsic Proteins AtTIP2;1 and AtTIP2;3 Facilitate NH ₃ Transport into the Vacuole. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2005, 137, 671-680.	4.8	297
7	Integrated soil and plant phosphorus management for crop and environment in China. A review. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2011, 349, 157-167.	3.7	248
8	Maximizing root/rhizosphere efficiency to improve crop productivity and nutrient use efficiency in intensive agriculture of China. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2013, 64, 1181-1192.	4.8	245
9	Additive contribution of AMT1;1 and AMT1;3 to high-affinity ammonium uptake across the plasma membrane of nitrogen-deficient <i>Arabidopsis</i> roots. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2006, 48, 522-534.	5.7	199
10	Feedback Inhibition of Ammonium Uptake by a Phospho-Dependent Allosteric Mechanism in <i>Arabidopsis</i> . <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2009, 21, 3610-3622.	6.6	181
11	Modern maize hybrids in Northeast China exhibit increased yield potential and resource use efficiency despite adverse climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 923-936.	9.5	143
12	Characterization of AMT-Mediated High-Affinity Ammonium Uptake in Roots of Maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.). <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2013, 54, 1515-1524.	3.1	136
13	A genetic relationship between nitrogen use efficiency and seedling root traits in maize as revealed by QTL analysis. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2015, 66, 3175-3188.	4.8	135
14	Effects of nitrogen application rate on grain yield and grain nitrogen concentration in two maize hybrids with contrasting nitrogen remobilization efficiency. <i>European Journal of Agronomy</i> , 2015, 62, 79-89.	4.1	133
15	Ideotype root architecture for efficient nitrogen acquisition by maize in intensive cropping systems. <i>Science China Life Sciences</i> , 2010, 53, 1369-1373.	4.9	131
16	Potassium nutrition of crops under varied regimes of nitrogen supply. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2010, 335, 21-34.	3.7	116
17	AtDUR3 represents the major transporter for high-affinity urea transport across the plasma membrane of nitrogen-deficient <i>Arabidopsis</i> roots. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2007, 52, 30-40.	5.7	114
18	Within-Leaf Nitrogen Allocation in Adaptation to Low Nitrogen Supply in Maize during Grain-Filling Stage. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2016, 7, 699.	3.6	114

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19	Characterization of the plant traits contributed to high grain yield and high grain nitrogen concentration in maize. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2014, 159, 1-9.	5.1	113
20	Grain production versus resource and environmental costs: towards increasing sustainability of nutrient use in China. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 4935-4949.	4.8	111
21	Nitrogen-Dependent Posttranscriptional Regulation of the Ammonium Transporter AtAMT1;1. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2007, 143, 732-744.	4.8	106
22	Transporter-Mediated Nuclear Entry of γ -Asmonoyl-Isoleucine Is Essential for γ -Asmonate Signaling. <i>Molecular Plant</i> , 2017, 10, 695-708.	8.3	104
23	A comprehensive analysis of root morphological changes and nitrogen allocation in maize in response to low nitrogen stress. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2015, 38, 740-750.	5.7	103
24	Allosteric Regulation of Transport Activity by Heterotrimerization of <i>Arabidopsis</i> Ammonium Transporter Complexes in Vivo. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2013, 25, 974-984.	6.6	96
25	Mapping QTLs for root system architecture of maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) in the field at different developmental stages. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2012, 125, 1313-1324.	3.6	94
26	Ammonium Inhibits Primary Root Growth by Reducing the Length of Meristem and Elongation Zone and Decreasing Elemental Expansion Rate in the Root Apex in <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e61031.	2.5	92
27	AtAMT1;4, a Pollen-Specific High-Affinity Ammonium Transporter of the Plasma Membrane in <i>Arabidopsis</i> . <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2009, 50, 13-25.	3.1	91
28	Genetic improvement of root growth increases maize yield via enhanced post-silking nitrogen uptake. <i>European Journal of Agronomy</i> , 2015, 63, 55-61.	4.1	83
29	The physiological mechanism underlying root elongation in response to nitrogen deficiency in crop plants. <i>Planta</i> , 2020, 251, 84.	3.2	67
30	A Critical Role of AMT2;1 in Root-To-Shoot Translocation of Ammonium in <i>Arabidopsis</i> . <i>Molecular Plant</i> , 2017, 10, 1449-1460.	8.3	66
31	Ideotype Root System Architecture for Maize to Achieve High Yield and Resource Use Efficiency in Intensive Cropping Systems. <i>Advances in Agronomy</i> , 2016, , 73-97.	5.2	63
32	Identification of QTLs for plant height, ear height and grain yield in maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) in response to nitrogen and phosphorus supply. <i>Plant Breeding</i> , 2012, 131, 502-510.	1.9	58
33	Auxin transport in maize roots in response to localized nitrate supply. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2010, 106, 1019-1026.	2.9	57
34	<i>TOND1</i> confers tolerance to nitrogen deficiency in rice. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2015, 81, 367-376.	5.7	57
35	Dynamic change of mineral nutrient content in different plant organs during the grain filling stage in maize grown under contrasting nitrogen supply. <i>European Journal of Agronomy</i> , 2016, 80, 137-153.	4.1	57
36	Identification of quantitative trait loci for leaf area and chlorophyll content in maize (<i>Zea mays</i>) under low nitrogen and low phosphorus supply. <i>Molecular Breeding</i> , 2012, 30, 251-266.	2.1	55

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37	Changes in root size and distribution in relation to nitrogen accumulation during maize breeding in China. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 374, 121-130.	3.7	55
38	Isolation and characterization of three maize aquaporin genes, ZmNIP2;1, ZmNIP2;4 and ZmTIP4;4 involved in urea transport. <i>BMB Reports</i> , 2012, 45, 96-101.	2.4	54
39	Comprehensive phenotypic analysis and quantitative trait locus identification for grain mineral concentration, content, and yield in maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.). <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2015, 128, 1777-1789.	3.6	52
40	Soil plant-available phosphorus levels and maize genotypes determine the phosphorus acquisition efficiency and contribution of mycorrhizal pathway. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2020, 449, 357-371.	3.7	52
41	Comparative Expression and Phylogenetic Analysis of Maize Cytokinin Dehydrogenase/Oxidase (CKX) Gene Family. <i>Journal of Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2010, 29, 428-440.	5.1	49
42	A novel morphological response of maize (<i>Zea mays</i>) adult roots to heterogeneous nitrate supply revealed by a split-root experiment. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2014, 150, 133-144.	5.2	49
43	Enhancing phosphorus uptake efficiency through QTL-based selection for root system architecture in maize. <i>Journal of Genetics and Genomics</i> , 2016, 43, 663-672.	3.9	48
44	Evaluation of the yield and nitrogen use efficiency of the dominant maize hybrids grown in North and Northeast China. <i>Science China Life Sciences</i> , 2013, 56, 552-560.	4.9	47
45	A RNA-Seq Analysis of the Response of Photosynthetic System to Low Nitrogen Supply in Maize Leaf. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2017, 18, 2624.	4.1	47
46	Increased biomass accumulation in maize grown in mixed nitrogen supply is mediated by auxin synthesis. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 1859-1873.	4.8	46
47	Comparative Analysis of Root Traits and the Associated QTLs for Maize Seedlings Grown in Paper Roll, Hydroponics and Vermiculite Culture System. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017, 8, 436.	3.6	44
48	Evolving technologies for growing, imaging and analyzing 3D root system architecture of crop plants. <i>Journal of Integrative Plant Biology</i> , 2016, 58, 230-241.	8.5	43
49	Ammonium and nitrate regulate NH ₄ ⁺ uptake activity of Arabidopsis ammonium transporter AtAMT1;3 via phosphorylation at multiple C-terminal sites. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 4919-4930.	4.8	41
50	The iron-regulated transporter 1 plays an essential role in uptake, translocation and grain loading of manganese, but not iron, in barley. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2018, 217, 1640-1653.	7.3	37
51	Use of genotype×environment interactions to elucidate the pattern of maize root plasticity to nitrogen deficiency. <i>Journal of Integrative Plant Biology</i> , 2016, 58, 242-253.	8.5	36
52	Interaction effect of nitrogen form and planting density on plant growth and nutrient uptake in maize seedlings. <i>Journal of Integrative Agriculture</i> , 2019, 18, 1120-1129.	3.5	36
53	Gibberellins synthesis is involved in the reduction of cell flux and elemental growth rate in maize leaf under low nitrogen supply. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2018, 150, 198-208.	4.2	34
54	Genetic analysis of vertical root pulling resistance (VRPR) in maize using two genetic populations. <i>Molecular Breeding</i> , 2011, 28, 463-474.	2.1	31

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55	Importers Drive Leaf-to-Leaf Jasmonic Acid Transmission in Wound-Induced Systemic Immunity. <i>Molecular Plant</i> , 2020, 13, 1485-1498.	8.3	31
56	Low nitrogen induces root elongation via auxin-induced acid growth and auxin-regulated target of rapamycin (TOR) pathway in maize. <i>Journal of Plant Physiology</i> , 2020, 254, 153281.	3.5	30
57	Phylogenetic, expression and functional characterizations of the maize <i>NLP</i> transcription factor family reveal a role in nitrate assimilation and signaling. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2018, 163, 269-281.	5.2	29
58	ZmRAP2.7, an AP2 Transcription Factor, Is Involved in Maize Brace Roots Development. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 820.	3.6	29
59	Root growth in response to nitrogen supply in Chinese maize hybrids released between 1973 and 2009. <i>Science China Life Sciences</i> , 2011, 54, 642-650.	4.9	27
60	Dynamic remobilization of leaf nitrogen components in relation to photosynthetic rate during grain filling in maize. <i>Plant Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018, 129, 27-34.	5.8	27
61	Evaluation of maize root growth and genome-wide association studies of root traits in response to low nitrogen supply at seedling emergence. <i>Crop Journal</i> , 2021, 9, 794-804.	5.2	26
62	Nitrogen allocation and remobilization contributing to low-nitrogen tolerance in stay-green maize. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2021, 263, 108078.	5.1	25
63	Vertical Distribution of Photosynthetic Nitrogen Use Efficiency and Its Response to Nitrogen in Field-Grown Maize. <i>Crop Science</i> , 2016, 56, 397-407.	1.8	24
64	Effects of Nitrogen Application on Post-Silking Root Senescence and Yield of Maize. <i>Agronomy Journal</i> , 2015, 107, 835-842.	1.8	23
65	CALCIUM-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE 32-mediated phosphorylation is essential for the ammonium transport activity of AMT1;1 in Arabidopsis roots. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2020, 71, 5087-5097.	4.8	21
66	Use of the Stable Nitrogen Isotope to Reveal the Source-Sink Regulation of Nitrogen Uptake and Remobilization during Grain Filling Phase in Maize. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162201.	2.5	20
67	Physiological and genetic analysis for maize root characters and yield in response to low phosphorus stress. <i>Breeding Science</i> , 2018, 68, 268-277.	1.9	20
68	Root morphological and proteomic responses to growth restriction in maize plants supplied with sufficient N. <i>Journal of Plant Physiology</i> , 2011, 168, 1067-1075.	3.5	19
69	Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of global phosphorus use: focus on root and rhizosphere levels in the agronomic system. <i>Frontiers of Agricultural Science and Engineering</i> , 2019, 6, 357.	1.4	19
70	N-terminal cysteines affect oligomer stability of the allosterically regulated ammonium transporter LeAMT1;1. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2011, 62, 1361-1373.	4.8	18
71	Involvement of a truncated MADS-box transcription factor ZmTMM1 in root nitrate foraging. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2020, 71, 4547-4561.	4.8	18
72	Overexpression of the maize ZmAMT1;1a gene enhances root ammonium uptake efficiency under low ammonium nutrition. <i>Plant Biotechnology Reports</i> , 2018, 12, 47-56.	1.5	17

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73	Enhanced crown root number and length confers potential for yield improvement and fertilizer reduction in nitrogen-efficient maize cultivars. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2019, 241, 107562.	5.1	17
74	Grain Mineral Accumulation Changes in Chinese Maize Cultivars Released in Different Decades and the Responses to Nitrogen Fertilizer. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 1662.	3.6	15
75	Breeding for high-yield and nitrogen use efficiency in maize: Lessons from comparison between Chinese and US cultivars. <i>Advances in Agronomy</i> , 2021, , 251-275.	5.2	15
76	Harnessing root-foraging capacity to improve nutrient-use efficiency for sustainable maize production. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2022, 279, 108462.	5.1	15
77	Effects of pollination-prevention on leaf senescence and post-silking nitrogen accumulation and remobilization in maize hybrids released in the past four decades in China. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2017, 203, 106-113.	5.1	14
78	Innovations of phosphorus sustainability: implications for the whole chain. <i>Frontiers of Agricultural Science and Engineering</i> , 2019, 6, 321.	1.4	14
79	The role of maize root size in phosphorus uptake and productivity of maize/faba bean and maize/wheat intercropping systems. <i>Science China Life Sciences</i> , 2012, 55, 993-1001.	4.9	13
80	Genetic Improvement of Root Growth Contributes to Efficient Phosphorus Acquisition in maize (Zea mays L.) BT /Overlook 10 Tf	3.5	12
81	Genetic Dissection of Phosphorus Use Efficiency in a Maize Association Population under Two P Levels in the Field. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 9311.	4.1	12
82	Combined physiological, transcriptome, and genetic analysis reveals a molecular network of nitrogen remobilization in maize. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2020, 71, 5061-5073.	4.8	11
83	Plasticity of root anatomy during domestication of a maize-teosinte derived population. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 73, 139-153.	4.8	11
84	Targeted BSA mapping of Scmv1 and Scmv2 conferring resistance to SCMV using PstI/MseI compared with EcoRI/MseI AFLP markers. <i>Plant Breeding</i> , 2004, 123, 434-437.	1.9	10
85	Assessing the variation in traits for manganese deficiency tolerance among maize genotypes. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2021, 183, 104344.	4.2	10
86	Efficient nitrogen allocation and reallocation into the ear in relation to the superior vascular system in low-nitrogen tolerant maize hybrid. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2022, 284, 108580.	5.1	10
87	Cell Production and Expansion in the Primary Root of Maize in Response to Low-Nitrogen Stress. <i>Journal of Integrative Agriculture</i> , 2014, 13, 2508-2517.	3.5	8
88	Transcriptional Regulation of Expression of the Maize Aldehyde Dehydrogenase 7 Gene (ZmALDH7B6) in Response to Abiotic Stresses. <i>Journal of Integrative Agriculture</i> , 2014, 13, 1900-1908.	3.5	8
89	Dissecting the phenotypic response of maize to low phosphorus soils by field screening of a large diversity panel. <i>Euphytica</i> , 2021, 217, 1.	1.2	8
90	Natural Genetic Variation of Seed Micronutrients of Arabidopsis thaliana Grown in Zinc-Deficient and Zinc-Amended Soil. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2016, 7, 1070.	3.6	7

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91	Phenotypic characterization and genetic mapping of the dwarf mutant m34 in maize. Journal of Integrative Agriculture, 2019, 18, 948-957.	3.5	7
92	High light intensity aggravates latent manganese deficiency in maize. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2020, 71, 6116-6127.	4.8	7
93	High responsiveness of maize grain yield to nitrogen supply is explained by high ear growth rate and efficient ear nitrogen allocation. Field Crops Research, 2022, 286, 108610.	5.1	7
94	Expression of genes related to nitrogen metabolism in maize grown under organic and inorganic nitrogen supplies. Soil Science and Plant Nutrition, 2015, 61, 275-280.	1.9	3
95	Distinct non-coding RNAs confer root-dependent sense transgene-induced post-transcriptional gene silencing and nitrogen-dependent post-transcriptional regulation to AtAMT1;1 transcripts in Arabidopsis roots. Plant Journal, 2020, 102, 823-837.	5.7	3
96	Highlights of special issue on "Sustainable Phosphorus Use in Agri-Food System". Frontiers of Agricultural Science and Engineering, 2019, 6, 311.	1.4	3
97	A 40-bp A/T-rich repressor element involved in organ-dependent transcriptional regulation of ZmGLU1. Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, 2011, 105, 291-298.	2.3	2
98	Comparative genome analysis of cytokinin biosynthesis genes (IPTs) reveals conserved orthologs cross Poaceae crops. Research on Crops, 2014, 15, 38.	0.1	1