## Martin BareÅ;

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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623734 552781 26 923 14 26 citations g-index h-index papers 26 26 26 1078 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Early reduction in prefrontal theta QEEG cordance value predicts response to venlafaxine treatment in patients with resistant depressive disorder. European Psychiatry, 2008, 23, 350-355.	0.2	120
2	Changes in QEEG prefrontal cordance as a predictor of response to antidepressants in patients with treatment resistant depressive disorder: A pilot study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2007, 41, 319-325.	3.1	107
3	Predictive Motor Timing Performance Dissociates Between Early Diseases of the Cerebellum and Parkinson's Disease. Cerebellum, 2010, 9, 124-135.	2.5	97
4	The change of prefrontal QEEG theta cordance as a predictor of response to bupropion treatment in patients who had failed to respond to previous antidepressant treatments. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2010, 20, 459-466.	0.7	81
5	Impaired predictive motor timing in patients with cerebellar disorders. Experimental Brain Research, 2007, 180, 355-365.	1.5	79
6	Abnormalities of cortical excitability and cortical inhibition in cervical dystonia. Journal of Neurology, 2003, 250, 42-50.	3.6	78
7	Linking Essential Tremor to the Cerebellum: Physiological Evidence. Cerebellum, 2016, 15, 774-780.	2.5	66
8	Low frequency (1-Hz), right prefrontal repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS) compared with venlafaxine ER in the treatment of resistant depression: A double-blind, single-centre, randomized study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2009, 118, 94-100.	4.1	53
9	QEEG Theta Cordance in the Prediction of Treatment Outcome to Prefrontal Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation or Venlafaxine ER in Patients With Major Depressive Disorder. Clinical EEG and Neuroscience, 2015, 46, 73-80.	1.7	39
10	The effectiveness of prefrontal theta cordance and early reduction of depressive symptoms in the prediction of antidepressant treatment outcome in patients with resistant depression: analysis of naturalistic data. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2015, 265, 73-82.	3.2	31
11	Is the Cerebellum a Potential Target for Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease? Results of 1-Hz rTMS on Upper Limb Motor Tasks. Cerebellum, 2011, 10, 804-811.	2.5	29
12	The change of QEEG prefrontal cordance as a response predictor to antidepressive intervention in bipolar depression. A pilot study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2012, 46, 219-225.	3.1	26
13	TRANSCRANIAL MAGNETIC STIMULATION OF THE CEREBELLUM. Biomedical Papers of the Medical Faculty of the University Palacký, Olomouc, Czechoslovakia, 2010, 154, 133-139.	0.6	23
14	The Comparison of Effectiveness of Various Potential Predictors of Response to Treatment With SSRIs in Patients With Depressive Disorder. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2017, 205, 618-626.	1.0	16
15	Disturbed intracortical excitability in early Parkinson's disease is I-DOPA dose related: A prospective 12-month paired TMS study. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2007, 13, 489-494.	2.2	12
16	Predicting Sex From EEG: Validity and Generalizability of Deep-Learning-Based Interpretable Classifier. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2020, 14, 589303.	2.8	12
17	Early change of prefrontal theta cordance and occipital alpha asymmetry in the prediction of responses to antidepressants. International Journal of Psychophysiology, 2019, 143, 1-8.	1.0	10
18	Antidepressant monotherapy compared with combinations of antidepressants in the treatment of resistant depressive patients: A randomized, open-label study. International Journal of Psychiatry in Clinical Practice, 2013, 17, 35-43.	2.4	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Transcranial Direct-Current Stimulation (tDCS) Versus Venlafaxine ER In The Treatment Of Depression: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Single-Center Study With Open-Label, Follow-Up Neuropsychiatric Disease and Treatment, 2019, Volume 15, 3003-3014.	2.2	6
20	Beck Depression Inventory-II: Self-report or interview-based administrations show different results in older persons. International Psychogeriatrics, 2019, 31, 735-742.	1.0	6
21	Is combined treatment more effective than switching to monotherapy in patients with resistant depression? A retrospective study. Neuroendocrinology Letters, 2009, 30, 723-8.	0.2	6
22	Baseline Difference in Quantitative Electroencephalography Variables Between Responders and Non-Responders to Low-Frequency Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation in Depression. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2020, 11, 83.	2.6	5
23	Antidepressant monotherapy and combination of antidepressants in the treatment of resistant depression in current clinical practice: A retrospective study. International Journal of Psychiatry in Clinical Practice, 2010, 14, 303-308.	2.4	4
24	Depressed patients perception of the efficacy of electroconvulsive therapy and venlafaxine therapy. Neuroendocrinology Letters, 2007, 28, 889-94.	0.2	4
25	Neurostimulation Methods in the Treatment of Depression: A Comparison of rTMS, tDCS, and Venlafaxine Using a Pooled Analysis of Two Studies. Neuropsychiatric Disease and Treatment, 2021, Volume 17, 1713-1722.	2.2	3
26	Associated factors of REM sleep without atonia in younger (â‰\$0 years) hospitalized psychiatric patients. BMC Psychiatry, 2020, 20, 482.	2.6	2