

Ben T Hirsch

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7249045/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

40
papers

1,598
citations

331259

21
h-index

315357

38
g-index

41
all docs

41
docs citations

41
times ranked

1918
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Population-level inference for home-range areas. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 13, 1027-1041.	2.2	8
2	Predicted alteration of vertebrate communities in response to climate-induced elevational shifts. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2022, 28, 1180-1190.	1.9	6
3	Laying low: Rugged lowland rainforest preferred by feral cats in the Australian Wet Tropics. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 12, .	0.8	1
4	Population growth lags in introduced species. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 11, 4577-4587.	0.8	9
5	Estimating encounter location distributions from animal tracking data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 12, 1158-1173.	2.2	21
6	Arboreal monkeys facilitate foraging of terrestrial frugivores. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2021, 53, 1685-1697.	0.8	9
7	Predicting species abundance by implementing the ecological niche theory. <i>Ecography</i> , 2021, 44, 1723-1730.	2.1	10
8	Vertical niche and elevation range size in tropical ants: Implications for climate resilience. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2021, 27, 485-496.	1.9	7
9	Effects of body size on estimation of mammalian area requirements. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2020, 34, 1017-1028.	2.4	51
10	Interindividual spacing affects the finder's share in ring-tailed coatis (<i>Nasua nasua</i>). <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2019, .	1.0	0
11	Phylogeographic and diversification patterns of the white-nosed coati (<i>Nasua narica</i>): Evidence for south-to-north colonization of North America. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2019, 131, 149-163.	1.2	12
12	Which mechanisms drive seasonal rabies outbreaks in raccoons? A test using dynamic social network models. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2016, 53, 804-813.	1.9	34
13	Raccoon contact networks predict seasonal susceptibility to rabies outbreaks and limitations of vaccination. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2015, 84, 1720-1731.	1.3	67
14	PATTERNS OF LATRINE USE BY RACCOONS (<i>PROCYON LOTOR</i>) AND IMPLICATION FOR <i>BAYLISASCARIS PROCYONIS</i> TRANSMISSION. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2014, 50, 243-249.	0.3	21
15	Prey refuges as predator hotspots: ocelot (<i>Leopardus pardalis</i>) attraction to agouti (<i>Dasyprocta</i>) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 11	1.1	21
16	Food acquisition and predator avoidance in a Neotropical rodent. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2014, 88, 41-48.	0.8	41
17	Mammalian Insectivores Exert Top-Down Effects on <i>Azteca</i> Ants. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2014, 46, 489-494.	0.8	5
18	Effects of Food Availability on Space and Refuge Use by a Neotropical Scatterhoarding Rodent. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2013, 45, 88-93.	0.8	21

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Age, but not Sex or Genetic Relatedness, Shapes Raccoon Dominance Patterns. <i>Ethology</i> , 2013, 119, 769-778.	0.5	13
20	Genetic relatedness does not predict racoon social network structure. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2013, 85, 463-470.	0.8	56
21	Comparing capuchins and coatis: causes and consequences of differing movement ecology in two sympatric mammals. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2013, 86, 331-338.	0.8	16
22	Evidence for cache surveillance by a scatter-hoarding rodent. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2013, 85, 1511-1516.	0.8	29
23	Raccoon Social Networks and the Potential for Disease Transmission. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e75830.	1.1	46
24	Thieving rodents as substitute dispersers of megafaunal seeds. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 12610-12615.	3.3	249
25	Directed seed dispersal towards areas with low conspecific tree density by a scatter-hoarding rodent. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1423-1429.	3.0	116
26	A telemetric thread tag for tracking seed dispersal by scatter-hoarding rodents. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2012, 213, 933-943.	0.7	42
27	Quantifying seed dispersal kernels from truncated seed-tracking data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 3, 595-602.	2.2	25
28	Kinship Shapes Affiliative Social Networks but Not Aggression in Ring-Tailed Coatis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e37301.	1.1	49
29	Familiarity breeds progeny: sociality increases reproductive success in adult male ring-tailed coatis (<i>Nasua nasua</i>). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2011, 20, 409-419.	2.0	22
30	Within-group spatial position in ring-tailed coatis: balancing predation, feeding competition, and social competition. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2011, 65, 391-399.	0.6	43
31	Spatial position and feeding success in ring-tailed coatis. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2011, 65, 581-591.	0.6	25
32	Measuring marginal predation in animal groups. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2011, 22, 648-656.	1.0	44
33	Long-term adult male sociality in ring-tailed coatis (<i>Nasua nasua</i>). <i>Mammalia</i> , 2011, 75, .	0.3	11
34	Tracking Animal Location and Activity with an Automated Radio Telemetry System in a Tropical Rainforest. <i>Computer Journal</i> , 2011, 54, 1931-1948.	1.5	130
35	Tradeoff Between Travel Speed and Olfactory Food Detection in Ring-Tailed Coatis (<i>Nasua</i>)	0.5	14
36	Seasonal Variation in the Diet of Ring-Tailed Coatis (<i>Nasua nasua</i>) in Iguazu, Argentina. <i>Journal of Mammalogy</i> , 2009, 90, 136-143.	0.6	40

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37	COSTS AND BENEFITS OF WITHINá€GROUP SPATIAL POSITION: A FEEDING COMPETITION MODEL. Quarterly Review of Biology, 2007, 82, 9-27.	0.0	85
38	Spoiled Brats: Is Extreme Juvenile Agonism in Ring-Tailed Coatis (<i>Nasua nasua</i>) Dominance or Tolerated Aggression?. Ethology, 2007, 113, 446-456.	0.5	41
39	Determinants of vigilance behavior in the ring-tailed coati (<i>Nasua nasua</i>): the importance of within-group spatial position. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2006, 61, 173-182.	0.6	65
40	Social monitoring and vigilance behavior in brown capuchin monkeys (<i>Cebus apella</i>). Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2002, 52, 458-464.	0.6	92