James M Antonini

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

89	3,167 citations	31	54
papers		h-index	g-index
91 ext. papers	3,423 ext. citations	4.2 avg, IF	4.99 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
89	Development of a thermal spray coating aerosol generator and inhalation exposure system <i>Toxicology Reports</i> , 2022 , 9, 126-135	4.8	O
88	Telomeres in toxicology: Occupational health. <i>Pharmacology & Therapeutics</i> , 2021 , 220, 107742	13.9	5
87	Review of the physicochemical properties and associated health effects of aerosols generated during thermal spray coating processes. <i>Toxicology and Industrial Health</i> , 2021 , 37, 47-58	1.8	1
86	Welding fume inhalation exposure and high-fat diet change lipid homeostasis in rat liver. <i>Toxicology Reports</i> , 2020 , 7, 1350-1355	4.8	5
85	A possible relationship between telomere length and markers of neurodegeneration in rat brain after welding fume inhalation exposure. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2020 , 180, 108900	7.9	7
84	Inhalation of welding fumes reduced sperm counts and high fat diet reduced testosterone levels; differential effects in Sprague Dawley and Brown Norway rats. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 17, 2	8.4	3
83	Effect of a High-Fat Diet and Occupational Exposure in Different Rat Strains on Lung and Systemic Responses: Examination of the Exposome in an Animal Model. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 174, 100-11	1 ^{4.4}	6
82	Bioactivity of Circulatory Factors After Pulmonary Exposure to Mild or Stainless Steel Welding Fumes. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 177, 108-120	4.4	0
81	Influence of welding fume metal composition on lung toxicity and tumor formation in experimental animal models. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene</i> , 2019 , 16, 372-377	2.9	8
80	Pulmonary toxicity and lung tumorigenic potential of surrogate metal oxides in gas metal arc welding-stainless steel fume: Iron as a primary mediator versus chromium and nickel. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0209413	3.7	16
79	Inhalation of gas metal arc-stainless steel welding fume promotes lung tumorigenesis in A/J mice. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 91, 2953-2962	5.8	15
78	Oxidative Stress, DNA Methylation, and Telomere Length Changes in Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells after Pulmonary Exposure to Metal-Rich Welding Nanoparticles. <i>NanoImpact</i> , 2017 , 5, 61-69	5.6	25
77	Altered ion transport in normal human bronchial epithelial cells following exposure to chemically distinct metal welding fume particles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2017 , 326, 1-6	4.6	
76	Aerosol characterization and pulmonary responses in rats after short-term inhalation of fumes generated during resistance spot welding of galvanized steel. <i>Toxicology Reports</i> , 2017 , 4, 123-133	4.8	8
75	Potential Toxicity and Underlying Mechanisms Associated with Pulmonary Exposure to Iron Oxide Nanoparticles: Conflicting Literature and Unclear Risk. <i>Nanomaterials</i> , 2017 , 7,	5.4	40
74	Evaluation of the molecular mechanisms associated with cytotoxicity and inflammation after pulmonary exposure to different metal-rich welding particles. <i>Nanotoxicology</i> , 2017 , 11, 725-736	5.3	19
73	Exposure to welding fumes and lower airway infection with Streptococcus pneumoniae. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016 , 137, 527-534.e7	11.5	25

(2012-2016)

72	Comparison of cell counting methods in rodent pulmonary toxicity studies: automated and manual protocols and considerations for experimental design. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 28, 410-20	2.7	6	
71	Cardiovascular effects in rats after intratracheal instillation of metal welding particles. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 27, 45-53	2.7	14	
70	Modifying welding process parameters can reduce the neurotoxic potential of manganese-containing welding fumes. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 328, 168-78	4.4	27	
69	Oxidative stress and reduced responsiveness of challenged circulating leukocytes following pulmonary instillation of metal-rich particulate matter in rats. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 11, 34	8.4	17	
68	Occupational health and industrial hygiene. Environmental Health Insights, 2014, 8, 97-8	1.4	2	
67	A comparison of cytotoxicity and oxidative stress from welding fumes generated with a new nickel-, copper-based consumable versus mild and stainless steel-based welding in RAW 264.7 mouse macrophages. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e101310	3.7	36	
66	Evaluation of the Pulmonary Toxicity of a Fume Generated from a Nickel-, Copper-Based Electrode to be Used as a Substitute in Stainless Steel Welding. <i>Environmental Health Insights</i> , 2014 , 8, 11-20	1.4	10	
65	Development and characterization of a resistance spot welding aerosol generator and inhalation exposure system. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 26, 708-19	2.7	7	
64	Neurotoxicity following acute inhalation of aerosols generated during resistance spot weld-bonding of carbon steel. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 26, 720-32	2.7	12	
63	Alterations in cardiomyocyte function after pulmonary treatment with stainless steel welding fume in rats. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2014 , 77, 705-15	3.2	5	
62	Effects of acute inhalation of aerosols generated during resistance spot welding with mild-steel on pulmonary, vascular and immune responses in rats. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 26, 697-707	2.7	7	
61	Lung toxicity and biodistribution of Cd/Se-ZnS quantum dots with different surface functional groups after pulmonary exposure in rats. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 10, 5	8.4	69	
60	Adjuvant effect of zymosan after pulmonary treatment in a mouse ovalbumin allergy model. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> , 2013 , 39, 48-57	2.3	8	
59	Lung tumor promotion by chromium-containing welding particulate matter in a mouse model. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 10, 45	8.4	23	
58	Comparative microscopic study of human and rat lungs after overexposure to welding fume. <i>Annals of Occupational Hygiene</i> , 2013 , 57, 1167-79		20	
57	Manganese accumulation in nail clippings as a biomarker of welding fume exposure and neurotoxicity. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 291, 73-82	4.4	29	
56	Immunotoxicology of arc welding fume: worker and experimental animal studies. <i>Journal of Immunotoxicology</i> , 2012 , 9, 411-25	3.1	45	
55	Systemic immune cell response in rats after pulmonary exposure to manganese-containing particles collected from welding aerosols. <i>Journal of Immunotoxicology</i> , 2012 , 9, 184-92	3.1	25	

54	Type I interferon and pattern recognition receptor signaling following particulate matter inhalation. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 9, 25	8.4	10
53	Inhalation exposure of gas-metal arc stainless steel welding fume increased atherosclerotic lesions in apolipoprotein E knockout mice. <i>Toxicology Letters</i> , 2011 , 204, 12-6	4.4	20
52	Relationship between pulmonary and systemic markers of exposure to multiple types of welding particulate matter. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2011 , 287, 153-9	4.4	23
51	Persistence of deposited metals in the lungs after stainless steel and mild steel welding fume inhalation in rats. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2011 , 85, 487-98	5.8	36
50	Toxicological evaluation of lung responses after intratracheal exposure to non-dispersed titanium dioxide nanorods. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2011 , 74, 790-	8 1 .9	13
49	Lung tumor production and tissue metal distribution after exposure to manual metal ARC-stainless steel welding fume in A/J and C57BL/6J mice. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2011 , 74, 728-36	3.2	13
48	Alterations in welding process voltage affect the generation of ultrafine particles, fume composition, and pulmonary toxicity. <i>Nanotoxicology</i> , 2011 , 5, 700-10	5.3	27
47	Short-term inhalation of stainless steel welding fume causes sustained lung toxicity but no tumorigenesis in lung tumor susceptible A/J mice. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2011 , 23, 112-20	2.7	20
46	Mitochondrial dysfunction and loss of Parkinson's disease-linked proteins contribute to neurotoxicity of manganese-containing welding fumes. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2010 , 24, 4989-5002	0.9	1
45	Pulmonary toxicity and extrapulmonary tissue distribution of metals after repeated exposure to different welding fumes. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2010 , 22, 805-16	2.7	44
44	Mitochondrial dysfunction and loss of Parkinson's disease-linked proteins contribute to neurotoxicity of manganese-containing welding fumes. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2010 , 24, 4989-5002	0.9	66
43	Dopaminergic neurotoxicity following pulmonary exposure to manganese-containing welding fumes. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2010 , 84, 521-40	5.8	68
42	Response of the mouse lung transcriptome to welding fume: effects of stainless and mild steel fumes on lung gene expression in A/J and C57BL/6J mice. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2010 , 11, 70	7.3	24
41	Comparison of stainless and mild steel welding fumes in generation of reactive oxygen species. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2010 , 7, 32	8.4	63
40	Mild steel welding fume causes manganese accumulation and subtle neuroinflammatory changes but not overt neuronal damage in discrete brain regions of rats after short-term inhalation exposure. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2009 , 30, 915-25	4.4	50
39	The soluble nickel component of residual oil fly ash alters pulmonary host defense in rats. <i>Journal of Immunotoxicology</i> , 2009 , 6, 49-61	3.1	10
38	Hexavalent chromium content in stainless steel welding fumes is dependent on the welding process and shield gas type. <i>Journal of Environmental Monitoring</i> , 2009 , 11, 418-24		37
37	Short-term inhalation exposure to mild steel welding fume had no effect on lung inflammation and injury but did alter defense responses to bacteria in rats. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2009 , 21, 182-92	2.7	29

(2004-2009)

36	Preexposure to repeated low doses of zymosan increases the susceptibility to pulmonary infection in rats. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> , 2009 , 35, 570-90	2.3	2
35	Performance evaluation of cytometric bead assays for the measurement of lung cytokines in two rodent models. <i>Journal of Immunological Methods</i> , 2008 , 331, 59-68	2.5	44
34	Sequential exposure to carbon nanotubes and bacteria enhances pulmonary inflammation and infectivity. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2008 , 38, 579-90	5.7	157
33	Single pre-exposure to a high dose of zymosan enhances lung defense mechanisms and accelerates the pulmonary clearance of a bacterial pathogen in rats. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> , 2008 , 34, 559-78	2.3	3
32	Pulmonary inflammation and tumor induction in lung tumor susceptible A/J and resistant C57BL/6J mice exposed to welding fume. <i>Particle and Fibre Toxicology</i> , 2008 , 5, 12	8.4	39
31	Soluble metals in residual oil fly ash alter innate and adaptive pulmonary immune responses to bacterial infection in rats. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2007 , 221, 306-19	4.6	10
30	Effect of short-term stainless steel welding fume inhalation exposure on lung inflammation, injury, and defense responses in rats. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2007 , 223, 234-45	4.6	73
29	Chromium in stainless steel welding fume suppresses lung defense responses against bacterial infection in rats. <i>Journal of Immunotoxicology</i> , 2007 , 4, 117-27	3.1	29
28	Suppression of phagocytic and bactericidal functions of rat alveolar macrophages by the organic component of diesel exhaust particles. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2007 , 70, 820-8	3.2	24
27	State-of-the-science review: Does manganese exposure during welding pose a neurological risk?. Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part B: Critical Reviews, 2007 , 10, 417-65	8.6	76
26	A comparison of the pulmonary inflammatory potential of different components of yeast cell wall. Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues, 2007, 70, 1116-24	3.2	37
25	Welding fume exposure and associated inflammatory and hyperplastic changes in the lungs of tumor susceptible a/j mice. <i>Toxicologic Pathology</i> , 2006 , 34, 364-72	2.1	23
24	Design, construction, and characterization of a novel robotic welding fume generator and inhalation exposure system for laboratory animals. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene</i> , 2006 , 3, 194-203; quiz D45	2.9	66
23	Pulmonary exposure to 1> 3-beta-glucan alters adaptive immune responses in rats. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2006 , 18, 865-74	2.7	13
22	Fate of manganese associated with the inhalation of welding fumes: potential neurological effects. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2006 , 27, 304-10	4.4	78
21	Development of an animal model to study the potential neurotoxic effects associated with welding fume inhalation. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2006 , 27, 745-51	4.4	10
20	Effect of stainless steel manual metal arc welding fume on free radical production, DNA damage, and apoptosis induction. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2005 , 279, 17-23	4.2	55
19	Suppression in lung defense responses after bacterial infection in rats pretreated with different welding fumes. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2004 , 200, 206-18	4.6	30

18	Metal composition and solubility determine lung toxicity induced by residual oil fly ash collected from different sites within a power plant. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2004 , 255, 257-65	4.2	27
17	Soluble metals associated with residual oil fly ash increase morbidity and lung injury after bacterial infection in rats. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2004 , 67, 251-6	3 ^{3.2}	23
16	Pulmonary responses to welding fumes: role of metal constituents. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2004 , 67, 233-49	3.2	132
15	Role of metal-induced reactive oxygen species generation in lung responses caused by residual oil fly ash. <i>Journal of Biosciences</i> , 2003 , 28, 13-8	2.3	28
14	Pulmonary effects of welding fumes: review of worker and experimental animal studies. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2003 , 43, 350-60	2.7	167
13	Efficacy of a technique for exposing the mouse lung to particles aspirated from the pharynx. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2003 , 66, 1441-52	3.2	170
12	Effect of asphalt fume inhalation exposure at simulated road paving conditions prior to bacterial infection on lung defense responses in rats. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2003 , 15, 1347-68	2.7	5
11	Health effects of welding. <i>Critical Reviews in Toxicology</i> , 2003 , 33, 61-103	5.7	330
10	Effects of welding fumes of differing composition and solubility on free radical production and acute lung injury and inflammation in rats. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2003 , 75, 181-91	4.4	83
9	Alteration of pulmonary immunity to Listeria monocytogenes by diesel exhaust particles (DEPs). I. Effects of DEPs on early pulmonary responses. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2002 , 110, 1105-11	8.4	49
8	Residual oil fly ash increases the susceptibility to infection and severely damages the lungs after pulmonary challenge with a bacterial pathogen. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2002 , 70, 110-9	4.4	35
7	Effect of age on respiratory defense mechanisms: pulmonary bacterial clearance in Fischer 344 rats after intratracheal instillation of Listeria monocytogenes. <i>Chest</i> , 2001 , 120, 240-9	5.3	43
6	STRAIN-RELATED DIFFERENCES OF NONSPECIFIC RESPIRATORY DEFENSE MECHANISMS IN RATS USING A PULMONARY INFECTIVITY MODEL. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2001 , 13, 85-102	2.7	13
5	Pulmonary responses to single versus multiple intratracheal instillations of silica in rats. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2001 , 62, 9-21	3.2	16
4	Freshly generated stainless steel welding fume induces greater lung inflammation in rats as compared to aged fume. <i>Toxicology Letters</i> , 1998 , 98, 77-86	4.4	61
3	Responses to welding fumes: lung injury, inflammation, and the release of tumor necrosis factor-alpha and interleukin-1 beta. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> , 1997 , 23, 205-27	2.3	46
2	Pneumotoxicity and pulmonary clearance of different welding fumes after intratracheal instillation in the rat. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 1996 , 140, 188-99	4.6	68
1	Introduction of Luminol-Dependent Chemiluminescence as a Method to Study Silica Inflammation in the Tissue and Phagocytic Cells of Rat Lung. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 1994 , 102, 37	8.4	3