

Daniel S Nagin

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137
papers

25,413
citations

75
h-index

140
g-index

140
ext. papers

28,589
ext. citations

4.2
avg, IF

7.55
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|--|------|-----------|
| 137 | Group-Based Modeling of Development 2005 , | | 1802 |
| 136 | Analyzing developmental trajectories: A semiparametric, group-based approach.. <i>Psychological Methods</i> , 1999 , 4, 139-157 | 7.1 | 1584 |
| 135 | A SAS Procedure Based on Mixture Models for Estimating Developmental Trajectories. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2001 , 29, 374-393 | 2.9 | 1466 |
| 134 | Group-based trajectory modeling in clinical research. <i>Annual Review of Clinical Psychology</i> , 2010 , 6, 109-380.5 | 11.0 | 1110 |
| 133 | Developmental trajectories of childhood disruptive behaviors and adolescent delinquency: A six-site, cross-national study.. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 2003 , 39, 222-245 | 3.7 | 1072 |
| 132 | Trajectories of boys' physical aggression, opposition, and hyperactivity on the path to physically violent and nonviolent juvenile delinquency. <i>Child Development</i> , 1999 , 70, 1181-96 | 4.9 | 977 |
| 131 | AGE, CRIMINAL CAREERS, AND POPULATION HETEROGENEITY: SPECIFICATION AND ESTIMATION OF A NONPARAMETRIC, MIXED POISSON MODEL*. <i>Criminology</i> , 1993 , 31, 327-362 | 4.1 | 722 |
| 130 | Advances in Group-Based Trajectory Modeling and an SAS Procedure for Estimating Them. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2007 , 35, 542-571 | 2.9 | 687 |
| 129 | Physical aggression during early childhood: trajectories and predictors. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2004 , 114, e43-50 | 7.4 | 672 |
| 128 | Trajectories of Change in Criminal Offending: Good Marriages and the Desistance Process. <i>American Sociological Review</i> , 1998 , 63, 225 | 10.1 | 669 |
| 127 | Analyzing developmental trajectories of distinct but related behaviors: a group-based method. <i>Psychological Methods</i> , 2001 , 6, 18-34 | 7.1 | 495 |
| 126 | Enduring Individual Differences and Rational Choice Theories of Crime. <i>Law and Society Review</i> , 1993 , 27, 467 | 1.7 | 473 |
| 125 | LIFE-COURSE TRAJECTORIES OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF OFFENDERS*. <i>Criminology</i> , 1995 , 33, 111-139 | 4.1 | 462 |
| 124 | Criminal Deterrence Research at the Outset of the Twenty-First Century. <i>Crime and Justice</i> , 1998 , 23, 1-42 | 2.2 | 446 |
| 123 | Trajectories leading to school-age conduct problems.. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 2003 , 39, 189-200 | 3.7 | 433 |
| 122 | The development of physical aggression from toddlerhood to pre-adolescence: a nation wide longitudinal study of Canadian children. <i>Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology</i> , 2006 , 34, 71-85 | 4 | 403 |
| 121 | INTEGRATING CELERITY, IMPULSIVITY, AND EXTRALEGAL SANCTION THREATS INTO A MODEL OF GENERAL DETERRENCE: THEORY AND EVIDENCE*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2001 , 39, 865-892 | 4.1 | 395 |

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| 120 | Developmental trajectories of childhood disruptive behaviors and adolescent delinquency: a six-site, cross-national study. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 2003 , 39, 222-45 | 3.7 | 343 |
| 119 | A Note on a Stata Plugin for Estimating Group-based Trajectory Models. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2013 , 42, 608-613 | 2.9 | 320 |
| 118 | Deterrence in the Twenty-First Century. <i>Crime and Justice</i> , 2013 , 42, 199-263 | 2.2 | 306 |
| 117 | ON THE RELATIONSHIP OF PAST TO FUTURE PARTICIPATION IN DELINQUENCY. <i>Criminology</i> , 1991 , 29, 163-189 | 4.1 | 296 |
| 116 | Parental and early childhood predictors of persistent physical aggression in boys from kindergarten to high school. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2001 , 58, 389-94 | | 289 |
| 115 | Modeling Uncertainty in Latent Class Membership: A Case Study in Criminology. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 1999 , 94, 766-776 | 2.8 | 284 |
| 114 | Developmental Trajectories of Physical Aggression from School Entry to Late Adolescence. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2001 , 42, 503-512 | 7.9 | 283 |
| 113 | How Many Latent Classes of Delinquent/ Criminal Careers? Results from Mixed Poisson Regression Analyses. <i>American Journal of Sociology</i> , 1998 , 103, 1593-1630 | 4.3 | 270 |
| 112 | DEVELOPMENTAL TRAJECTORY GROUPS: FACT OR A USEFUL STATISTICAL FICTION?*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2005 , 43, 873-904 | 4.1 | 259 |
| 111 | Imprisonment and crime. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2011 , 10, 13-54 | 3 | 247 |
| 110 | Is it important to prevent early exposure to drugs and alcohol among adolescents?. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2008 , 19, 1037-44 | 7.9 | 238 |
| 109 | PERSONAL CAPITAL AND SOCIAL CONTROL: THE DETERRENCE IMPLICATIONS OF A THEORY OF INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES IN CRIMINAL OFFENDING*. <i>Criminology</i> , 1994 , 32, 581-606 | 4.1 | 235 |
| 108 | The joint development of physical and indirect aggression: Predictors of continuity and change during childhood. <i>Development and Psychopathology</i> , 2007 , 19, 37-55 | 4.3 | 226 |
| 107 | A Comparison of Poisson, Negative Binomial, and Semiparametric Mixed Poisson Regression Models: With Empirical Applications to Criminal Careers Data. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 1996 , 24, 387-442 | 2.9 | 219 |
| 106 | Trajectories leading to school-age conduct problems. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 2003 , 39, 189-200 | 3.7 | 216 |
| 105 | Monitoring, Motivation, and Management: The Determinants of Opportunistic Behavior in a Field Experiment. <i>American Economic Review</i> , 2002 , 92, 850-873 | 9.7 | 209 |
| 104 | Group-based multi-trajectory modeling. <i>Statistical Methods in Medical Research</i> , 2018 , 27, 2015-2023 | 2.3 | 208 |
| 103 | Longitudinal trajectories of postconcussive symptoms in children with mild traumatic brain injuries and their relationship to acute clinical status. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2009 , 123, 735-43 | 7.4 | 203 |

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| 102 | THE DETERRENT EFFECT OF PERCEIVED CERTAINTY AND SEVERITY OF PUNISHMENT REVISITED*. <i>Criminology</i> , 1989 , 27, 721-746 | 4.1 | 202 |
| 101 | Assessing the Impact of Exposure Time and Incapacitation on Longitudinal Trajectories of Criminal Offending. <i>Journal of Adolescent Research</i> , 2001 , 16, 54-74 | 2 | 198 |
| 100 | Combining propensity score matching and group-based trajectory analysis in an observational study. <i>Psychological Methods</i> , 2007 , 12, 247-67 | 7.1 | 185 |
| 99 | OFFENDING TRAJECTORIES IN A NEW ZEALAND BIRTH COHORT*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2000 , 38, 525-552 | 4.1 | 181 |
| 98 | Deterrence: A Review of the Evidence by a Criminologist for Economists. <i>Annual Review of Economics</i> , 2013 , 5, 83-105 | 5 | 177 |
| 97 | AN EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF DETERRENCE: CHEATING, SELF-SERVING BIAS, AND IMPULSIVITY*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2003 , 41, 167-194 | 4.1 | 175 |
| 96 | Childhood to Early-Midlife Systolic Blood Pressure Trajectories: Early-Life Predictors, Effect Modifiers, and Adult Cardiovascular Outcomes. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015 , 66, 1108-15 | 8.5 | 172 |
| 95 | Developmental trajectories of boys' delinquent group membership and facilitation of violent behaviors during adolescence. <i>Development and Psychopathology</i> , 2003 , 15, 183-97 | 4.3 | 172 |
| 94 | Developmental trajectories of conduct problems and hyperactivity from ages 2 to 10. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2005 , 46, 931-42 | 7.9 | 170 |
| 93 | Procedural Justice and Legal Compliance. <i>Annual Review of Law and Social Science</i> , 2017 , 13, 5-28 | 1.1 | 169 |
| 92 | The development of impulsivity, fearfulness, and helpfulness during childhood: patterns of consistency and change in the trajectories of boys and girls. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2002 , 43, 609-18 | 7.9 | 164 |
| 91 | Trajectories of Prosocial Behavior and Physical Aggression in Middle Childhood: Links to Adolescent School Dropout and Physical Violence. <i>Journal of Research on Adolescence</i> , 2006 , 16, 403-428 | 3.2 | 161 |
| 90 | A longitudinal-experimental approach to testing theories of antisocial behavior development. <i>Development and Psychopathology</i> , 2002 , 14, 909-24 | 4.3 | 161 |
| 89 | Depression and anxiety symptoms: onset, developmental course and risk factors during early childhood. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2009 , 50, 1201-8 | 7.9 | 159 |
| 88 | Group-based trajectory modeling: an overview. <i>Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2014 , 65, 205-10 | 4.5 | 158 |
| 87 | PUBLIC PREFERENCES FOR REHABILITATION VERSUS INCARCERATION OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS: EVIDENCE FROM A CONTINGENT VALUATION SURVEY*. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2006 , 5, 627-651 | 3 | 150 |
| 86 | Group-Based Trajectory Modeling (Nearly) Two Decades Later. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2010 , 26, 445-453 | 2.8 | 147 |
| 85 | Childhood Predictors of Offense Trajectories. <i>Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency</i> , 2002 , 39, 60-90 | 2.3 | 143 |

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| 84 | Time and Punishment: Delayed Consequences and Criminal Behavior. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2004 , 20, 295-317 | 2.8 | 141 |
| 83 | LIFE SPAN OFFENDING TRAJECTORIES OF A DUTCH CONVICTION COHORT*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2005 , 43, 919-954 | 4.5 | 137 |
| 82 | DETERRENCE, CRIMINAL OPPORTUNITIES, AND POLICE. <i>Criminology</i> , 2015 , 53, 74-100 | 4.1 | 135 |
| 81 | Risk factor models for adolescent verbal and physical aggression toward mothers. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Development</i> , 2004 , 28, 528-537 | 2.6 | 133 |
| 80 | What Has Been Learned from Group-Based Trajectory Modeling? Examples from Physical Aggression and Other Problem Behaviors. <i>Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science</i> , 2005 , 602, 82-117 | 2.8 | 113 |
| 79 | Tax Compliance and Perceptions of the Risks of Detection and Criminal Prosecution. <i>Law and Society Review</i> , 1989 , 23, 209 | 1.7 | 108 |
| 78 | The role of maternal education and nonmaternal care services in the prevention of children's physical aggression problems. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2007 , 64, 1305-12 | | 106 |
| 77 | Transactional processes in child disruptive behavior and maternal depression: a longitudinal study from early childhood to adolescence. <i>Development and Psychopathology</i> , 2009 , 21, 139-56 | 4.3 | 104 |
| 76 | Cognitive-neuropsychological function in chronic physical aggression and hyperactivity. <i>Journal of Abnormal Psychology</i> , 2004 , 113, 603-13 | 7 | 103 |
| 75 | 3. Bounding Disagreements about Treatment Effects: A Case Study of Sentencing and Recidivism. <i>Sociological Methodology</i> , 1998 , 28, 99-137 | 2.6 | 100 |
| 74 | Childhood behavioral profiles leading to adolescent conduct disorder: risk trajectories for boys and girls. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2002 , 41, 1086-94 | 7.2 | 95 |
| 73 | Predicting girls' conduct disorder in adolescence from childhood trajectories of disruptive behaviors. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2001 , 40, 678-84 | 7.2 | 91 |
| 72 | Controlling parenting and physical aggression during elementary school. <i>Child Development</i> , 2008 , 79, 411-25 | 4.9 | 90 |
| 71 | Development of male proactive and reactive physical aggression during adolescence. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2006 , 47, 783-90 | 7.9 | 88 |
| 70 | The effects of criminality and conviction on the labor market status of young British offenders. <i>International Review of Law and Economics</i> , 1995 , 15, 109-126 | 0.8 | 88 |
| 69 | Salivary testosterone and aggression, delinquency, and social dominance in a population-based longitudinal study of adolescent males. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2006 , 50, 118-25 | 3.7 | 86 |
| 68 | Combining group-based trajectory modeling and propensity score matching for causal inferences in nonexperimental longitudinal data. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 2008 , 44, 422-36 | 3.7 | 84 |
| 67 | Racial differences in trajectories of cigarette use. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2004 , 76, 219-27 | 4.9 | 83 |

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| 66 | Assessing the Impact of First-Time Imprisonment on Offenders' Subsequent Criminal Career Development: A Matched Samples Comparison. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2009 , 25, 227-257 | 2.8 | 80 |
| 65 | Risk Factor Models for Adolescent Verbal and Physical Aggression Toward Fathers. <i>Journal of Family Violence</i> , 2009 , 24, 173-182 | 3 | 78 |
| 64 | Girls' hyperactivity and physical aggression during childhood and adjustment problems in early adulthood: a 15-year longitudinal study. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2008 , 65, 320-8 | | 75 |
| 63 | Life course turning points: the effect of grade retention on physical aggression. <i>Development and Psychopathology</i> , 2003 , 15, 343-61 | 4.3 | 73 |
| 62 | Causal inferences with group based trajectory models. <i>Psychometrika</i> , 2005 , 70, 557-578 | 2.2 | 72 |
| 61 | UNPACKING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ADOLESCENT EMPLOYMENT AND ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR: A MATCHED SAMPLES COMPARISON*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2007 , 45, 67-97 | 4.1 | 69 |
| 60 | Trajectories of childhood sexual abuse and early adolescent HIV/AIDS risk behaviors: the role of other maltreatment, witnessed violence, and child gender. <i>Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology</i> , 2010 , 39, 667-80 | 5.4 | 67 |
| 59 | Linking childhood sexual abuse and early adolescent risk behavior: the intervening role of internalizing and externalizing problems. <i>Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology</i> , 2013 , 41, 139-50 | 4 | 66 |
| 58 | Micro-models of criminal careers: A synthesis of the criminal careers and life course approaches via semiparametric mixed poisson regression models, with empirical applications. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 1996 , 12, 163-191 | 2.8 | 62 |
| 57 | Modeling disability trajectories and mortality of the oldest-old in China. <i>Demography</i> , 2012 , 49, 291-314 | 3.5 | 61 |
| 56 | The Effect of Conviction on Income Through the Life Cycle. <i>International Review of Law and Economics</i> , 1998 , 18, 25-40 | 0.8 | 59 |
| 55 | MOVING CHOICE TO CENTER STAGE IN CRIMINOLOGICAL RESEARCH AND THEORY: THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CRIMINOLOGY 2006 SUTHERLAND ADDRESS*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2007 , 45, 259-272 | 4.1 | 57 |
| 54 | Reinventing American Policing. <i>Crime and Justice</i> , 2017 , 46, 339-393 | 2.2 | 56 |
| 53 | Exploring Some Analytical Characteristics of Finite Mixture Models. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2006 , 22, 31-59 | 2.8 | 53 |
| 52 | Modeling Uncertainty in Latent Class Membership: A Case Study in Criminology | | 53 |
| 51 | Group-Based Trajectory Modeling: An Overview 2010 , 53-67 | | 51 |
| 50 | The Effect of Incarceration on Re-Offending: Evidence from a Natural Experiment in Pennsylvania. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2013 , 29, 601-642 | 2.8 | 45 |
| 49 | Comparing the effects of community service and short-term imprisonment on recidivism: a matched samples approach. <i>Journal of Experimental Criminology</i> , 2010 , 6, 325-349 | 2.5 | 45 |

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| 48 | Developmental trajectories of family management and risk for violent behavior in adolescence. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2006 , 39, 206-13 | 5.8 | 43 |
| 47 | A Prospective Examination of Criminal Career Trajectories in Abused and Neglected Males and Females Followed Up into Middle Adulthood. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2018 , 34, 831-852 | 2.8 | 40 |
| 46 | Identifying and Predicting Offending Trajectories among Poor Children. <i>Social Service Review</i> , 2002 , 76, 663-685 | 1.1 | 40 |
| 45 | DOES THE TIME CAUSE THE CRIME? AN EXAMINATION OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TIME SERVED AND REOFFENDING IN THE NETHERLANDS*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2011 , 49, 1149-1194 | 4.1 | 38 |
| 44 | The Montreal Longitudinal and Experimental Study 2003 , 205-254 | | 38 |
| 43 | Procedural justice and legal compliance. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2020 , 19, 761-786 | 3 | 37 |
| 42 | Evidence and Public Policy. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2013 , 12, 651-679 | 3 | 34 |
| 41 | Development of Aggression Subtypes from Childhood to Adolescence: a Group-Based Multi-Trajectory Modelling Perspective. <i>Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology</i> , 2019 , 47, 825-838 | 4 | 30 |
| 40 | Response to Methodological Sensitivities to Latent Class Analysis of Long-Term Criminal Trajectories. <i>Journal of Quantitative Criminology</i> , 2004 , 20, 27-35 | 2.8 | 29 |
| 39 | Same or Different?: Comparing Offender Groups and Covariates Over Time. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2001 , 29, 282-318 | 2.9 | 28 |
| 38 | Group-based Trajectory Modeling and Criminal Career Research. <i>Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency</i> , 2016 , 53, 356-371 | 2.3 | 28 |
| 37 | Finite Sample Effects in Group-Based Trajectory Models. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2006 , 35, 250-278 | 2.9 | 27 |
| 36 | Assessing benefits, costs, and disparate racial impacts of confrontational proactive policing. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017 , 114, 9308-9313 | 11.5 | 26 |
| 35 | Comorbid Development of Disruptive Behaviors from age 1 to 5 Years in a Population Birth-Cohort and Association with School Adjustment in First Grade. <i>Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology</i> , 2016 , 44, 677-90 | 4 | 23 |
| 34 | Body Mass Index Trajectories in Relation to Change in Lean Mass and Physical Function: The Health, Aging and Body Composition Study. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2015 , 63, 1615-21 | 5.6 | 23 |
| 33 | Overview of Imprisonment and crime: Can both be reduced? <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2011 , 10, 9-12 | 3 | 23 |
| 32 | Physical aggression during early childhood: trajectories and predictors. <i>The Canadian Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Review = La Revue Canadienne De Psychiatrie De L'enfant Et De L'adolescent</i> , 2005 , 14, 3-9 | | 20 |
| 31 | Using the Group-Based Trajectory Model to Study Crime Over the Life Course. <i>Journal of Criminal Justice Education</i> , 2010 , 21, 105-116 | 0.8 | 19 |

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| 30 | Using group-based trajectory modeling in conjunction with propensity scores to improve balance. <i>Journal of Experimental Criminology</i> , 2007 , 3, 65-82 | 2.5 | 19 |
| 29 | Association of Behavior in Boys From Low Socioeconomic Neighborhoods With Employment Earnings in Adulthood. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2019 , 173, 334-341 | 8.3 | 17 |
| 28 | Association Between Childhood Behaviors and Adult Employment Earnings in Canada. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 76, 1044-1051 | 14.5 | 15 |
| 27 | Further Reflections on Modeling and Analyzing Developmental Trajectories: A Response to Maughan and Raudenbush. <i>Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science</i> , 2005 , 602, 145-154 | 2.8 | 14 |
| 26 | Multi-Trajectory Models of Chronic Kidney Disease Progression 2016 , 2016, 1737-1746 | 0.7 | 13 |
| 25 | “What We’ve Got Here Is Failure to Communicate” <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2016 , 15, 753-765 | 3 | 12 |
| 24 | Risk Factors Associated With Boys’ and Girls’ Developmental Trajectories of Physical Aggression From Early Childhood Through Early Adolescence. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2018 , 1, e186364 | 10.4 | 12 |
| 23 | Using the Beta distribution in group-based trajectory models. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2018 , 18, 152 | 4.7 | 11 |
| 22 | Specifying Criminogenic Strains: Stress Dynamics and Conduct Disorder Trajectories. <i>Deviant Behavior</i> , 2010 , 31, 440-475 | 1.1 | 8 |
| 21 | THOUGHTS ON THE BROADER IMPLICATIONS OF THE “MIRACLE OF THE CELLS” <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2008 , 7, 37-42 | 3 | 8 |
| 20 | A novel methodological framework for multimodality, trajectory model-based prognostication. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2019 , 137, 197-204 | 4 | 7 |
| 19 | Project HOPE. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2016 , 15, 1005-1007 | 3 | 7 |
| 18 | Sanction risk perceptions, coherence, and deterrence*. <i>Criminology</i> , 2021 , 59, 195-223 | 4.1 | 7 |
| 17 | Comparison of parametric and nonparametric methods for outcome prediction using longitudinal data after cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2020 , 148, 152-160 | 4 | 6 |
| 16 | Trajectories of prescription opioids filled over time. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0222677 | 3.7 | 6 |
| 15 | Policy recommendations for countering mass shootings in the United States. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2020 , 19, 9-15 | 3 | 5 |
| 14 | Inattention in boys from low-income backgrounds predicts welfare receipt: a 30-year prospective study. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2020 , 50, 2001-2009 | 6.9 | 5 |
| 13 | A multi-trajectory analysis of commonly co-occurring mental health issues across childhood and adolescence. <i>European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 1 | 5.5 | 3 |

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| 12 | The future of human behaviour research.. <i>Nature Human Behaviour</i> , 2022 , 6, 15-24 | 12.8 | 3 |
| 11 | The Impact of Incarceration on Recidivism. <i>Annual Review of Criminology</i> , 2022 , 5, | 4.9 | 3 |
| 10 | Group-Based Modeling: An Overview. <i>Handbooks of Sociology and Social Research</i> , 2009 , 59-73 | 0.7 | 3 |
| 9 | Ambiguity and legal compliance. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2021 , 20, 621-643 | 3 | 3 |
| 8 | Overview of a Semi-Parametric, Group-Based Approach for Analyzing Trajectories of Development740-749 | | 2 |
| 7 | Behavior in childhood is associated with romantic partnering patterns in adulthood. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2021 , 62, 842-852 | 7.9 | 2 |
| 6 | The Deterrent Effect of Stop, Question, and Frisk Practices. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2016 , 15, 27-29 | | 1 |
| 5 | Young Adulthood Outcomes of Joint Mental Health Trajectories: A Group-Based Trajectory Model Analysis of a 13-Year Longitudinal Cohort Study. <i>Child Psychiatry and Human Development</i> , 2021 , 1 | 3.3 | 1 |
| 4 | Trajectories of adolescent poly-substance use and their long-term social and economic outcomes for males from low-income backgrounds. <i>European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 1 | 5.5 | 1 |
| 3 | Utilitarianism and Policing in the United States. <i>International Criminal Justice Review</i> , 2019 , 105756771985024 | | |
| 2 | Reinventing Sentencing in the United States. <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> , 2014 , 13, 499-502 | 3 | |
| 1 | Trajectories of Follow-up Compliance in a Fracture Liaison Service and Their Predictors: A Longitudinal Group-Based Trajectory Analysis. <i>Health Services Research and Managerial Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 8, 23333928211047024 | 1.4 | |