

Raoul Daoust

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/721092/raoul-daoust-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-29

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

81
papers

1,144
citations

19
h-index

30
g-index

86
ext. papers

1,438
ext. citations

3.3
avg, IF

4.33
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
81	Evaluation of Interventions to Reduce Opioid Prescribing for Patients Discharged From the Emergency Department: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis.. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2022 , 5, e2143425	10.4	3
80	Association between fentanyl treatment for acute pain in the emergency department and opioid use two weeks after discharge.. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 52, 137-142	2.9	
79	Electrical rhythm degeneration in adults with out-of-hospital cardiac arrest according to the no-flow and bystander low-flow time. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2021 , 167, 355-361	4	2
78	Can a Shockable Initial Rhythm Identify Out-of-Hospital Cardiac Arrest Patients with a Short No-flow Time?. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2021 , 158, 57-63	4	2
77	Functional and cognitive decline in older delirious adults after an emergency department visit. <i>Age and Ageing</i> , 2021 , 50, 135-140	3	1
76	Pain, and Not Opioids, Is Associated With Delirium in Older Emergency Department Patients. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 28, 145	3.4	
75	Oxygen Therapy and Risk of Infection for Health Care Workers Caring for Patients With Viral Severe Acute Respiratory Infection: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 77, 19-31	2.1	8
74	Predictors of delirium in older patients at the emergency department: a prospective multicentre derivation study. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 23, 330-336	0.6	2
73	A cross-sectional survey on buprenorphine-naloxone practice and attitudes in 22 Canadian emergency physician groups: a cross-sectional survey. <i>CMAJ Open</i> , 2021 , 9, E864-E873	2.5	0
72	Reply to: Pseudo-PEA: An easily overlooked player in cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2021 , 168, 242-243	4	
71	Opioid and non-opioid pain relief after an emergency department acute pain visit. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 23, 342-350	0.6	2
70	Development of the Canadian COVID-19 Emergency Department Rapid Response Network population-based registry: a methodology study. <i>CMAJ Open</i> , 2021 , 9, E261-E270	2.5	9
69	Relationship Between Pain, Opioid Treatment, and Delirium in Older Emergency Department Patients. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 27, 708-716	3.4	6
68	Another alternative to opioids for acute pain?. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 22, 273-274	4.6	1
67	Opioid Poisoning and Opioid Use Disorder in Older Trauma Patients. <i>Clinical Interventions in Aging</i> , 2020 , 15, 763-770	4	2
66	Opioid drug use in emergency and adverse outcomes among patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: a multicenter observational study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 5038	4.9	1
65	Fear of falling in community-dwelling older adults presenting to the emergency department for minor injuries: Impact on return to the ED and future falls. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 22, 692-700	0.6	

64	Emergency Department-initiated Interventions for Patients With Opioid Use Disorder: A Systematic Review. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 27, 1173-1182	3.4	10
63	Thoughts on the 2019 American Academy of Sleep Medicine position statement on chronic opioid therapy and sleep. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2020 , 16, 831-833	3.1	2
62	A Systematic Review of the Relative Frequency and Risk Factors for Prolonged Opioid Prescription Following Surgery and Trauma Among Adults. <i>Annals of Surgery</i> , 2020 , 271, 845-854	7.8	18
61	Relationship between acute pain trajectories after an emergency department visit and chronic pain: a Canadian prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e040390	3	2
60	Exercise Interventions for Community-Dwelling Older Adults Following an Emergency Department Consultation for a Minor Injury. <i>Journal of Aging and Physical Activity</i> , 2020 , 29, 267-279	1.6	0
59	Side effects from opioids used for acute pain after emergency department discharge. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 38, 695-701	2.9	14
58	Can the "important brain injury criteria" predict neurosurgical intervention in mild traumatic brain injury? A validation study. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 38, 521-525	2.9	1
57	Association Between the Quantity of Subcutaneous Fat and the Inter-Device Agreement of 2 Tissue Oximeters. <i>Journal of Cardiothoracic and Vascular Anesthesia</i> , 2019 , 33, 2989-2994	2.1	3
56	Pain during exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: A prospective cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0217370	3.7	6
55	Prognostic impact of the conversion to a shockable rhythm from a non-shockable rhythm for patients suffering from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2019 , 140, 43-49	4	12
54	Acute Pain Resolution After an Emergency Department Visit: A 14-Day Trajectory Analysis. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 74, 224-232	2.1	9
53	Subjective sleep quality and its etiology in the emergency department. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 21, 249-252	0.6	2
52	Opioid Use and Misuse Three Months After Emergency Department Visit for Acute Pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 26, 847-855	3.4	7
51	Limiting Opioid Prescribing. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2019 , 322, 170-171	27.4	2
50	Validation of the O3DY French Version (O3DY-F) for the Screening of Cognitive Impairment in Community Seniors in the Emergency Department. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 57, 59-65	1.5	3
49	Unrecognized Incident Delirium in Older Emergency Department Patients. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 57, 535-542	1.5	11
48	Serial Ottawa 3DY assessments to detect delirium in older emergency department community dwellers. <i>Age and Ageing</i> , 2019 , 49, 130-134	3	3
47	The prognostic significance of repeated prehospital shocks for out-of-hospital cardiac arrest survival. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 21, 330-338	0.6	1

46	Recent opioid use and fall-related injury among older patients with trauma. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2018 , 190, E500-E506	3.5	54
45	Impact of the direct transfer to percutaneous coronary intervention-capable hospitals on survival to hospital discharge for patients with out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2018 , 125, 28-33	4	33
44	Incidence of delirium in the Canadian emergency department and its consequences on hospital length of stay: a prospective observational multicentre cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e018190	3	31
43	Comparing the effects of a home-based exercise program using a gerontechnology to a community-based group exercise program on functional capacities in older adults after a minor injury. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2018 , 108, 41-47	4.5	10
42	Feasibility, Acceptability and Effects of a Home-Based Exercise Program Using a Gerontechnology on Physical Capacities after a Minor Injury in Community-Living Older Adults: A Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging</i> , 2018 , 22, 16-25	5.2	19
41	Frailty Assessment to Help Predict Patients at Risk of Delirium When Consulting the Emergency Department. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018 , 55, 157-164	1.5	9
40	Relative frequency and risk factors for long-term opioid therapy following surgery and trauma among adults: a systematic review protocol. <i>Systematic Reviews</i> , 2018 , 7, 97	3	10
39	The simple query "Do you want more pain medication?" is not a reliable way to assess acute pain relief in patients in the emergency department. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018 , 20, 21-27	0.6	4
38	Incidence and Risk Factors of Long-term Opioid Use in Elderly Trauma Patients. <i>Annals of Surgery</i> , 2018 , 268, 985-991	7.8	21
37	Quantity of opioids consumed following an emergency department visit for acute pain: a Canadian prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e022649	3	19
36	Using the Bergman-Paris Question to screen seniors in the emergency department. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018 , 20, 753-761	0.6	1
35	Performance of the French version of the 4AT for screening the elderly for delirium in the emergency department. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018 , 20, 903-910	0.6	16
34	Early Factors Associated with the Development of Chronic Pain in Trauma Patients. <i>Pain Research and Management</i> , 2018 , 2018, 7203218	2.6	11
33	Measuring Frailty Can Help Emergency Departments Identify Independent Seniors at Risk of Functional Decline After Minor Injuries. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2017 , 72, 68-74	6.4	31
32	Lung Sliding Identification Is Less Accurate in the Left Hemithorax. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2017 , 36, 327-333	2.9	2
31	Timed Up and Go predicts functional decline in older patients presenting to the emergency department following minor trauma. <i>Age and Ageing</i> , 2017 , 46, 214-218	3	14
30	Comparison of functional outcomes in elderly who have sustained a minor trauma with or without head injury: a prospective multicenter cohort study. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 19, 329-337	0.6	6
29	Clinical prediction rule for delayed hemothorax after minor thoracic injury: a multicentre derivation and validation study. <i>CMAJ Open</i> , 2017 , 5, E444-E453	2.5	3

28	Potential impact of a prehospital redirection system for refractory cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2017 , 119, 37-42	4	4
27	Prehospital Advanced Cardiac Life Support for Out-of-hospital Cardiac Arrest: A Cohort Study. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 24, 1100-1109	3.4	13
26	Painful Memories: Reliability of Pain Intensity Recall at 3 Months in Senior Patients. <i>Pain Research and Management</i> , 2017 , 2017, 5983721	2.6	18
25	Medium Increased Risk for Central Sleep Apnea but Not Obstructive Sleep Apnea in Long-Term Opioid Users: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2016 , 12, 617-25 ^{3.1}	3.1	24
24	Frail older adults with minor fractures show lower health-related quality of life (SF-12) scores up to six months following emergency department discharge. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2016 , 14, 40	3	18
23	Impact of Age on Pain Perception for Typical Painful Diagnoses in the Emergency Department. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016 , 50, 14-20	1.5	16
22	Evaluating acute pain intensity relief: challenges when using an 11-point numerical rating scale. <i>Pain</i> , 2016 , 157, 355-360	8	10
21	Correlates of cognitive functioning in independent elderly patients discharged home from the emergency department after a minor injury. <i>International Psychogeriatrics</i> , 2016 , 28, 1313-22	3.4	6
20	Vital Signs Are Not Associated with Self-Reported Acute Pain Intensity in the Emergency Department. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016 , 18, 19-27	0.6	6
19	Reproducibility, interchangeability of measures, time to measure stabilization, and reference values of two tissue oximeters in healthy volunteers. <i>Journal of Biomedical Optics</i> , 2016 , 21, 97003	3.5	6
18	Risk of Delayed Intracranial Hemorrhage in Anticoagulated Patients with Mild Traumatic Brain Injury: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016 , 51, 519-528	1.5	40
17	Functional Impact of a Minor Thoracic Injury: An Investigation of Age, Delayed Hemothorax, and Rib Fracture Effects. <i>Annals of Surgery</i> , 2015 , 262, 1115-22	7.8	19
16	Impact of age, sex and route of administration on adverse events after opioid treatment in the emergency department: a retrospective study. <i>Pain Research and Management</i> , 2015 , 20, 23-8	2.6	23
15	Return to the ED and hospitalisation following minor injuries among older persons treated in the emergency department: predictors among independent seniors within 6 months. <i>Age and Ageing</i> , 2015 , 44, 624-9	3	16
14	Senior patients with moderate to severe pain wait longer for analgesic medication in EDs. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 32, 315-9	2.9	9
13	Current views on acute to chronic pain transition in post-traumatic patients: risk factors and potential for pre-emptive treatments. <i>Journal of Trauma and Acute Care Surgery</i> , 2014 , 76, 1142-50	3.3	17
12	Is adequate pain relief and time to analgesia associated with emergency department length of stay? A retrospective study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014 , 4, e004288	3	30
11	Percentage of pain intensity difference on an 11-point numerical rating scale underestimates acute pain resolution. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2014 , 18, 1103-11	3.7	5

10	Theoretical repeatability coefficient of a 100 mm visual analog scale in children. <i>Clinical Journal of Pain</i> , 2014 , 30, 515-20	3.5	2
9	Is cognitive function a concern in independent elderly adults discharged home from the emergency department in Canada after a minor injury?. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2014 , 62, 2130-5	5.6	13
8	Basic concepts in the use of thoracic and lung ultrasound. <i>Current Opinion in Anaesthesiology</i> , 2013 , 26, 20-30	2.9	48
7	Risk factors of significant pain syndrome 90 days after minor thoracic injury: trajectory analysis. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013 , 20, 1139-45	3.4	15
6	Cumulative incidence of functional decline after minor injuries in previously independent older Canadian individuals in the emergency department. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2013 , 61, 1661-8	5.6	62
5	Reliability of the visual analog scale in children with acute pain in the emergency department. <i>Pain</i> , 2012 , 153, 839-842	8	54
4	Validation and properties of the verbal numeric scale in children with acute pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2010 , 149, 216-228		116
3	Estimation of pain intensity in emergency medicine: a validation study. <i>Pain</i> , 2008 , 138, 565-570	8	33
2	Comparison of four pain scales in children with acute abdominal pain in a pediatric emergency department. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 50, 379-83, 383.e1-2	2.1	52
1	beta-Blockers for the treatment of cardiac arrest from ventricular fibrillation?. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2007 , 75, 434-44	4	28