

# Sk Akhtar Ahmad

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7193176/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

44  
papers

1,712  
citations

623734

14  
h-index

361022

35  
g-index

44  
all docs

44  
docs citations

44  
times ranked

1788  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Arsenic in drinking water and pregnancy outcomes.. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2001, 109, 629-631.	6.0	321
2	Diabetes Mellitus Associated with Arsenic Exposure in Bangladesh. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 198-203.	3.4	298
3	The relationship of arsenic levels in drinking water and the prevalence rate of skin lesions in Bangladesh.. Environmental Health Perspectives, 1999, 107, 727-729.	6.0	280
4	Hypertension and Arsenic Exposure in Bangladesh. Hypertension, 1999, 33, 74-78.	2.7	257
5	Arsenic contamination in groundwater in Bangladesh: implications and challenges for healthcare policy. Risk Management and Healthcare Policy, 2018, Volume 11, 251-261.	2.5	136
6	Arsenic contamination in ground water and arsenicosis in Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Health Research, 1997, 7, 271-276.	2.7	51
7	Arsenic contamination of ground and pond water and water purification system using pond water in Bangladesh. Engineering Geology, 2001, 60, 323-331.	6.3	44
8	Blood Lead Levels and Health Problems of Lead Acid Battery Workers in Bangladesh. Scientific World Journal, The, 2014, 2014, 1-7.	2.1	44
9	Arsenicosis in a village in Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Health Research, 1999, 9, 187-195.	2.7	43
10	Mutual interaction between nutritional status and chronic arsenic toxicity due to groundwater contamination in an area of Terai, lowland Nepal. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 389-394.	3.7	37
11	Community clinics in Bangladesh: A unique example of public-private partnership. Heliyon, 2020, 6, e03950.	3.2	26
12	Occupational Exposure and Respiratory Illness Symptoms Among Textile Industry Workers in a Developing Country. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene, 2000, 15, 313-320.	0.4	23
13	Intake of DDT and its metabolites through food items among reproductive age women in Bangladesh. Chemosphere, 2017, 189, 744-751.	8.2	21
14	Delta-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase (ALAD) polymorphism in lead exposed Bangladeshi children and its effect on urinary aminolevulinic acid (ALA). Environmental Research, 2015, 136, 318-323.	7.5	15
15	Arsenic exposure increases maternal but not cord serum IgG in Bangladesh. Pediatrics International, 2015, 57, 119-125.	0.5	13
16	Associations between urinary heavy metal concentrations and blood pressure in residents of Asian countries. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2021, 26, 101.	3.4	13
17	Quality of Life of Arsenicosis Patients in an Arsenic-Affected Rural Area in Bangladesh. Archives of Environmental and Occupational Health, 2010, 65, 70-76.	1.4	12
18	Determinants of Smoking Behaviour Among Secondary School Students in Bangladesh. Journal of Community Health, 2011, 36, 831-838.	3.8	12

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Ground Water Arsenic Contamination and Its Health Effects in Bangladesh. , 2015, , 51-72.		8
20	<i>In-utero</i> arsenic exposure and growth of infants from birth to 6 months of age: a prospective cohort study in rural Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Health Research, 2020, 30, 421-434.	2.7	7
21	Detecting arsenic-related skin lesions: Experiences from a large community-based survey in Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Health Research, 2007, 17, 141-149.	2.7	6
22	Non-monotonic relationships between arsenic and selenium excretion and its implication on arsenic methylation pattern in a Bangladeshi population. Environmental Research, 2015, 140, 300-307.	7.5	6
23	Dietary patterns and serum of DDT concentrations among reproductive-aged group of women in Bangladesh. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2018, 25, 17665-17673.	5.3	5
24	Assessment of low ABSPI among arsenic exposed and non-exposed populations: A pilot study. Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bulletin, 2010, 36, 23-26.	0.2	4
25	Twenty Years of Arsenic Contamination and Arsenicosis Patients in a Village of Bangladesh. American Journal of Public Health Research, 2020, 8, 190-196.	0.3	4
26	Swelling of vallate papillae of the tongue following arsenic exposure. Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bulletin, 2010, 36, 1-3.	0.2	3
27	Willingness to Pay for Health Insurance among Urban Poor: An Evidence from Urban Primary Health Care Project in Bangladesh. Bangladesh Journal of Medical Science, 2020, 19, 433-443.	0.2	3
28	Altered Pulmonary Function among the Transport Workers in Dhaka City. Health, 2014, 06, 2144-2153.	0.3	3
29	Nutritional Status among the Children of Age Group 5-14 Years in Selected Arsenic Exposed and Non-Exposed Areas of Bangladesh. Journal of Family & Reproductive Health, 2014, 8, 161-8.	0.4	3
30	Arsenicosis in two villages in Terai, lowland Nepal. Environmental Sciences: an International Journal of Environmental Physiology and Toxicology, 2004, 11, 179-88.	0.1	3
31	Knowledge about inhaler use among the chronic asthma patients in selected hospitals. Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bulletin, 2011, 37, 47-50.	0.2	2
32	Eye problems among the workers in re-rolling mill exposed to high temperature. Work, 2013, 46, 93-97.	1.1	2
33	Socioeconomic characteristics of autistic children: a comparative study. International Journal of Community Medicine and Public Health, 2020, 7, 2914.	0.1	2
34	Nutritional Status and Associated Factors among 24 to 59 Months old Urban Slum Children of Dhaka City. Journal of Armed Forces Medical College Bangladesh, 2016, 11, 14-18.	0.0	1
35	Community Clinic in Bangladesh: Empowering women through utilization and participation. Asia Pacific Journal of Health Management, 2021, 16, 54-64.	0.3	1
36	Does Entitlement Card ensure Utilization of Urban Primary Healthcare Clinic in Bangladesh?. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2020, 5, 213-225.	0.1	1

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	A Pilot School Meal Program Using Local Foods with Soybean in Rural Bangladesh: Effects on the Nutritional Status of Children. Food and Nutrition Sciences (Print), 2018, 09, 290-313.	0.4	1
38	Parenting Stress of Mothers Having Children with Thalassemia. Journal of Preventive and Social Medicine: JOPSOM: A Bi-annual Journal of the National Institute of Preventive and Social Medicine, 2020, 38, 22-29.	0.1	1
39	Women, Health and Development in Bangladesh. Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health, 1991, 5, 359-363.	1.0	0
40	Dietary pattern of rachitic children at selected geographical area. Bangladesh Medical Journal, 2016, 43, 151-156.	0.0	0
41	Perceived Workplace Hazards and Health Problems Among the Workers of Tannery Industries. Journal of Preventive and Social Medicine: JOPSOM: A Bi-annual Journal of the National Institute of Preventive and Social Medicine, 2021, 39, 31-42.	0.1	0
42	Socio-demographic factors on food insecurity among rural school going children in Bangladesh. Journal of Preventive and Social Medicine: JOPSOM: A Bi-annual Journal of the National Institute of Preventive and Social Medicine, 2021, 39, 67-72.	0.1	0
43	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Among the Users of Improved Cooking Stove and Traditional Cooking Stove. Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bulletin, 2021, 46, 211-218.	0.2	0
44	Slips, Trips and Falls among the workers in a garment industry in Dhaka, Bangladesh. International Journal of Occupational Safety and Health, 2021, 11, 40-47.	0.5	0