Andrew E Newhouse

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of American chestnut (Castanea dentata (Marsh.) Borkh.) somatic embryos. Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, 2006, 84, 69-79.	2.3	80
2	A threshold level of oxalate oxidase transgene expression reduces Cryphonectria parasitica-induced necrosis in a transgenic American chestnut (Castanea dentata) leaf bioassay. Transgenic Research, 2013, 22, 973-982.	2.4	79
3	Transgenic American chestnuts show enhanced blight resistance and transmit the trait to T1 progeny. Plant Science, 2014, 228, 88-97.	3.6	77
4	Editing nature: Local roots of global governance. Science, 2018, 362, 527-529.	12.6	67
5	Transgenic American elm shows reduced Dutch elm disease symptoms and normal mycorrhizal colonization. Plant Cell Reports, 2007, 26, 977-987.	5.6	65
6	Developing Blight-Tolerant American Chestnut Trees. Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology, 2019, 11, a034587.	5.5	37
7	A plan to diversify a transgenic blightâ€ŧolerant American chestnut population using citizen science. Plants People Planet, 2020, 2, 84-95.	3.3	34
8	Chestnut Leaf Inoculation Assay as a Rapid Predictor of Blight Susceptibility. Plant Disease, 2014, 98, 4-9.	1.4	21
9	Transgenic American Chestnuts Do Not Inhibit Germination of Native Seeds or Colonization of Mycorrhizal Fungi. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2018, 9, 1046.	3.6	21
10	Intentional introgression of a blight tolerance transgene to rescue the remnant population of American chestnut. Conservation Science and Practice, 2021, 3, e348.	2.0	21
11	Plate flooding as an alternative Agrobacterium-mediated transformation method for American chestnut somatic embryos. Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, 2007, 88, 93-99.	2.3	19
12	Effects of transgenic American chestnut leaf litter on growth and survival of wood frog larvae. Restoration Ecology, 2019, 27, 371-378.	2.9	13
13	Not the Same Old Chestnut. Environmental Ethics, 2020, 42, 149-167.	0.4	11
14	A Molecular and Fitness Evaluation of Commercially Available versus Locally Collected Blue Lupine <i>Lupinus perennis</i> L. Seeds for Use in Ecosystem Restoration Efforts. Restoration Ecology, 2012, 20, 456-461.	2.9	10
15	Chestnut, American (Castanea dentata (Marsh.) Borkh.). Methods in Molecular Biology, 2015, 1224, 143-161.	0.9	8
16	Intended consequences statement. Conservation Science and Practice, 2021, 3, e371.	2.0	6
17	American Elm (Ulmus americana). , 2006, 344, 99-112.		5
18	Ectomycorrhizae symbiosis in Castanea mollissima improves phosphate acquisition through activating gene expression and H + efflux. Scientia Horticulturae, 2016, 210, 99-107.	3.6	4

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19	Comparative efficacy of gypsy moth (Lepidoptera: Erebidae) entomopathogens on transgenic blightâ€tolerant and wildâ€type American, Chinese, and hybrid chestnuts (Fagales: Fagaceae). Insect Science, 2020, 27, 1067-1078.	3.0	4
20	Agrobacterium-mediated co-transformation of American Chestnut (Castanea dentata) somatic embryos with a wheat oxalate oxidase gene. BMC Proceedings, 2011, 5, .	1.6	2
21	Oxalate oxidase transgene expression in American chestnut leaves has little effect on photosynthetic or respiratory physiology. New Forests, 0, , 1.	1.7	2
22	Bumble bee (Bombus impatiens) survival, pollen usage, and reproduction are not affected by oxalate oxidase at realistic concentrations in American chestnut (Castanea dentata) pollen. Transgenic Research, 2021, 30, 751-764.	2.4	1