Takumi Yamada

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

185	3,243 citations	29	53
papers		h-index	g-index
193	3,833	3.2 avg, IF	4.96
ext. papers	ext. citations		L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
185	Radiofrequency ablation on the right ventricular septum changed a bundle branch block pattern of a ventricular tachycardia: What is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2022 , 38, 171-173	1.5	
184	Catheter ablation of premature ventricular contractions originating from kissing papillary muscles. <i>Clinical Case Reports (discontinued)</i> , 2021 , 9, e04955	0.7	
183	Intracoronary artery mapping and 3-dimensional visualization of the coronary arteries with a 0.014 inch guidewire in catheter ablation of left ventricular summit premature ventricular contractions. HeartRhythm Case Reports, 2020, 6, 914-917	1	1
182	Demonstration of an extension of the ligament of Marshall to the left atrial posterior wall. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 773-774	2.7	
181	Alternating tachycardia cycle length occurring during catheter ablation of typical atrial flutter: What is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2019 , 35, 320-322	1.5	
180	Typical atrioventricular nodal reentrant tachycardia with 2:1 conduction block: What is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2019 , 35, 317-319	1.5	
179	Complications Associated With Radiofrequency Catheter Ablation of Arrhythmias 2019 , 636-647.e4		1
178	Successful catheter ablation of a ventricular tachycardia by a radiofrequency application from the right atrium in a patient with a tetralogy of Fallot. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 973-975	2.7	
177	Successful transcoronary ethanol ablation of a ventricular tachycardia originating from the crux of the heart. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 777-778	2.7	1
176	Eccentric Activation Patterns in the Left Ventricular Outflow Tract during Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the Left Ventricular Summit: A Pitfall for Predicting the Sites of Ventricular Arrhythmia Origins. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 12, e007419	6.4	3
175	2019 HRS/EHRA/APHRS/LAHRS expert consensus statement on catheter ablation of ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Europace</i> , 2019 , 21, 1143-1144	3.9	114
174	Twelve-lead electrocardiographic localization of idiopathic premature ventricular contraction origins. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 2603-2617	2.7	10
173	Special considerations in mapping and ablation of focal ventricular arrhythmias originating from the left ventricular outflow tract in patients with a transcatheter aortic valve replacement. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 2640-2647	2.7	
172	Disappearance of a pre-excitation immediately after the initiation of rapid atrial pacing: What is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 42, 93-95	1.6	
171	Successful slow pathway ablation in a patient with an interrupted inferior vena cava and persistent left superior vena cava. <i>Europace</i> , 2019 , 21, 1012	3.9	
170	Idiopathic ventricular tachycardia originating from the parietal band in a patient with a corrected truncus arteriosus. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 267-268	2.7	
169	Persistent ventricular preexcitation despite right bundle branch block. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2018 , 18, 146-147	1.5	

Aortic Sinus Cusps for Catheter Ablation of Supraventricular and Ventricular Arrhythmias **2018**, 53-63

167	Variable degrees of ventricular preexcitation during rapid atrial pacing: What is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 41, 304-305	1.6	O
166	Successful catheter ablation of a focal atrial tachycardia originating from the coronary sinus ostium in a patient with a history of Fontan conversion and dextrocardia. <i>Europace</i> , 2018 , 20, 1351	3.9	2
165	Usefulness of pace mapping in catheter ablation of left ventricular papillary muscle ventricular arrhythmias with a preferential conduction. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 29, 889-89	9 3 7	7
164	Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the Infundibular Muscles: Prevalence, Electrocardiographic and Electrophysiological Characteristics, and Outcome of Catheter Ablation. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 11, e005749	6.4	12
163	Focal intra-cavotricuspid isthmus atrial tachycardias occurring after typical atrial flutter ablation: incidence and electrocardiographic and electrophysiological characteristics. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 52, 237-245	2.4	O
162	Demonstration of a long narrow critical isthmus of ischemic ventricular tachycardia by pace mapping. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 29, 339-340	2.7	
161	Multifocal Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the His-Purkinje System: Incidence, Characteristics, and Outcome of Catheter Ablation. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2018 , 4, 1248-1260	4.6	2
160	Typical atrial flutter mimicking a pacemaker-mediated tachycardia. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2018 , 34, 309	-3.151	
159	Successful percutaneous epicardial catheter ablation of ventricular tachycardia arising from the crux of the heart in a patient with prior coronary artery bypass grafting. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2017 , 33, 66-68	1.5	1
158	Significant Discrepancy Between Estimated and Actual Longevity in St. Jude Medical Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillators. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 552-558	2.7	
157	Efficacy of an Anatomical Approach in Radiofrequency Catheter Ablation of Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the Left Ventricular Outflow Tract. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 10, e004959	6.4	25
156	Focal Ventricular Tachycardia Associated With an Apical Aneurysm in a Patient With Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 351-352	2.7	
155	Excellent Pace Maps Recorded from Two Remote Sites Inside and Outside the Scar in a Patient with Ischemic VT: What Is the Mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 40, 72-74	1.6	O
154	A Double Ventricular Response Through Dual AV Nodal Pathways Can Mimic a Premature Ventricular Contraction. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 722-723	2.7	
153	Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the Parietal Band: Electrocardiographic and Electrophysiological Characteristics and Outcome of Catheter Ablation. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 10,	6.4	12
152	Preferential Conduction During Posterior Papillary Muscle Origin Premature Ventricular Contractions Demonstrated by Pace Mapping. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 235	5 -2 736	4
151	Atrioventricular Nodal Reentrant Tachycardia With a Displaced His-Bundle in an Atrioventricular Canal Defect. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 120-121	2.7	1

150	Epicardial ventricular tachycardia successfully ablated from the left atrium in a case with a prior mitral valve repair. <i>Europace</i> , 2017 , 19, 1356	3.9	2
149	Prevalence and Electrocardiographic and Electrophysiological Characteristics of Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From Intramural Foci in the Left Ventricular Outflow Tract. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2016 , 9,	6.4	24
148	Idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias: Relevance to the anatomy, diagnosis and treatment. <i>Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 68, 463-471	3	31
147	Double-Layer Separate Ventricular Activation Patterns During Ventricular Tachycardia Associated With Myocarditis. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2016 , 9,	6.4	
146	Atrial fibrillation driven by scar-related atrial flutter. <i>Europace</i> , 2016 , 18, 1718	3.9	
145	Anatomical Consideration in Catheter Ablation of Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias. <i>Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology Review</i> , 2016 , 5, 203-209	3.2	17
144	Discordance between Auto Mode Switch (AMS) Episodes and Atrial Tachyarrhythmia (AT/AF) Burden. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2016 , 39, 398-400	1.6	
143	Typical atrial flutter with muscular type tricuspid atresia. <i>Europace</i> , 2016 , 18, 701	3.9	
142	Challenging Radiofrequency Catheter Ablation of Idiopathic Ventricular Arrhythmias Originating From the Left Ventricular Summit Near the Left Main Coronary Artery. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2016 , 9,	6.4	36
141	Successful implantable cardioverter-defibrillator implantation through a communicating branch of the persistent left superior vena cava. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2015 , 31, 331-2	1.5	5
140	Letter From Yamada et al Regarding Article, "Differentiation of Papillary Muscle From Fascicular and Mitral Annular Ventricular Arrhythmias in Patients With and Without Structural Heart Disease". <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2015 , 8, 1301	6.4	1
139	Successful cavotricuspid isthmus ablation in a patient with an interrupted inferior vena cava and persistent left superior vena cava. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2015 , 26, 450-451	2.7	
138	Pseudo typical atrial flutter occurring after cavotricuspid isthmus ablation in a patient with a prior history of Senning operation. <i>HeartRhythm Case Reports</i> , 2015 , 1, 54-57	1	2
137	Radiofrequency catheter ablation of idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias originating from intramural foci in the left ventricular outflow tract: efficacy of sequential versus simultaneous unipolar catheter ablation. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2015 , 8, 344-52	6.4	70
136	EHRA/HRS/APHRS expert consensus on ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2014 , 11, e166-96	6.7	179
135	EHRA/HRS/APHRS expert consensus on ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2014 , 30, 327-3	49 .5	3
134	EHRA/HRS/APHRS expert consensus on ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Europace</i> , 2014 , 16, 1257-83	3.9	135
133	A novel electrocardiographic criterion for differentiating a left from right ventricular outflow tract tachycardia origin: the V2S/V3R index. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2014 , 25, 747-53	2.7	87

132	Catheter ablation of epicardial ventricular tachycardia. <i>Journal of Arrhythmia</i> , 2014 , 30, 262-271	1.5	4
131	Successful transbaffle catheter ablation of pulmonary vein tachycardia. <i>Europace</i> , 2014 , 16, 645	3.9	1
130	Successful cavotricuspid isthmus ablation in a patient with a senning operation and prosthetic tricuspid valve replacement. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2014 , 25, 329-30	2.7	2
129	Regularly irregular atrial tachycardia following an orthotopic heart transplant: what is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2014 , 25, 105-6	2.7	2
128	Comparison of the change in the dimension of the pulmonary vein ostia immediately after pulmonary vein isolation for atrial fibrillation-open irrigated-tip catheters versus non-irrigated conventional 4 mm-tip catheters. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2014 , 41, 83-90	2.4	6
127	Letter by Yamada and Kay regarding article, "Ventricular arrhythmias arising from the left ventricular outflow tract below the aortic sinus cusps: mapping and catheter ablation via transseptal approach an electrocardiographic characteristics". <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and</i>	6.4	1
126	Atrial flutter following pulmonary vein isolation: what is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2013 , 24, 1186-8	2.7	2
125	Prevalence and clinical, electrocardiographic, and electrophysiologic characteristics of ventricular arrhythmias originating from the noncoronary sinus of Valsalva. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2013 , 10, 1605-12	6.7	35
124	The incidence and clinical significance of non-isolation of the pulmonary vein carina after encircling ipsilateral pulmonary veins isolation for paroxysmal atrial fibrillation: a pitfall of the double-Lasso technique. <i>Europace</i> , 2013 , 15, 33-40	3.9	12
123	Innominate vein to left internal mammary artery bypass graft fistula during laser lead extraction: salvage with covered coronary artery stent. <i>Europace</i> , 2013 , 15, 717	3.9	3
122	Simultaneous double atrial flutters depending on the cavotricuspid and mitral isthmuses. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2013 , 24, 1423-4	2.7	
121	Anatomical versus electrophysiological isolation approaches to ablate ventricular arrhythmias originating from near the coronary artery ostium. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2013 , 24, E22	2.7	1
120	Atrial fibrillation ablation in a patient with an interrupted inferior vena cava and persistent left superior vena cava. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2013 , 24, 935	2.7	1
119	Transthoracic epicardial catheter ablation: indications, techniques, and complications. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2013 , 77, 1672-80	2.9	35
118	Great cardiac venography by contrast injection through an external irrigation catheter. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2012 , 9, 156-7	6.7	5
117	Epicardial macroreentrant ventricular tachycardia associated with a left ventricular aneurysm. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2012 , 35, e13-6	1.6	4
116	Idiopathic premature ventricular contractions arising from the intraventricular septum adjacent to the his bundle. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2012 , 35, e108-11	1.6	2
115	Idiopathic mitral annular PVCs with multiple breakouts and preferential conduction unmasked by radiofrequency catheter ablation. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2012 , 35, e112-5	1.6	12

114	Successful epicardial catheter ablation of a septal ventricular tachycardia after myocardial infarction. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2012 , 35, e116-9	1.6	
113	Successful reduction of a high defibrillation threshold by a combined implantation of a subcutaneous array and azygos vein lead. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2012 , 35, e173-6	1.6	2
112	Optimal ablation strategies for different types of ventricular tachycardias. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 2012 , 9, 512-25	14.8	31
111	Prolongation of local ventriculoatrial conduction during left lateral accessory pathway ablation: what is the mechanism?. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2011 , 8, 942-3	6.7	
110	Demonstration of a right ventricular substrate of ventricular tachycardia after myocardial infarction. <i>Europace</i> , 2011 , 13, 133-5	3.9	О
109	Evidence for an intramural origin of idiopathic premature ventricular contractions successfully ablated within the great cardiac vein. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2011 , 34, e112-4	1.6	4
108	Sequential ventricular prepotentials recorded within the left coronary cusp of the aorta during idiopathic PVCs: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2011 , 34, 241-3	1.6	6
107	Suppression of premature ventricular contractions during atrioventricular conduction block: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2011 , 34, 377-9	1.6	
106	An atrial tachycardia with altered atrial activation sequences within the coronary sinus: what is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2011 , 22, 220-1	2.7	
105	Atrial tachycardia originating from the junction of the right atrium and a diverticulum of the inferior vena cava. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2011 , 4, e44-6	6.4	1
104	Successful ICD lead implantation via an angulated and tortuous collateral vein after subclavian vein occlusion. <i>Europace</i> , 2011 , 13, 286-7	3.9	2
103	Idiopathic premature ventricular contractions successfully ablated from the epicardial right ventricular outflow tract. <i>Europace</i> , 2011 , 13, 595-7	3.9	2
102	Idiopathic premature ventricular contractions exhibiting preferential conduction within the aortic root. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 33, e10-3	1.6	10
101	Alternating LBBB and RBBB QRS morphologies with two different supraventricular rhythms: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 33, 94-6	1.6	
100	A couplet of PVCs with different QRS morphologies arising from a single origin in the left ventricular outflow tract. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 33, e88-92	1.6	6
99	Idiopathic ventricular tachycardia originating from the left ventricle near the His bundle. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 33, e114-8	1.6	5
98	A regular narrow QRS complex tachycardia with alternating atrial activation sequences within the coronary sinus: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 33, 1264-6	1.6	1
97	Idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias originating from the papillary muscles in the left ventricle: prevalence, electrocardiographic and electrophysiological characteristics, and results of the radiofrequency catheter ablation. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 21, 62-9	2.7	86

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96	Idiopathic left ventricular arrhythmias originating adjacent to the left aortic sinus of valsalva: electrophysiological rationale for the surface electrocardiogram. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 21, 170-6	2.7	36
95	A regular ventricular tachycardia with variable QRS morphologies originating from the interventricular septum: what is the mechanism?. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 21, 827-8	2.7	
94	Successful catheter ablation of idiopathic premature ventricular contractions originating from the mid-lateral left ventricle in a patient with dextrocardia and situs solitus. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 21, 1302	2.7	1
93	Idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias originating from the left ventricular summit: anatomic concepts relevant to ablation. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 3, 616-23	6.4	196
92	Electrocardiographic and electrophysiological characteristics in idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias originating from the papillary muscles in the left ventricle: relevance for catheter ablation. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 3, 324-31	6.4	118
91	Focal ventricular arrhythmias originating from the left ventricle adjacent to the membranous septum. <i>Europace</i> , 2010 , 12, 1467-74	3.9	20
90	QRS alternans during idiopathic ventricular tachycardia originating from the right coronary cusp of the aorta. <i>Europace</i> , 2010 , 12, 133-5	3.9	6
89	Successful catheter ablation of epicardial ventricular tachycardia worsened by cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Europace</i> , 2010 , 12, 437-40	3.9	5
88	Recognition and Prevention of Complications During Epicardial Ablation. <i>Cardiac Electrophysiology Clinics</i> , 2010 , 2, 127-134	1.4	7
87	Atrial tachycardia initiating atrial fibrillation successfully ablated in the non-coronary cusp of the aorta. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2010 , 27, 123-6	2.4	2
86	Atrial tachycardia originating from the cavo-tricuspid isthmus may exhibit narrow P waves. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2010 , 10, 152-5	1.5	1
85	Atrial Tachycardia Successfully Ablated from the Left Coronary Sinus Cusp of the Aorta: An Unusual Site of Origin. <i>Journal of Atrial Fibrillation</i> , 2010 , 3, 339	0.8	
84	Ventricular far-field activity may provide a diagnostic challenge in identifying an origin of ventricular tachycardia arising from the left ventricular papillary muscle. <i>Europace</i> , 2009 , 11, 1403-5	3.9	9
83	The difference in autonomic denervation and its effect on atrial fibrillation recurrence between the standard segmental and circumferential pulmonary vein isolation techniques. <i>Europace</i> , 2009 , 11, 1613	<u>2</u> -છે ^{.9}	10
82	Ventricular fibrillation induced by a radiofrequency energy delivery for idiopathic premature ventricular contractions arising from the left ventricular anterior papillary muscle. <i>Europace</i> , 2009 , 11, 1115-7	3.9	9
81	Ventricular arrhythmias originating from the epicardial ventricular outflow tract complicated with peripartum cardiomyopathy. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 25, 53-7	2.4	6
80	Successful catheter ablation of a ventricular tachycardia storm originating from the left ventricular posterior papillary muscle involved with a remote myocardial infarction. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 24, 143-5	2.4	6
79	Transseptal catheterization in the catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation in a patient with cor triatriatum sinister. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 25, 79-82	2.4	6

78	Successful transseptal catheter ablation of premature ventricular contractions arising from the mitral annulus: a case with a pure annular origin. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 680-2	1.6	6
77	Catheter ablation of premature ventricular contractions arising from the mitral annulus after mitral valvoplasty. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 825-7	1.6	4
76	A case with a narrow QRS complex tachycardia: is there any preexcitation?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 922-4	1.6	
75	A case of atrioventricular nodal reentrant tachycardia: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 1056-9	1.6	
74	Real-time integration of intracardiac echocardiography and electroanatomic mapping in PVCs arising from the LV anterior papillary muscle. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 1240	0-36	16
73	Premature ventricular contractions arising from the intramural ventricular septum. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 32, e1-3	1.6	7
72	Epicardial macro-reentrant ventricular tachycardia exhibiting an endocardial centrifugal activation pattern in a case with arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 20, 692-5	2.7	6
71	Focal ventricular tachycardia arising from the epicardial crux of the heart after a remote inferior myocardial infarction. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 20, 944-5	2.7	3
70	Idiopathic focal ventricular arrhythmias originating from the anterior papillary muscle in the left ventricle. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 20, 866-72	2.7	81
69	Coronary angiography is a simple and reliable method to identify which aortic cusp is being mapped. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2009 , 20, E72; author reply E73	2.7	
68	Focal atrial fibrillation in dextrocardia. Annals of Noninvasive Electrocardiology, 2009, 14, 301-4	1.5	3
67	Aspirated air in the pericardial space during epicardial catheterization may elevate the defibrillation threshold. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2009 , 135, e34-5	3.2	27
66	Complications during catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation: identification and prevention. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2009 , 6, S18-25	6.7	20
65	Idiopathic focal epicardial ventricular tachycardia originating from the crux of the heart. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2009 , 6, 44-50	6.7	85
64	Vagal modification can be a valid predictor of late recurrence of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation independent of the pulmonary vein isolation technique. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2009 , 73, 1606-11	2.9	20
63	Vagal modification can also help prevent late recurrence of atrial fibrillation after segmental pulmonary vein isolation. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2009 , 73, 632-8	2.9	14
62	A case of bifocal premature ventricular contractions exhibiting bigeminy with an alternating QRS morphology. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 19, 1114-5	2.7	3
61	Catheter ablation of focal triggers and drivers of atrial fibrillation. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2008 , 41, 138-43	1.4	5

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60	Multiple macroreentrant ventricular tachycardias exhibiting centrifugal endocardial activations from the scar border zone after myocardial infarction. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2008 , 41, 160-4	1.4	2
59	Idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias originating from the aortic root prevalence, electrocardiographic and electrophysiologic characteristics, and results of radiofrequency catheter ablation. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2008 , 52, 139-47	15.1	181
58	Successful catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation in a patient with cor triatriatum sinister. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2008 , 5, 903-4	6.7	11
57	Electrocardiographic characteristics of ventricular arrhythmias originating from the junction of the left and right coronary sinuses of Valsalva in the aorta: the activation pattern as a rationale for the electrocardiographic characteristics. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2008 , 5, 184-92	6.7	113
56	Catheter ablation of ventricular arrhythmias originating in the vicinity of the His bundle: significance of mapping the aortic sinus cusp. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2008 , 5, 37-42	6.7	75
55	Focal atrial tachycardia originating from the epicardial left atrial appendage. Heart Rhythm, 2008, 5, 76	6 <i>4</i> 7.7	42
54	The left ventricular ostium: an anatomic concept relevant to idiopathic ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 1, 396-404	6.4	118
53	Adenosine can improve the intra-atrial conduction block along the mitral annulus during accessory pathway ablation. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 303-5	3.9	1
52	Ventricular tachycardia with a myocardial fibre travelling from the origin in the right aortic sinus cusp to the epicardial breakout site of the right ventricular outflow tract. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 469-70	3.9	11
51	Duplicated coronary sinus with a connecting branch. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 880-1	3.9	1
50	Successful catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation in a patient with dextrocardia. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 112	0-3 29	13
49	Successful catheter ablation of premature ventricular contractions originating from the tricuspid annulus using a Halo-type catheter. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 1228-9	3.9	8
48	Electroanatomic mapping in the catheter ablation of premature atrial contractions with a non-pulmonary vein origin. <i>Europace</i> , 2008 , 10, 1320-4	3.9	3
47	Left ventricular outflow tract tachycardia with preferential conduction and multiple exits. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 1, 140-2	6.4	31
46	Ventricular tachycardia originating from the posterior papillary muscle in the left ventricle: a distinct clinical syndrome. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 1, 23-9	6.4	162
45	Atrial tachycardia with widely-split P waves may mimic a distinct faster atrial tachycardia with half the cycle length of the actual P-P interval. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2008 , 72, 1381-4	2.9	
44	Efficacy of pulmonary vein isolation in paroxysmal atrial fibrillation patients with a Brugada electrocardiogram. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2008 , 72, 281-6	2.9	18
43	Ventricular tachycardia with an outflow tract septal origin after repair of double outlet right ventricle. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2008 , 72, 496-9	2.9	2

42	Plasma brain natriuretic peptide level after hybrid therapy with pulmonary vein isolation and antiarrhythmic drugs for atrial fibrillation. <i>International Heart Journal</i> , 2008 , 49, 143-51	1.8	9
41	Bigeminal pulmonary vein ectopy suppressed by pulmonary vein isolation. <i>International Heart Journal</i> , 2008 , 49, 129-32	1.8	4
40	Intrinsic pulmonary vein automaticity with continuous bigeminal depolarizations after pulmonary vein isolation. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 31, 135-7	1.6	2
39	Radiofrequency catheter ablation of the slow pathway for atrioventricular nodal reentry in a patient with an obstructed inferior vena cava. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 22, 195-8	2.4	5
38	Vagal reflex provoked by radiofrequency catheter ablation in the right aortic sinus cusp: a Bezold-Jarisch-like phenomenon. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 23, 199-204	2.4	8
37	Discrepancy between activation and postpacing interval mapping in predicting atrial tachycardia foci: what is the mechanism?. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 31, 351-3	1.6	
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35	Atrial tachycardia developing after cavo-tricuspid isthmus ablation: what is the mechanisms?. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2008 , 19, 219-20	2.7	
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33	Electrophysiologic and electrocardiographic characteristics and radiofrequency catheter ablation of focal atrial tachycardia originating from the left atrial appendage. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2007 , 4, 1284-91	6.7	70
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31	Preferential conduction across the ventricular outflow septum in ventricular arrhythmias originating from the aortic sinus cusp. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2007 , 50, 884-91	15.1	114
30	Detour conduction can mimic complete conduction block at the cavo-tricuspid isthmus. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2007 , 30, 140-2	1.6	1
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21	Macroreentrant ventricular tachycardia mimicking focal ventricular tachycardia in a case with arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2007 , 20, 43-7	2.4	1
20	A novel catheter for simultaneous angiography of ipsilateral pulmonary veins. <i>Europace</i> , 2007 , 9, 62-3	3.9	1
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17	Pulmonary vein antrum not always coaxial to the pulmonary vein: a dimensional pitfall to the circumferential isolation technique. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2007 , 71, 1430-6	2.9	5
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14	Plasma brain natriuretic peptide level after radiofrequency catheter ablation of paroxysmal, persistent, and permanent atrial fibrillation. <i>Europace</i> , 2007 , 9, 770-4	3.9	25
13	Pulmonary vein isolation with a multielectrode basket catheter. <i>Indian Pacing and Electrophysiology Journal</i> , 2007 , 7, 97-109	1.5	3
12	Usefulness of esophageal leads for determining the strategy of pulmonary vein ablation to avoid complications associated with the esophagus. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 97, 1494-7	3	5
11	Plasma atrial natriuretic Peptide and brain natriuretic Peptide levels after radiofrequency catheter ablation of atrial fibrillation. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 97, 1741-4	3	45
10	Incidence, location, and cause of recovery of electrical connections between the pulmonary veins and the left atrium after pulmonary vein isolation. <i>Europace</i> , 2006 , 8, 182-8	3.9	17
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8	Atrial tachycardia originating from the noncoronary aortic cusp and musculature connection with the atria: relevance for catheter ablation. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2006 , 3, 1494-6	6.7	36
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