

Matthias Peichl

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

105
papers

2,882
citations

28
h-index

50
g-index

138
ext. papers

3,794
ext. citations

6.3
avg, IF

5.1
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|---|------|-----------|
| 105 | The ABCflux database: ArcticBoreal CO ₂ flux observations and ancillary information aggregated to monthly time steps across terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2022 , 14, 179-208 | 10.5 | 3 |
| 104 | Heat and drought impact on carbon exchange in an age-sequence of temperate pine forests.. <i>Ecological Processes</i> , 2022 , 11, 7 | 3.6 | 3 |
| 103 | Tropical and Boreal Forest Atmosphere Interactions: A Review. <i>Tellus, Series B: Chemical and Physical Meteorology</i> , 2022 , 74, 24-163 | 3.3 | 1 |
| 102 | Overstory dynamics regulate the spatial variability in forest-floor CO ₂ fluxes across a managed boreal forest landscape. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2022 , 318, 108916 | 5.8 | 0 |
| 101 | Drainage Ditch Cleaning Has No Impact on the Carbon and Greenhouse Gas Balances in a Recent Forest Clear-Cut in Boreal Sweden. <i>Forests</i> , 2022 , 13, 842 | 2.8 | 0 |
| 100 | Reconciling the Carbon Balance of Northern Sweden Through Integration of Observations and Modelling. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research D: Atmospheres</i> , 2021 , 126, e2021JD035185 | 4.4 | 0 |
| 99 | A carbon-budget approach shows that reduced decomposition causes the nitrogen-induced increase in soil carbon in a boreal forest. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2021 , 502, 119750 | 3.9 | 0 |
| 98 | Substantial hysteresis in emergent temperature sensitivity of global wetland CH emissions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021 , 12, 2266 | 17.4 | 10 |
| 97 | Northern landscapes in transition: Evidence, approach and ways forward using the Krycklan Catchment Study. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2021 , 35, e14170 | 3.3 | 7 |
| 96 | Disaggregating the effects of nitrogen addition on gross primary production in a boreal Scots pine forest. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2021 , 301-302, 108337 | 5.8 | 2 |
| 95 | Identifying dominant environmental predictors of freshwater wetland methane fluxes across diurnal to seasonal time scales. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021 , 27, 3582-3604 | 11.4 | 11 |
| 94 | The Cold Region Critical Zone in Transition: Responses to Climate Warming and Land Use Change. <i>Annual Review of Environment and Resources</i> , 2021 , 46, | 17.2 | 4 |
| 93 | Statistical upscaling of ecosystem CO fluxes across the terrestrial tundra and boreal domain: Regional patterns and uncertainties. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021 , 27, 4040-4059 | 11.4 | 25 |
| 92 | FLUXNET-CH ₄ : a global, multi-ecosystem dataset and analysis of methane seasonality from freshwater wetlands. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2021 , 13, 3607-3689 | 10.5 | 23 |
| 91 | Modelling Daily Gross Primary Productivity with Sentinel-2 Data in the Nordic Region Comparison with Data from MODIS. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2021 , 13, 469 | 5 | 3 |
| 90 | Isotopic Branchpoints: Linkages and Efficiencies in Carbon and Water Budgets. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2021 , 126, e2020JG006043 | 3.7 | |
| 89 | Chronic Atmospheric Reactive Nitrogen Deposition Suppresses Biological Nitrogen Fixation in Peatlands. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2021 , 55, 1310-1318 | 10.3 | 4 |

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| 88 | Forest floor fluxes drive differences in the carbon balance of contrasting boreal forest stands. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2021 , 306, 108454 | 5.8 | 4 |
| 87 | Method comparison of indirect assessments of understory leaf area index (LAI): A case study across the extended network of ICOS forest ecosystem sites in Europe. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2021 , 128, 107841 | 5.8 | 2 |
| 86 | Enhanced spatiotemporal heterogeneity and the climatic and biotic controls of autumn phenology in northern grasslands. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021 , 788, 147806 | 10.2 | 4 |
| 85 | Gap-filling eddy covariance methane fluxes: Comparison of machine learning model predictions and uncertainties at FLUXNET-CH4 wetlands. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2021 , 308-309, 108528 | 5.8 | 5 |
| 84 | Retrieval and validation of forest background reflectivity from daily Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) bidirectional reflectance distribution function (BRDF) data across European forests. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2021 , 18, 621-635 | 4.6 | 8 |
| 83 | Uncovering the critical soil moisture thresholds of plant water stress for European ecosystems.. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021 , | 11.4 | 5 |
| 82 | Effect of the 2018 European drought on methane and carbon dioxide exchange of northern mire ecosystems. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 375, 20190517 | 5.8 | 16 |
| 81 | The role of the understory in litter DOC and nutrient leaching in boreal forests. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2020 , 149, 87-103 | 3.8 | 9 |
| 80 | Increasing contribution of peatlands to boreal evapotranspiration in a warming climate. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2020 , 10, 555-560 | 21.4 | 44 |
| 79 | Diverse effects of climate at different times on grassland phenology in mid-latitude of the Northern Hemisphere. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2020 , 113, 106260 | 5.8 | 8 |
| 78 | Impact of coordinate rotation on eddy covariance fluxes at complex sites. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2020 , 287, 107940 | 5.8 | 2 |
| 77 | Estimating canopy gross primary production by combining phloem stable isotopes with canopy and mesophyll conductances. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2020 , 43, 2124-2142 | 8.4 | 6 |
| 76 | Partitioning growing season water balance within a forested boreal catchment using sap flux, eddy covariance, and a process-based model. <i>Hydrology and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2020 , 24, 2999-3014 | 5.5 | 7 |
| 75 | The biophysical climate mitigation potential of boreal peatlands during the growing season. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2020 , 15, 104004 | 6.2 | 11 |
| 74 | Refining the role of phenology in regulating gross ecosystem productivity across European peatlands. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020 , 26, 876-887 | 11.4 | 9 |
| 73 | The Net Landscape Carbon Balance-Integrating terrestrial and aquatic carbon fluxes in a managed boreal forest landscape in Sweden. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020 , 26, 2353 | 11.4 | 14 |
| 72 | COSORE: A community database for continuous soil respiration and other soil-atmosphere greenhouse gas flux data. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020 , 26, 7268-7283 | 11.4 | 22 |
| 71 | The FLUXNET2015 dataset and the ONEFlux processing pipeline for eddy covariance data. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2020 , 7, 225 | 8.2 | 256 |

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|----|---|------|----|
| 70 | Effects of drought and meteorological forcing on carbon and water fluxes in Nordic forests during the dry summer of 2018. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 375, 20190516 | 5.8 | 15 |
| 69 | Bimodal diel pattern in peatland ecosystem respiration rebuts uniform temperature response. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020 , 11, 4255 | 17.4 | 9 |
| 68 | Altered energy partitioning across terrestrial ecosystems in the European drought year 2018. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 375, 20190524 | 5.8 | 18 |
| 67 | Sensitivity of gross primary productivity to climatic drivers during the summer drought of 2018 in Europe. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 375, 20190747 | 5.8 | 23 |
| 66 | The carbon balance of a managed boreal landscape measured from a tall tower in northern Sweden. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2019 , 274, 29-41 | 5.8 | 16 |
| 65 | A Novel Approach for High-Frequency in-situ Quantification of Methane Oxidation in Peatlands. <i>Soil Systems</i> , 2019 , 3, 4 | 3.5 | 3 |
| 64 | FLUXNET-CH ₄ Synthesis Activity: Objectives, Observations, and Future Directions. <i>Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society</i> , 2019 , 100, 2607-2632 | 6.1 | 77 |
| 63 | Monthly gridded data product of northern wetland methane emissions based on upscaling eddy covariance observations. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2019 , 11, 1263-1289 | 10.5 | 45 |
| 62 | Carbon, water and energy exchange dynamics of a young pine plantation forest during the initial fourteen years of growth. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2018 , 410, 12-26 | 3.9 | 13 |
| 61 | Impact of Canopy Decoupling and Subcanopy Advection on the Annual Carbon Balance of a Boreal Scots Pine Forest as Derived From Eddy Covariance. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2018 , 123, 303-325 | 3.7 | 11 |
| 60 | Partitioning of the net CO ₂ exchange using an automated chamber system reveals plant phenology as key control of production and respiration fluxes in a boreal peatland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018 , 24, 3436-3451 | 11.4 | 22 |
| 59 | Diverse Responses of Vegetation Phenology to Climate Change in Different Grasslands in Inner Mongolia during 2000-2016. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2018 , 10, 17 | 5 | 40 |
| 58 | Towards long-term standardised carbon and greenhouse gas observations for monitoring European terrestrial ecosystems: a review. <i>International Agrophysics</i> , 2018 , 32, 439-455 | 2 | 39 |
| 57 | ICOS eddy covariance flux-station site setup: a review. <i>International Agrophysics</i> , 2018 , 32, 471-494 | 2 | 42 |
| 56 | Ancillary vegetation measurements at ICOS ecosystem stations. <i>International Agrophysics</i> , 2018 , 32, 645-664 | 15 | |
| 55 | Assimilating phenology datasets automatically across ICOS ecosystem stations. <i>International Agrophysics</i> , 2018 , 32, 677-687 | 2 | 11 |
| 54 | Limitations and Challenges of MODIS-Derived Phenological Metrics Across Different Landscapes in Pan-Arctic Regions. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2018 , 10, 1784 | 5 | 8 |
| 53 | Stand Volume Production in the Subsequent Stand during Three Decades Remains Unaffected by Slash and Stump Harvest in Nordic Forests. <i>Forests</i> , 2018 , 9, 770 | 2.8 | 1 |

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| 52 | Standardisation of chamber technique for CO ₂ , N ₂ O and CH ₄ fluxes measurements from terrestrial ecosystems. <i>International Agrophysics</i> , 2018 , 32, 569-587 | 2 | 42 |
| 51 | Peatland vegetation composition and phenology drive the seasonal trajectory of maximum gross primary production. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 8012 | 4.9 | 22 |
| 50 | Impacts of droughts and extreme-temperature events on gross primary production and ecosystem respiration: a systematic assessment across ecosystems and climate zones. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018 , 15, 1293-1318 | 4.6 | 79 |
| 49 | Representation of dissolved organic carbon in the JULES land surface model (vn4.4_JULES-DOCM). <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2018 , 11, 593-609 | 6.3 | 17 |
| 48 | ORCHIDEE-PEAT (revision 4596), a model for northern peatland CO ₂ , water, and energy fluxes on daily to annual scales. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2018 , 11, 497-519 | 6.3 | 32 |
| 47 | Including hydrological self-regulating processes in peatland models: Effects on peatmoss drought projections. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 580, 1389-1400 | 10.2 | 18 |
| 46 | Long-term enhanced winter soil frost alters growing season CO fluxes through its impact on vegetation development in a boreal peatland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017 , 23, 3139-3153 | 11.4 | 15 |
| 45 | Land surface phenology derived from normalized difference vegetation index (NDVI) at global FLUXNET sites. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2017 , 233, 171-182 | 5.8 | 100 |
| 44 | How do disturbances and climate effects on carbon and water fluxes differ between multi-aged and even-aged coniferous forests?. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 599-600, 1583-1597 | 10.2 | 22 |
| 43 | Upscaling instantaneous to daily evapotranspiration using modelled daily shortwave radiation for remote sensing applications: an artificial neural network approach. <i>Hydrology and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2017 , 21, 197-215 | 5.5 | 9 |
| 42 | ORCHIDEE-PEAT (revision 4596), a model for northern peatland CO ₂ , water and energy fluxes on daily to annual scales 2017 , | | 1 |
| 41 | Apparent winter CO ₂ uptake by a boreal forest due to decoupling. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2017 , 232, 23-34 | 5.8 | 24 |
| 40 | Parameter interactions and sensitivity analysis for modelling carbon heat and water fluxes in a natural peatland, using CoupModel v5. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2016 , 9, 4313-4338 | 6.3 | 11 |
| 39 | Enhanced winter soil frost reduces methane emission during the subsequent growing season in a boreal peatland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016 , 22, 750-62 | 11.4 | 13 |
| 38 | Slash and stump harvest have no general impact on soil and tree biomass C pools after 32-39 years. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016 , 371, 33-41 | 3.9 | 14 |
| 37 | Impact of water table level on annual carbon and greenhouse gas balances of a restored peat extraction area. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2016 , 13, 2637-2651 | 4.6 | 38 |
| 36 | Gross primary production controls the subsequent winter CO exchange in a boreal peatland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016 , 22, 4028-4037 | 11.4 | 17 |
| 35 | Full carbon and greenhouse gas balances of fertilized and nonfertilized reed canary grass cultivations on an abandoned peat extraction area in a dry year. <i>GCB Bioenergy</i> , 2016 , 8, 952-968 | 5.6 | 10 |

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| 34 | Rain events decrease boreal peatland net CO ₂ uptake through reduced light availability. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015 , 21, 2309-20 | 11.4 | 46 |
| 33 | Bringing Color into the Picture: Using Digital Repeat Photography to Investigate Phenology Controls of the Carbon Dioxide Exchange in a Boreal Mire. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2015 , 18, 115-131 | 3.9 | 38 |
| 32 | Negative effects of stem and stump harvest and deep soil cultivation on the soil carbon and nitrogen pools are mitigated by enhanced tree growth. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015 , 338, 57-67 | 3.9 | 26 |
| 31 | Age effects on the water-use efficiency and water-use dynamics of temperate pine plantation forests. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2015 , 29, 4100-4113 | 3.3 | 28 |
| 30 | Modeling dissolved organic carbon in temperate forest soils: TRIPLEX-DOC model development and validation. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2014 , 7, 867-881 | 6.3 | 25 |
| 29 | Carbon and greenhouse gas balances in an age sequence of temperate pine plantations. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014 , 11, 5399-5410 | 4.6 | 14 |
| 28 | Simulation of CO ₂ and Attribution Analysis at Six European Peatland Sites Using the ECOSSE Model. <i>Water, Air, and Soil Pollution</i> , 2014 , 225, 1 | 2.6 | 12 |
| 27 | Linking variability in soil solution dissolved organic carbon to climate, soil type, and vegetation type. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2014 , 28, 497-509 | 5.9 | 69 |
| 26 | A 12-year record reveals pre-growing season temperature and water table level threshold effects on the net carbon dioxide exchange in a boreal fen. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2014 , 9, 055006 | 6.2 | 81 |
| 25 | Changes in ecosystem carbon stocks in a grassland ash (<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>) afforestation chronosequence in Ireland. <i>Journal of Plant Ecology</i> , 2014 , 7, 429-438 | 1.7 | 11 |
| 24 | Divergent apparent temperature sensitivity of terrestrial ecosystem respiration. <i>Journal of Plant Ecology</i> , 2014 , 7, 419-428 | 1.7 | 13 |
| 23 | Dissolved Organic Carbon Dynamics and Controls of Planted Slash Pine Forest Soil in Subtropical Region in Southern China. <i>Journal of Resources and Ecology</i> , 2013 , 4, 105-114 | 0.5 | 4 |
| 22 | Convergence of potential net ecosystem production among contrasting C3 grasslands. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013 , 16, 502-12 | 10 | 18 |
| 21 | Energy exchange and water budget partitioning in a boreal minerogenic mire. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2013 , 118, 1-13 | 3.7 | 57 |
| 20 | Modeling dissolved organic carbon in temperate forest soils: TRIPLEX-DOC model development and validation 2013 , | | 4 |
| 19 | Above- and belowground ecosystem biomass, carbon and nitrogen allocation in recently afforested grassland and adjacent intensively managed grassland. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2012 , 350, 281-296 | 4.2 | 47 |
| 18 | The impact of induced drought on transpiration and growth in a temperate pine plantation forest. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2012 , 26, 1779-1791 | 3.3 | 29 |
| 17 | Management and climate effects on carbon dioxide and energy exchanges in a maritime grassland. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2012 , 158, 132-146 | 5.7 | 26 |

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| 16 | Analysis of nitrogen controls on carbon and water exchanges in a conifer forest using the CLASS-CTEMN+ model. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2011 , 222, 3743-3760 | 3 | 20 |
| 15 | Evaluating management effects on nitrous oxide emissions from grasslands using the process-based DeNitrificationDeComposition (DNDC) model. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> , 2011 , 45, 6029-6039 | 5.3 | 20 |
| 14 | Six-year Stable Annual Uptake of Carbon Dioxide in Intensively Managed Humid Temperate Grassland. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2011 , 14, 112-126 | 3.9 | 39 |
| 13 | Relative contributions of soil, foliar, and woody tissue respiration to total ecosystem respiration in four pine forests of different ages. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2010 , 115, | | 18 |
| 12 | Biometric and eddy-covariance based estimates of carbon fluxes in an age-sequence of temperate pine forests. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2010 , 150, 952-965 | 5.8 | 74 |
| 11 | Age effects on carbon fluxes in temperate pine forests. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2010 , 150, 1090-1101 | 5.8 | 56 |
| 10 | Carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide exchanges in an age-sequence of temperate pine forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009 , 16, 2198-2212 | 11.4 | 66 |
| 9 | Water flux components and soil water-atmospheric controls in a temperate pine forest growing in a well-drained sandy soil. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2008 , 113, | | 22 |
| 8 | Concentrations and fluxes of dissolved organic carbon in an age-sequence of white pine forests in Southern Ontario, Canada. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2007 , 86, 1-17 | 3.8 | 36 |
| 7 | Allometry and partitioning of above- and belowground tree biomass in an age-sequence of white pine forests. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2007 , 253, 68-80 | 3.9 | 189 |
| 6 | Above- and belowground ecosystem biomass and carbon pools in an age-sequence of temperate pine plantation forests. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2006 , 140, 51-63 | 5.8 | 202 |
| 5 | Carbon Sequestration Potentials in Temperate Tree-Based Intercropping Systems, Southern Ontario, Canada. <i>Agroforestry Systems</i> , 2006 , 66, 243-257 | 2 | 142 |
| 4 | Impacts of droughts and extreme temperature events on gross primary production and ecosystem respiration: a systematic assessment across ecosystems and climate zones | | 3 |
| 3 | Impact of water table level on annual carbon and greenhouse gas balances of a restored peat extraction area | | 1 |
| 2 | Representation of dissolved organic carbon in the JULES land surface model (vn4.4_JULES-DOCM) | | 4 |
| 1 | FLUXNET-CH4: A global, multi-ecosystem dataset and analysis of methane seasonality from freshwater wetlands | | 3 |