

Lachlan R Gray

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

41
papers

1,491
citations

279778

23
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315719

38
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42
all docs

42
docs citations

42
times ranked

2055
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Modular Lentiviral Vectors for Highly Efficient Transgene Expression in Resting Immune Cells. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 1170. | 3.3 | 5 |
| 2 | HIV latency can be established in proliferating and nonproliferating resting CD4+ T cells in vitro. <i>Aids</i> , 2019, 33, 199-209. | 2.2 | 8 |
| 3 | Analysis of Clinical HIV-1 Strains with Resistance to Maraviroc Reveals Strain-Specific Resistance Mutations, Variable Degrees of Resistance, and Minimal Cross-Resistance to Other CCR5 Antagonists. <i>AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses</i> , 2017, 33, 1220-1235. | 1.1 | 8 |
| 4 | Strategies to target HIV-1 in the central nervous system. <i>Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS</i> , 2016, 11, 371-375. | 3.8 | 18 |
| 5 | A HIV-Tat/C4-binding protein chimera encoded by a DNA vaccine is highly immunogenic and contains acute EcoHIV infection in mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 29131. | 3.3 | 17 |
| 6 | Toxicity and in vitro activity of HIV-1 latency-reversing agents in primary CNS cells. <i>Journal of NeuroVirology</i> , 2016, 22, 455-463. | 2.1 | 28 |
| 7 | Reliable Genotypic Tropism Tests for the Major HIV-1 Subtypes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 8543. | 3.3 | 33 |
| 8 | HIV-1 transcriptional regulation in the central nervous system and implications for HIV cure research. <i>Journal of NeuroVirology</i> , 2015, 21, 290-300. | 2.1 | 36 |
| 9 | HIV-1 Entry and Trans-Infection of Astrocytes Involves CD81 Vesicles. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e90620. | 2.5 | 58 |
| 10 | Ex Vivo Response to Histone Deacetylase (HDAC) Inhibitors of the HIV Long Terminal Repeat (LTR) Derived from HIV-Infected Patients on Antiretroviral Therapy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e113341. | 2.5 | 26 |
| 11 | Is the central nervous system a reservoir of HIV-1?. <i>Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS</i> , 2014, 9, 552-558. | 3.8 | 103 |
| 12 | A common mechanism of clinical HIV-1 resistance to the CCR5 antagonist maraviroc despite divergent resistance levels and lack of common gp120 resistance mutations. <i>Retrovirology</i> , 2013, 10, 43. | 2.0 | 57 |
| 13 | CoRSeqV3-C: a novel HIV-1 subtype C specific V3 sequence based coreceptor usage prediction algorithm. <i>Retrovirology</i> , 2013, 10, 24. | 2.0 | 28 |
| 14 | The magnitude of HIV-1 resistance to the CCR5 antagonist maraviroc may impart a differential alteration in HIV-1 tropism for macrophages and T-cell subsets. <i>Virology</i> , 2013, 442, 51-58. | 2.4 | 20 |
| 15 | Macrophage-tropic HIV-1 variants from brain demonstrate alterations in the way gp120 engages both CD4 and CCR5. <i>Journal of Leukocyte Biology</i> , 2013, 93, 113-126. | 3.3 | 36 |
| 16 | Reduced Basal Transcriptional Activity of Central Nervous System-Derived HIV Type 1 Long Terminal Repeats. <i>AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses</i> , 2013, 29, 365-370. | 1.1 | 21 |
| 17 | Is specific HIV eradication from the brain possible or needed?. <i>Expert Opinion on Biological Therapy</i> , 2013, 13, 403-409. | 3.1 | 16 |
| 18 | Entinostat is a histone deacetylase inhibitor selective for class 1 histone deacetylases and activates HIV production from latently infected primary T cells. <i>Aids</i> , 2013, 27, 2853-2862. | 2.2 | 63 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | The NRTIs Lamivudine, Stavudine and Zidovudine Have Reduced HIV-1 Inhibitory Activity in Astrocytes. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e62196. | 2.5 | 46 |
| 20 | Longitudinal Analysis of CCR5 and CXCR4 Usage in a Cohort of Antiretroviral Therapy-Naïve Subjects with Progressive HIV-1 Subtype C Infection. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e65950. | 2.5 | 29 |
| 21 | A new way of measuring apoptosis by absolute quantitation of inter-nucleosomally fragmented genomic DNA. Nucleic Acids Research, 2012, 40, e113-e113. | 14.5 | 16 |
| 22 | HIV infection of dendritic cells subverts the IFN induction pathway via IRF-1 and inhibits type 1 IFN production. Blood, 2011, 118, 298-308. | 1.4 | 102 |
| 23 | CD4 and MHC class 1 down-modulation activities of nef alleles from brain- and lymphoid tissue-derived primary HIV-1 isolates. Journal of NeuroVirology, 2011, 17, 82-91. | 2.1 | 31 |
| 24 | Genetic and functional heterogeneity of CNS-derived tat alleles from patients with HIV-associated dementia. Journal of NeuroVirology, 2011, 17, 70-81. | 2.1 | 27 |
| 25 | Conformational alterations in the CD4 binding cavity of HIV-1 gp120 influencing gp120-CD4 interactions and fusogenicity of HIV-1 envelopes derived from brain and other tissues. Retrovirology, 2011, 8, 42. | 2.0 | 10 |
| 26 | Alternative Coreceptor Requirements for Efficient CCR5- and CXCR4-Mediated HIV-1 Entry into Macrophages. Journal of Virology, 2011, 85, 10699-10709. | 3.4 | 27 |
| 27 | Extremely prolonged HIV seroconversion associated with an MHC haplotype carrying disease susceptibility genes for antibody deficiency disorders. Clinical Immunology, 2010, 137, 199-208. | 3.2 | 6 |
| 28 | Enhanced CD4+ cellular apoptosis by CCR5-restricted HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein variants from patients with progressive HIV-1 infection. Virology, 2010, 396, 246-255. | 2.4 | 20 |
| 29 | Constrained use of CCR5 on CD4+ lymphocytes by R5X4 HIV-1: Efficiency of Env-CCR5 interactions and low CCR5 expression determine a range of restricted CCR5-mediated entry. Virology, 2010, 402, 135-148. | 2.4 | 11 |
| 30 | An altered and more efficient mechanism of CCR5 engagement contributes to macrophage tropism of CCR5-using HIV-1 envelopes. Virology, 2010, 404, 269-278. | 2.4 | 55 |
| 31 | Both CD31 ⁺ and CD31 ⁺ Naive CD4 ⁺ T Cells Are Persistent HIV Type 1-Infected Reservoirs in Individuals Receiving Antiretroviral Therapy. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2010, 202, 1738-1748. | 4.0 | 102 |
| 32 | Tissue-Specific Sequence Alterations in the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Envelope Favoring CCR5 Usage Contribute to Persistence of Dual-Tropic Virus in the Brain. Journal of Virology, 2009, 83, 5430-5441. | 3.4 | 60 |
| 33 | Primary HIV-1 R5 isolates from end-stage disease display enhanced viral fitness in parallel with increased gp120 net charge. Virology, 2008, 379, 125-134. | 2.4 | 45 |
| 34 | Phenotype and envelope gene diversity of nef-deleted HIV-1 isolated from long-term survivors infected from a single source. Virology Journal, 2007, 4, 75. | 3.4 | 16 |
| 35 | Asn 362 in gp120 contributes to enhanced fusogenicity by CCR5-restricted HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein variants from patients with AIDS. Retrovirology, 2007, 4, 89. | 2.0 | 82 |
| 36 | Brief Report: CXCR4 or CCR5 Tropism of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Isolates Does Not Determine the Immunological Milieu in Patients Responding to Antiretroviral Therapy. Viral Immunology, 2006, 19, 734-740. | 1.3 | 12 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Transcriptional activity of blood-and cerebrospinal fluid-derived nef/long-terminal repeat sequences isolated from a slow progressor infected with nef-deleted human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) who developed HIV-associated dementia. <i>Journal of NeuroVirology</i> , 2006, 12, 219-228. | 2.1 | 10 |
| 38 | Genetic and Functional Analysis of R5X4 Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 Envelope Glycoproteins Derived from Two Individuals Homozygous for the CCR5 Δ 32 Allele. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2006, 80, 3684-3691. | 3.4 | 43 |
| 39 | Uncoupling coreceptor usage of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) from macrophage tropism reveals biological properties of CCR5-restricted HIV-1 isolates from patients with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. <i>Virology</i> , 2005, 337, 384-398. | 2.4 | 108 |
| 40 | The role of viral coreceptors and enhanced macrophage tropism in human immunodeficiency virus type 1 disease progression. <i>Sexual Health</i> , 2004, 1, 23. | 0.9 | 20 |
| 41 | Longitudinal Analysis of nef/Long Terminal Repeat-Deleted HIV-1 in Blood and Cerebrospinal Fluid of a Long-Term Survivor Who Developed HIV-Associated Dementia. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2004, 190, 2181-2186. | 4.0 | 32 |