

Abel Santamaría

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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164
papers

4,811
citations

101543

36
h-index

128289

60
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173
all docs

173
docs citations

173
times ranked

5395
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Quinolinic acid is a potent lipid peroxidant in rat brain homogenates. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 1991, 16, 1139-1143.	3.3	232
2	The Antioxidant Mechanisms Underlying the Aged Garlic Extract- and S-Allylcysteine-Induced Protection. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-16.	4.0	219
3	3-Nitropropionic Acid as a Tool to Study the Mechanisms Involved in Huntington's Disease: Past, Present and Future. <i>Molecules</i> , 2010, 15, 878-916.	3.8	163
4	Increased Formation of Reactive Oxygen Species, but No Changes in Glutathione Peroxidase Activity, in Striata of Mice Transgenic for the Huntington's Disease Mutation. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2004, 29, 729-733.	3.3	140
5	S-Allylcysteine, a garlic-derived antioxidant, ameliorates quinolinic acid-induced neurotoxicity and oxidative damage in rats. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2004, 45, 1175-1183.	3.8	140
6	Quinolinic acid induces oxidative stress in rat brain synaptosomes. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2001, 12, 871-874.	1.2	127
7	Quinolinic Acid, an Endogenous Molecule Combining Excitotoxicity, Oxidative Stress and Other Toxic Mechanisms. <i>International Journal of Tryptophan Research</i> , 2012, 5, IJTR.S8158.	2.3	119
8	MK-801, an receptor antagonist, blocks quinolinic acid-induced lipid peroxidation in rat corpus striatum. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1993, 159, 51-54.	2.1	118
9	Excitotoxic damage, disrupted energy metabolism, and oxidative stress in the rat brain: antioxidant and neuroprotective effects of L-carnitine. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 105, 677-689.	3.9	108
10	Homocysteine-induced brain lipid peroxidation: Effects of NMDA receptor blockade, antioxidant treatment, and nitric oxide synthase inhibition. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2003, 5, 237-243.	2.7	100
11	In vivo hydroxyl radical formation after quinolinic acid infusion into rat corpus striatum. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2001, 12, 2693-2696.	1.2	96
12	Protective effects of the antioxidant selenium on quinolinic acid-induced neurotoxicity in rats: <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> studies. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2003, 86, 479-488.	3.9	95
13	3-Hydroxykynurenine: An intriguing molecule exerting dual actions in the Central Nervous System. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2013, 34, 189-204.	3.0	92
14	Thallium Toxicity: General Issues, Neurological Symptoms, and Neurotoxic Mechanisms. <i>Advances in Neurobiology</i> , 2017, 18, 345-353.	1.8	80
15	S-Allylcysteine prevents amyloid- β^2 peptide-induced oxidative stress in rat hippocampus and ameliorates learning deficits. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 489, 197-202.	3.5	73
16	On the antioxidant, neuroprotective and anti-inflammatory properties of S-allyl cysteine: An update. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2015, 89, 83-91.	3.8	72
17	Protective effect of S-allylcysteine on 3-nitropropionic acid-induced lipid peroxidation and mitochondrial dysfunction in rat brain synaptosomes. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2006, 68, 379-383.	3.0	68
18	Molecular Targets of Manganese-Induced Neurotoxicity: A Five-Year Update. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 4646.	4.1	68

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19	S-Allylcysteine prevents the rat from 3-nitropropionic acid-induced hyperactivity, early markers of oxidative stress and mitochondrial dysfunction. <i>Neuroscience Research</i> , 2006, 56, 39-44.	1.9	66
20	Redox Signaling, Neuroinflammation, and Neurodegeneration. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2018, 28, 1626-1651.	5.4	62
21	Protective effect of l-kynurenine and probenecid on 6-hydroxydopamine-induced striatal toxicity in rats: Implications of modulating kynurenate as a protective strategy. <i>Neurotoxicology and Teratology</i> , 2011, 33, 303-312.	2.4	59
22	Comparative analysis of superoxide dismutase activity between acute pharmacological models and a transgenic mouse model of Huntington's disease. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2001, 26, 419-424.	3.3	57
23	The natural xanthone $\hat{\pm}$ -mangostin reduces oxidative damage in rat brain tissue. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 12, 35-42.	3.1	55
24	Delayed effects of thallium in the rat brain: Regional changes in lipid peroxidation and behavioral markers, but moderate alterations in antioxidants, after a single administration. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2005, 43, 1037-1045.	3.6	52
25	Lipid peroxidation, mitochondrial dysfunction and neurochemical and behavioural deficits in different neurotoxic models: Protective role of S-allylcysteine. <i>Free Radical Research</i> , 2008, 42, 892-902.	3.3	52
26	Kynurenine Pathway and Disease: An Overview. <i>CNS and Neurological Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2007, 6, 398-410.	1.4	49
27	Cannabinoid receptor agonists reduce the short-term mitochondrial dysfunction and oxidative stress linked to excitotoxicity in the rat brain. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 285, 97-106.	2.3	48
28	Evaluation of oxidative stress in d-serine induced nephrotoxicity. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2007, 229, 123-135.	4.2	47
29	Protective effect of systemic l-kynurenine and probenecid administration on behavioural and morphological alterations induced by toxic soluble amyloid beta (25 $\hat{\pm}$ 35) in rat hippocampus. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2010, 210, 240-250.	2.2	46
30	Copper blocks quinolinic acid neurotoxicity in rats: contribution of antioxidant systems. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2003, 35, 418-427.	2.9	40
31	Neurochemical and behavioral effects elicited by bupropion and diethylpropion in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2010, 211, 132-139.	2.2	40
32	Time-related changes in constitutive and inducible nitric oxide synthases in the rat striatum in a model of Huntington's disease. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2007, 28, 1200-1207.	3.0	38
33	S-allyl cysteine protects against MPTP-induced striatal and nigral oxidative neurotoxicity in mice: Participation of Nrf2. <i>Free Radical Research</i> , 2014, 48, 159-167.	3.3	38
34	Targeting oxidative/nitrergic stress ameliorates motor impairment, and attenuates synaptic mitochondrial dysfunction and lipid peroxidation in two models of Huntington's disease. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2009, 199, 210-217.	2.2	37
35	Protective Effect of Tert-Butylhydroquinone on the Quinolinic-Acid-Induced Toxicity in Rat Striatal Slices: Role of the Nrf2-Antioxidant Response Element Pathway. <i>NeuroSignals</i> , 2010, 18, 24-31.	0.9	37
36	Iron and manganese-related CNS toxicity: mechanisms, diagnosis and treatment. <i>Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2019, 19, 243-260.	2.8	37

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37	Nomega-nitro-L-arginine, a nitric oxide synthase inhibitor, antagonizes quinolinic acid-induced neurotoxicity and oxidative stress in rat striatal slices. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 1999, 24, 843-848.	3.3	36
38	Primary cultured astrocytes from old rats are capable to activate the Nrf2 response against MPP+ toxicity after tBHQ pretreatment. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2014, 35, 1901-1912.	3.1	35
39	Oxidative Stress, Disrupted Energy Metabolism, and Altered Signaling Pathways in Glutaryl-CoA Dehydrogenase Knockout Mice: Potential Implications of Quinolinic Acid Toxicity in the Neuropathology of Glutaric Acidemia Type I. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 53, 6459-6475.	4.0	35
40	Manganese-induced neurodegenerative diseases and possible therapeutic approaches. <i>Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2020, 20, 1109-1121.	2.8	35
41	The impact of manganese on neurotransmitter systems. <i>Journal of Trace Elements in Medicine and Biology</i> , 2020, 61, 126554.	3.0	35
42	Cytoplasmic calcium mediates oxidative damage in an excitotoxic /energetic deficit synergic model in rats. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 27, 1075-1085.	2.6	31
43	Pharmacological and Neurotoxicological Actions Mediated By Bupropion and Diethylpropion. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2009, 88, 223-255.	2.0	30
44	Early modulation of the transcription factor Nrf2 in rodent striatal slices by quinolinic acid, a toxic metabolite of the kynurenine pathway. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 260, 130-139.	2.3	29
45	Thallium-Induced Toxicity in Rat Brain Crude Synaptosomal/Mitochondrial Fractions is Sensitive to Anti-excitatory and Antioxidant Agents. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 33, 634-640.	2.7	29
46	Selenium reduces the proapoptotic signaling associated to NF- κ B pathway and stimulates glutathione peroxidase activity during excitotoxic damage produced by quinolinate in rat corpus striatum. <i>Synapse</i> , 2005, 58, 258-266.	1.2	28
47	The Janus faces of 3-hydroxykynurenine: Dual redox modulatory activity and lack of neurotoxicity in the rat striatum. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2014, 1589, 1-14.	2.2	28
48	Comparing the effects of endogenous and synthetic cannabinoid receptor agonists on survival of gastric cancer cells. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2016, 165, 56-62.	4.3	28
49	Adipotropic effects of heavy metals and their potential role in obesity. <i>Faculty Reviews</i> , 2021, 10, 32.	3.9	28
50	Ferroptosis as a mechanism of non-ferrous metal toxicity. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2022, 96, 2391-2417.	4.2	28
51	Time-course correlation of early toxic events in three models of striatal damage: Modulation by proteases inhibition. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2010, 56, 834-842.	3.8	26
52	Hepatic megalocytosis due to vanadium inhalation: participation of oxidative stress. <i>Toxicology and Industrial Health</i> , 2012, 28, 353-360.	1.4	26
53	A venom extract from the sea anemone <i>Bartholomea annulata</i> produces haemolysis and lipid peroxidation in mouse erythrocytes. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2002, 173, 221-228.	4.2	25
54	Alpha-mangostin induces changes in glutathione levels associated with glutathione peroxidase activity in rat brain synaptosomes. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 15, 13-19.	3.1	25

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55	Chronic exposure to methylmercury induces puncta formation in cephalic dopaminergic neurons in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2020, 77, 105-113.	3.0	25
56	Antioxidant strategy to rescue synaptosomes from oxidative damage and energy failure in neurotoxic models in rats: protective role of S-allylcysteine. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2010, 117, 35-44.	2.8	24
57	The Pharmacological Inhibition of Fatty Acid Amide Hydrolase Prevents Excitotoxic Damage in the Rat Striatum: Possible Involvement of CB1 Receptors Regulation. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2019, 56, 844-856.	4.0	24
58	Toxic synergism between quinolinic acid and organic acids accumulating in glutaric acidemia type I and in disorders of propionate metabolism in rat brain synaptosomes: Relevance for metabolic acidemias. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 308, 64-74.	2.3	23
59	Tert-butylhydroquinone pre-conditioning exerts dual effects in old female rats exposed to 3-nitropropionic acid. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2017, 12, 610-624.	9.0	23
60	Cannabinoid-profiled agents improve cell survival via reduction of oxidative stress and inflammation, and Nrf2 activation in a toxic model combining hyperglycemia+ $\text{A}\beta_{1-42}$ peptide in rat hippocampal neurons. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2020, 140, 104817.	3.8	23
61	Sirtuins as molecular targets, mediators, and protective agents in metal-induced toxicity. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2021, 95, 2263-2278.	4.2	23
62	Role of Epigenetics and Oxidative Stress in Gliomagenesis. <i>CNS and Neurological Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2018, 16, 1090-1098.	1.4	23
63	The N-Methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antagonist MK-801 Prevents Thallium-Induced Behavioral and Biochemical Alterations in the Rat Brain. <i>International Journal of Toxicology</i> , 2015, 34, 505-513.	1.2	22
64	Melatonin and multiple sclerosis: antioxidant, anti-inflammatory and immunomodulator mechanism of action. <i>Inflammopharmacology</i> , 2022, 30, 1569-1596.	3.9	22
65	S-allylcysteine reduces the MPTP-induced striatal cell damage via inhibition of pro-inflammatory cytokine tumor necrosis factor- α and inducible nitric oxide synthase expressions in mice. <i>Phytomedicine</i> , 2010, 18, 65-73.	5.3	21
66	A Cannabinoid Receptor-Mediated Mechanism Participates in the Neuroprotective Effects of Oleamide Against Excitotoxic Damage in Rat Brain Synaptosomes and Cortical Slices. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 37, 126-135.	2.7	21
67	Gut Microbiota as a Potential Player in Mn-Induced Neurotoxicity. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2021, 11, 1292.	4.0	21
68	An Update on the Critical Role of α -Synuclein in Parkinson's Disease and Other Synucleinopathies: from Tissue to Cellular and Molecular Levels. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2022, 59, 620-642.	4.0	21
69	Early Changes in Oxidative Stress Markers in a Rat Model of Acute Stress: Effect of l-carnitine on the Striatum. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2011, 109, 123-129.	2.5	20
70	On the in vivo early toxic properties of $\text{A}\beta_{25-35}$ peptide in the rat hippocampus: Involvement of the Receptor-for-Advanced Glycation-End-Products and changes in gene expression. <i>Neurotoxicology and Teratology</i> , 2011, 33, 288-296.	2.4	20
71	The crude venom from the sea anemone <i>Stichodactyla helianthus</i> induces haemolysis and slight peroxidative damage in rat and human erythrocytes. <i>Toxicology in Vitro</i> , 2007, 21, 398-402.	2.4	19
72	Diazepam Blocks Striatal Lipid Peroxidation and Improves Stereotyped Activity in a Rat Model of Acute Stress. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2011, 109, 350-356.	2.5	19

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73	Quinolinic acid and glutamatergic neurodegeneration in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2018, 67, 94-101.	3.0	18
74	Comparing the Neuroprotective Effects of Caffeic Acid in Rat Cortical Slices and <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> : Involvement of Nrf2 and SKN-1 Signaling Pathways. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 37, 326-337.	2.7	18
75	Peroxynitrite decomposition catalyst, iron metalloporphyrin, reduces quinolinate-induced neurotoxicity in rats. <i>Synapse</i> , 2004, 54, 233-238.	1.2	17
76	Compounds from <i>Ilex paraguariensis</i> extracts have antioxidant effects in the brains of rats subjected to chronic immobilization stress. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2017, 42, 1172-1178.	1.9	17
77	Modeling the Interaction between Quinolinate and the Receptor for Advanced Glycation End Products (RAGE): Relevance for Early Neuropathological Processes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0120221.	2.5	17
78	On the Relationship Between the Light/Dark Cycle, Melatonin and Oxidative Stress. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2015, 21, 3477-3488.	1.9	17
79	Mercury and cancer: Where are we now after two decades of research?. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2022, 164, 113001.	3.6	17
80	Selenium-induced antioxidant protection recruits modulation of thioredoxin reductase during excitotoxic/pro-oxidant events in the rat striatum. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2012, 61, 195-206.	3.8	16
81	Extra-Virgin Olive Oil Modifies the Changes Induced in Non-Nervous Organs and Tissues by Experimental Autoimmune Encephalomyelitis Models. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 2448.	4.1	16
82	Quinolinic acid neurotoxicity: In vivo increased copper and manganese content in rat corpus striatum after quinolinate intrastriatal injection. <i>Toxicology Letters</i> , 1996, 87, 113-119.	0.8	15
83	Early nerve ending rescue from oxidative damage and energy failure by l-carnitine as post-treatment in two neurotoxic models in rat: recovery of antioxidant and reductive capacities. <i>Experimental Brain Research</i> , 2009, 197, 287-296.	1.5	15
84	Biomarkers of Cell Damage Induced by Oxidative Stress in Parkinsons Disease and Related Models. <i>Central Nervous System Agents in Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2010, 10, 278-286.	1.1	15
85	Intracerebral injection of oil cyst content of human craniopharyngioma (oil machinery fluid) as a toxic model in the rat brain. <i>Acta Histochemica</i> , 2014, 116, 448-456.	1.8	15
86	Altered levels of brain neurotransmitter from new born rabbits with intrauterine restriction. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2015, 584, 60-65.	2.1	15
87	Experimental Evidence that 3-Methylglutaric Acid Disturbs Mitochondrial Function and Induced Oxidative Stress in Rat Brain Synaptosomes: New Converging Mechanisms. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2016, 41, 2619-2626.	3.3	15
88	Induction of a Proinflammatory Response in Cortical Astrocytes by the Major Metabolites Accumulating in HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency: the Role of ERK Signaling Pathway in Cytokine Release. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 53, 3586-3595.	4.0	15
89	Acute restraint stress reduces hippocampal oxidative damage and behavior in rats: Effect of S-allyl cysteine. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2015, 135, 165-172.	4.3	14
90	On the effects of CP 55-940 and other cannabinoid receptor agonists in C6 and U373 cell lines. <i>Toxicology in Vitro</i> , 2015, 29, 1941-1951.	2.4	14

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91	The effect of WIN 55,212-2 suggests a cannabinoid-sensitive component in the early toxicity induced by organic acids accumulating in glutaric acidemia type I and in related disorders of propionate metabolism in rat brain synaptosomes. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 310, 578-588.	2.3	14
92	Cannabinoids: Glutamatergic Transmission and Kynurenines. <i>Advances in Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 12, 173-198.	1.8	14
93	URB597 and the Cannabinoid WIN55,212-2 Reduce Behavioral and Neurochemical Deficits Induced by MPTP in Mice: Possible Role of Redox Modulation and NMDA Receptors. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2017, 31, 532-544.	2.7	14
94	Comparison of the Toxic Effects of Quinolinic Acid and 3-Nitropropionic Acid in <i>C. elegans</i> : Involvement of the SKN-1 Pathway. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 33, 259-267.	2.7	14
95	Isolevuglandins (isoLGs) as toxic lipid peroxidation byproducts and their pathogenetic role in human diseases. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2021, 162, 266-273.	2.9	14
96	Comparative effects on rat primary astrocytes and C6 rat glioma cells cultures after 24-h exposure to silver nanoparticles (AgNPs). <i>Journal of Nanoparticle Research</i> , 2015, 17, 1.	1.9	13
97	URB597 reduces biochemical, behavioral and morphological alterations in two neurotoxic models in rats. <i>Biomedicine and Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2017, 88, 745-753.	5.6	13
98	Comparing the Effects of Chlorogenic Acid and <i>Ilex paraguariensis</i> Extracts on Different Markers of Brain Alterations in Rats Subjected to Chronic Restraint Stress. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2019, 35, 373-386.	2.7	12
99	Neuroprotective effect of WIN55,212-2 against 3-nitropropionic acid-induced toxicity in the rat brain: involvement of CB1 and NMDA receptors. <i>American Journal of Translational Research (discontinued)</i> , 2017, 9, 261-274.	0.0	12
100	Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase-1 is involved in the neuronal death induced by quinolinic acid in rats. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2007, 425, 28-33.	2.1	11
101	Toxic Synergism Between Quinolinic Acid and Glutaric Acid in Neuronal Cells Is Mediated by Oxidative Stress: Insights to a New Toxic Model. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2018, 55, 5362-5376.	4.0	11
102	Comparing the Effects of Ferulic Acid and Sugarcane Aqueous Extract in In Vitro and In Vivo Neurotoxic Models. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 34, 640-648.	2.7	11
103	Anandamide Reduces the Toxic Synergism Exerted by Quinolinic Acid and Glutaric Acid in Rat Brain Neuronal Cells. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 401, 84-95.	2.3	11
104	Probenecid: An Emerging Tool for Neuroprotection. <i>CNS and Neurological Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2013, 12, 1050-1065.	1.4	11
105	Cephalic Neuronal Vesicle Formation is Developmentally Dependent and Modified by Methylmercury and sti-1 in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2020, 45, 2939-2948.	3.3	10
106	Thallium Toxicity in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> : Involvement of the SKN-1 Pathway and Protection by S-Allylcysteine. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 38, 287-298.	2.7	10
107	Review of the mechanism underlying mefloquine-induced neurotoxicity. <i>Critical Reviews in Toxicology</i> , 2021, 51, 209-216.	3.9	10
108	Implications of Vitamin D in Multiple Sclerosis and Other Neurodegenerative Processes: Bibliometric Analysis and Systematic Review. <i>CNS and Neurological Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2019, 18, 478-490.	1.4	10

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109	Early toxic effect of 6-hydroxydopamine on extracellular concentrations of neurotransmitters in the rat striatum: An in vivo microdialysis study. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2010, 31, 715-723.	3.0	9
110	Comparing the effects of two neurotoxins in cortical astrocytes obtained from rats of different ages: involvement of oxidative damage. <i>Journal of Applied Toxicology</i> , 2014, 34, 127-138.	2.8	9
111	Protective effects of S-allyl cysteine on behavioral, morphological and biochemical alterations in rats subjected to chronic restraint stress: Antioxidant and anxiolytic effects. <i>Journal of Functional Foods</i> , 2017, 35, 105-114.	3.4	9
112	N,Nâ€™ bis-(2-mercaptoethyl) isophthalamide induces developmental delay in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> by promoting DAF-16 nuclear localization. <i>Toxicology Reports</i> , 2020, 7, 930-937.	3.3	9
113	Antioxidant Mechanisms in the Neuroprotective Action of Cemtirestat: Studies in Chemical Models, Liposomes and Rat Brain Cortical Slices. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 443, 206-217.	2.3	9
114	S-Allylcysteine Protects Against Excitotoxic Damage in Rat Cortical Slices Via Reduction of Oxidative Damage, Activation of Nrf2/ARE Binding, and BDNF Preservation. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 38, 929-940.	2.7	9
115	Combatting Nitrosative Stress and Inflammation with Novel Substituted Triazinoindole Inhibitors of Aldose Reductase in PC12 Cells Exposed to 6-Hydroxydopamine Plus High Glucose. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2021, 39, 210-226.	2.7	9
116	Evaluating the risk of manganese-induced neurotoxicity of parenteral nutrition: review of the current literature. <i>Expert Opinion on Drug Metabolism and Toxicology</i> , 2021, 17, 581-593.	3.3	9
117	Early expression of the receptor for advanced glycation end products in a toxic model produced by 6-hydroxydopamine in the rat striatum. <i>Chemico-Biological Interactions</i> , 2016, 249, 10-18.	4.0	8
118	Protective effect of Yerba mate (<i>Ilex paraguariensis</i> St. Hill.) against oxidative damage in vitro in rat brain synaptosomal/mitochondrial P2 fractions. <i>Journal of Functional Foods</i> , 2017, 34, 447-452.	3.4	8
119	<i>Ilex paraguariensis</i> extracts reduce blood glucose, peripheral neuropathy and oxidative damage in male mice exposed to streptozotocin. <i>Journal of Functional Foods</i> , 2018, 44, 9-16.	3.4	8
120	Identification of specific pre-analytical quality control markers in plasma and serum samples. <i>Analytical Methods</i> , 2019, 11, 2259-2271.	2.7	8
121	Protective Effects of Novel Substituted Triazinoindole Inhibitors of Aldose Reductase and Epalrestat in Neuron-like PC12 Cells and BV2 Rodent Microglial Cells Exposed to Toxic Models of Oxidative Stress: Comparison with the Pyridoindole Antioxidant Stobadine. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2021, 39, 588-597.	2.7	8
122	Iron porphyrinate Fe(TPPS) reduces brain cell damage in rats intrastrially lesioned by quinolinate. <i>Neurotoxicology and Teratology</i> , 2008, 30, 510-519.	2.4	7
123	On the early toxic effect of quinolinic acid: Involvement of RAGE. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2010, 474, 74-78.	2.1	7
124	Garlic, Gastrointestinal Protection and Oxidative Stress. , 2017, , 275-288.		7
125	The antioxidant role of STAT3 in methylmercury-induced toxicity in mouse hypothalamic neuronal GT1-7 cell line. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2021, 171, 245-259.	2.9	7
126	Neurotoxicity of Diethylpropion. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2002, 965, 214-224.	3.8	6

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127	Induction of Neuroinflammatory Response and Histopathological Alterations Caused by Quinolinic Acid Administration in the Striatum of Glutaryl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficient Mice. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 33, 593-606.	2.7	6
128	Oleamide Induces Cell Death in Glioblastoma RG2 Cells by a Cannabinoid Receptor-Independent Mechanism. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 38, 941-956.	2.7	6
129	Therapeutic Efficacy of the N,N-Bis-(2-Mercaptoethyl) Isophthalamide Chelator for Methylmercury Intoxication in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2020, 38, 133-144.	2.7	6
130	Chronic exposure to methylmercury enhances the anorexigenic effects of leptin in C57BL/6J male mice. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2021, 147, 111924.	3.6	6
131	Developmental exposure to methylmercury and ADHD, a literature review of epigenetic studies. <i>Environmental Epigenetics</i> , 2021, 7, dvab014.	1.8	6
132	Huntington's disease and mitochondrial alterations: emphasis on experimental models. <i>Journal of Bioenergetics and Biomembranes</i> , 2010, 42, 207-215.	2.3	5
133	The Antiepileptic Drug Levetiracetam Protects Against Quinolinic Acid-Induced Toxicity in the Rat Striatum. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 33, 837-845.	2.7	5
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