Hassina Mouri

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7110383/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

19	224	1039406	1058022
papers	citations	9	14
		h-index	g-index

20	20	20	155
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Naturally occurring potentially toxic elements in groundwater from the volcanic landscape around Mount Meru, Arusha, Tanzania and their potential health hazard. Science of the Total Environment, 2022, 807, 150487.	3.9	22
2	Potential fluoride exposure from selected food crops grown in high fluoride soils in the Makueni County, south-eastern Kenya. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2022, 44, 4703-4717.	1.8	5
3	Public Knowledge and Perception of Drinking Water Quality and Its Health Implications: An Example from the Makueni County, South-Eastern Kenya. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 4530.	1.2	5
4	A Review on the Occurrence of Some Potentially Harmful Elements in the Natural Environment and Their Health Implications: Examples of Fluoride, Iron and Salinity in the South-Eastern Kenya Region. , 2021, , 637-670.		2
5	Geochemical and mineralogical composition of geophagic materials from Baringo town, Kenyan Rift Valley and their possible health effects on the consumers. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2021, 43, 4831-4846.	1.8	3
6	Medical Geology and its relevance in Africa. South African Journal of Science, 2020, 116, .	0.3	2
7	Assessment of bioavailability and mobility of major and trace elements in agricultural soils collected in Port St Johns, Eastern Cape, South Africa using single extraction procedures and pseudo-total digestion. Journal of Environmental Health Science & Engineering, 2020, 18, 1615-1628.	1.4	8
8	Naturally Occurring Potentially Harmful Elements in Groundwater in Makueni County, South-Eastern Kenya: Effects on Drinking Water Quality and Agriculture. Geosciences (Switzerland), 2020, 10, 62.	1.0	11
9	Review of the nature of some geophagic materials and their potential health effects on pregnant women: some examples from Africa. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2019, 41, 2949-2975.	1.8	17
10	The geochemistry of geophagic material consumed in Onangama Village, Northern Namibia: a potential health hazard for pregnant women in the area. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2019, 41, 1987-2009.	1.8	10
11	Assessment of Radon Concentration and Impact on Human Health in a Region Dominated by Abandoned Gold Mine Tailings Dams: A Case from the West Rand Region, South Africa. Geosciences (Switzerland), 2019, 9, 466.	1.0	21
12	Occurrence of fluorosis in a population living in a high-fluoride groundwater area: Nakuru area in the Central Kenyan Rift Valley. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2019, 41, 829-840.	1.8	27
13	Natural occurrence of potentially harmful fluoride contamination in groundwater: an example from Nakuru County, the Kenyan Rift Valley. Environmental Earth Sciences, 2018, 77, 1.	1.3	12
14	Assessment of some potential harmful trace elements (PHTEs) in the borehole water of Greater Giyani, Limpopo Province, South Africa: possible implications for human health. Environmental Geochemistry and Health, 2017, 39, 1201-1219.	1.8	9
15	Geochemical characterization and petrogenesis of mafic granulites from the Central Indian Tectonic Zone (CITZ). Geological Society Special Publication, 2017, 449, 207-229.	0.8	9
16	ASSESSMENT OF DOSE INTAKE OF TOXIC ELEMENTS IN GROUNDWATER SAMPLES FROM ABUJA, NORTH CENTRAL NIGERIA. WIT Transactions on Ecology and the Environment, 2017, , .	0.0	4
17	The emerging field of medical geology in brief: some examples. Environmental Earth Sciences, 2016, 75, 1.	1.3	18
18	Origin and evolution of FeAl-granulite in the thermal aureole of the Chilka Lake anorthosite, Eastern Ghats Province, India. Proceedings of the Geologists Association, 2007, 118, 87-100.	0.6	16

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Review on "corundum+quartz" assemblage in nature: Possible indicator of ultra-high temperature conditions?. Journal of Mineralogical and Petrological Sciences, 2004, 99, 159-163.	0.4	22