

# Erin V McGillick

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

**Source:** <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7108881/erin-v-mcgillick-publications-by-year.pdf>

**Version:** 2024-04-27

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

35  
papers

435  
citations

14  
h-index

19  
g-index

39  
ext. papers

554  
ext. citations

3.5  
avg, IF

3.65  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
35	Effect of maternal oxytocin on umbilical venous and arterial blood flows during physiological-based cord clamping in preterm lambs. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2021</b> , 16, e0253306	3.7	2
34	Higher CPAP levels improve functional residual capacity at birth in preterm rabbits. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	3.2	2
33	Seeing the fetus from a DOHaD perspective: discussion paper from the advanced imaging techniques of DOHaD applications workshop held at the 2019 DOHaD World Congress. <i>Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 153-167	2.4	2
32	Placental gas exchange during amniotic carbon dioxide insufflation in sheep. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 57, 305-313	5.8	
31	Increased end-expiratory pressures improve lung function in near-term newborn rabbits with elevated airway liquid volume at birth. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 131, 997-1008	3.7	0
30	Efficacy of Intravenous, Endotracheal, or Nasal Adrenaline Administration During Resuscitation of Near-Term Asphyxiated Lambs. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2020</b> , 8, 262	3.4	2
29	Physiologic-Based Cord Clamping Maintains Core Temperature vs. Immediate Cord Clamping in Near-Term Lambs. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2020</b> , 8, 584983	3.4	2
28	Improving Newborn Respiratory Outcomes With a Sustained Inflation: A Systematic Narrative Review of Factors Regulating Outcome in Animal and Clinical Studies. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2020</b> , 8, 516698	3.4	1
27	Improving lung aeration in ventilated newborn preterm rabbits with a partially aerated lung. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 129, 891-900	3.7	1
26	Effect of spontaneous breathing on umbilical venous blood flow and placental transfusion during delayed cord clamping in preterm lambs. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2020</b> , 105, 26-32	4.7	7
25	Physiologically based cord clamping improves cardiopulmonary haemodynamics in lambs with a diaphragmatic hernia. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2020</b> , 105, 18-25	4.7	17
24	Effect of lung hypoplasia on the cardiorespiratory transition in newborn lambs. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 127, 568-578	3.7	2
23	Physiological effects of partial amniotic carbon dioxide insufflation with cold, dry vs heated, humidified gas in a sheep model. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 53, 340-347	5.8	14
22	992: Physiologically based cord clamping improves pulmonary hemodynamics during neonatal transition in lambs with diaphragmatic hernia. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 220, S638-S639	6.4	2
21	High vs. Low Initial Oxygen to Improve the Breathing Effort of Preterm Infants at Birth: Study Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, 179	3.4	3
20	Supporting breathing of preterm infants at birth: a narrative review. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2019</b> , 104, F102-F107	4.7	19
19	Antenatal sildenafil treatment improves neonatal pulmonary hemodynamics and gas exchange in lambs with diaphragmatic hernia. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 54, 506-516	5.8	9

18	Increasing Respiratory Effort With 100% Oxygen During Resuscitation of Preterm Rabbits at Birth. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, 427	3.4	13
17	The Effect of Initial High vs. Low FiO on Breathing Effort in Preterm Infants at Birth: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, 504	3.4	22
16	Ex Vivo Dual Perfusion of the Human Placenta: Disease Simulation, Therapeutic Pharmacokinetics and Analysis of Off-Target Effects. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 1710, 173-189	1.4	15
15	Maternal chronic hypoxia increases expression of genes regulating lung liquid movement and surfactant maturation in male fetuses in late gestation. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 595, 4329-4350	3.9	13
14	Normalisation of surfactant protein -A and -B expression in the lungs of low birth weight lambs by 21 days old. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2017</b> , 12, e0181185	3.7	8
13	Differential effects of late gestation maternal overnutrition on the regulation of surfactant maturation in fetal and postnatal life. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 595, 6635-6652	3.9	12
12	Elevated airway liquid volumes at birth: a potential cause of transient tachypnea of the newborn. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 123, 1204-1213	3.7	17
11	Maternal obesity mediated predisposition to respiratory complications at birth and in later life: understanding the implications of the obesogenic intrauterine environment. <i>Paediatric Respiratory Reviews</i> , <b>2017</b> , 21, 11-18	4.8	21
10	Chronic hypoxaemia as a molecular regulator of fetal lung development: implications for risk of respiratory complications at birth. <i>Paediatric Respiratory Reviews</i> , <b>2017</b> , 21, 3-10	4.8	13
9	Regulation of lung maturation by prolyl hydroxylase domain inhibition in the lung of the normally grown and placentally restricted fetus in late gestation. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 310, R1226-43	3.2	14
8	Structural and molecular regulation of lung maturation by intratracheal vascular endothelial growth factor administration in the normally grown and placentally restricted fetus. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 594, 1399-420	3.9	20
7	Risk of Respiratory Distress Syndrome and Efficacy of Glucocorticoids: Are They the Same in the Normally Grown and Growth-Restricted Infant?. <i>Reproductive Sciences</i> , <b>2016</b> , 23, 1459-1472	3	11
6	Increased lung prolyl hydroxylase and decreased glucocorticoid receptor are related to decreased surfactant protein in the growth-restricted sheep fetus. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 309, L84-97	5.8	24
5	Mature Surfactant Protein-B Expression by Immunohistochemistry as a Marker for Surfactant System Development in the Fetal Sheep Lung. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , <b>2015</b> , 63, 866-78	3.4	13
4	Intrafetal glucose infusion alters glucocorticoid signaling and reduces surfactant protein mRNA expression in the lung of the late-gestation sheep fetus. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 307, R538-45	3.2	27
3	Regulation of fetal lung development in response to maternal overnutrition. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 40, 803-16	3	28
2	The fetal sheep lung does not respond to cortisol infusion during the late canalicular phase of development. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , <b>2013</b> , 1, e00130	2.6	28
1	Antenatal steroids and the IUGR fetus: are exposure and physiological effects on the lung and cardiovascular system the same as in normally grown fetuses?. <i>Journal of Pregnancy</i> , <b>2012</b> , 2012, 839656 <sup>2.5</sup>	2.5	49

