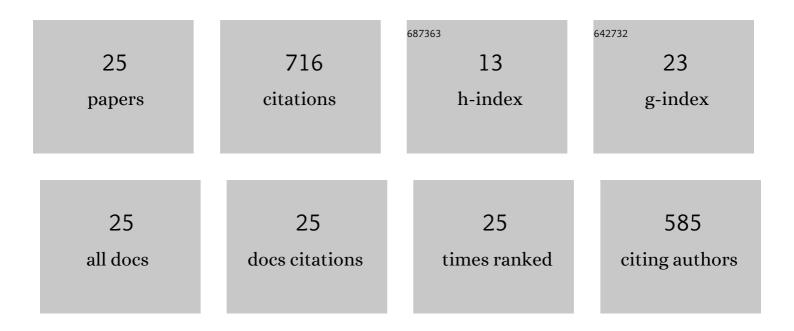


## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7108475/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



STEVEN

| #  | Article   | IF                | CITATIONS           |
|----|---|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1  | Pine monoterpenes and pine bark beetles: a marriage of convenience for defense and chemical communication. Phytochemistry Reviews, 2006, 5, 143-178.  | 6.5               | 233                 |
| 2  | Susceptibility of Walnut and Hickory Species to <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> . Plant Disease, 2013, 97, 601-607.   | 1.4               | 65                  |
| 3  | Phylogeography of the Walnut Twig Beetle, Pityophthorus juglandis, the Vector of Thousand Cankers<br>Disease in North American Walnut Trees. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0118264.  | 2.5               | 45                  |
| 4  | Thousand Cankers Disease is Widespread in Black Walnut in the Western United States. Plant Health<br>Progress, 2011, 12, .  | 1.4               | 43                  |
| 5  | Protection of spruce from colonization by the bark beetle, Ips perturbatus, in Alaska. Forest Ecology and Management, 2008, 256, 1825-1839.   | 3.2               | 39                  |
| 6  | Population Structure of Geosmithia morbida, the Causal Agent of Thousand Cankers Disease of<br>Walnut Trees in the United States. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e112847.   | 2.5               | 38                  |
| 7  | Invasive Bark and Ambrosia Beetles in California Mediterranean Forest Ecosystems. , 2016, , 583-662.  |                   | 36                  |
| 8  | Crepuscular Flight Activity of an Invasive Insect Governed by Interacting Abiotic Factors. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e105945.  | 2.5               | 32                  |
| 9  | <i>Geosmithia</i> associated with bark beetles and woodborers in the western USA: taxonomic diversity and vector specificity. Mycologia, 2017, 109, 185-199.  | 1.9               | 29                  |
| 10 | Status and Impact of Walnut Twig Beetle in Urban Forest, Orchard, and Native Forest Ecosystems.<br>Journal of Forestry, 2019, 117, 152-163.   | 1.0               | 26                  |
| 11 | Diurnal flight response of the walnut twig beetle, Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman (Coleoptera:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.<br>Entomologist, 2012, 88, 231-247.   | 784314 rg<br>0.2  | gBT /Overlock<br>22 |
| 12 | GC-EAD responses to semiochemicals by eight beetles in the subcortical community associated with<br>Monterey pine trees in coastal California: similarities and disparities across three trophic levels.<br>Chemoecology, 2008, 18, 243-254.  | 1.1               | 18                  |
| 13 | Host Acceptance and Larval Competition in the Banded and European Elm Bark Beetles, Scolytus<br>schevyrewi and S. multistriatus (Coleoptera: Scolytidae): Potential Mechanisms for Competitive<br>Displacement between Invasive Species. Journal of Insect Behavior, 2010, 23, 19-34. | 0.7               | 17                  |
| 14 | Reproduction and potential range expansion of walnut twig beetle across the Juglandaceae.<br>Biological Invasions, 2018, 20, 2141-2155.   | 2.4               | 16                  |
| 15 | <i>Agrilus auroguttatus</i> exit hole distributions on <i>Quercus agrifolia</i> boles and a sampling<br>method to estimate their density on individual trees. Canadian Entomologist, 2012, 144, 733-744.  | 0.8               | 14                  |
| 16 | Reproduction of Walnut Twig Beetle in Black Walnut and Butternut. HortTechnology, 2016, 26,<br>727-734.   | 0.9               | 8                   |
| 17 | Trap Assays of the Walnut Twig Beetle, Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman (Coleoptera: Curculionidae:) Tj ETQq.<br>2020, 46, 1047-1058.   | l 1 0.7843<br>1.8 | 14 rgBT /Ove<br>8   |
| 18 | Trapping Failure Leads to Discovery of Potent Semiochemical Repellent for the Walnut Twig Beetle.<br>Journal of Economic Entomology, 2020, 113, 2772-2784.  | 1.8               | 7                   |

STEVE

| #  | Article  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Host selection behavior mediated by differential landing rates of the walnut twig beetle,<br>Pityophthorus juglandis , and associated subcortical insect species, on two western North American<br>walnut species, Juglans californica and J.Âmajor. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2020, 168,<br>240-258. | 1.4 | 5         |
| 20 | Managing bark and ambrosia beetles (Coleoptera: Curculionidae: Scolytinae) with semiochemicals.<br>Canadian Entomologist, 2021, 153, 4-12.   | 0.8 | 5         |
| 21 | PREFACE: THE EIGHTH DAY OF DISCOVERY: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY COMES TO CHEMICAL ECOLOGY. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2004, 30, 2327-2333.   | 1.8 | 4         |
| 22 | Walking Response of the Mediterranean Pine Engraver, Orthotomicus erosus, to Novel Plant Odors in a Laboratory Olfactometer. Journal of Insect Behavior, 2010, 23, 251-267.  | 0.7 | 3         |
| 23 | <i>Pyemotes tritici</i> (Acari: Pyemotidae): a parasitoid of <i>Agrilus auroguttatus</i> and <i>Agrilus coxalis</i> (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) in the southwestern United States of America and southern Mexico. Canadian Entomologist, 2015, 147, 244-248.   | 0.8 | 2         |
| 24 | Walnut twig beetle landing rates differ between host and nonhost hardwood trees under the<br>influence of aggregation pheromone in a northern California riparian forest. Agricultural and<br>Forest Entomology, 2021, 23, 111-120.  | 1.3 | 1         |
| 25 | Assessment of Semiochemical Repellents for Protecting Walnut Trees From Walnut Twig Beetle<br>(Coleoptera: Curculionidae) Attack in a Commercial Orchard Setting in California. Journal of<br>Economic Entomology, 2021, 114, 1180-1188.   | 1.8 | Ο         |