Dorien H Nieman

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

3,467 56 104 33 h-index g-index citations papers 4.83 112 4,213 5.2 avg, IF L-index ext. citations ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
104	The association of plasma inflammatory markers with omega-3 fatty acids and their mediating role in psychotic symptoms and functioning: An analysis of the NEURAPRO clinical trial. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2022 , 99, 147-156	16.6	O
103	Omega-3 fatty acids and neurocognitive ability in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 874-881	3.3	3
102	Online Indicated Preventive Mental Health Interventions for Youth: A Scoping Review. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 12, 580843	5	4
101	The relationship between cognitive functioning and psychopathology in patients with psychiatric disorders: a transdiagnostic network analysis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021 , 1-10	6.9	О
100	The Collaborative Outcomes study on Health and Functioning during Infection Times in Adults (COH-FIT-Adults): Design and methods of an international online survey targeting physical and mental health effects of the COVID-19 pandemic <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021 , 299, 393-393	6.6	2
99	Prediction of clinical outcomes beyond psychosis in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 642-651	3.3	4
98	Resting-state brain oscillations predict cognitive function in psychiatric disorders: A transdiagnostic machine learning approach. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2021 , 30, 102617	5.3	1
97	Greater preference for eveningness is associated with negative symptoms in an ultra-high risk for psychosis sample. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 1793-1798	3.3	1
96	Efficacy of a transdiagnostic ecological momentary intervention for improving self-esteem (SELFIE) in youth exposed to childhood adversity: study protocol for a multi-center randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2021 , 22, 641	2.8	1
95	Characterization and prediction of clinical pathways of vulnerability to psychosis through graph signal processing. <i>ELife</i> , 2021 , 10,	8.9	1
94	Primary prevention of depression: An umbrella review of controlled interventions. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021 , 294, 957-970	6.6	8
93	The association between migrant status and transition in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 56, 943-952	4.5	0
92	Protocol Across study: longitudinal transdiagnostic cognitive functioning, psychiatric symptoms, and biological parameters in patients with a psychiatric disorder. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 20, 212	4.2	4
91	Do schizotypal or borderline personality disorders predict onset of psychotic disorder or persistent attenuated psychotic symptoms in patients at high clinical risk?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 220, 275-	217	2
90	Prevention of Psychosis: Advances in Detection, Prognosis, and Intervention. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 77, 755-765	14.5	143
89	Cognitive functioning in ultra-high risk for psychosis individuals with and without depression: Secondary analysis of findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 218, 48-54	3.6	4
88	Basic symptoms in young people at ultra-high risk of psychosis: Association with clinical characteristics and outcomes. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 255-261	3.6	8

(2018-2020)

87	Trajectories of symptom severity and functioning over a three-year period in a psychosis high-risk sample: A secondary analysis of the Neurapro trial. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2020 , 124, 103527	5.2	7
86	What is good mental health? A scoping review. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2020, 31, 33-46	1.2	40
85	T34. THE IMPACT OF ANTIDEPRESSANT USE ON THE TRANSITION TO PSYCHOSIS RATE IN THE NEURAPRO TRIAL. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2020 , 46, S244-S245	1.3	78
84	Universal and selective interventions to promote good mental health in young people: Systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2020 , 41, 28-39	1.2	25
83	The NEURAPRO Biomarker Analysis: Long-Chain Omega-3 Fatty Acids Improve 6-Month and 12-Month Outcomes in Youths at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 87, 243-252	7.9	22
82	Supplementation with the omega-3 long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids: Changes in the concentrations of omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipids of people at ultra high risk of developing psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 52-60	3.6	O
81	Comparison of erythrocyte omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipid species in people at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis and healthy people. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 44-51	3.6	14
80	Belgian Superior Health Council advises against the use of the DSM categories. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2019 , 6, 726	23.3	7
79	Individualized Prediction of Transition to Psychosis in 1,676 Individuals at Clinical High Risk: Development and Validation of a Multivariable Prediction Model Based on Individual Patient Data Meta-Analysis. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 345	5	18
78	The relationship between childhood trauma and clinical characteristics in ultra-high risk for psychosis youth. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2019 , 11, 28-41	1.2	4
77	The validation of a new online cognitive assessment tool: The MyCognition Quotient. <i>International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research</i> , 2019 , 28, e1775	4.3	16
76	Relationship Between Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Psychopathology in the NEURAPRO Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 393	5	13
75	European college of neuropsychopharmacology network on the prevention of mental disorders and mental health promotion (ECNP PMD-MHP). <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2019 , 29, 1301-1	317	22
74	Points to consider regarding DSM alternatives - AuthorsSreply. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2019 , 6, 895	23.3	
73	Neurocognition as a predictor of transition to psychotic disorder and functional outcomes in ultra-high risk participants: Findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 67-74	3.6	25
72	Expressed emotion as a predictor of the first psychotic episode - Results of the European prediction of psychosis study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 199, 346-352	3.6	9
71	Clinical trajectories in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 197, 550-556	3.6	34
70	The Ultra-High-Risk for psychosis groups: Evidence to maintain the status quo. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 195, 543-548	3.6	20

69	Dynamic prediction of transition to psychosis using joint modelling. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 333-340	3.6	13
68	The interaction between cannabis use and the Val158Met polymorphism of the COMT gene in psychosis: A transdiagnostic meta - analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0192658	3.7	13
67	T49. THE NEURAPRO STUDY: ADHERENCE TO STUDY MEDICATION. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, S132-S133	1.3	3
66	T9. CROSS-SECTIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MEMBRANE FATTY ACID COMPOSITION AND PSYCHOPATHOLOGY IN THE NEURAPRO-E STUDY. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, S116-S116	1.3	1
65	F25. NEURAPRO REVISITED: INCREASES IN LONG-CHAIN OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS IMPROVE FUNCTIONAL AND SYMPTOMATIC OUTCOMES IN ULTRAHIGH RISK PATIENTS. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, S228-S228	1.3	1
64	S136. A NOVEL APPROACH FOR DEVELOPING PREDICTION MODEL OF TRANSITION TO PSYCHOSIS: DYNAMIC PREDICTION USING JOINT MODELLING. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, S378-S3	373	1
63	O8.8. NEUROCOGNITION IN ULTRA-HIGHRISK INDIVIDUALS AND RELATIONSHIP TO TRANSITION TO PSYCHOSIS, DEPRESSIVE DISORDER, AND FUNCTIONING: FINDINGS FROM THE NEURAPRO TRIAL. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, S99-S99	1.3	1
62	The Prodromal Questionnaire: a case for IRT-based adaptive testing of psychotic experiences?. <i>International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research</i> , 2017 , 26,	4.3	8
61	Effect of B Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids in Young People at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychotic Disorders: The NEURAPRO Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 74, 19-27	14.5	162
60	Cerebral dopamine deficiency, plasma monoamine alterations and neurocognitive deficits in adults with phenylketonuria. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017 , 47, 2854-2865	6.9	18
59	Opening the Black Box of Cognitive-Behavioural Case Management in Clients with Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics</i> , 2017 , 86, 292-299	9.4	17
58	174.2 Psychosis Prediction: Stratification of Risk Estimation With Information-Processing and Premorbid Functioning Variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017 , 43, S87-S88	1.3	78
57	Four-Year Cost-effectiveness of Cognitive Behavior Therapy for Preventing First-episode Psychosis: The Dutch Early Detection Intervention Evaluation (EDIE-NL) Trial. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017 , 43, 365-	3 ¹ 7 ² 4	22
56	The effect of childhood adversity on 4-year outcome in individuals at ultra high risk for psychosis in the Dutch Early Detection Intervention Evaluation (EDIE-NL) Trial. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2017 , 247, 55-62	9.9	16
55	Distinct white-matter aberrations in 22q11.2 deletion syndrome and patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2016 , 46, 2299-311	6.9	17
54	Four-Year Follow-up of Cognitive Behavioral Therapy in Persons at Ultra-High Risk for Developing Psychosis: The Dutch Early Detection Intervention Evaluation (EDIE-NL) Trial. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2016 , 42, 1243-52	1.3	48
53	Heterogeneity of Psychosis Risk Within Individuals at Clinical High Risk: A Meta-analytical Stratification. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 73, 113-20	14.5	270
52	Cortical Morphology Differences in Subjects at Increased Vulnerability for Developing a Psychotic Disorder: A Comparison between Subjects with Ultra-High Risk and 22q11.2 Deletion Syndrome. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0159928	3.7	16

(2013-2016)

51	Development of a stage-dependent prognostic model to predict psychosis in ultra-high-risk patients seeking treatment for co-morbid psychiatric disorders. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2016 , 46, 1839	-51 ^{.9}	12
50	COMT Val(158)Met genotype and cannabis use in people with an At Risk Mental State for psychosis: Exploring Gene x Environment interactions. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 174, 24-28	3.6	17
49	Adapted cognitive-behavioural therapy required for targeting negative symptoms in schizophrenia: meta-analysis and meta-regression. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2015 , 45, 453-65	6.9	96
48	Cost-effectiveness of preventing first-episode psychosis in ultra-high-risk subjects: multi-centre randomized controlled trial. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2015 , 45, 1435-46	6.9	41
47	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of information processing in first psychosis: latent class analyses in patients, at-risk subjects, and controls. <i>Psychophysiology</i> , 2015 , 52, 585-93	4.1	2
46	Sensory gating in subjects at ultra high risk for developing a psychosis before and after a first psychotic episode. <i>World Journal of Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2015 , 16, 12-21	3.8	27
45	Detection and treatment of at-risk mental state for developing a first psychosis: making up the balance. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2015 , 2, 825-34	23.3	32
44	Childhood trauma and clinical outcome in patients at ultra-high risk of transition to psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015 , 169, 193-198	3.6	28
43	Cognitive effects of deep brain stimulation in patients with obsessive-compulsive disorder. <i>Journal of Psychiatry and Neuroscience</i> , 2015 , 40, 378-86	4.5	18
42	New treatments for psychotic disorders. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2015 , 2, 282-3	23.3	
42	New treatments for psychotic disorders. <i>Lancet Psychiatry,the</i> , 2015 , 2, 282-3 Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90	23.3	75
	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid		75 15
41	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90 The distribution of self-reported psychotic-like experiences in non-psychotic help-seeking mental health patients in the general population; a factor mixture analysis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric</i>	1.3	
41	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90 The distribution of self-reported psychotic-like experiences in non-psychotic help-seeking mental health patients in the general population; a factor mixture analysis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 49, 349-58	1.3 4.5	15
41 40 39	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90 The distribution of self-reported psychotic-like experiences in non-psychotic help-seeking mental health patients in the general population; a factor mixture analysis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 49, 349-58 PREVENTIVE PSYCHOTHERAPY. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014 , 153, S42-S43 Can quantitative EEG measures predict clinical outcome in subjects at Clinical High Risk for	1.3 4.5 3.6	15
41 40 39 38	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90 The distribution of self-reported psychotic-like experiences in non-psychotic help-seeking mental health patients in the general population; a factor mixture analysis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 49, 349-58 PREVENTIVE PSYCHOTHERAPY. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014 , 153, S42-S43 Can quantitative EEG measures predict clinical outcome in subjects at Clinical High Risk for psychosis? A prospective multicenter study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014 , 153, 42-7 Effects of cannabis use on event related potentials in subjects at ultra high risk for psychosis and	1.3 4.5 3.6	15 1 38
41 40 39 38 37	Psychosis prediction: stratification of risk estimation with information-processing and premorbid functioning variables. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014 , 40, 1482-90 The distribution of self-reported psychotic-like experiences in non-psychotic help-seeking mental health patients in the general population; a factor mixture analysis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 49, 349-58 PREVENTIVE PSYCHOTHERAPY. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014 , 153, S42-S43 Can quantitative EEG measures predict clinical outcome in subjects at Clinical High Risk for psychosis? A prospective multicenter study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014 , 153, 42-7 Effects of cannabis use on event related potentials in subjects at ultra high risk for psychosis and healthy controls. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2013 , 88, 149-56 Quantitative and qualitative symptomatic differences in individuals at Ultra-High Risk for psychosis	1.3 4.5 3.6 3.6	15 1 38 10

33	The Strauss and Carpenter Prognostic Scale in subjects clinically at high risk of psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2013 , 127, 53-61	6.5	23
32	Is a schizo-obsessive subtype associated with cognitive impairment? Results from a large cross-sectional study in patients with psychosis and their unaffected relatives. <i>Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease</i> , 2013 , 201, 30-5	1.8	18
31	Detection of people at risk of developing a first psychosis: comparison of two recruitment strategies. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2012 , 126, 21-30	6.5	60
30	The validity of the 16-item version of the Prodromal Questionnaire (PQ-16) to screen for ultra high risk of developing psychosis in the general help-seeking population. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2012 , 38, 1288-96	1.3	191
29	Cannabis use and age at onset of symptoms in subjects at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2012 , 125, 45-53	6.5	61
28	Cognitive behavioral therapy for subjects at ultrahigh risk for developing psychosis: a randomized controlled clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2012 , 38, 1180-8	1.3	135
27	Ethnicity and baseline symptomatology in patients with an At Risk Mental State for psychosis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2012 , 42, 247-56	6.9	14
26	Environmental factors and social adjustment as predictors of a first psychosis in subjects at ultra high risk. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2011 , 125, 69-76	3.6	70
25	Ultra high-risk state for psychosis and non-transition: a systematic review. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2011 , 132, 8-17	3.6	109
24	Auditory ERP components before and after transition to a first psychotic episode. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2011 , 87, 350-7	3.2	34
23	Social disability at admission for a first psychosis does not predict clinical outcome at 5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease</i> , 2011 , 199, 510-2	1.8	5
22	Three-year course of clinical symptomatology in young people at ultra high risk for transition to psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2011 , 123, 36-42	6.5	36
21	Semantic fluency deficits and reduced grey matter before transition to psychosis: a voxelwise correlational analysis. <i>Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging</i> , 2011 , 194, 1-6	2.9	22
20	Factor analysis of the scale of prodromal symptoms: differentiating between negative and depression symptoms. <i>Psychopathology</i> , 2011 , 44, 379-85	3.4	18
19	Neurocognitive functioning before and after the first psychotic episode: does psychosis result in cognitive deterioration?. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2010 , 40, 1599-606	6.9	77
18	Symptomatology and neuropsychological functioning in cannabis using subjects at ultra-high risk for developing psychosis and healthy controls. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2010 , 44, 230-6	2.6	37
17	White-matter markers for psychosis in a prospective ultra-high-risk cohort. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2010 , 40, 1297-304	6.9	111
16	Reduced parietal P300 amplitude is associated with an increased risk for a first psychotic episode. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2010 , 68, 642-8	7.9	74

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

15	Increased saccadic rate during smooth pursuit eye movements in patients at Ultra High Risk for developing a psychosis. <i>Brain and Cognition</i> , 2010 , 73, 215-21	2.7	18
14	Verbal fluency as a possible predictor for psychosis. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2010 , 25, 105-10	6	46
13	Age of onset of cannabis use is associated with age of onset of high-risk symptoms for psychosis. <i>Canadian Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2010 , 55, 165-71	4.8	43
12	Disability in people clinically at high risk of psychosis. <i>British Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2010 , 197, 278-84	5.4	101
11	Diagnostic validity of the Eppendorf Schizophrenia Inventory (ESI): a self-report screen for ultrahigh risk and acute psychosis. <i>Psychological Assessment</i> , 2010 , 22, 935-44	5.3	9
10	A single blind randomized controlled trial of cognitive behavioural therapy in a help-seeking population with an At Risk Mental State for psychosis: the Dutch Early Detection and Intervention Evaluation (EDIE-NL) trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2010 , 11, 30	2.8	43
9	Reduced context effects on retrieval in first-episode schizophrenia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010 , 5, e10356	3.7	23
8	Early intervention in patients at ultra high risk of psychosis: benefits and risks. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2009 , 119, 426-42	6.5	60
7	Baseline differences in clinical symptomatology between ultra high risk subjects with and without a transition to psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2009 , 109, 60-5	3.6	151
6	Prescription of antipsychotic medication to patients at ultra high risk of developing psychosis. <i>International Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2009 , 24, 223-8	2.2	20
5	Antisaccade task performance in patients at ultra high risk for developing psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2007 , 95, 54-60	3.6	51
4	Cognitieve gedragstherapie bij jongeren met risicosymptomen voor een psychose. <i>Kind & Adolescent Praktijk</i> , 2007 , 6, 3-7	О	
3	Clinical and neuropsychological correlates of the P300 in schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2002 , 55, 105-13	3.6	41
2	Neurofysiologische en neuropsychologische correlaten van schizofrenie. <i>Neuropraxis</i> , 1999 , 3, 93-97	О	
1	CBT for Those at Risk of a First Episode Psychosis		22