

Alejandra E Ruiz-Contreras

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7099366/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

17
papers

180
citations

1307366

7
h-index

1125617

13
g-index

17
all docs

17
docs citations

17
times ranked

292
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Fragility of reward vs antifragility of defense brain systems in drug dependence. <i>Social Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 16, 145-152.	0.7	3
2	Allele-dosage genetic polymorphisms of cannabinoid receptor 1 predict attention, but not working memory performance in humans. <i>Acta Psychologica</i> , 2021, 216, 103299.	0.7	0
3	The Alerting and Orienting Systems of Attention Are Modified by Cannabis Dependence. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2021, 27, 520-532.	1.2	2
4	Maternal separation plus social isolation during adolescence reprogram brain dopamine and endocannabinoid systems and facilitate alcohol intake in rats. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2020, 164, 21-28.	1.4	18
5	Opposed cannabinoid 1 receptor (CB1R) expression in the prefrontal cortex vs. nucleus accumbens is associated with alcohol consumption in male rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2019, 1725, 146485.	1.1	9
6	Brain electrical activity from encoding to retrieval while maintaining and manipulating information in working memory. <i>Memory</i> , 2019, 27, 1063-1078.	0.9	9
7	TwinsMX: Uncovering the Basis of Health and Disease in the Mexican Population. <i>Twin Research and Human Genetics</i> , 2019, 22, 611-616.	0.3	9
8	Marihuana: legalizaci3n y atenci3n m3dica. <i>Revista De La Facultad De Medicina, Universidad Nacional Autonoma De Mexico</i> , 2019, 62, 6-23.	0.0	3
9	Because difficulty is not the same for everyone: the impact of complexity in working memory is associated with cannabinoid 1 receptor genetic variation in young adults. <i>Memory</i> , 2017, 25, 335-343.	0.9	9
10	Chloramphenicol decreases CB1 receptor expression in the nucleus accumbens and prefrontal cortex and prevents amphetamine-induced conditioned place preference in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2017, 159, 1-5.	1.3	3
11	Maternal separation and early stress cause long-lasting effects on dopaminergic and endocannabinergic systems and alters dendritic morphology in the nucleus accumbens and frontal cortex in rats. <i>Developmental Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 76, 819-831.	1.5	36
12	Performance in working memory and attentional control is associated with the rs2180619 <sc>SNP</sc> in the <i><sc>CNR1</sc></i> gene. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2014, 13, 173-178.	1.1	23
13	2-Arachidonoylglycerol into the lateral hypothalamus improves reduced sleep in adult rats subjected to maternal separation. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2014, 25, 1437-1441.	0.6	14
14	Working memory performance in young adults is associated to the AATn polymorphism of the CNR1 gene. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2013, 236, 62-66.	1.2	22
15	Low diversity and low frequency of participation in leisure activities compromise working memory efficiency in young adults. <i>Acta Psychologica</i> , 2012, 139, 91-96.	0.7	11
16	Involvement of the AATn polymorphism of the CNR1 gene in the efficiency of procedural learning in humans. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2011, 494, 202-206.	1.0	9
17	El cerebro social y m3stico en el paciente dependiente de sustancias. <i>Psicumex</i> , 0, 11, 1-31.	0.2	0