

Simon B Duckett

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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184
papers

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Contrasting Photochemical and Thermal Catalysis by Ruthenium Arsine Complexes Revealed by Parahydrogen Enhanced NMR Spectroscopy. <i>European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 2022, 2022, .	1.0	2
2	SABRE hyperpolarized anticancer agents for use in ¹ H MRI. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2022, .	1.9	2
3	Real-Time High-Sensitivity Reaction Monitoring of Important Nitrogen-Cycle Synthons by ¹⁵ N Hyperpolarized Nuclear Magnetic Resonance. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2022, 144, 8756-8769.	6.6	10
4	Zintl cluster supported low coordinate Rh(<i>scp</i>) centers for catalytic H/D exchange between H ₂ and D ₂ . <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2022, 13, 7626-7633.	3.7	14
5	Reversible Hyperpolarization of Ketoisocaproate Using Sulfoxide-Containing Polarization Transfer Catalysts. <i>ChemPhysChem</i> , 2021, 22, 13-17.	1.0	10
6	Hyperpolarisation of weakly binding N-heterocycles using signal amplification by reversible exchange. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2021, 12, 5910-5917.	3.7	10
7	² -Alkene Complexes of [Rh(PONOP- <i>i</i> Pr)(L)] ⁺ Cations (L = COD, NBD, Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 mgB [Rh(PONOP- <i>i</i> Pr)(<i>i</i> -H ₂)] ⁺ . <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 2021, 60, 13903-13912.	1.9	11
8	Steric and electronic effects on the ¹ H hyperpolarisation of substituted pyridazines by signal amplification by reversible exchange. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry</i> , 2021, 59, 1187-1198.	1.1	4
9	Parawasserstoff-Induzierte Polarisierung von Aminosäuren. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2021, 133, 23688.	1.6	2
10	Parahydrogen-Induced Polarization of Amino Acids. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2021, 60, 23496-23507.	7.2	34
11	Exploring the hyperpolarisation of EGTA-based ligands using SABRE. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2021, 50, 2448-2461.	1.6	2
12	Bridging the Gap from Mononuclear Pd ^{II} Precatalysts to Pd Nanoparticles: Identification of Intermediate Linear [Pd ₃ (XPh ₃) ₄] ²⁺ Clusters as Catalytic Species for Suzuki-Miyaura Couplings (X = P, As). <i>Organometallics</i> , 2021, 40, 3560-3570.	1.1	17
13	Breaking bonds over many timescales: in celebration of Robin Perutz's 70th birthday. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2020, 49, 254-255.	1.6	0
14	The Detection and Reactivity of Silanols and Silanes Using Hyperpolarized ²⁹ Si Nuclear Magnetic Resonance. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2020, 132, 2732-2736.	1.6	9
15	The Detection and Reactivity of Silanols and Silanes Using Hyperpolarized ²⁹ Si Nuclear Magnetic Resonance. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2020, 59, 2710-2714.	7.2	12
16	Understanding the mechanism of cis-trans isomerism in photo-active palladium(II) complexes derived from the N,N-di-substituted benzoylthioureas. <i>Inorganica Chimica Acta</i> , 2020, 512, 119884.	1.2	6
17	The use of yttrium in medical imaging and therapy: historical background and future perspectives. <i>Chemical Society Reviews</i> , 2020, 49, 6169-6185.	18.7	30
18	Remarkable Levels of ¹⁵ N Polarization Delivered through SABRE into Unlabeled Pyridine, Pyrazine, or Metronidazole Enable Single Scan NMR Quantification at the mM Level. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2020, 124, 4573-4580.	1.2	33

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19	Using SABRE Hyperpolarized ¹³ C NMR Spectroscopy to Interrogate Organic Transformations of Pyruvate. <i>Analytical Chemistry</i> , 2020, 92, 9095-9103.	3.2	15
20	A role for low concentration reaction intermediates in the signal amplification by reversible exchange process revealed by theory and experiment. <i>Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics</i> , 2020, 22, 5033-5037.	1.3	6
21	Parawasserstoffâ€nduzierte Hyperpolarisation von Gasen. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2020, 132, 17940-17949.	1.6	1
22	Optimisation of pyruvate hyperpolarisation using SABRE by tuning the active magnetisation transfer catalyst. <i>Catalysis Science and Technology</i> , 2020, 10, 1343-1355.	2.1	41
23	Parahydrogenâ€nduced Hyperpolarization of Gases. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2020, 59, 17788-17797.	7.2	27
24	A simple and cost-efficient technique to generate hyperpolarized long-lived ¹⁵ N- ¹⁵ N nuclear spin order in a diazine by signal amplification by reversible exchange. <i>Journal of Chemical Physics</i> , 2020, 152, 014201.	1.2	9
25	Understanding substrate substituent effects to improve catalytic efficiency in the SABRE hyperpolarisation process. <i>Catalysis Science and Technology</i> , 2019, 9, 3914-3922.	2.1	9
26	Towards measuring reactivity on micro-to-millisecond timescales with laser pump, NMR probe spectroscopy. <i>Faraday Discussions</i> , 2019, 220, 28-44.	1.6	1
27	Relayed hyperpolarization from <i>para</i> -hydrogen improves the NMR detectability of alcohols. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2019, 10, 7709-7717.	3.7	27
28	Probing the Hydrogenation of Vinyl Sulfoxides Using <i>para</i> -Hydrogen. <i>Organometallics</i> , 2019, 38, 4377-4382.	1.1	9
29	Using <i>para</i> hydrogen induced polarization to study steps in the hydroformylation reaction. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2019, 48, 2664-2675.	1.6	7
30	Hyperpolarising Pyruvate through Signal Amplification by Reversible Exchange (SABRE). <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2019, 58, 10271-10275.	7.2	87
31	Hyperpolarising Pyruvate through Signal Amplification by Reversible Exchange (SABRE). <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2019, 131, 10377-10381.	1.6	52
32	Pharmacokinetics of the SABRE agent 4,6-d ₂ -nicotinamide and also nicotinamide in rats following oral and intravenous administration. <i>European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences</i> , 2019, 135, 32-37.	1.9	13
33	Reaction Monitoring Using SABRE-Hyperpolarized Benchtop (1 T) NMR Spectroscopy. <i>Analytical Chemistry</i> , 2019, 91, 6695-6701.	3.2	39
34	Using coligands to gain mechanistic insight into iridium complexes hyperpolarized with <i>para</i> -hydrogen. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2019, 10, 5235-5245.	3.7	20
35	Reversible photo-isomerization of <i>cis</i> -[Pd(L ^q ₂ S ₂ O ₂) ₂] (HL = T) ETQq1 1 0.784314 r gBT /Overlock 10 TF <i>trans</i> -[Pd(L ^q ₂ S ₂ O ₂) ₂] and the unprecedented formation of <i>trans</i> -[Pd(L ^q ₂ S ₂ N ₂) ₂] in solution. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2019, 48, 17241-17251.	1.6	16
36	In Situ SABRE Hyperpolarization with Earthâ€™s Field NMR Detection. <i>Molecules</i> , 2019, 24, 4126.	1.7	8

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37	Mechanistic insight into novel sulfoxide containing SABRE polarisation transfer catalysts. Dalton Transactions, 2019, 48, 15198-15206.	1.6	18
38	Rapid ¹³ C NMR hyperpolarization delivered from para-hydrogen enables the low concentration detection and quantification of sugars. Chemical Science, 2019, 10, 10607-10619.	3.7	26
39	Iridium π -Carboxyimine Complexes Hyperpolarized with para-Hydrogen Exist in Nuclear Singlet States before Conversion into Iridium Carbonates. ChemPhysChem, 2019, 20, 241-245.	1.0	17
40	Catalyst-Substrate Effects on Biocompatible SABRE Hyperpolarization. ChemPhysChem, 2019, 20, 285-294.	1.0	9
41	Direct and indirect hyperpolarisation of amines using para-hydrogen. Chemical Science, 2018, 9, 3677-3684.	3.7	53
42	SABRE-Relay: A Versatile Route to Hyperpolarization. Journal of Physical Chemistry Letters, 2018, 9, 1112-1117.	2.1	57
43	Competing Pathways in the Photochemistry of Ru(H) ₂ (CO)(PPh ₃) ₃ . Organometallics, 2018, 37, 855-868.	1.1	8
44	Signalverstärkung durch reversiblen Austausch (SABRE): von der Entdeckung zur diagnostischen Anwendung. Angewandte Chemie, 2018, 130, 6854-6866.	1.6	21
45	Extending the Scope of ¹⁹ F Hyperpolarization through Signal Amplification by Reversible Exchange in MRI and NMR Spectroscopy. ChemistryOpen, 2018, 7, 97-105.	0.9	34
46	Using ² H labelling to improve the NMR detectability of pyridine and its derivatives by SABRE. Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry, 2018, 56, 663-671.	1.1	13
47	Signal Amplification by Reversible Exchange (SABRE): From Discovery to Diagnosis. Angewandte Chemie - International Edition, 2018, 57, 6742-6753.	7.2	101
48	Using para-hydrogen to hyperpolarize amines, amides, carboxylic acids, alcohols, phosphates, and carbonates. Science Advances, 2018, 4, eaao6250.	4.7	109
49	A simple hand-held magnet array for efficient and reproducible SABRE hyperpolarisation using manual sample shaking. Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry, 2018, 56, 641-650.	1.1	18
50	Achieving Biocompatible SABRE: An in-vitro Cytotoxicity Study. ChemMedChem, 2018, 13, 352-359.	1.6	36
51	Quantification of hyperpolarisation efficiency in SABRE and SABRE-Relay enhanced NMR spectroscopy. Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics, 2018, 20, 26362-26371.	1.3	31
52	Unlocking a Diazirine Long-Lived Nuclear Singlet State via Photochemistry: NMR Detection and Lifetime of an Unstabilized Diazo-Compound. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2018, 140, 16855-16864.	6.6	24
53	Quantitative In Situ Monitoring of Parahydrogen Fraction Using Raman Spectroscopy. Applied Spectroscopy, 2018, 73, 000370281879864.	1.2	6
54	Fine-tuning the efficiency of para-hydrogen-induced hyperpolarization by rational N-heterocyclic carbene design. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 4251.	5.8	71

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55	Harnessing asymmetric N-heterocyclic carbene ligands to optimise SABRE hyperpolarisation. <i>Catalysis Science and Technology</i> , 2018, 8, 4925-4933.	2.1	22
56	Using hyperpolarised NMR and DFT to rationalise the unexpected hydrogenation of quinazoline to 3,4-dihydroquinazoline. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2018, 54, 10375-10378.	2.2	10
57	SABRE hyperpolarization enables high-sensitivity ¹ H and ¹³ C benchtop NMR spectroscopy. <i>Analyst</i> , The, 2018, 143, 3442-3450.	1.7	49
58	Harnessing polarisation transfer to indazole and imidazole through signal amplification by reversible exchange to improve their NMR detectability. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry</i> , 2017, 55, 944-957.	1.1	28
59	Following palladium catalyzed methoxycarbonylation by hyperpolarized NMR spectroscopy: a parahydrogen based investigation. <i>Catalysis Science and Technology</i> , 2017, 7, 2101-2109.	2.1	9
60	A Simple Route to Strong Carbon-13 NMR Signals Detectable for Several Minutes. <i>Chemistry - A European Journal</i> , 2017, 23, 10496-10500.	1.7	34
61	Achieving High Levels of NMR-Hyperpolarization in Aqueous Media With Minimal Catalyst Contamination Using SABRE. <i>Chemistry - A European Journal</i> , 2017, 23, 10491-10495.	1.7	54
62	Coherent evolution of para hydrogen induced polarisation using laser pump, NMR probe spectroscopy: Theoretical framework and experimental observation. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance</i> , 2017, 278, 25-38.	1.2	10
63	Synthesis and hyperpolarisation of eNOS substrates for quantification of NO production by ¹ H NMR spectroscopy. <i>Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2017, 25, 2730-2742.	1.4	11
64	Delivering strong ¹ H nuclear hyperpolarization levels and long magnetic lifetimes through signal amplification by reversible exchange. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E3188-E3194.	3.3	115
65	SABRE hyperpolarisation of vitamin B3 as a function of pH. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2017, 8, 2257-2266.	3.7	43
66	Direct enhancement of nitrogen-15 targets at high-field by fast ADAPT-SABRE. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance</i> , 2017, 285, 55-60.	1.2	34
67	Achieving High ¹ H Nuclear Hyperpolarization Levels with Long Lifetimes in a Range of Tuberculosis Drug Scaffolds. <i>Chemistry - A European Journal</i> , 2017, 23, 16990-16997.	1.7	18
68	Frontispiece: Achieving High Levels of NMR-Hyperpolarization in Aqueous Media With Minimal Catalyst Contamination Using SABRE. <i>Chemistry - A European Journal</i> , 2017, 23, .	1.7	0
69	Frontispiece: Achieving High ¹ H Nuclear Hyperpolarization Levels with Long Lifetimes in a Range of Tuberculosis Drug Scaffolds. <i>Chemistry - A European Journal</i> , 2017, 23, .	1.7	0
70	Creating a hyperpolarised pseudo singlet state through polarisation transfer from parahydrogen under SABRE. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2016, 52, 7842-7845.	2.2	24
71	Manganese(I)-Catalyzed C-H Activation: The Key Role of a 7-Membered Manganacycle in H-Transfer and Reductive Elimination. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2016, 55, 12455-12459.	7.2	111
72	Long-lived states to sustain SABRE hyperpolarised magnetisation. <i>Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics</i> , 2016, 18, 24905-24911.	1.3	50

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73	Photochemical pump and NMR probe to monitor the formation and kinetics of hyperpolarized metal dihydrides. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2016, 7, 7087-7093.	3.7	16
74	Using signal amplification by reversible exchange (SABRE) to hyperpolarise ¹¹⁹ Sn and ²⁹ Si NMR nuclei. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2016, 52, 14482-14485.	2.2	48
75	Manganese(I)-Catalyzed C-H Activation: The Key Role of a 7-Membered Manganacycle in H-Transfer and Reductive Elimination. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2016, 128, 12643-12647.	1.6	54
76	A Hyperpolarizable ¹ H Magnetic Resonance Probe for Signal Detection 15-Minutes after Spin Polarization Storage. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 2016, 128, 15871-15874.	1.6	16
77	A Hyperpolarizable ¹ H Magnetic Resonance Probe for Signal Detection 15-Minutes after Spin Polarization Storage. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2016, 55, 15642-15645.	7.2	36
78	Iridium Cyclooctene Complex That Forms a Hyperpolarization Transfer Catalyst before Converting to a Binuclear C-H Bond Activation Product Responsible for Hydrogen Isotope Exchange. <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 2016, 55, 11639-11643.	1.9	14
79	Solvent responsive catalyst improves NMR sensitivity via efficient magnetisation transfer. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2016, 52, 8467-8470.	2.2	11
80	Molecular MRI in the Earth's Magnetic Field Using Continuous Hyperpolarization of a Biomolecule in Water. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2016, 120, 5670-5677.	1.2	37
81	Facing and Overcoming Sensitivity Challenges in Biomolecular NMR Spectroscopy. <i>Angewandte Chemie - International Edition</i> , 2015, 54, 9162-9185.	7.2	258
82	Detection of η^5 -alkane complexes of manganese by NMR and IR spectroscopy in solution: (η^5 -C ₅ H ₅)Mn(CO) ₂ (ethane) and (η^5 -C ₅ H ₅)Mn(CO) ₂ (isopentane). <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2015, 6, 418-424.	3.7	28
83	Deactivation of signal amplification by reversible exchange catalysis, progress towards in vivo application. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2015, 51, 9857-9859.	2.2	44
84	Catalytic Transfer of Magnetism Using a Neutral Iridium Phenoxide Complex. <i>Organometallics</i> , 2015, 34, 2997-3006.	1.1	23
85	Strategies for the Hyperpolarization of Acetonitrile and Related Ligands by SABRE. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2015, 119, 1416-1424.	1.2	87
86	The reaction of an iridium PNP complex with parahydrogen facilitates polarisation transfer without chemical change. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2015, 44, 1077-1083.	1.6	30
87	Utilisation of water soluble iridium catalysts for signal amplification by reversible exchange. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2015, 44, 7870-7880.	1.6	49
88	Improving the Hyperpolarization of ³¹ P Nuclei by Synthetic Design. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2015, 119, 5020-5027.	1.2	65
89	Investigating pyridazine and phthalazine exchange in a series of iridium complexes in order to define their role in the catalytic transfer of magnetisation from para-hydrogen. <i>Chemical Science</i> , 2015, 6, 3981-3993.	3.7	43
90	Toward Biocompatible Nuclear Hyperpolarization Using Signal Amplification by Reversible Exchange: Quantitative <i>in Situ</i> Spectroscopy and High-Field Imaging. <i>Analytical Chemistry</i> , 2014, 86, 1767-1774.	3.2	105

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91	Hyperpolarisation through reversible interactions with parahydrogen. <i>Catalysis Science and Technology</i> , 2014, 4, 3544-3554.	2.1	84
92	Photochemical studies of $(\text{I}^{\text{I}}\text{-C}^{\text{I}}\text{H}^{\text{I}})_2\text{Ru}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ and $(\text{I}^{\text{I}}\text{-C}^{\text{I}}\text{H}^{\text{I}})_2\text{Ru}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Me}$: formation of Si-H and C-H bond activation products. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2014, 43, 1162-1171.	1.6	13
93	Hydrogen Activation by an Aromatic Triphosphenylbenzene. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2014, 136, 13453-13457.	6.6	71
94	Photochemical Pump and NMR Probe: Chemically Created NMR Coherence on a Microsecond Time Scale. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2014, 136, 10124-10131.	6.6	39
95	Computational Studies Explain the Importance of Two Different Substituents on the Chelating Bis(amido) Ligand for Transfer Hydrogenation by Bifunctional Cp*Rh(III) Catalysts. <i>Organometallics</i> , 2014, 33, 3433-3442.	1.1	39
96	Probing signal amplification by reversible exchange using an NMR flow system. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry</i> , 2014, 52, 358-369.	1.1	81
97	A continuous-flow, high-throughput, high-pressure parahydrogen converter for hyperpolarization in a clinical setting. <i>NMR in Biomedicine</i> , 2013, 26, 124-131.	1.6	83
98	Activation of a (cyclooctadiene) rhodium(I) complex supported by a chiral ferrocenyl phosphine thioether ligand for hydrogenation catalysis: a combined parahydrogen NMR and DFT study. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2013, 42, 11720.	1.6	9
99	Optimization of SABRE for polarization of the tuberculosis drugs pyrazinamide and isoniazid. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance</i> , 2013, 237, 73-78.	1.2	122
100	A hyperpolarized equilibrium for magnetic resonance. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2013, 4, 2946.	5.8	126
101	Iridium(III) Hydrido N-Heterocyclic Carbene-Phosphine Complexes as Catalysts in Magnetization Transfer Reactions. <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 2013, 52, 13453-13461.	1.9	69
102	Utilization of SABRE-Derived Hyperpolarization To Detect Low-Concentration Analytes via 1D and 2D NMR Methods. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2012, 134, 12904-12907.	6.6	110
103	Detection of Unusual Reaction Intermediates during the Conversion of $\text{W}(\text{N}_2)_2(\text{dppe})_2$ to $\text{W}(\text{H})_4(\text{dppe})_2$ and of H_2O into H_2 . <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2012, 134, 18257-18265.	6.6	8
104	Photochemical-mediated solid-state [2+2]-cycloaddition reactions of an unsymmetrical dibenzylidene acetone (monothiophos-dba). <i>CrystEngComm</i> , 2012, 14, 5564.	1.3	21
105	Application of <i>Para</i> hydrogen Induced Polarization Techniques in NMR Spectroscopy and Imaging. <i>Accounts of Chemical Research</i> , 2012, 45, 1247-1257.	7.6	198
106	The theory and practice of hyperpolarization in magnetic resonance using parahydrogen. <i>Progress in Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy</i> , 2012, 67, 1-48.	3.9	317
107	Characterisation of tri-ruthenium dihydride complexes through the computation of NMR parameters. <i>Dalton Transactions</i> , 2012, 41, 4618.	1.6	10
108	Improving NMR and MRI Sensitivity with Parahydrogen. <i>Topics in Current Chemistry</i> , 2012, 338, 75-103.	4.0	16

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109	Manganese Alkane Complexes: An IR and NMR Spectroscopic Investigation. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2011, 133, 2303-2310.	6.6	84
110	Iridium N-Heterocyclic Carbene Complexes as Efficient Catalysts for Magnetization Transfer from <i>para</i> -Hydrogen. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2011, 133, 6134-6137.	6.6	318
111	Selective detection of hyperpolarized NMR signals derived from <i>para</i> -hydrogen using the Only <i>Para</i> -hydrogen Spectroscopy (OPSY) approach. Journal of Magnetic Resonance, 2011, 208, 49-57.	1.2	53
112	A parahydrogen based NMR study of Pt catalysed alkyne hydrogenation. Dalton Transactions, 2010, 39, 3495.	1.6	20
113	Photoinduced N ₂ loss as a route to long-lived organometallic alkane complexes: A time-resolved IR and NMR study. Chemical Science, 2010, 1, 622.	3.7	44
114	A theoretical basis for spontaneous polarization transfer in non-hydrogenative <i>para</i> -hydrogen-induced polarization. Journal of Chemical Physics, 2009, 131, 194505.	1.2	188
115	Spontaneous Transfer of <i>Para</i> -hydrogen Derived Spin Order to Pyridine at Low Magnetic Field. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2009, 131, 13362-13368.	6.6	165
116	Reversible Interactions with <i>para</i> -Hydrogen Enhance NMR Sensitivity by Polarization Transfer. Science, 2009, 323, 1708-1711.	6.0	761
117	<i>Para</i> -Hydrogen Induced Polarization without Incorporation of <i>para</i> -Hydrogen into the Analyte. Inorganic Chemistry, 2009, 48, 663-670.	1.9	104
118	A systematic approach to the generation of long-lived metal alkane complexes: combined IR and NMR study of (Tp)Re(CO) ₂ (cyclopentane). Chemical Communications, 2009, , 1401.	2.2	27
119	An NMR study of cobalt-catalyzed hydroformylation using <i>para</i> -hydrogen induced polarisation. Dalton Transactions, 2009, , 2496.	1.6	29
120	<i>Para</i> -hydrogen induced polarisation effects in liquid phase hydrogenations catalysed by supported metal nanoparticles. Dalton Transactions, 2009, , 5074.	1.6	73
121	Parahydrogen-based NMR methods as a mechanistic probe in inorganic chemistry. Coordination Chemistry Reviews, 2008, 252, 2278-2291.	9.5	117
122	Detection of platinum dihydride bisphosphine complexes and studies of their reactivity through <i>para</i> -hydrogen-enhanced NMR methods. Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry, 2008, 46, S107-S114.	1.1	8
123	A DFT Study on the Mechanism of Palladium-Catalyzed Alkyne Hydrogenation: Neutral versus Cationic Pathways. Organometallics, 2008, 27, 43-52.	1.1	23
124	Palladium catalysed alkyne hydrogenation and oligomerisation: a parahydrogen based NMR investigation. Dalton Transactions, 2008, , 4270.	1.6	20
125	Only <i>para</i> -hydrogen spectroscopy (OPSY), a technique for the selective observation of <i>para</i> -hydrogen enhanced NMR signals. Chemical Communications, 2007, , 1183-1185.	2.2	84
126	Diastereoselective Oxidative Addition of Dihydrogen to Ir(CO)((R)-BINAP) and [Ir(CO) ₂ ((R)-BINAP)][SbF ₆]. Inorganic Chemistry, 2007, 46, 1196-1204.	1.9	14

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127	A para-Hydrogen Investigation of Palladium-Catalyzed Alkyne Hydrogenation. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2007, 129, 6513-6527.	6.6	60
128	Low temperature in situ UV irradiation of $[(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_4)_2]$ in the NMR probe: formation of Co(III) silyl hydride complexes. Dalton Transactions, 2007, , 2993-2996.	1.6	13
129	Detection of Picomole Amounts of Biological Substrates by <i>para</i> -Hydrogen-Enhanced NMR Methods in Conjunction with a Suitable Receptor Complex. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2007, 129, 11012-11013.	6.6	38
130	A Model Iridium Hydroformylation System with the Large Bite Angle Ligand Xantphos: Reactivity with Parahydrogen and Implications for Hydroformylation Catalysis. Inorganic Chemistry, 2006, 45, 7197-7209.	1.9	67
131	Use of the tetrahydroborate ligand as <i>gate-keeper</i> and protected hydride ligand: preparation and study of alkyl hydride and acyl hydride complexes of ruthenium(II). Dalton Transactions, 2006, , 2661-2670.	1.6	11
132	Parahydrogen studies of H ₂ addition to Ir(I) complexes containing chiral phosphine-thioether ligands: implications for catalysis. Dalton Transactions, 2006, , 3350-3359.	1.6	17
133	Contrasting photochemical and thermal reactivity of Ru(CO) ₂ (PPh ₃)(dppe) towards hydrogen rationalised by parahydrogen NMR and DFT studies. Dalton Transactions, 2006, , 2072.	1.6	16
134	Palladium-Catalyzed Hydrogenation: Detection of Palladium Hydrides. A Joint Study Using Para-Hydrogen-Enhanced NMR Spectroscopy and Density Functional Theory. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2006, 128, 9596-9597.	6.6	33
135	Photochemical Isomerization of N-Heterocyclic Carbene Ruthenium Hydride Complexes: In situ Photolysis, Parahydrogen, and Computational Studies. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2006, 128, 7452-7453.	6.6	20
136	Coordination Chemistry and Diphenylacetylene Hydrogenation Catalysis of Planar Chiral Ferrocenylphosphane-Thioether Ligands with Cyclooctadieneiridium(I). European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry, 2006, 2006, 1803-1816.	1.0	26
137	Generation and interrogation of a pure nuclear spin state by parahydrogen-enhanced NMR spectroscopy: a defined initial state for quantum computation. Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry, 2005, 43, 200-208.	1.1	31
138	Parahydrogen derived illumination of pyridine based coordination products obtained from reactions involving rhodium phosphine complexes. Dalton Transactions, 2005, , 3773.	1.6	15
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