Ehud Weiss

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The rise and fall of viticulture in the Late Antique Negev Highlands reconstructed from archaeobotanical and ceramic data. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 19780-19791.	7.1	31
2	Innovation or preservation? Abbasid aubergines, archaeobotany, and the Islamic Green Revolution. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2020, 12, 1.	1.8	22
3	Foreign Food Plants as Prestigious Gifts: The Archaeobotany of the Amarna Age Palace at Tel Beth-Shemesh, Israel. Bulletin of the American Schools of Oriental Research, 2019, 381, 83-105.	0.2	5
4	Ancient trash mounds unravel urban collapse a century before the end of Byzantine hegemony in the southern Levant. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 8239-8248.	7.1	43
5	Archaeobotanical proxies and archaeological interpretation: A comparative study of phytoliths, pollen and seeds in dung pellets and refuse deposits at Early Islamic Shivta, Negev, Israel. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 211, 166-185.	3.0	40
6	A bazaar assemblage: reconstructing consumption, production and trade from mineralised seeds in Abbasid Jerusalem. Antiquity, 2019, 93, 199-217.	1.0	13
7	When Alexander Eig met Nikolai Ivanovich Vavilov – an influential meeting for Israeli botany. Israel Journal of Plant Sciences, 2019, 66, 7-18.	0.5	2
8	Technological Insights on Philistine Culture: Perspectives from Tell es-Safi/Gath. Journal of Eastern Mediterranean Archaeology and Heritage Studies, 2019, 7, 76-118.	0.2	13
9	Plant Use in the Bronze and Iron Ages at Tell eṣ-Ṣâfi/Gath. Near Eastern Archaeology, 2018, 81, 77-80.	0.2	3
10	Development of a 3D seed morphological tool for grapevine variety identification, and its comparison with SSR analysis. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 6545.	3.3	21
11	Collection and characterization of grapevine genetic resources (Vitis vinifera) in the Holy Land, towards the renewal of ancient winemaking practices. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 44463.	3.3	28
12	Early Bronze Age pebble installations from Tell es-Safi/Gath, Israel: evidence for their function and utilization. Levant, 2017, 49, 46-63.	0.9	11
13	Dust clouds, climate change and coins: consiliences of palaeoclimate and economy in the Late Antique southern Levant. Levant, 2017, 49, 205-223.	0.9	26
14	An early bronze age fertilized agricultural plot discovered near Tel Yarmouth, Ramat Bet Shemesh, Israel. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2017, 15, 226-234.	0.5	5
15	The birth, life and death of an Iron Age house at Tel â€ [~] Eton, Israel. Levant, 2017, 49, 136-173.	0.9	15
16	The Paleo-Anthropocene and the Genesis of the Current Landscape of Israel. Journal of Landscape Ecology(Czech Republic), 2017, 10, 109-140.	0.9	9
17	Seeds of collapse? Reconstructing the ancient agricultural economy at Shivta in the Negev. Antiquity, 2016, 90, .	1.0	16
18	Composite Sickles and Cereal Harvesting Methods at 23,000-Years-Old Ohalo II, Israel. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167151.	2.5	24

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19	Genomic analysis of 6,000-year-old cultivated grain illuminates the domestication history of barley. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 1089-1093.	21.4	122
20	Studying Ancient Anthropogenic Impacts on Current Floral Biodiversity in the Southern Levant as reflected by the Philistine Migration. Scientific Reports, 2015, 5, 13308.	3.3	25
21	Invading a new niche: obligatory weeds at Neolithic Atlit-Yam, Israel. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2015, 24, 9-18.	2.1	24
22	"Beginnings of Fruit Growing in the Old World" — two generations later. Israel Journal of Plant Sciences, 2015, 62, 75-85.	0.5	46
23	Plant-food preparation on two consecutive floors at Upper Paleolithic Ohalo II, Israel. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2015, 53, 61-71.	2.4	37
24	The Origin of Cultivation and Proto-Weeds, Long Before Neolithic Farming. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0131422.	2.5	197
25	Using palaeo-environmental proxies to reconstruct natural and anthropogenic controls on sedimentation rates, Tell es-Safi/Gath, eastern Mediterranean. Anthropocene, 2014, 8, 70-82.	3.3	18
26	A novel morphometric method for differentiating wild and domesticated barley through intra-rachis measurements. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2014, 44, 69-75.	2.4	8
27	Palaeoenvironment and anthropogenic activity in the southeastern Mediterranean since the mid-Holocene: The case of Tell es-Safi/Gath, Israel. Quaternary International, 2014, 328-329, 226-243.	1.5	21
28	The Neolithic Southwest Asian Founder Crops. Current Anthropology, 2011, 52, S237-S254.	1.6	119
29	Extinction of water plants in the Hula Valley: Evidence for climate changeâ~†. Journal of Human Evolution, 2011, 60, 320-327.	2.6	28
30	Plant-food preparation area on an Upper Paleolithic brush hut floor at Ohalo II, Israel. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2008, 35, 2400-2414.	2.4	82
31	Plant remains as a tool for reconstruction of the past environment, economy, and society: Archaeobotany in Israel. Israel Journal of Earth Sciences, 2007, 56, 163-173.	0.3	11
32	Foreword by the Guest Editors. Israel Journal of Earth Sciences, 2007, 56, i-ii.	0.3	0
33	ANTHROPOLOGY: Autonomous Cultivation Before Domestication. Science, 2006, 312, 1608-1610.	12.6	274
34	The broad spectrum revisited: Evidence from plant remains. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 9551-9555.	7.1	265
35	From The Cover: Stone Age hut in Israel yields world's oldest evidence of bedding. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 6821-6826.	7.1	111
36	Impetus for sowing and the beginning of agriculture: Ground collecting of wild cereals. Proceedings of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 2692-2695.	7.1	126

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37	Processing of wild cereal grains in the Upper Palaeolithic revealed by starch grain analysis. Nature, 2004, 430, 670-673.	27.8	410
38	Plant remains as indicators for economic activity: a case study from Iron Age Ashkelon. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2004, 31, 1-13.	2.4	54
39	On the shore of a fluctuating lake: Environmental evidence from Ohalo II (19,500 B.P.). Israel Journal of Earth Sciences, 2004, 53, 207-223.	0.3	16