Marcio Alberto Torsoni

List of Publications by Citations

 $\textbf{Source:} \ https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7019589/marcio-alberto-torsoni-publications-by-citations.pdf$

Version: 2024-04-09

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

38
papers

948
citations

13
papers

45
ext. papers

1,069
ext. citations

13
papers

14.6
avg, IF

1.062
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
38	Inhibition of hypothalamic inflammation reverses diet-induced insulin resistance in the liver. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2012 , 61, 1455-62	0.9	164
37	Western diet modulates insulin signaling, c-Jun N-terminal kinase activity, and insulin receptor substrate-1ser307 phosphorylation in a tissue-specific fashion. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2005 , 146, 1576-87	4.8	154
36	Maternal high-fat feeding through pregnancy and lactation predisposes mouse offspring to molecular insulin resistance and fatty liver. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2012 , 23, 341-8	6.3	137
35	Maternal high-fat diet consumption modulates hepatic lipid metabolism and microRNA-122 (miR-122) and microRNA-370 (miR-370) expression in offspring. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 111, 2112-22	3.6	105
34	Central leptin action improves skeletal muscle AKT, AMPK, and PGC1 alpha activation by hypothalamic PI3K-dependent mechanism. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2010 , 314, 62-9	4.4	59
33	Hypothalamic endoplasmic reticulum stress and insulin resistance in offspring of mice dams fed high-fat diet during pregnancy and lactation. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2014 , 63, 682-92	12.7	46
32	Intracerebroventricular injection of citrate inhibits hypothalamic AMPK and modulates feeding behavior and peripheral insulin signaling. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2008 , 198, 157-68	4.7	36
31	Lipid overload during gestation and lactation can independently alter lipid homeostasis in offspring and promote metabolic impairment after new challenge to high-fat diet. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2017 , 14, 16	4.6	32
30	Diet-Induced Maternal Obesity Alters Insulin Signalling in Male Mice Offspring Rechallenged with a High-Fat Diet in Adulthood. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0160184	3.7	29
29	Citrate diminishes hypothalamic acetyl-CoA carboxylase phosphorylation and modulates satiety signals and hepatic mechanisms involved in glucose homeostasis in rats. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2008 , 82, 1262-71	6.8	24
28	High-fat diet during pregnancy and lactation impairs the cholinergic anti-inflammatory pathway in the liver and white adipose tissue of mouse offspring. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 422, 192-202	4.4	20
27	Maternal Consumption of High-fat Diet in Mice Alters Hypothalamic Notch Pathway, NPY Cell Population and Food Intake in Offspring. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2018 , 371, 1-15	3.9	19
26	Increased expression of Hes5 protein in Notch signaling pathway in the hippocampus of mice offspring of dams fed a high-fat diet during pregnancy and suckling. <i>International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience</i> , 2015 , 40, 35-42	2.7	16
25	Hypothalamic inhibition of acetyl-CoA carboxylase stimulates hepatic counter-regulatory response independent of AMPK activation in rats. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e62669	3.7	12
24	Hypothalamic AMPK activation blocks lipopolysaccharide inhibition of glucose production in mice liver. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2013 , 381, 88-96	4.4	11
23	JAK2/STAT3 Pathway is Required for InAChR-Dependent Expression of POMC and AGRP Neuropeptides in Male Mice. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2019 , 53, 701-712	3.9	10
22	Dietary Patterns Associated to Clinical Aspects in Crohn's Disease Patients. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 7033	4.9	9

21	Solidago chilensis Meyen hydroalcoholic extract reduces JNK/IB pathway activation and ameliorates insulin resistance in diet-induced obesity mice. <i>Experimental Biology and Medicine</i> , 2011 , 236, 1147-55	3.7	9
20	Short-Term High-Fat Diet Consumption Reduces Hypothalamic Expression of the Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptor I Subunit (InAChR) and Affects the Anti-inflammatory Response in a Mouse Model of Sepsis. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2019 , 10, 565	8.4	8
19	Maternal high-fat diet stimulates proinflammatory pathway and increases the expression of Tryptophan Hydroxylase 2 (TPH2) and brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) in adolescent mice hippocampus. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2020 , 139, 104781	4.4	8
18	Interesterified soybean oil promotes weight gain, impaired glucose tolerance and increased liver cellular stress markers. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 59, 153-159	6.3	8
17	Acute effects of fatty acids on autophagy in NPY neurones. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2020 , 32, e12900	3.8	8
16	Early life nicotine exposure alters mRNA and microRNA expressions related to thyroid function and lipid metabolism in liver and BAT of adult wistar rats. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2021 , 523, 111141	4.4	4
15	Alterations of the expression levels of CPT-1, SCD1, TREI and related microRNAs are involved in lipid metabolism impairment in adult rats caused by maternal coconut oil intake during breastfeeding. <i>Journal of Functional Foods</i> , 2019 , 63, 103577	5.1	3
14	Modulation of hypothalamic S6K1 and S6K2 alters feeding behavior and systemic glucose metabolism. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 244, 71-82	4.7	3
13	Interesterified palm oil impairs glucose homeostasis and induces deleterious effects in liver of Swiss mice. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2020 , 112, 154350	12.7	3
12	Maternal resistance to diet-induced obesity partially protects newborn and post-weaning male mice offspring from metabolic disturbances. <i>Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease</i> , 2021 , 12, 660-670	2.4	2
11	Time-restricted feeding combined with aerobic exercise training can prevent weight gain and improve metabolic disorders in mice fed a high-fat diet. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2021 ,	3.9	2
10	Omega-3 Supplementation Prevents Short-Term High-Fat Diet Effects on the 7 Nicotinic Cholinergic Receptor Expression and Inflammatory Response. <i>Mediators of Inflammation</i> , 2021 , 2021, 5526940	4.3	2
9	Effect of acute swimming exercise at different intensities but equal total load over metabolic and molecular responses in swimming rats <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 2022 , 43, 35	3.5	1
8	Low-Dose Coconut Oil Supplementation Induces Hypothalamic Inflammation, Behavioral Dysfunction, and Metabolic Damage in Healthy Mice. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2021 , 65, e2000943	5.9	1
7	Beet (L.) stalk and leaf supplementation changes the glucose homeostasis and inflammatory markers in the liver of mice exposed to a high-fat diet <i>Food Chemistry Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021 , 2, 100	018	1
6	Maternal high-fat diet consumption programs male offspring to mitigate complications in liver regeneration. <i>Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease</i> , 2021 , 1-8	2.4	1
5	Hepatic microRNA modulation might be an early event to non-alcoholic fatty liver disease development driven by high-fat diet in male mice <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2022 , 49, 2655	2.8	О
4	Obesogenic Programming of Foetal Hepatic Metabolism by microRNAs 2017 , 199-211		

3	inflammatory parameters and tight-junction protein genic expression in Swiss mice <i>Food Research International</i> , 2022 , 151, 110897	7
2	Hepatic Epigenetic Reprogramming After Liver Resection in Offspring Alleviates the Effects of Maternal Obesity <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2022 , 10, 830009	5.7
1	Obesity phenotype induced by high-fat diet leads to maternal-fetal constraint, placental inefficiency, and fetal growth restriction in mice <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2022 , 108977	6.3

Interesterified palm oil increases intestinal permeability, promotes bacterial translocation, alters