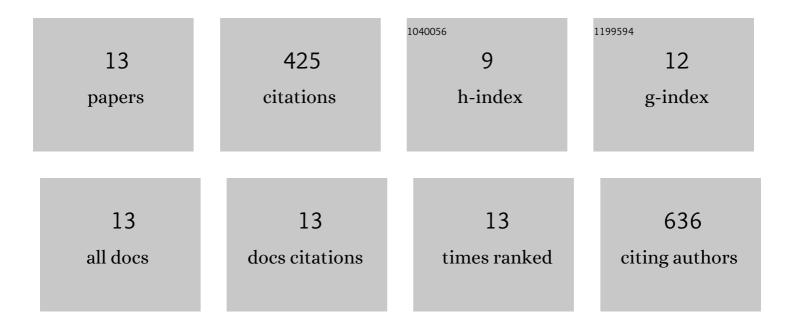
## Georgia Chronaki

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/70023/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Development of the neural processing of vocal emotion during the first year of life. Child Neuropsychology, 2021, 27, 333-350.	1.3	7
2	The reinforcing value of delay escape in attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder: An electrophysiological study. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2019, 23, 101917.	2.7	1
3	Is infant neural sensitivity to vocal emotion associated with mother-infant relational experience?. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0212205.	2.5	6
4	The Moderating Effect of Self-Reported State and Trait Anxiety on the Late Positive Potential to Emotional Faces in 6–11-Year-Old Children. Frontiers in Psychology, 2018, 9, 125.	2.1	13
5	The development of cross-cultural recognition of vocal emotion during childhood and adolescence. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 8659.	3.3	37
6	An electrophysiological investigation of reinforcement effects in attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder: Dissociating cue sensitivity from down-stream effects on target engagement and performance. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2017, 28, 12-20.	4.0	18
7	Event-Related Potentials and Emotion Processing in Child Psychopathology. Frontiers in Psychology, 2016, 7, 564.	2.1	7
8	The development of emotion recognition from facial expressions and nonâ€linguistic vocalizations during childhood. British Journal of Developmental Psychology, 2015, 33, 218-236.	1.7	108
9	Emotion-recognition abilities and behavior problem dimensions in preschoolers: Evidence for a specific role for childhood hyperactivity. Child Neuropsychology, 2015, 21, 25-40.	1.3	38
10	Atypical neural responses to vocal anger in attentionâ€deficit/hyperactivity disorder. Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines, 2015, 56, 477-487.	5.2	15
11	Isolating N400 as neural marker of vocal anger processing in 6–11-year old children. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2012, 2, 268-276.	4.0	20
12	An electrophysiological monetary incentive delay (e-MID) task: A way to decompose the different components of neural response to positive and negative monetary reinforcement. Journal of Neuroscience Methods, 2012, 209, 40-49.	2.5	132
13	Electrophysiological markers of the motivational salience of delay imposition and escape. Neuropsychologia, 2012, 50, 965-972.	1.6	23