

# Karina E Clemmensen

## List of Publications by Citations

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|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 40<br>papers      | 3,960<br>citations      | 22<br>h-index  | 45<br>g-index  |
| 45<br>ext. papers | 5,195<br>ext. citations | 8.5<br>avg, IF | 5.4<br>L-index |

| #  | Paper  | IF   | Citations |
|----|--|------|-----------|
| 40 | New primers to amplify the fungal ITS2 region--evaluation by 454-sequencing of artificial and natural communities. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 82, 666-77   | 4.3  | 985       |
| 39 | Roots and associated fungi drive long-term carbon sequestration in boreal forest. <i>Science</i> , <b>2013</b> , 339, 1615-8   | 33.3 | 866       |
| 38 | Carbon sequestration is related to mycorrhizal fungal community shifts during long-term succession in boreal forests. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2015</b> , 205, 1525-1536  | 9.8  | 339       |
| 37 | Long-term ecosystem level experiments at Toolik Lake, Alaska, and at Abisko, Northern Sweden: generalizations and differences in ecosystem and plant type responses to global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2004</b> , 10, 105-123   | 11.4 | 258       |
| 36 | Ectomycorrhizal <i>Cortinarius</i> species participate in enzymatic oxidation of humus in northern forest ecosystems. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2014</b> , 203, 245-56   | 9.8  | 186       |
| 35 | Increased ectomycorrhizal fungal abundance after long-term fertilization and warming of two arctic tundra ecosystems. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2006</b> , 171, 391-404  | 9.8  | 183       |
| 34 | Changes in fungal communities along a boreal forest soil fertility gradient. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2015</b> , 207, 1145-58   | 9.8  | 170       |
| 33 | Shift in fungal communities and associated enzyme activities along an age gradient of managed <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> stands. <i>ISME Journal</i> , <b>2017</b> , 11, 863-874  | 11.9 | 129       |
| 32 | Mycorrhizal and saprotrophic fungal guilds compete for the same organic substrates but affect decomposition differently. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 30, 1967-1978   | 5.6  | 117       |
| 31 | Below-ground organic matter accumulation along a boreal forest fertility gradient relates to guild interaction within fungal communities. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2017</b> , 20, 1546-1555   | 10   | 84        |
| 30 | Contrasting effects of ectomycorrhizal fungi on early and late stage decomposition in a boreal forest. <i>ISME Journal</i> , <b>2018</b> , 12, 2187-2197   | 11.9 | 73        |
| 29 | Site-dependent N uptake from N-form mixtures by arctic plants, soil microbes and ectomycorrhizal fungi. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>2008</b> , 155, 771-83   | 2.9  | 73        |
| 28 | FungalTraits: a user-friendly traits database of fungi and fungus-like stramenopiles. <i>Fungal Diversity</i> , <b>2020</b> , 105, 1-16  | 17.6 | 67        |
| 27 | Modelling the influence of ectomycorrhizal decomposition on plant nutrition and soil carbon sequestration in boreal forest ecosystems. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2017</b> , 213, 1452-1465   | 9.8  | 53        |
| 26 | Changes in turnover rather than production regulate biomass of ectomycorrhizal fungal mycelium across a <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> chronosequence. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2017</b> , 214, 424-431  | 9.8  | 39        |
| 25 | Plant and Microbial Uptake and Allocation of Organic and Inorganic Nitrogen Related to Plant Growth Forms and Soil Conditions at Two Subarctic Tundra Sites in Sweden. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , <b>2008</b> , 40, 171-180 | 1.8  | 37        |
| 24 | Belowground ectomycorrhizal fungal communities respond to liming in three southern Swedish coniferous forest stands. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , <b>2009</b> , 257, 2217-2225   | 3.9  | 36        |

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| 23 | Integrated long-term responses of an arcticAlpine willow and associated ectomycorrhizal fungi to an altered environment. <i>Canadian Journal of Botany</i> , <b>2006</b> , 84, 831-843   |      | 30 |
| 22 | Fungal community shifts underpin declining mycelial production and turnover across a <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> chronosequence. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 106, 490-501  | 6    | 29 |
| 21 | Optimized metabarcoding with Pacific biosciences enables semi-quantitative analysis of fungal communities. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2020</b> , 228,   | 9.8  | 28 |
| 20 | Sample Preparation for Fungal Community Analysis by High-Throughput Sequencing of Barcode Amplicons. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 1399, 61-88   | 1.4  | 25 |
| 19 | The significance of retention trees for survival of ectomycorrhizal fungi in clear-cut Scots pine forests. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 56, 1367-1378   | 5.8  | 22 |
| 18 | A tipping point in carbon storage when forest expands into tundra is related to mycorrhizal recycling of nitrogen. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2021</b> , 24, 1193-1204  | 10   | 21 |
| 17 | Soil fertility in boreal forest relates to root-driven nitrogen retention and carbon sequestration in the mor layer. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2019</b> , 221, 1492-1502   | 9.8  | 20 |
| 16 | A group of ectomycorrhizal fungi restricts organic matter accumulation in boreal forest. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2021</b> , 24, 1341-1351  | 10   | 11 |
| 15 | Crown-fire severity is more important than ground-fire severity in determining soil fungal community development in the boreal forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 109, 504-518                                    | 6    | 11 |
| 14 | Boreal Forests Sequester Large Amounts of Mercury over Millennial Time Scales in the Absence of Wildfire. <i>Environmental Science &amp; Technology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 51, 2621-2627  | 10.3 | 9  |
| 13 | Carbon use efficiency of mycorrhizal fungal mycelium increases during the growing season but decreases with forest age across a <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> chronosequence. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 107, 2808-2822 | 6    | 8  |
| 12 | Rhizosphere allocation by canopy-forming species dominates soil CO efflux in a subarctic landscape. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2020</b> , 227, 1818-1830  | 9.8  | 8  |
| 11 | Fungal ecology in boreal forest ecosystems <b>2016</b> , 387-404   |      | 7  |
| 10 | Immobilization of Carbon in Mycorrhizal Mycelial Biomass and Secretions <b>2017</b> , 413-440  |      | 5  |
| 9  | Divergent responses of Diversity among organism groups to a strong environmental gradient. <i>Ecosphere</i> , <b>2016</b> , 7, e01535  | 3.1  | 4  |
| 8  | Root associated fungi respond more strongly than rhizosphere soil fungi to N fertilization in a boreal forest. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , <b>2021</b> , 766, 142597   | 10.2 | 4  |
| 7  | Distribution patterns of fungal taxa and inferred functional traits reflect the non-uniform vertical stratification of soil microhabitats in a coastal pine forest. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 95,         | 4.3  | 3  |
| 6  | Quantification of tree fine roots by real-time PCR. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , <b>2019</b> , 440, 593-600   | 4.2  | 3  |

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|---|---|------|---|
| 5 | Plant-microbe interactions in response to grassland herbivory and nitrogen eutrophication. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , <b>2021</b> , 156, 108208                             | 7.5  | 2 |
| 4 | Reindeer control over subarctic treeline alters soil fungal communities with potential consequences for soil carbon storage. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 27, 4254-4268 | 11.4 | 2 |
| 3 | Declining fungal diversity in Arctic freshwaters along a permafrost thaw gradient. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 27, 5889-5906   | 11.4 | 2 |
| 2 | Ectomycorrhizal Fungal Responses to Forest Liming and Wood Ash Addition: Review and Meta-analysis <b>2017</b> , 223-252   |      | 1 |
| 1 | Community composition of aquatic fungi across the thawing Arctic. <i>Scientific Data</i> , <b>2021</b> , 8, 221   | 8.2  |   |