

jean-Jacques Schott

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

107
papers

12,228
citations

38742

50
h-index

30087

103
g-index

113
all docs

113
docs citations

113
times ranked

10153
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genome-wide association study reveals novel genetic loci: a new polygenic risk score for mitral valve prolapse. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2022, 43, 1668-1680.	2.2	25
2	Genome-wide association analyses identify new Brugada syndrome risk loci and highlight a new mechanism of sodium channel regulation in disease susceptibility. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2022, 54, 232-239.	21.4	55
3	Enhancing rare variant interpretation in inherited arrhythmias through quantitative analysis of consortium disease cohorts and population controls. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2021, 23, 47-58.	2.4	57
4	Cadherin 2-Related Arrhythmogenic Cardiomyopathy. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2021, 14, e003097.	3.6	21
5	<scp>DZIP1</scp> regulates mammalian cardiac valve development through a Cby1â€²â€²catenin mechanism. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2021, 250, 1432-1449.	1.8	6
6	Replacement Myocardial Fibrosis in Patients With Mitral Valve Prolapse. <i>Circulation</i> , 2021, 143, 1763-1774.	1.6	81
7	A consistent arrhythmogenic trait in Brugada syndrome cellular phenotype. <i>Clinical and Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 11, e413.	4.0	5
8	Functionally validated <i>SCN5A</i> variants allow interpretation of pathogenicity and prediction of lethal events in Brugada syndrome. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021, 42, 2854-2863.	2.2	37
9	Genome-Wide Association Meta-Analysis Supports Genes Involved in Valve and Cardiac Development to Associate With Mitral Valve Prolapse. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2021, 14, e003148.	3.6	7
10	A standardised hERG phenotyping pipeline to evaluate KCNH2 genetic variant pathogenicity. <i>Clinical and Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 11, e609.	4.0	7
11	Cardiac Emerinopathy. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2020, 13, e008712.	4.8	20
12	<i>SCN5A</i> Mutation Type and a Genetic Risk Score Associate Variably With Brugada Syndrome Phenotype in <i>SCN5A</i> Families. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2020, 13, e002911.	3.6	41
13	Transethnic Genome-Wide Association Study Provides Insights in the Genetic Architecture and Heritability of Long QT Syndrome. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 142, 324-338.	1.6	83
14	Genetic Association Analyses Highlight <i>IL6</i> , <i>ALPL</i> , and <i>NAV1</i> As 3 New Susceptibility Genes Underlying Calcific Aortic Valve Stenosis. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2019, 12, e002617.	3.6	45
15	Genetic Variation in <i>LPA</i> , Calcific Aortic Valve Stenosis in Patients Undergoing Cardiac Surgery, and Familial Risk of Aortic Valve Microcalcification. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2019, 4, 620.	6.1	32
16	Primary cilia defects causing mitral valve prolapse. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2019, 11, .	12.4	76
17	<i>RRAD</i> mutation causes electrical and cytoskeletal defects in cardiomyocytes derived from a familial case of Brugada syndrome. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 3081-3094.	2.2	48
18	Genome-Wide Association Studyâ€“Driven Gene-Set Analyses, Genetic, and Functional Follow-Up Suggest <i>GLIS1</i> as a Susceptibility Gene for Mitral Valve Prolapse. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2019, 12, e002497.	3.6	31

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19	eDiVAâ€”Classification and prioritization of pathogenic variants for clinical diagnostics. Human Mutation, 2019, 40, 865-878.	2.5	19
20	Mental stress test: a rapid, simple, and efficient test to unmask long QT syndrome. Europace, 2018, 20, 2014-2020.	1.7	15
21	Genetics of syndromic and non-syndromic mitral valve prolapse. Heart, 2018, 104, 978-984.	2.9	44
22	Rare Coding Variants in ANGPTL6 Are Associated with Familial Forms of Intracranial Aneurysm. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 133-141.	6.2	37
23	New insights into mitral valve dystrophy: a Filamin-A genotypeâ€”phenotype and outcome study. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, 1269-1277.	2.2	44
24	SCN5A mutations in 442 neonates and children: genotypeâ€”phenotype correlation and identification of higher-risk subgroups. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, 2879-2887.	2.2	33
25	Localized Structural Alterations Underlying a Subset of Unexplained Sudden Cardiac Death. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2018, 11, e006120.	4.8	67
26	Familial Catecholamine-Induced QT Prolongation in Unexplained Sudden Cardiac Death. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 69, 1642-1643.	2.8	7
27	The alternatively spliced LRRFIP1 Isoform-1 is a key regulator of the Wnt/Î²-catenin transcription pathway. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 2017, 1864, 1142-1152.	4.1	13
28	Clinical Yield of Familial Screening After Sudden Death in Young Subjects. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2017, 10, .	4.8	29
29	Progressive Atrial Conduction Defects Associated With Bone Malformation Caused by a Connexin-45 Mutation. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 70, 358-370.	2.8	27
30	TRPM4 non-selective cation channel variants in long QT syndrome. BMC Medical Genetics, 2017, 18, 31.	2.1	26
31	DoEstRare: A statistical test to identify local enrichments in rare genomic variants associated with disease. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0179364.	2.5	7
32	The Brugada Syndrome: A Rare Arrhythmia Disorder with Complex Inheritance. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2016, 3, 9.	2.4	48
33	Variants of Transient Receptor Potential Melastatin Member 4 in Childhood Atrioventricular Block. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, .	3.7	50
34	Identification of novel APOB mutations by targeted next-generation sequencing for the molecular diagnosis of familial hypobetalipoproteinemia. Atherosclerosis, 2016, 250, 52-56.	0.8	17
35	Variants in the <i>SCN5A</i> Promoter Associated With Various Arrhythmia Phenotypes. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, .	3.7	22
36	Dysfunction of the Voltageâ€”Gated K ⁺ Channel Î²2 Subunit in a Familial Case of Brugada Syndrome. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, .	3.7	20

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37	Search for Rare Copy-Number Variants in Congenital Heart Defects Identifies Novel Candidate Genes and a Potential Role for FOXC1 in Patients With Coarctation of the Aorta. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics</i> , 2016, 9, 86-94.	5.1	38
38	Targeted resequencing identifies TRPM4 as a major gene predisposing to progressive familial heart block type I. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 207, 349-358.	1.7	62
39	MVP-Associated Filamin A Mutations Affect FlnA-PTPN12 (PTP-PEST) Interactions. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Development and Disease</i> , 2015, 2, 233-247.	1.6	15
40	Analysis for Genetic Modifiers of Disease Severity in Patients With Long-QT Syndrome Type 2. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics</i> , 2015, 8, 447-456.	5.1	51
41	Testing the burden of rare variation in arrhythmia-susceptibility genes provides new insights into molecular diagnosis for Brugada syndrome. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015, 24, 2757-2763.	2.9	130
42	Fine-scale human genetic structure in Western France. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2015, 23, 831-836.	2.8	31
43	Mitral valve disease—morphology and mechanisms. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 2015, 12, 689-710.	13.7	281
44	Mutations in DCHS1 cause mitral valve prolapse. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 525, 109-113.	27.8	150
45	Genetic association analyses highlight biological pathways underlying mitral valve prolapse. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2015, 47, 1206-1211.	21.4	103
46	Brugada Syndrome and Nav1.5. <i>Cardiac Electrophysiology Clinics</i> , 2014, 6, 715-721.	1.7	0
47	Complex Brugada syndrome inheritance in a family harbouring compound SCN5A and CACNA1C mutations. <i>Basic Research in Cardiology</i> , 2014, 109, 446.	5.9	20
48	Genetic association study of QT interval highlights role for calcium signaling pathways in myocardial repolarization. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2014, 46, 826-836.	21.4	281
49	Valvular dystrophy associated filamin A mutations reveal a new role of its first repeats in small-GTPase regulation. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2014, 1843, 234-244.	4.1	30
50	Myotonic dystrophy type 1 mimics and exacerbates Brugada phenotype induced by Nav1.5 sodium channel loss-of-function mutation. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2014, 11, 1393-1400.	0.7	19
51	Common variants at SCN5A-SCN10A and HEY2 are associated with Brugada syndrome, a rare disease with high risk of sudden cardiac death. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013, 45, 1044-1049.	21.4	467
52	Identification of Large Families in Early Repolarization Syndrome. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 61, 164-172.	2.8	81
53	Molecular Genetics and Functional Anomalies in a Series of 248 Brugada Cases with 11 Mutations in the TRPM4 Channel. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e54131.	2.5	131
54	Genome Wide Analysis of Drug-Induced Torsades de Pointes: Lack of Common Variants with Large Effect Sizes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e78511.	2.5	57

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55	Progressive Cardiac Conduction Disease. , 2013, , 583-603.		0
56	A Connexin40 Mutation Associated With a Malignant Variant of Progressive Familial Heart Block Type I. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2012, 5, 163-172.	4.8	58
57	Parental Electrocardiographic Screening Identifies a High Degree of Inheritance for Congenital and Childhood Nonimmune Isolated Atrioventricular Block. Circulation, 2012, 126, 1469-1477.	1.6	25
58	A Large Candidate Gene Survey Identifies the <i>KCNE1</i> D85N Polymorphism as a Possible Modulator of Drug-Induced Torsades de Pointes. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2012, 5, 91-99.	5.1	150
59	Identification of a strong genetic background for progressive cardiac conduction defect by epidemiological approach. Heart, 2012, 98, 1305-1310.	2.9	13
60	Developmental basis for filamin-A-associated myxomatous mitral valve disease. Cardiovascular Research, 2012, 96, 109-119.	3.8	68
61	Characteristics and long-term outcome of non-immune isolated atrioventricular block diagnosed in utero or early childhood: a multicentre study. European Heart Journal, 2012, 33, 622-629.	2.2	68
62	KLHL3 mutations cause familial hyperkalemic hypertension by impairing ion transport in the distal nephron. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 456-460.	21.4	281
63	Multifocal Ectopic Purkinje-Related Premature Contractions. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2012, 60, 144-156.	2.8	156
64	Screening for Copy Number Variation in Genes Associated With the Long QT Syndrome. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 57, 40-47.	2.8	78
65	Hereditary Cardiac Conduction Diseases. , 2011, , 253-260.		0
66	Filamin-A-Related Myxomatous Mitral Valve Dystrophy: Genetic, Echocardiographic and Functional Aspects. Journal of Cardiovascular Translational Research, 2011, 4, 748-756.	2.4	39
67	Defects in Ankyrin-Based Membrane Protein Targeting Pathways Underlie Atrial Fibrillation. Circulation, 2011, 124, 1212-1222.	1.6	102
68	<i>MOG1</i>. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2011, 4, 261-268.	5.1	151
69	Expression of the familial cardiac valvular dystrophy gene, filaminâ€A, during heart morphogenesis. Developmental Dynamics, 2010, 239, 2118-2127.	1.8	46
70	An international compendium of mutations in the SCN5A-encoded cardiac sodium channel in patients referred for Brugada syndrome genetic testing. Heart Rhythm, 2010, 7, 33-46.	0.7	649
71	Variable Nav1.5 Protein Expression from the Wild-Type Allele Correlates with the Penetrance of Cardiac Conduction Disease in the Scn5a+/- Mouse Model. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e9298.	2.5	67
72	SCN5A Mutations and the Role of Genetic Background in the Pathophysiology of Brugada Syndrome. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2009, 2, 552-557.	5.1	262

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73	Ventricular Fibrillation with Prominent Early Repolarization Associated with a Rare Variant of KCNJ8/K _{ATP} Channel. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2009, 20, 93-98.	1.7	269
74	Type of SCN5A mutation determines clinical severity and degree of conduction slowing in loss-of-function sodium channelopathies. Heart Rhythm, 2009, 6, 341-348.	0.7	224
75	Genetic mechanisms of mitral valve prolapse. Current Cardiovascular Risk Reports, 2008, 2, 463-467.	2.0	5
76	Progressive Cardiac Conduction Disease. , 2008, , 564-576.		6
77	Exon organization and novel alternative splicing of the human ANK2 gene: Implications for cardiac function and human cardiac disease. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2008, 45, 724-734.	1.9	31
78	Sodium channel blocker tests allow a clear distinction of electrophysiological characteristics and prognosis in patients with a type 2 or 3 Brugada electrocardiogram pattern. Heart Rhythm, 2008, 5, 1561-1564.	0.7	16
79	Dysfunction in ankyrin-B-dependent ion channel and transporter targeting causes human sinus node disease. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2008, 105, 15617-15622.	7.1	163
80	Sodium channel β 1 subunit mutations associated with Brugada syndrome and cardiac conduction disease in humans. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2008, 118, 2260-8.	8.2	400
81	Clinical Aspects and Prognosis of Brugada Syndrome in Children. Circulation, 2007, 115, 2042-2048.	1.6	275
82	Mutations in the Gene Encoding Filamin A as a Cause for Familial Cardiac Valvular Dystrophy. Circulation, 2007, 115, 40-49.	1.6	257
83	Defining the Cellular Phenotype of β -Ankyrin-B Syndrome Variants. Circulation, 2007, 115, 432-441.	1.6	161
84	Torsades de pointes complicating atrioventricular block: Evidence for a genetic predisposition. Heart Rhythm, 2007, 4, 170-174.	0.7	48
85	Monomorphic Ventricular Tachycardia Due to Brugada Syndrome Successfully Treated by Hydroquinidine Therapy in a 3-Year-Old Child. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2006, 17, 97-100.	1.7	49
86	Progressive Cardiac Conduction Defect is the Prevailing Phenotype in Carriers of a Brugada Syndrome β 1 SCN5A Mutation. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2006, 17, 270-275.	1.7	90
87	Familial Aggregation of Calcific Aortic Valve Stenosis in the Western Part of France. Circulation, 2006, 113, 856-860.	1.6	74
88	14-3-3 Is a Regulator of the Cardiac Voltage-Gated Sodium Channel Nav1.5. Circulation Research, 2006, 98, 1538-1546.	4.5	77
89	Unusual clinical presentation in a family with catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia due to a G14876A ryanodine receptor gene mutation. American Journal of Cardiology, 2005, 95, 700-702.	1.6	22
90	A Common Antitussive Drug, Clobutinol, Precipitates the Long QT Syndrome 2. Molecular Pharmacology, 2004, 66, 1093-1102.	2.3	53

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91	Novel Brugada <i>SCN5A</i> Mutation Leading to ST Segment Elevation in the Inferior or the Right Precordial Leads. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2003, 14, 200-203.	1.7	97
92	Ankyrin-B mutation causes type 4 long-QT cardiac arrhythmia and sudden cardiac death. <i>Nature</i> , 2003, 421, 634-639.	27.8	926
93	Haploinsufficiency in combination with aging causes <i>SCN5A</i> -linked hereditary Long QT syndrome. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2003, 41, 643-652.	2.8	158
94	Cardiac retention of Ca^{2+} in genotyped long QT patients: a potential amplifier role for severity of the disease. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2003, 285, H1286-H1293.	3.2	31
95	Genotype-phenotype relationship in Brugada syndrome: electrocardiographic features differentiate <i>SCN5A</i> -related patients from non- <i>SCN5A</i> -related patients. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2002, 40, 350-356.	2.8	360
96	Familial Deafness, Congenital Heart Defects, and Posterior Embryotoxon Caused by Cysteine Substitution in the First Epidermal-Growth-Factor-Like Domain of Jagged 1. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2002, 71, 180-186.	6.2	63
97	Non-invasive testing of acquired long QT syndrome Evidence for multiple arrhythmogenic substrates. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2001, 50, 386-398.	3.8	53
98	Novel <i>SCN5A</i> Mutation Leading Either to Isolated Cardiac Conduction Defect or Brugada Syndrome in a Large French Family. <i>Circulation</i> , 2001, 104, 3081-3086.	1.6	348
99	Loss of function and inhibitory effects of human <i>CSX/NKX2.5</i> homeoprotein mutations associated with congenital heart disease. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2000, 106, 299-308.	8.2	149
100	Cardiac Expression of the Ventricle-Specific Homeobox Gene <i>Irx4</i> Is Modulated by <i>Nkx2-5</i> and <i>dHand</i> . <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2000, 217, 266-277.	2.0	183
101	Clinical characteristics of a familial inherited myxomatous valvular dystrophy mapped to Xq28. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2000, 35, 1890-1897.	2.8	48
102	Cardiac conduction defects associate with mutations in <i>SCN5A</i> . <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1999, 23, 20-21.	21.4	549
103	Mapping of X-Linked Myxomatous Valvular Dystrophy to Chromosome Xq28. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1998, 62, 627-632.	6.2	86
104	Congenital Heart Disease Caused by Mutations in the Transcription Factor <i>NKX2-5</i> . , 1998, 281, 108-111.		1,156
105	A genetic linkage map of the rat derived from recombinant inbred strains. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 1996, 7, 117-127.	2.2	108
106	Mapping of quantitative trait loci for blood pressure and cardiac mass in the rat by genome scanning of recombinant inbred strains.. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 1995, 96, 1973-1978.	8.2	146
107	A radiation hybrid map of 506 STS markers spanning human chromosome 11. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1994, 8, 70-76.	21.4	157