

Sushil K Jain

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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167
papers

11,053
citations

36691

53
h-index

36203

101
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168
all docs

168
docs citations

168
times ranked

15463
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hydrogen Sulfide Regulates Irisin and Glucose Metabolism in Myotubes and Muscle of HFD-Fed Diabetic Mice. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2022, 11, 1369.	2.2	8
2	Reduced 25(OH) Vitamin D Association with Lower Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Blood Levels in Type 2 Diabetic Patients. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 40, 98-103.	1.1	11
3	G6PD deficiency shifts polarization of monocytes/macrophages towards a proinflammatory and profibrotic phenotype. <i>Cellular and Molecular Immunology</i> , 2021, 18, 770-772.	4.8	13
4	<scp>l</scp>-Cysteine Stimulates the Effect of Vitamin D on Inhibition of Oxidative Stress, IL-8, and MCP-1 Secretion in High Glucose Treated Monocytes. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 40, 327-332.	1.1	17
5	Novel Invasive and Noninvasive Cardiac-Specific Biomarkers in Obesity and Cardiovascular Diseases. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2020, 18, 10-30.	0.5	50
6	Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency Activates Endothelial Cell and Leukocyte Adhesion Mediated via the TGF β ² /NADPH Oxidases/ROS Signaling Pathway. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 7474.	1.8	16
7	The potential link between inherited G6PD deficiency, oxidative stress, and vitamin D deficiency and the racial inequities in mortality associated with COVID-19. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2020, 161, 84-91.	1.3	55
8	Can Vitamin D and L-Cysteine Co-Supplementation Reduce 25(OH)-Vitamin D Deficiency and the Mortality Associated with COVID-19 in African Americans?. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 39, 694-699.	1.1	35
9	L-Cysteine and Vitamin D Co-Supplementation Alleviates Markers of Musculoskeletal Disorders in Vitamin D-Deficient High-Fat Diet-Fed Mice. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 3406.	1.7	11
10	L-cysteine Supplementation Increases Blood Levels of Hydrogen Sulfide and Nitrite, and Decreases Insulin Resistance and Vascular Inflammation in Zucker Diabetic Rats. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020, 4, nzaa045_038.	0.1	0
11	Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency is linked with cardiovascular disease. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2020, 43, 582-584.	1.5	15
12	Hydrogen sulfide regulates circadian-clock genes in C2C12 myotubes and the muscle of high-fat-diet-fed mice. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2019, 672, 108054.	1.4	13
13	Glutathione deficiency induces epigenetic alterations of vitamin D metabolism genes in the livers of high-fat diet-fed obese mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 14784.	1.6	54
14	Hyperglycemia (high-glucose) decreases l-cysteine and glutathione levels in cultured monocytes and blood of Zucker diabetic rats. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2019, 459, 151-156.	1.4	5
15	Glutathione deficiency alters the vitamin D-metabolizing enzymes CYP27B1 and CYP24A1 in human renal proximal tubule epithelial cells and kidney of HFD-fed mice. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2019, 131, 376-381.	1.3	30
16	Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency increases cell adhesion molecules and activates human monocyte-endothelial cell adhesion: Protective role of l-cysteine. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2019, 663, 11-21.	1.4	30
17	L-Cysteine in vitro can restore cellular glutathione and inhibits the expression of cell adhesion molecules in G6PD-deficient monocytes. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2018, 50, 909-921.	1.2	26
18	Hydrogen sulfide increases glutathione biosynthesis, and glucose uptake and utilisation in C ₂ C ₁₂ mouse myotubes. <i>Free Radical Research</i> , 2018, 52, 288-303.	1.5	53

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19	1,25(OH) ₂ -vitamin D ₃ upregulates glucose uptake mediated by SIRT1/IRS1/GLUT4 signaling cascade in C2C12 myotubes. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2018, 444, 103-108.	1.4	30
20	Glutathione Stimulates Vitamin D Regulatory and Glucose-Metabolism Genes, Lowers Oxidative Stress and Inflammation, and Increases 25-Hydroxy-Vitamin D Levels in Blood: A Novel Approach to Treat 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Deficiency. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2018, 29, 1792-1807.	2.5	69
21	Vitamin D supplementation inhibits oxidative stress and upregulate SIRT1/AMPK/GLUT4 cascade in high glucose-treated 3T3L1 adipocytes and in adipose tissue of high fat diet-fed diabetic mice. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2017, 615, 22-34.	1.4	130
22	Manganese supplementation increases adiponectin and lowers ICAM-1 and creatinine blood levels in Zucker type 2 diabetic rats, and downregulates ICAM-1 by upregulating adiponectin multimerization protein (DsbA-L) in endothelial cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 429, 1-10.	1.4	12
23	L-Cysteine supplementation increases insulin sensitivity mediated by upregulation of GSH and adiponectin in high glucose treated 3T3-L1 adipocytes. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2017, 630, 54-65.	1.4	18
24	Adiponectin, a Therapeutic Target for Obesity, Diabetes, and Endothelial Dysfunction. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2017, 18, 1321.	1.8	771
25	Hyperketonemia and ketosis increase the risk of complications in type 1 diabetes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2016, 95, 268-277.	1.3	135
26	L-cysteine supplementation upregulates glutathione (GSH) and vitamin D binding protein (VDBP) in hepatocytes cultured in high glucose and in vivo in liver, and increases blood levels of GSH, VDBP, and 25-hydroxyvitamin D in Zucker diabetic fatty rats. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2016, 60, 1090-1098.	1.5	35
27	Resting Heart Rate Variability, Inflammation, and Insulin Resistance in Overweight and Obese Adolescents. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2016, 14, 291-297.	0.5	25
28	L-Cysteine supplementation increases adiponectin synthesis and secretion, and GLUT4 and glucose utilization by upregulating disulfide bond A-like protein expression mediated by MCP-1 inhibition in 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to high glucose. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 414, 105-113.	1.4	19
29	1,25(OH) ₂ D ₃ inhibits oxidative stress and monocyte adhesion by mediating the upregulation of GCLC and GSH in endothelial cells treated with acetoacetate (ketosis). <i>Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2016, 159, 94-101.	1.2	48
30	Altered cord blood lipid profile, insulin resistance & growth restriction during the perinatal period & its potential role in the risk of developing cardiovascular disease later in life. <i>Indian Journal of Medical Research</i> , 2016, 144, 151.	0.4	3
31	Role of Hyperketonemia in Inducing Oxidative Stress and Cellular Damage in Cultured Hepatocytes and Type 1 Diabetic Rat Liver. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 37, 2160-2170.	1.1	20
32	Phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-Triphosphate and Cellular Signaling: Implications for Obesity and Diabetes. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 35, 1253-1275.	1.1	60
33	Hyperketonemia (Acetoacetate) Upregulates NADPH Oxidase 4 and Elevates Oxidative Stress, ICAM-1, and Monocyte Adhesivity in Endothelial Cells. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 35, 364-373.	1.1	52
34	Can L-Cysteine and Vitamin D Rescue Vitamin D and Vitamin D Binding Protein Levels in Blood Plasma of African American Type 2 Diabetic Patients?. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2015, 23, 688-693.	2.5	22
35	Effect of Hyperketonemia (Acetoacetate) on Nuclear Factor- κ B and p38 Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Activation Mediated Intercellular Adhesion Molecule 1 Upregulation in Endothelial Cells. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2015, 13, 71-77.	0.5	10
36	Obesity, Oxidative Stress, Adipose Tissue Dysfunction, and the Associated Health Risks: Causes and Therapeutic Strategies. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2015, 13, 423-444.	0.5	670

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37	Vitamin D (VD) prevents oxidative stress via regulating NOX4/Nrf2/Trx signaling cascade and upregulates SIRT1-mediated AMPK/IRS1/GLUT4 pathway and glucose uptake in high glucose treated 3T3L1 adipocytes. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, 253.1.	0.2	5
38	L-Cysteine Supplementation Increases Adiponectin Synthesis and Secretion by Upregulating Disulfide Bond Alike Protein in 3T3L1 Adipocytes Exposed to High Glucose. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, LB290.	0.2	0
39	Vitamin D Inhibits ROS, ICAM-1, and Monocyte Adhesion in High Glucose and Acetoacetate Treated Endothelial Cells by Upregulating GSH. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, 253.8.	0.2	0
40	Vitamin D and L-cysteine levels correlate positively with GSH and negatively with insulin resistance levels in the blood of type 2 diabetic patients. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014, 68, 1148-1153.	1.3	65
41	Effect of PIP3 on Adhesion Molecules and Adhesion of THP-1 Monocytes to HUVEC Treated with High Glucose. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 1197-1204.	1.1	15
42	Hydrogen Sulfide Upregulates Glutamate-Cysteine Ligase Catalytic Subunit, Glutamate-Cysteine Ligase Modifier Subunit, and Glutathione and Inhibits Interleukin-1 β Secretion in Monocytes Exposed to High Glucose Levels. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2014, 12, 299-302.	0.5	26
43	L-Cysteine supplementation reduces high-glucose and ketone-induced adhesion of monocytes to endothelial cells by inhibiting ROS. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 391, 251-256.	1.4	14
44	Decreased Cystathionine- β -lyase (CSE) Activity in Livers of Type 1 Diabetic Rats and Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMC) of Type 1 Diabetic Patients. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2014, 289, 11767-11778.	1.6	61
45	The link between vitamin D metabolism and sleep medicine. <i>Sleep Medicine Reviews</i> , 2014, 18, 311-319.	3.8	106
46	Intraoperative and Postoperative Blood Glucose Concentrations in Diabetic Surgical Patients Receiving Lactated Ringer's Versus Normal Saline: A Retrospective Review of Medical Records. <i>Ochsner Journal</i> , 2014, 14, 175-8.	0.5	4
47	PIP3 but not PIP2 increases GLUT4 surface expression and glucose metabolism mediated by AKT/PKC ζ /I β phosphorylation in 3T3L1 adipocytes. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 381, 291-299.	1.4	23
48	Vitamin D upregulates glutamate cysteine ligase and glutathione reductase, and GSH formation, and decreases ROS and MCP-1 and IL-8 secretion in high-glucose exposed U937 monocytes. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2013, 437, 7-11.	1.0	182
49	In African American Type 2 Diabetic Patients, Is Vitamin D Deficiency Associated with Lower Blood Levels of Hydrogen Sulfide and Cyclic Adenosine Monophosphate, and Elevated Oxidative Stress?. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2013, 18, 1154-1158.	2.5	37
50	Beneficial Role of L-Cysteine and H ₂ S Rich Fruits and Vegetables in Diabetic Pathophysiology. <i>ACS Symposium Series</i> , 2013, , 147-157.	0.5	1
51	L-cysteine and hydrogen sulfide increase PIP3 and AMPK/PPAR γ expression and decrease ROS and vascular inflammation markers in high glucose treated human U937 monocytes. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 114, 2334-2345.	1.2	70
52	Vitamin D up-regulates glucose transporter 4 (GLUT4) translocation and glucose utilization mediated by cystathionine- β -lyase (CSE) activation and H ₂ S formation in 3T3L1 adipocytes.. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013, 288, 24871.	1.6	1
53	Manganese Supplementation Reduces High Glucose-induced Monocyte Adhesion to Endothelial Cells and Endothelial Dysfunction in Zucker Diabetic Fatty Rats. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013, 288, 6409-6416.	1.6	39
54	Diabetic and non-diabetic human cornea and tear γ -glutamyl transpeptidase activity. <i>Clinical Ophthalmology</i> , 2013, 7, 99.	0.9	6

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55	Hyperketonemia induces upregulation of LFA-1 in monocytes, which is mediated by ROS and P38 MAPK activation. <i>Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 90, 1642-1646.	0.7	9
56	The Effect of Sleep Apnea and Insomnia on Blood Levels of Leptin, Insulin Resistance, IP-10, and Hydrogen Sulfide in Type 2 Diabetic Patients. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2012, 10, 331-336.	0.5	35
57	Decreased Hepatic Phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-Triphosphate (PIP3) Levels and Impaired Glucose Homeostasis in Type 1 and Type 2 Diabetic Rats. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2012, 30, 1363-1370.	1.1	23
58	Elevated Acetoacetate and Monocyte Chemotactic Protein-1 Levels in Cord Blood of Infants of Diabetic Mothers. <i>Neonatology</i> , 2012, 102, 163-168.	0.9	26
59	Vitamin D Up-regulates Glucose Transporter 4 (GLUT4) Translocation and Glucose Utilization Mediated by Cystathionine- β -lyase (CSE) Activation and H ₂ S Formation in 3T3L1 Adipocytes. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2012, 287, 42324-42332.	1.6	131
60	Relationship between hydrogen sulfide levels and HDL-cholesterol, adiponectin, and potassium levels in the blood of healthy subjects. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 225, 242-245.	0.4	40
61	<scp>L</scp>-Cysteine supplementation as an adjuvant therapy for type-2 diabetes. <i>Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 90, 1061-1064.	0.7	28
62	Effect of chromium dinicocysteinat supplementation on circulating levels of insulin, <scp>TNF</scp>â€, oxidative stress, and insulin resistance in type 2 diabetic subjects: Randomized, doubleâ€blind, placeboâ€controlled study. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2012, 56, 1333-1341.	1.5	59
63	Manganese downregulates ICAMâ€1 expression in endothelial cells treated with high glucose. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012, 26, 1026.1.	0.2	0
64	Toll-like receptor-4 and vascular inflammation in diabetes: Editorial. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2011, 55, 446-447.	1.4	12
65	Effect of prematurity on protein glycosylation in the newborn. <i>Pediatrics International</i> , 2011, 53, 480-482.	0.2	0
66	Oxidative stress, insulin signaling, and diabetes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2011, 50, 567-575.	1.3	1,064
67	Hyperketonemia decreases mitochondrial membrane potential and its normalization with chromium (III) supplementation in monocytes. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2011, 349, 77-82.	1.4	11
68	Effects of High Glucose and Ketosis (Acetoacetate, γ -Hydroxybutyrate) on PAI-1 Secretion in Human Umbilical Vascular Endothelial Cells. <i>Clinical and Applied Thrombosis/Hemostasis</i> , 2011, 17, 288-292.	0.7	6
69	Hydrogen Sulfide and L-Cysteine Increase Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-Trisphosphate (PIP3) and Glucose Utilization by Inhibiting Phosphatase and Tensin Homolog (PTEN) Protein and Activating Phosphoinositide 3-Kinase (PI3K)/Serine/Threonine Protein Kinase (AKT)/Protein Kinase C (PKC) in 3T3L1 Adipocytes. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 39848-39859.	1.6	92
70	Hyperketonemia increases monocyte adhesion to endothelial cells and is mediated by LFA-1 expression in monocytes and ICAM-1 expression in endothelial cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 301, E298-E306.	1.8	33
71	Insulin Resistance and Glucose Metabolism in Childhood Obesity. , 2011, , 201-207.		0
72	Chromium dinicocysteinat supplementation can lower blood glucose, CRP, MCPâ€1, ICAMâ€1, creatinine, apparently mediated by elevated blood vitamin C and adiponectin and inhibition of NFâ€ κ B, Akt, and Glutâ€2 in livers of zucker diabetic fatty rats. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2010, 54, 1371-1380.	1.5	73

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73	Low Levels of Hydrogen Sulfide in the Blood of Diabetes Patients and Streptozotocin-Treated Rats Causes Vascular Inflammation?. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2010, 12, 1333-1337.	2.5	271
74	Metabolic Syndrome and Cancer. <i>Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders</i> , 2009, 7, 279-288.	0.5	145
75	L-Cysteine supplementation lowers blood glucose, glycated hemoglobin, CRP, MCP-1, and oxidative stress and inhibits NF- κ B activation in the livers of Zucker diabetic rats. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2009, 46, 1633-1638.	1.3	82
76	Curcumin Supplementation Lowers TNF- α , IL-6, IL-8, and MCP-1 Secretion in High Glucose-Treated Cultured Monocytes and Blood Levels of TNF- α , IL-6, MCP-1, Glucose, and Glycosylated Hemoglobin in Diabetic Rats. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2009, 11, 241-249.	2.5	245
77	Chromium dinicotinate supplementation decreases blood glucose, glycosylated hemoglobin, CRP, MCP-1 and lipid peroxidation, and increases adiponectin and vitamin C levels in Zucker Type 2 diabetic fatty rats. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2009, 23, 990.30.	0.2	1
78	L-Cysteine supplementation lowers blood glucose, CRP, MCP-1 and inhibits NF κ B and Akt activation in liver of Zucker diabetic rats. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2009, 23, 345.2.	0.2	0
79	The effect of maternal and cord-blood vitamin C, vitamin E and lipid peroxide levels on newborn birth weight. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2008, 309, 217-221.	1.4	27
80	Aluminum Enhances Iron Uptake and Expression of Neurofibrillary Tangle Protein in Neuroblastoma Cells. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 72, 2059-2064.	2.1	34
81	Can tryptophan oxidation lead to lower tryptophan level in diabetes? A commentary on "Propagation of protein glycation damage involves modification of tryptophan residues via reactive oxygen species: Inhibition by pyridoxamine". <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2008, 44, 1273-1275.	1.3	7
82	Relationship of elevated osteoprotegerin with insulin resistance, CRP, and TNF- α levels in men with type 2 diabetes. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2008, 44, 168-171.	1.4	54
83	Effect of Hyperketonemia (acetoacetate) on Apoptosis in Human U937 Monocytes. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 614.24.	0.2	0
84	High Glucose and Ketosis (Acetoacetate) Increases, and Chromium Niacinate Decreases, IL-6, IL-8, and MCP-1 Secretion and Oxidative Stress in U937 Monocytes. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2007, 9, 1581-1590.	2.5	53
85	Thiazolidinedione Treatment Decreases Bone Mineral Density in Type 2 Diabetic Men. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2007, 30, 1574-1576.	4.3	147
86	Plasma and urine levels of resistin and adiponectin in chronic kidney disease. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2007, 37, 1-5.	1.4	50
87	Plasma Levels of Cell-Free Apoptotic DNA Ladders and Gamma-Glutamyltranspeptidase (GGT) in Diabetic Children. <i>Experimental Biology and Medicine</i> , 2007, 232, 1160-1169.	1.1	9
88	Vitamin B6 (pyridoxamine) supplementation and complications of diabetes. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2007, 56, 168-171.	1.5	22
89	Effect of chromium niacinate and chromium picolinate supplementation on lipid peroxidation, TNF- α , IL-6, CRP, glycated hemoglobin, triglycerides, and cholesterol levels in blood of streptozotocin-treated diabetic rats. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2007, 43, 1124-1131.	1.3	138
90	Trivalent Chromium Supplementation Inhibits Oxidative Stress, Protein Glycosylation, and Vascular Inflammation in High Glucose-Exposed Human Erythrocytes and Monocytes. <i>Oxidative Stress and Disease</i> , 2007, , 301-313.	0.3	0

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91	Oxidative stress and metabolic diseases: Introduction. <i>Pathophysiology</i> , 2006, 13, 127-128.	1.0	6
92	Hyperketonemia (ketosis), oxidative stress and type 1 diabetes. <i>Pathophysiology</i> , 2006, 13, 163-170.	1.0	70
93	Resistin and adiponectin levels in subjects with coronary artery disease and type 2 diabetes. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2006, 34, 219-223.	1.4	72
94	Effect of curcumin on protein glycosylation, lipid peroxidation, and oxygen radical generation in human red blood cells exposed to high glucose levels. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2006, 41, 92-96.	1.3	92
95	Superoxide dismutase overexpression and cellular oxidative damage in diabetes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2006, 41, 1187-1190.	1.3	25
96	Chromium Chloride Inhibits TNF α and IL-6 Secretion in Isolated Human Blood Mononuclear Cells Exposed to High Glucose. <i>Hormone and Metabolic Research</i> , 2006, 38, 60-62.	0.7	25
97	Trivalent Chromium Inhibits Protein Glycosylation and Lipid Peroxidation in High Glucose-Treated Erythrocytes. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2006, 8, 238-241.	2.5	36
98	Effect of Niacin-Bound Chromium Complex (NBC) on IL-6 Secretion and Oxidative Stress Caused by High-Glucose (HG) in Cultured U937 Monocytes.. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, A559.	0.2	0
99	Advanced glycation end products and oxidative stress are increased in chronic allograft nephropathy. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2004, 43, 154-160.	2.1	43
100	Effect of vitamin B 6 on oxygen radicals, mitochondrial membrane potential, and lipid peroxidation in H ₂ O ₂ -treated U937 monocytes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2004, 36, 423-428.	1.3	167
101	Protective effects of 17 β -estradiol and trivalent chromium on interleukin-6 secretion, oxidative stress, and adhesion of monocytes: Relevance to heart disease in postmenopausal women. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2004, 37, 1730-1735.	1.3	31
102	Antioxidants prevent aluminum-induced toxicity in cultured hepatocytes. <i>Journal of Inorganic Biochemistry</i> , 2004, 98, 1129-1134.	1.5	19
103	Progesterone, but not 17 β -estradiol, increases TNF- α secretion in U937 monocytes. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2004, 26, 102-105.	1.4	39
104	Oxygen radical generation and endosulfan toxicity in Jurkat T-cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2003, 247, 1-7.	1.4	19
105	Garlic attenuates hypercholesterolemic risk factors in olive oil fed rats and high cholesterol fed rats. <i>Pathophysiology</i> , 2003, 9, 127-132.	1.0	21
106	Elevated Blood Interleukin-6 Levels in Hyperketonemic Type 1 Diabetic Patients and Secretion by Acetoacetate-Treated Cultured U937 Monocytes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2003, 26, 2139-2143.	4.3	95
107	Ketosis, Tumor Necrosis Factor- α and Cardiovascular Disease in Type-1 Diabetic Patients. <i>Progress in Experimental Cardiology</i> , 2003, , 455-463.	0.0	0
108	Hyperketonemia Increases Tumor Necrosis Factor- α Secretion in Cultured U937 Monocytes and Type 1 Diabetic Patients and Is Apparently Mediated by Oxidative Stress and cAMP Deficiency. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2002, 51, 2287-2293.	0.3	101

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109	Effect of high-glucose levels on protein oxidation in cultured lens cells, and in crystalline and albumin solution and its inhibition by vitamin B6 and N-acetylcysteine: its possible relevance to cataract formation in diabetes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2002, 33, 1615-1621.	1.3	48
110	Chromium Chloride Inhibits Oxidative Stress and TNF- α Secretion Caused by Exposure to High Glucose in Cultured U937 Monocytes. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2001, 289, 687-691.	1.0	85
111	Pyridoxine and pyridoxamine inhibits superoxide radicals and prevents lipid peroxidation, protein glycosylation, and (Na ⁺ + K ⁺)-ATPase activity reduction in high glucose-treated human erythrocytes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2001, 30, 232-237.	1.3	199
112	Ketosis and the Generation of Oxygen Radicals in Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2001, 498, 221-227.	0.8	5
113	Lipoic acid decreases lipid peroxidation and protein glycosylation and increases (Na ⁺ + K ⁺)- and Ca ⁺⁺ -ATPase activities in high glucose-treated human erythrocytes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2000, 29, 1122-1128.	1.3	78
114	Evidence for the induction of apoptosis by endosulfan in a human T-cell leukemic line. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2000, 205, 53-66.	1.4	104
115	Oxidative stress and apoptosis. <i>Pathophysiology</i> , 2000, 7, 153-163.	1.0	984
116	Effect of LDL+VLDL oxidizability and hyperglycemia on blood cholesterol, phospholipid and triglyceride levels in Type-I diabetic patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2000, 149, 69-73.	0.4	9
117	Effect of hyperketonemia on plasma lipid peroxidation levels in diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 1999, 22, 1171-1175.	4.3	60
118	Photo-oxidative Stress Down-modulates the Activity of Nuclear Factor- κ B via Involvement of Caspase-1, Leading to Apoptosis of Photoreceptor Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1999, 274, 3734-3743.	1.6	122
119	Protein and lipid oxidation of banked human erythrocytes. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1999, 27, 1041-1049.	1.3	125
120	Effect of Hyperketonemia on Blood Monocytes in Type-I Diabetic Patients and Apoptosis in Cultured U937 Monocytes. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 1999, 1, 211-220.	2.5	21
121	Dietary supplementation with olive oil influences iron concentrations in rats. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 1999, 19, 1665-1670.	1.3	4
122	Hyperketonemia can increase lipid peroxidation and lower glutathione levels in human erythrocytes in vitro and in type 1 diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes</i> , 1999, 48, 1850-1855.	0.3	116
123	Effect of vitamin E and N-acetylcysteine on phosphatidylserine externalization and induction of coagulation by high-glucose-treated human erythrocytes. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 1999, 48, 957-959.	1.5	22
124	MOLECULAR MECHANISMS OF CELLULAR LIPID PEROXIDATION IN DIABETES. , 1999, , 69-73.		0
125	Hyperketonemia (Acetoacetate) Increases the Oxidizability of LDL + VLDL In Type-I Diabetic Patients. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1998, 24, 175-181.	1.3	34
126	Glutathione and Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency Can Increase Protein Glycosylation. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1998, 24, 197-201.	1.3	60

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127	Ketosis (acetoacetate) can generate oxygen radicals and cause increased lipid peroxidation and growth inhibition in human endothelial cells. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1998, 25, 1083-1088.	1.3	120
128	Propylene Glycol-Mediated Cell Injury in a Primary Culture of Human Proximal Tubule Cells. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 1998, 46, 410-417.	1.4	29
129	Propylene glycol-mediated cell injury in a primary culture of human proximal tubule cells. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 1998, 46, 410-7.	1.4	11
130	The Effect of Oxygen Radicals Metabolites and Vitamin E on Glycosylation of Proteins. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1997, 22, 593-596.	1.3	142
131	Effect of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency on reduced and oxidized glutathione and lipid peroxide levels in the blood of African-Americans. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 1996, 253, 181-183.	0.5	21
132	Vitamin E and vitamin E-quinone levels in red blood cells and plasma of newborn infants and their mothers.. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 1996, 15, 44-48.	1.1	64
133	The effect of modest vitamin E supplementation on lipid peroxidation products and other cardiovascular risk factors in diabetic patients. <i>Lipids</i> , 1996, 31, S87-S90.	0.7	57
134	Effect of elevated glucose concentrations on cellular lipid peroxidation and growth of cultured human kidney proximal tubule cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 1996, 162, 11-16.	1.4	15
135	Effect of modest vitamin E supplementation on blood glycated hemoglobin and triglyceride levels and red cell indices in type I diabetic patients.. <i>Journal of the American College of Nutrition</i> , 1996, 15, 458-461.	1.1	65
136	Lipofuscin Products, Lipid Peroxides and Aluminum Accumulation in Red Blood Cells of Hemodialyzed Patients. <i>American Journal of Nephrology</i> , 1995, 15, 306-311.	1.4	22
137	Relationship between elevated lipid peroxides, vitamin E deficiency and hypertension in preeclampsia. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 1995, 151, 33-38.	1.4	71
138	Elevated lipid peroxidation and vitamin e-quinone levels in heart ventricles of streptozotocin-treated diabetic rats. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 1995, 18, 337-341.	1.3	92
139	Myocardial Lipid Peroxidation and Diabetes. <i>Developments in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 1995, , 185-195.	0.1	0
140	Acute Toxicity of Propylene Glycol: An Assessment Using Cultured Proximal Tubule Cells of Human Origin. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 1994, 23, 38-43.	1.4	2
141	Aluminum alters the compartmentalization of iron in Friend erythroleukemia cells. <i>Kidney International</i> , 1994, 45, 636-641.	2.6	16
142	Acute Toxicity of Propylene Glycol: An Assessment Using Cultured Proximal Tubule Cells of Human Origin. <i>Fundamental and Applied Toxicology</i> , 1994, 23, 38-43.	1.9	25
143	Vitamin E and the hypercoagulability of neonatal blood. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 1994, 225, 97-103.	0.5	7
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146	Plasma lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase activity and cholesterol and phospholipid levels in premature newborn infants. <i>Lipids and Lipid Metabolism</i> , 1991, 1086, 225-229.	2.6	7
147	Reduced Vitamin E and Increased Lipofuscin Products in Erythrocytes of Diabetic Rats. <i>Diabetes</i> , 1991, 40, 1241-1244.	0.3	68
148	Low Plasma Prealbumin and Carotenoid Levels in Sickle Cell Disease Patients. <i>American Journal of the Medical Sciences</i> , 1990, 299, 13-15.	0.4	10
149	The effect of malonyldialdehyde on viscosity of normal and sickle red blood cells. <i>Biochemical Medicine and Metabolic Biology</i> , 1990, 44, 37-41.	0.7	22
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151	The accumulation of malonyldialdehyde, an end product of membrane lipid peroxidation, can cause potassium leak in normal and sickle red blood cells. <i>Biochemical Medicine and Metabolic Biology</i> , 1989, 42, 60-65.	0.7	20
152	Vitamin E and Membrane Abnormalities in Red Cells of Sickle Cell Disease Patients and Newborn Infants. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1989, 570, 461-463.	1.8	1
153	Evidence for membrane lipid peroxidation during the in vivo aging of human erythrocytes. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes</i> , 1988, 937, 205-210.	1.4	186
154	Vitamin C and Sickle Cell Disease. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1987, 498, 484-486.	1.8	0
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156	Membrane lipid peroxidation in erythrocytes of the newborn. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 1986, 161, 301-306.	0.5	43
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164	Calcium potentiates the peroxidation of erythrocyte membrane lipids. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes</i> , 1981, 642, 46-54.	1.4	67
165	Membrane alterations in phenylhydrazine-induced reticulocytes. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 1980, 201, 683-687.	1.4	51
166	Polymerization of membrane components in aging red blood cells. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 1980, 92, 247-254.	1.0	173
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