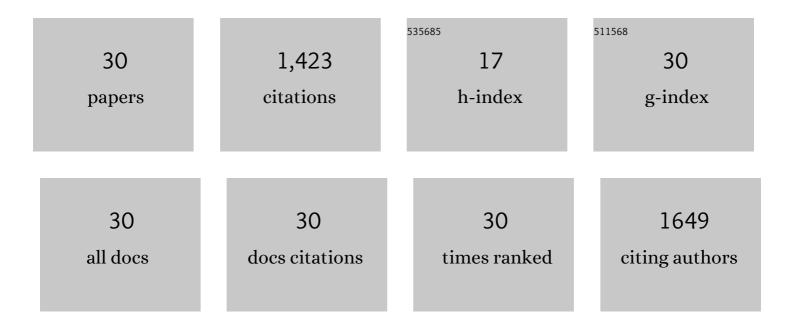
Gerard Burke

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Correlation of maternal body mass index with umbilical artery Doppler in pregnancies complicated by fetal growth restriction and associated outcomes. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 154, 352-357.	1.0	3
2	The prediction of morbidity related to vaginal delivery in nulliparous women – A secondary analysis from the genesis multicenter trial. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2021, 264, 276-280.	0.5	1
3	Inter-hospital comparison of Cesarean delivery rates should not be considered to reflect quality of care without consideration of patient heterogeneity: An observational study. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2020, 250, 112-116.	0.5	3
4	Defining the upper limit of the second stage of labor in nulliparous patients. American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology MFM, 2019, 1, 100029.	1.3	5
5	Prenatal prediction of significant intertwin birthweight discordance using standard second and third trimester sonographic parameters. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 472-478.	1.3	12
6	Prediction of cesarean delivery in the term nulliparous woman: results from the prospective, multicenter GenesisÂstudy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 216, 598.e1-598.e11.	0.7	61
7	Pregnancy-specific stress, fetoplacental haemodynamics, and neonatal outcomes in women with small for gestational age pregnancies: a secondary analysis of the multicentre Prospective Observational Trial to Optimise Paediatric Health in Intrauterine Growth Restriction. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015326.	0.8	14
8	Gestational hypertensive disease in twin pregnancy: Influence on outcomes in a large national prospective cohort. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 56, 466-470.	0.4	10
9	The effect of maternal obesity on sonographic fetal weight estimation and perinatal outcome in pregnancies complicated by fetal growth restriction. Journal of Clinical Ultrasound, 2016, 44, 34-39.	0.4	22
10	Dichorionic twin ultrasound surveillance: sonography every 4 weeks significantly underperforms sonography every 2 weeks: results of the Prospective Multicenter ESPRiTÂStudy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 213, 551.e1-551.e5.	0.7	11
11	Comparison of outcomes of twins conceived spontaneously and by artificial reproductive therapy. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2014, 27, 458-462.	0.7	15
12	The influence of maternal body mass index on fetal weight estimation in twin pregnancy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 350.e1-350.e6.	0.7	6
13	The role of brain sparing in the prediction of adverse outcomes in intrauterine growth restriction: results of theÂmulticenter PORTO Study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 288.e1-288.e5.	0.7	150
14	Fetal growth restriction and the risk of perinatal mortality–case studies from the multicentre PORTO study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 63.	0.9	116
15	Definition and management of fetal growth restriction: a survey of contemporary attitudes. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2014, 174, 41-45.	0.5	57
16	Defining the residual risk of adverse perinatal outcome in growth-restricted fetuses with normal umbilical artery blood flow. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 420.e1-420.e5.	0.7	35
17	Predictable progressive Doppler deterioration in IUGR:ÂdoesÂitÂreally exist?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 209, 539.e1-539.e7.	0.7	85
18	The customized fetal growth potential: a standard for Ireland. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2013, 166, 14-17.	0.5	32

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Optimizing the definition of intrauterine growth restriction: the multicenter prospective PORTO Study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 208, 290.e1-290.e6.	0.7	303
20	Prediction of outcome in twin pregnancy with first and early second trimester ultrasound. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2013, 26, 1030-1035.	0.7	19
21	The Role of Growth Trajectories in Classifying Fetal Growth Restriction. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 122, 248-254.	1.2	47
22	Optimum Timing for Planned Delivery of Uncomplicated Monochorionic and Dichorionic Twin Pregnancies. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 119, 50-59.	1.2	62
23	Study Protocol. IDUS – Instrumental delivery & ultrasound. A multi-centre randomised controlled trial of ultrasound assessment of the fetal head position versus standard care as an approach to prevent morbidity at instrumental delivery. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2012, 12, 95.	0.9	9
24	Placental pathology, birthweight discordance, and growth restriction in twin pregnancy: results of the ESPRiT Study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 207, 220.e1-220.e5.	0.7	47
25	Definition of Intertwin Birth Weight Discordance. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 118, 94-103.	1.2	115
26	115: Optimum timing of delivery for monochorionic twins: evidence from the prospective multicenter ESPRiT study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 204, S59-S60.	0.7	1
27	Prediction of safe and successful vaginal twin birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 237.e1-237.e7.	0.7	40
28	Placental cord insertion and birthweight discordance in twin pregnancies: results of the national prospective ESPRiT Study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 376.e1-376.e7.	0.7	115
29	Delivery Following Cesarean Section and Perinatal Mortality. American Journal of Perinatology, 1989, 6, 90-94.	0.6	17
30	Trial of labour following prior section; a 5 year prospective study (1982–1987). European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 1989, 31, 109-117.	0.5	10