Jennifer Zeitlin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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267 papers

12,783 citations

56 h-index 101 g-index

284 all docs

284 docs citations

times ranked

284

11255 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Stillbirths: rates, risk factors, and acceleration towards 2030. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 587-603.	13.7	1,220
2	National, regional, and worldwide estimates of stillbirth rates in 2015, with trends from 2000: a systematic analysis. The Lancet Global Health, 2016, 4, e98-e108.	6.3	671
3	Stillbirths: recall to action in high-income countries. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 691-702.	13.7	481
4	Stillbirths: ending preventable deaths by 2030. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 703-716.	13.7	282
5	Migration to western industrialised countries and perinatal health: A systematic review. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 69, 934-946.	3.8	268
6	Preterm birth time trends in Europe: a study of 19 countries. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2013, 120, 1356-1365.	2.3	252
7	Customized versus population-based birth weight standards for identifying growth restricted infants: A French multicenter study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 194, 1042-1049.	1.3	245
8	Black-white differences in severe maternal morbidity and site of care. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 122.e1-122.e7.	1.3	201
9	Wide differences in mode of delivery within Europe: riskâ€stratified analyses of aggregated routine data from the Euroâ€Peristat study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 559-568.	2.3	190
10	Global, regional, and national estimates and trends in stillbirths from 2000 to 2019: a systematic assessment. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 772-785.	13.7	186
11	Fetal sex and preterm birth: are males at greater risk?. Human Reproduction, 2002, 17, 2762-2768.	0.9	173
12	Impact of Fetal Growth Restriction on Mortality and Morbidity in a Very Preterm Birth Cohort. Journal of Pediatrics, 2010, 157, 733-739.e1.	1.8	171
13	Site of delivery contribution to black-white severe maternal morbidity disparity. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 143-152.	1.3	168
14	Stillbirths and infant deaths among migrants in industrialized countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2009, 88, 134-148.	2.8	167
15	The relationship between intrauterine growth restriction and preterm delivery: an empirical approach using data from a European caseâ€control study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2000, 107, 750-758.	2.3	166
16	Somali women and their pregnancy outcomes postmigration: data from six receiving countries. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 1630-1640.	2.3	165
17	Employment, working conditions, and preterm birth: results from the Europop case-control survey. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2004, 58, 395-401.	3.7	146
18	International migration and adverse birth outcomes: role of ethnicity, region of origin and destination. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 243-251.	3.7	144

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19	Differences in Morbidity and Mortality Rates in Black, White, and Hispanic Very Preterm Infants Among New York City Hospitals. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 269.	6.2	141
20	Variations in rates of severe perineal tears and episiotomies in 20 European countries: a study based on routine national data in Euroâ€Peristat Project. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 746-754.	2.8	138
21	Are risk factors the same for small for gestational age versus other preterm births?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2001, 185, 208-215.	1.3	130
22	General obstetrics: Preterm birth and multiple pregnancy in European countries participating in the PERISTAT project. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2006, 113, 528-535.	2.3	127
23	Poor effectiveness of antenatal detection of fetal growth restriction and consequences for obstetric management and neonatal outcomes: a <scp>F</scp> rench national study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 518-527.	2.3	127
24	Differences in Rates and Short-term Outcome of Live Births Before 32 Weeks of Gestation in Europe in 2003: Results From the MOSAIC Cohort. Pediatrics, 2008, 121, e936-e944.	2.1	126
25	Use of evidence based practices to improve survival without severe morbidity for very preterm infants: results from the EPICE population based cohort. BMJ, The, 2016, 354, i2976.	6.0	122
26	Rates of Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia in Very Preterm Neonates in Europe: Results from the MOSAIC Cohort. Neonatology, 2011, 99, 112-117.	2.0	114
27	Indicators of fetal and infant health outcomes. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2003, 111, S66-S77.	1.1	112
28	Admission Hypothermia in Very Preterm Infants and Neonatal Mortality and Morbidity. Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 175, 61-67.e4.	1.8	108
29	Investigating the variations in survival rates for very preterm infants in 10 European regions: the MOSAIC birth cohort. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2008, 94, F158-F163.	2.8	107
30	Association of Race/Ethnicity With Very Preterm Neonatal Morbidities. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 1061.	6.2	106
31	Association of Short Antenatal Corticosteroid Administration-to-Birth Intervals With Survival and Morbidity Among Very Preterm Infants. JAMA Pediatrics, 2017, 171, 678.	6.2	101
32	Improving hospital quality to reduce disparities in severe maternal morbidity and mortality. Seminars in Perinatology, 2017, 41, 266-272.	2.5	90
33	Epidemiology of late preterm and early term births – An international perspective. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 24, 3-10.	2.3	90
34	International comparisons of infant mortality and related factors: United States and Europe, 2010. National Vital Statistics Reports, 2014, 63, 1-6.	10.7	90
35	Variations in breastfeeding rates for very preterm infants between regions and neonatal units in Europe: results from the MOSAIC cohort. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2011, 96, F450-F452.	2.8	88
36	Fetal sex and indicated very preterm birth: results of the EPIPAGE study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 190, 1322-1325.	1.3	84

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37	Association Between Hospital-Level Obstetric Quality Indicators and Maternal and Neonatal Morbidity. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2014, 312, 1531.	7.4	82
38	What contributes to disparities in the preterm birth rate in European countries?. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 27, 133-142.	2.0	82
39	Race and Ethnicity, Medical Insurance, and Within-Hospital Severe Maternal Morbidity Disparities. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 135, 285-293.	2.4	82
40	Variations in Multiple Birth Rates and Impact on Perinatal Outcomes in Europe. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0149252.	2.5	79
41	Severe Maternal Morbidity Among Hispanic Women in New York City. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 129, 285-294.	2.4	78
42	What about the mothers? An analysis of maternal mortality and morbidity in perinatal health surveillance systems in Europe. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2012, 119, 880-890.	2.3	77
43	Temporal Trends in Late Preterm and Early Term Birth Rates in 6 High-Income Countries in North America and Europe and Association With Clinician-Initiated Obstetric Interventions. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2016, 316, 410.	7.4	75
44	The second European Perinatal Health Report: documenting changes over 6â€years in the health of mothers and babies in Europe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2013, 67, 983-985.	3.7	72
45	Gestational Age Patterns of Fetal and Neonatal Mortality in Europe: Results from the Euro-Peristat Project. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24727.	2.5	70
46	Out-of-hospital births and the supply of maternity units in France. Health and Place, 2011, 17, 1170-1173.	3.3	68
47	Declines in stillbirth and neonatal mortality rates in Europe between 2004 and 2010: results from the Euro-Peristat project. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 609-615.	3.7	66
48	Variation in rates of postterm birth in Europe: reality or artefact?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2007, 114, 1097-1103.	2.3	65
49	Obstetric Interventions for Lowâ€Risk Pregnant Women in France: Do Maternity Unit Characteristics Make a Difference?. Birth, 2012, 39, 183-191.	2.2	65
50	Marital status, cohabitation, and the risk of preterm birth in Europe: where births outside marriage are common and uncommon. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2002, 16, 124-130.	1.7	64
51	Cause of Preterm Birth as a Prognostic Factor for Mortality. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 40-48.	2.4	64
52	Perinatal health monitoring in Europe: results from the EURO-PERISTAT project. Informatics for Health and Social Care, 2010, 35, 64-79.	2.6	63
53	Quality of Care and Disparities in Obstetrics. Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinics of North America, 2017, 44, 13-25.	1.9	63
54	Room for improvement in breast milk feeding after very preterm birth in Europe: Results from the <scp>EPICE c</scp> ohort. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2018, 14, .	3.0	63

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55	The European Perinatal Health Report: comparing the health and care of pregnant women and newborn babies in Europe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2009, 63, 681-682.	3.7	62
56	Obstetric interventions for babies born before 28â€∫weeks of gestation in Europe: results of the MOSAIC study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1481-1491.	2.3	61
57	Characteristics of Neonatal Units That Care for Very Preterm Infants in Europe: Results From the MOSAIC Study. Pediatrics, 2007, 120, e815-e825.	2.1	60
58	International migration and gestational diabetes mellitus: a systematic review of the literature and metaâ€analysis. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2011, 25, 575-592.	1.7	59
59	Neighborhood Racial And Economic Polarization, Hospital Of Delivery, And Severe Maternal Morbidity. Health Affairs, 2020, 39, 768-776.	5.2	58
60	Association of Very Preterm Birth or Very Low Birth Weight With Intelligence in Adulthood. JAMA Pediatrics, 2021, 175, e211058.	6.2	58
61	Regionalization of perinatal care in Europe. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2004, 9, 99-110.	2.7	57
62	Migration and perinatal health surveillance: An international Delphi survey. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2010, 149, 37-43.	1.1	56
63	Low breastfeeding continuation to 6Âmonths for very preterm infants: <scp>A E</scp> uropean multiregional cohort study. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2019, 15, e12657.	3.0	55
64	Selecting an indicator set for monitoring and evaluating perinatal health in Europe: criteria, methods and results from the PERISTAT project. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2003, 111, S5-S14.	1.1	54
65	Disparities in preâ€eclampsia and eclampsia among immigrant women giving birth in six industrialised countries. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2014, 121, 1492-1500.	2.3	54
66	PERISTAT: Indicators for monitoring and evaluating perinatal health in Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2003, 13, 29-37.	0.3	53
67	Termination of pregnancy among very preterm births and its impact on very preterm mortality: results from ten European population-based cohorts in the MOSAIC study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 361-368.	2.3	52
68	Differences in outcome between twins and singletons born very preterm: results from a population-based European cohort. Human Reproduction, 2010, 25, 1035-1043.	0.9	52
69	Variation in term birthweight across European countries affects the prevalence of small for gestational age among very preterm infants. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 1447-1455.	1.5	52
70	Wide variation in severe neonatal morbidity among very preterm infants in European regions. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2019, 104, F36-F45.	2.8	50
71	Preterm birth and maternal country of birth in a French district with a multiethnic population. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2004, 111, 849-855.	2.3	49
72	International Comparisons of Fetal and Neonatal Mortality Rates in High-Income Countries: Should Exclusion Thresholds Be Based on Birth Weight or Gestational Age?. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e64869.	2.5	49

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73	Variations in very preterm birth rates in 30 highâ€income countries: are valid international comparisons possible using routine data?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 785-794.	2.3	49
74	Perinatal health inequalities and accessibility of maternity services in a rural French region: Closing maternity units in Burgundy. Health and Place, 2013, 24, 225-233.	3.3	45
75	Rates of very preterm birth in Europe and neonatal mortality rates. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2009, 94, F253-F256.	2.8	44
76	Counting stillbirths and COVID 19â€"there has never been a more urgent time. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e10-e11.	6.3	44
77	Level of Perinatal Care of the Maternity Unit and Rate of Cesarean in Low-Risk Nulliparas. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 107, 1269-1277.	2.4	43
78	Changes in care and outcome of very preterm babies in the Parisian region between 1998 and 2003. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2010, 95, F188-F193.	2.8	43
79	Socioeconomic inequalities in stillbirth rates in Europe: measuring the gap using routine data from the Euro-Peristat Project. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2016, 16, 15.	2.4	42
80	Neighbourhood deprivation and very preterm birth in an English and French cohort. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 97.	2.4	41
81	Impact of maternity unit closures on access to obstetrical care: The French experience between 1998 and 2003. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 67, 1521-1529.	3.8	40
82	Do very preterm twins and singletons differ in their neurodevelopment at 5â€years of age?. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2013, 98, F480-F487.	2.8	40
83	Varying gestational age patterns in cesarean delivery: an international comparison. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 321.	2.4	40
84	Development of the Migrant Friendly Maternity Care Questionnaire (MFMCQ) for migrants to Western societies: an international Delphi consensus process. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 200.	2.4	40
85	Variability in the management and outcomes of extremely preterm births across five European countries: a population-based cohort study. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2017, 102, F400-F408.	2.8	39
86	Can the Apgar Score be Used for International Comparisons of Newborn Health?. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2017, 31, 338-345.	1.7	38
87	The risk of prelabor and intrapartum cesareanÂdelivery among overweight and obese women: possible preventive actions. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 241.e1-241.e9.	1.3	37
88	Duration and Time Trends in Hospital Stay for Very Preterm Infants Differ Across European Regions*. Pediatric Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 19, 1153-1161.	0.5	37
89	Methodological difficulties in the comparison of indicators of perinatal health across Europe. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2003, 111, S33-S44.	1.1	36
90	International versus national growth charts for identifying small and large-for-gestational age newborns: A population-based study in 15 European countries. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 8, 100167.	5.6	36

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91	Changes in the rates of caesarean delivery before labour for breech presentation at term in France: 1972–2003. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2007, 132, 20-26.	1.1	35
92	Quantifying the burden of stillbirths before 28 weeks of completed gestational age in high-income countries: a population-based study of 19 European countries. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1639-1646.	13.7	35
93	Paradoxical Trends and Racial Differences in Obstetric Quality and Neonatal and Maternal Mortality. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 1201-1208.	2.4	34
94	Fetal Growth Restriction Is Associated With Malaria in Pregnancy: A Prospective Longitudinal Study in Benin. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 214, 417-425.	4.0	34
95	Fetal and neonatal outcomes of preterm infants born before 32 weeks ofÂgestation according to antenatal vs postnatal assessments of restrictedÂgrowth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 216, 516.e1-516.e10.	1.3	34
96	Cohort Profile: Effective Perinatal Intensive Care in Europe (EPICE) very preterm birth cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 372-386.	1.9	34
97	A big-data approach to producing descriptive anthropometric references: a feasibility and validation study of paediatric growth charts. The Lancet Digital Health, 2019, 1, e413-e423.	12.3	33
98	Antenatal detection of fetal growth restriction and risk of stillbirth: populationâ€based case–control study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 613-620.	1.7	33
99	Maternal Education Is Associated with Disparities in Breastfeeding at Time of Discharge but Not at Initiation of Enteral Feeding in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit. Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 182, 59-65.e7.	1.8	32
100	Do differences in maternal age, parity and multiple births explain variations in fetal and neonatal mortality rates in Europe? – Results from the EUROâ€PERISTAT project. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2009, 23, 292-300.	1.7	31
101	Evidence-Based Neonatal Unit Practices and Determinants of Postnatal Corticosteroid-Use in Preterm Births below 30 Weeks GA in Europe. A Population-Based Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0170234.	2.5	31
102	Approaches to supporting lactation and breastfeeding for very preterm infants in the NICU: a qualitative study in three European regions. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006973.	1.9	29
103	Cohort profile: effect of malaria in early pregnancy on fetal growth in Benin (RECIPAL) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT	Overlock (1 <mark>0</mark> Tf 50 26
104	Socio-demographic risk factors for perinatal mortality A study of perinatal mortality in the French district of Seine-Saint-Denis. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 1998, 77, 826-835.	2.8	28
105	Mortality patterns among very preterm babies: a comparative analysis of two European regions in France and England. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2007, 92, 356-360.	2.8	28
106	The Influence of Fetal Growth Reference Standards on Assessment of Cognitive andÂAcademic Outcomes of Very Preterm Children. Journal of Pediatrics, 2012, 161, 1053-1058.e1.	1.8	28
107	Where does distance matter? Distance to the closest maternity unit and risk of foetal and neonatal mortality in France. European Journal of Public Health, 2014, 24, 905-910.	0.3	28
108	The role of obesity in the risk of gestational diabetes among immigrant and U.Sborn women in New York City. Annals of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 242-248.	1.9	28

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109	What Do We Know about Risk Factors for Fetal Growth Restriction in Africa at the Time of Sustainable Development Goals? A Scoping Review. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2018, 32, 184-196.	1.7	28
110	Racial and Economic Neighborhood Segregation, Site of Delivery, and Morbidity and Mortality in Neonates Born Very Preterm. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 235, 116-123.	1.8	28
111	Preterm birth in a French population: the importance of births by medical decision. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2003, 110, 430-432.	2.3	27
112	Choice in maternity care: associations with unit supply, geographic accessibility and user characteristics. International Journal of Health Geographics, 2012, 11, 35.	2.5	27
113	PERISTAT: Indicators for monitoring and evaluating perinatal health in Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2003, 13, 29-37.	0.3	26
114	Distribution of maternity units and spatial access to specialised care for women delivering before 32 weeks of gestation in Europe. Health and Place, 2010, 16, 531-538.	3.3	26
115	Patent Ductus Arteriosus Treatment in Very Preterm Infants: A European Population-Based Cohort Study (EPICE) on Variation and Outcomes. Neonatology, 2017, 111, 367-375.	2.0	26
116	Impact of stillbirths on international comparisons of preterm birth rates: a secondary analysis of the ⟨scp⟩ WHO⟨/scp⟩ multiâ€country survey of Maternal and Newborn Health. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 1346-1354.	2.3	26
117	How do late terminations of pregnancy affect comparisons of stillbirth rates in Europe? Analyses of aggregated routine data from the Euroâ€Peristat Project. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2018, 125, 226-234.	2.3	26
118	Should parity be included in customised fetal weight standards for identifying smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age babies? Results from a French multicentre study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 1256-1264.	2.3	25
119	Does the Presence of Risk Factors for Fetal Growth Restriction Increase the Probability of Antenatal Detection? A <scp>F</scp> rench National Study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2016, 30, 46-55.	1.7	25
120	Gestational age at diagnosis of earlyâ€onset fetal growth restriction and impact on management and survival: a populationâ€based cohort study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 1899-1906.	2.3	25
121	Perinatal health monitoring through a European lens: eight lessons from the Euroâ€Peristat report on 2015 births. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 1518-1522.	2.3	25
122	EPICE cohort: two-year neurodevelopmental outcomes after very preterm birth. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2020, 105, 350-356.	2.8	25
123	Choosing where to deliver: decision criteria among women with low-risk pregnancies in France. Social Science and Medicine, 2004, 58, 2279-2289.	3.8	24
124	Variability in caesarean section rates for very preterm births at 28–31 weeks of gestation in 10 European regions: Results of the MOSAIC project. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2010, 149, 147-152.	1.1	24
125	Essential variables for reporting research studies on fetal growth restriction: a Delphi consensus. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 53, 609-614.	1.7	24
126	Cohort Profile: the Etude Epid \tilde{A} @miologique sur les Petits Ages Gestationnels-2 (EPIPAGE-2) preterm birth cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, 1428-1429m.	1.9	24

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127	Neighbourhood socioâ€economic characteristics and the risk of preterm birth for migrant and nonâ€migrant women: a study in a French district. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2011, 25, 347-356.	1.7	23
128	Are risk factors for preterm and early-term live singleton birth the same? A population-based study in France. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e018745.	1.9	23
129	International variations in the gestational age distribution of births: an ecological study in 34 high-income countries. European Journal of Public Health, 2018, 28, 303-309.	0.3	23
130	Maternal education and language development at 2 years corrected age in children born very preterm: results from a European population-based cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 74, 346-353.	3.7	23
131	Using Robson's Tenâ€Group Classification System for comparing caesarean section rates in Europe: an analysis of routine data from the Euroâ€Peristat study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 1444-1453.	2.3	23
132	Prevalence and duration of breast milk feeding in very preterm infants: A 3â€year followâ€up study and a systematic literature review. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2018, 32, 237-246.	1.7	22
133	Breastfeeding outcomes in European NICUs: impact of parental visiting policies. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2019, 104, F151-F158.	2.8	22
134	Stillbirth classification in population-based data and role of fetal growth restriction: the example of RECODE. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 182.	2.4	21
135	Changes in management policies for extremely preterm births and neonatal outcomes from 2003 to 2012: two populationâ€based studies in ten European regions. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 124, 1595-1604.	2.3	21
136	Are selection criteria for healthy pregnancies responsible for the gap between fetal growth in the French national Elfe birth cohort and the Intergrowthâ€21st fetal growth standards?. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2019, 33, 47-56.	1.7	21
137	Association of Chorioamnionitis with Cerebral Palsy at Two Years after Spontaneous Very Preterm Birth: The EPIPAGE-2 Cohort Study. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 222, 71-78.e6.	1.8	21
138	Linking databases on perinatal health: a review of the literature and current practices in Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2016, 26, 422-430.	0.3	20
139	Comparison of the Hadlock and INTERGROWTH formulasÂfor calculating estimated fetal weight inÂaÂpreterm population in France. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 219, 476.e1-476.e12.	1.3	20
140	Priorities for collaborative research using very preterm birth cohorts. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2020, 105, 538-544.	2.8	20
141	Strategies for assessing the impact of loss to follow-up on estimates of neurodevelopmental impairment in a very preterm cohort at 2 years of age. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2021, 21, 118.	3.1	20
142	Parents' ratings of post-discharge healthcare for their children born very preterm and their suggestions for improvement: a European cohort study. Pediatric Research, 2021, 89, 1004-1012.	2.3	19
143	Presentation of European project models of organiSing access to intensive care for very preterm births in Europe (MOSAIC): Using European diversity to explore models for the care of very preterm babies. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2005, 118, 272-274.	1.1	18
144	Organisation of obstetric services for very preterm births in Europe: results from the MOSAIC project. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1364-1372.	2.3	18

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145	The European perinatal health report: Delivering comparable data for examining differences in maternal and infant health. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2009, 146, 149-151.	1.1	18
146	Variation in very preterm extrauterine growth in a European multicountry cohort. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2021, 106, 316-323.	2.8	18
147	Cause of preterm birth and late-onset sepsis in very preterm infants: the EPIPAGE-2 cohort study. Pediatric Research, 2021, 90, 584-592.	2.3	18
148	Maternal education and cognitive development in 15 European very-preterm birth cohorts from the RECAP <i>Preterm</i> platform. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 50, 1824-1839.	1.9	18
149	Socio-demographic risk factors for perinatal mortality A study of perinatal mortality in the French district of Seine-Saint-Denis. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 1998, 77, 826-835.	2.8	17
150	Use of magnesium sulfate before 32â€weeks of gestation: a European population-based cohort study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013952.	1.9	17
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