

Glen D L Mola

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

45
papers

1,307
citations

566801

15
h-index

377514

34
g-index

45
all docs

45
docs citations

45
times ranked

1819
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|---------------|-----------|
| 1 | Towards the elimination of cervical cancer in low-income and lower-middle-income countries: modelled evaluation of the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of point-of-care HPV self-collected screening and treatment in Papua New Guinea. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2022, 7, e007380. | 2.0 | 13 |
| 2 | Safety and efficacy of an oral misoprostol standardâ€¦dose regimen vs a lowâ€¦dose regimen for induction of labour in Papua New Guinean women: An openâ€¦label randomised controlled trial. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2021, 61, 554-562. | 0.4 | 1 |
| 3 | Fertility Preferences, Contraceptive Use, and the Unmet Need for Contraception in Papua New Guinea: Key Findings From 1996 to 2016. <i>Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021, 33, 101053952110342. | 0.4 | 1 |
| 4 | Point-of-care testing and treatment of sexually transmitted and genital infections during pregnancy in Papua New Guinea (WANTAIM trial): protocol for an economic evaluation alongside a cluster-randomised trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e046308. | 0.8 | 2 |
| 5 | Incidence of selfâ€¦induced abortion with misoprostol, admitted to a provincial hospital in Papua New Guinea: A prospective observational study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2021, 61, 955-960. | 0.4 | 7 |
| 6 | Induced abortion in Papuaâ€¦New Guinea: Experience and opinions of health professionals. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2021, 61, 961-968. | 0.4 | 3 |
| 7 | Mortality and morbidity after emergency peripartum hysterectomy in a provincial referral hospital in Papua New Guinea: A sevenâ€¦year audit. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2021, 61, 360-365. | 0.4 | 6 |
| 8 | Cancer of the cervix â€œ The view from Australiaâ€™s nearest neighbour. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2020, 60, 173-174. | 0.4 | 0 |
| 9 | Cancer control in the Pacific: big challenges facing small island states. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, e475-e492. | 5.1 | 31 |
| 10 | Cancer management in the Pacific region: a report on innovation and good practice. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, e493-e502. | 5.1 | 18 |
| 11 | Health communication messaging about HPV vaccine in Papua New Guinea. <i>Health Education Journal</i> , 2019, 78, 946-957. | 0.6 | 4 |
| 12 | HPV vaccination in Papua New Guinea to prevent cervical cancer in women: Gender, sexual morality, outsiders and the de-feminization of the HPV vaccine. <i>Papillomavirus Research (Amsterdam, Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Ove</i> | 107f 50 297 T | |
| 13 | Impact of the contraceptive implant on maternal and neonatal morbidity and mortality in rural Papua New Guinea: a retrospective observational cohort study. <i>Contraception</i> , 2019, 100, 42-47. | 0.8 | 8 |
| 14 | Use of assisted vaginal birth to reduce unnecessary caesarean sections and improve maternal and perinatal outcomes. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e408-e409. | 2.9 | 15 |
| 15 | Maternal and newborn health indicators in Papua New Guinea â€œ 2008â€œ2018. <i>Sexual and Reproductive Health Matters</i> , 2019, 27, 52-68. | 0.7 | 17 |
| 16 | Strategies to reduce and maintain low perinatal mortality in resourceâ€¦poor settings â€œ Findings from a fourâ€¦decade observational study of birth records from a large public maternity hospital in Papua New Guinea. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2019, 59, 394-402. | 0.4 | 5 |
| 17 | Point-of-care testing and treatment of sexually transmitted infections to improve birth outcomes in high-burden, low-income settings: Study protocol for a cluster randomized crossover trial (the Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843 1 0 rgBT /Ove | 107f 50 297 T | |
| 18 | Association between visual inspection of the cervix with acetic acid examination and highâ€¦risk human papillomavirus infection, <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> and <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> and <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> in Papua New Guinea. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2018, 58, 576-581. | 0.4 | 7 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Programmes for the prevention of parent-to-child transmission of HIV in Papua New Guinea: Health system challenges and opportunities. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2018, 33, e367-e377. | 0.7 | 5 |
| 20 | Performance of clinical screening algorithms comprising point-of-care HPV-DNA testing using self-collected vaginal specimens, and visual inspection of the cervix with acetic acid, for the detection of underlying high-grade squamous intraepithelial lesions in Papua New Guinea. <i>Papillomavirus Research</i> (Amsterdam, Netherlands), 2018, 6, 70-76. | 4.5 | 32 |
| 21 | Youth-centred research to help prevent and mitigate the adverse health and social impacts of pregnancy amongst young Papua New Guineans. <i>Reproductive Health Matters</i> , 2018, 26, 5-12. | 1.3 | 13 |
| 22 | Short-term and long-term effects of caesarean section on the health of women and children. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2018, 392, 1349-1357. | 6.3 | 682 |
| 23 | Twelve month follow-up of a contraceptive implant outreach service in rural Papua New Guinea. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2017, 57, 213-218. | 0.4 | 8 |
| 24 | Effects of Plasmodium falciparum infection on umbilical artery resistance and intrafetal blood flow distribution: a Doppler ultrasound study from Papua New Guinea. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2017, 16, 35. | 0.8 | 15 |
| 25 | Performance of syndromic management for the detection and treatment of genital Chlamydia trachomatis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae and Trichomonas vaginalis among women attending antenatal, well woman and sexual health clinics in Papua New Guinea: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e018630. | 0.8 | 33 |
| 26 | A novel point-of-care testing strategy for sexually transmitted infections among pregnant women in high-burden settings: results of a feasibility study in Papua New Guinea. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 16, 250. | 1.3 | 52 |
| 27 | Prevalence and risk factors of Chlamydia trachomatis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Trichomonas vaginalis and other sexually transmissible infections among women attending antenatal clinics in three provinces in Papua New Guinea: a cross-sectional survey. <i>Sexual Health</i> , 2016, 13, 420. | 0.4 | 33 |
| 28 | Near-misses at the Port Moresby General Hospital: a descriptive study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2016, 56, 148-153. | 0.4 | 19 |
| 29 | Midwifery capacity building in Papua New Guinea: Key achievements and ways forward. <i>Women and Birth</i> , 2016, 29, 180-188. | 0.9 | 14 |
| 30 | Trials of Vacuum Extraction. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2016, 203, 332. | 0.5 | 0 |
| 31 | The use of "mother and baby gifts" (MBGs) to increase uptake of supervised births in the Milne Bay Province of Papua New Guinea. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2015, 55, 291-293. | 0.4 | 2 |
| 32 | Maternal Health Phone Line: Saving Women in Papua New Guinea. <i>Journal of Personalized Medicine</i> , 2015, 5, 120-139. | 1.1 | 13 |
| 33 | Fetal Size in a Rural Melanesian Population with Minimal Risk Factors for Growth Restriction: An Observational Ultrasound Study from Papua New Guinea. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 92, 178-186. | 0.6 | 4 |
| 34 | Preterm or Not " An Evaluation of Estimates of Gestational Age in a Cohort of Women from Rural Papua New Guinea. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0124286. | 1.1 | 37 |
| 35 | Hospital Admission following Induced Abortion in Eastern Highlands Province, Papua New Guinea " A Descriptive Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e110791. | 1.1 | 10 |
| 36 | Unintended pregnancy amongst women attending antenatal clinics at the Port Moresby General Hospital. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2014, 54, 360-365. | 0.4 | 31 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Discrepancies between national maternal mortality data and international estimates: the experience of Papua New Guinea. <i>Reproductive Health Matters</i> , 2013, 21, 191-202. | 1.3 | 33 |
| 38 | A prospective survey of cases of complications of induced abortion presenting to Goroka hospital, Papua New Guinea, 2011. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2012, 52, 491-493. | 0.4 | 8 |
| 39 | Achieving control of cervical cancer in Papua New Guinea: what are the research and program priorities?. <i>Papua and New Guinea Medical Journal</i> , 2011, 54, 83-90. | 1.0 | 3 |
| 40 | A review of maternal deaths at Goroka General Hospital, Papua New Guinea 2005-2008. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2010, 50, 21-24. | 0.4 | 24 |
| 41 | A randomised controlled trial of two instruments for vacuum-assisted delivery (Vacca Reusable) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 1 effectiveness. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2010, 50, 246-252. | 0.4 | 14 |
| 42 | Human Papillomavirus and Cervical Cancer in Australasia and Oceania: Risk-factors, Epidemiology and Prevention. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2008, 26, M80-M88. | 1.7 | 47 |
| 43 | A case-control study of VDRL-positive antenatal clinic attenders at the Port Moresby General Hospital Antenatal Clinic and Labour Ward to determine outcomes, sociodemographic features and associated risk factors. <i>Papua and New Guinea Medical Journal</i> , 2008, 51, 17-26. | 1.0 | 1 |
| 44 | Augmentation of Labour by a Standard Protocol in Papua New Guinea. <i>Asia-Oceania Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 1990, 16, 219-224. | 0.0 | 1 |
| 45 | Point-of-care testing and treatment of sexually transmitted infections to improve birth outcomes in high-burden, low-income settings: Study protocol for a cluster randomized crossover trial (the Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 1 | 1.0 | 1 |