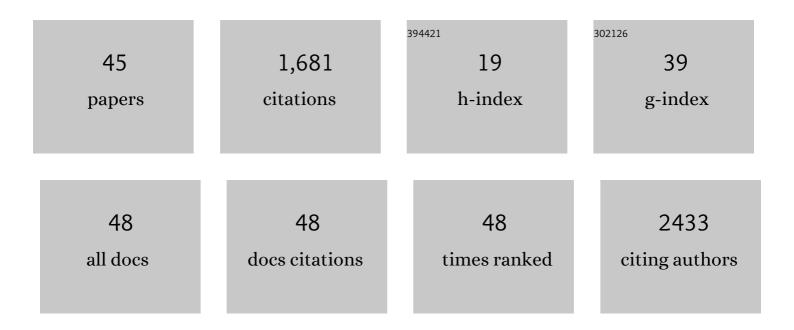
Kate Britton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6930816/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Bodies in the †Bog': A Multi-Isotope Investigation of Individual Life-Histories at an Unusual 6th/7th AD Century Group Burial from a Roman Latrine at Cramond, Scotland. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2022, 14, 1.	1.8	4
2	Palaeoproteomic analyses of dog palaeofaeces reveal a preserved dietary and host digestive proteome. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 288, 20210020.	2.6	7
3	Subarctic climate for the earliest <i>Homo sapiens</i> in Europe. Science Advances, 2021, 7, eabi4642.	10.3	25
4	Reconstructing Late Pleistocene paleoclimate at the scale of human behavior: an example from the Neandertal occupation of La Ferrassie (France). Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 1419.	3.3	17
5	Silver Linings at the Dawn of a "Golden Age― Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 9, .	2.2	4
6	Pre-contact adaptations to the Little Ice Age in Southwest Alaska: New evidence from the Nunalleq site. Quaternary International, 2020, 549, 130-141.	1.5	18
7	Anion exchange resin and slow precipitation preclude the need for pretreatments in silver phosphate preparation for oxygen isotope analysis of bioapatites. Chemical Geology, 2020, 534, 119455.	3.3	9
8	Sampling Plants and Malacofauna in 87Sr/86Sr Bioavailability Studies: Implications for Isoscape Mapping and Reconstructing of Past Mobility Patterns. Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 8, .	2.2	38
9	Environmental conditions at the Last Interglacial (Eemian) site Neumarkâ€Nord 2, Germany inferred from stable isotope analysis of freshwater mollusc opercula. Boreas, 2020, 49, 477-487.	2.4	4
10	What's the catch? Archaeological application of rapid collagen-based species identification for Pacific Salmon. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2020, 116, 105116.	2.4	19
11	CoproID predicts the source of coprolites and paleofeces using microbiome composition and host DNA content. PeerJ, 2020, 8, e9001.	2.0	32
12	Isotope bioarchaeology in historical archaeology. , 2020, , 423-442.		3
13	Megalithic tombs in western and northern Neolithic Europe were linked to a kindred society. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 9469-9474.	7.1	81
14	Oxygen isotope analysis of Equus teeth evidences early Eemian and early Weichselian palaeotemperatures at the Middle Palaeolithic site of Neumark-Nord 2, Saxony-Anhalt, Germany. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 226, 106029.	3.0	13
15	Introducing Archaeological Science. , 2019, , 3-10.		3
16	Isotope Analysis for Mobility and Climate Studies. , 2019, , 99-124.		9
17	Isotope Analysis for Diet Studies. , 2019, , 125-144.		9
18	Specialized sledge dogs accompanied Inuit dispersal across the North American Arctic. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 286, 20191929.	2.6	38

KATE BRITTON

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Oxygen isotopes in bioarchaeology: Principles and applications, challenges and opportunities. Earth-Science Reviews, 2019, 188, 77-107.	9.1	142
20	Neanderthal selective hunting of reindeer? The case study of Abri du Maras (south-eastern France). Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2019, 11, 985-1011.	1.8	34
21	Reconstructing caribou seasonal biogeography in Little Ice Age (late Holocene) Western Alaska using intra-tooth strontium and oxygen isotope analysis. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2019, 23, 1043-1054.	0.5	16
22	Potential dietary, non-metabolic accumulation of arsenic (As) in seaweed-eating sheep's teeth: Implications for archaeological studies. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2018, 94, 21-31.	2.4	2
23	Stable carbon, nitrogen and sulphur isotope analysis of permafrost preserved human hair from rescue excavations (2009, 2010) at the precontact site of Nunalleq, Alaska. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2018, 17, 950-963.	0.5	15
24	Dog-human dietary relationships in Yup'ik western Alaska: The stable isotope and zooarchaeological evidence from pre-contact Nunalleq. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2018, 17, 964-972.	0.5	24
25	Integrating isotopes and documentary evidence: dietary patterns in a late medieval and early modern mining community, Sweden. Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences, 2018, 10, 2075-2094.	1.8	4
26	THREE GENERATIONS UNDER ONE ROOF? BAYESIAN MODELING OF RADIOCARBON DATA FROM NUNALLEQ, YUKON-KUSKOKWIM DELTA, ALASKA. American Antiquity, 2018, 83, 505-524.	1.1	24
27	lsotopes and new norms: Investigating the emergence of early modern U.K. breastfeeding practices at St. Nicholas Kirk, Aberdeen. International Journal of Osteoarchaeology, 2018, 28, 510-522.	1.2	18
28	Reconstructing diet at the Neolithic stalled cairn of the Knowe of Rowiegar, Rousay, Orkney, using stable isotope analysis. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2017, 13, 272-280.	0.5	2
29	A landmark-based approach for assessing the reliability of mandibular tooth crowding as a marker of dog domestication. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2017, 85, 41-50.	2.4	30
30	A stable relationship: isotopes and bioarchaeology are in it for the long haul. Antiquity, 2017, 91, 853-864.	1.0	28
31	Season of birth and sheep husbandry in late Roman and Medieval coastal Flanders: A pilot study using tooth enamell 180 analysis. Environmental Archaeology, 2016, 21, 260-270.	1.2	8
32	Preliminary archaeoentomological analyses of permafrost-preserved cultural layers from the pre-contact Yup'ik Eskimo site of Nunalleq, Alaska: Implications, potential and methodological considerations. Environmental Archaeology, 2015, 20, 158-167.	1.2	25
33	Oxygen isotope analysis of human bone phosphate evidences weaning age in archaeological populations. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2015, 157, 226-241.	2.1	77
34	Specialized Processing of Aquatic Resources in Prehistoric Alaskan Pottery? A Lipid-Residue Analysis of Ceramic Sherds from the Thule-Period Site of Nunalleq, Alaska. Arctic Anthropology, 2014, 51, 86-100.	0.7	29
35	The genetic prehistory of the New World Arctic. Science, 2014, 345, 1255832.	12.6	264
36	Inferring animal husbandry strategies in coastal zones through stable isotope analysis: new evidence from the Flemish coastal plain (Belgium, 1st–15th century AD). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2014, 41, 322-332.	2.4	46

KATE BRITTON

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Maritime adaptations and dietary variation in prehistoric Western Alaska: Stable isotope analysis of permafrostâ€preserved human hair. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2013, 151, 448-461.	2.1	52
38	Stable isotope analysis of well-preserved 120,000-year-old herbivore bone collagen from the Middle Palaeolithic site of Neumark-Nord 2, Germany reveals niche separation between bovids and equids. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2012, 333-334, 168-177.	2.3	49
39	Strontium isotope evidence for migration in late Pleistocene Rangifer: Implications for Neanderthal hunting strategies at the Middle Palaeolithic site of Jonzac, France. Journal of Human Evolution, 2011, 61, 176-185.	2.6	139
40	New evidence for the consumption of barley at Romano-British military and civilian sites, from the analysis of cereal bran fragments in faecal material. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2011, 20, 41-52.	2.1	12
41	Reconstructing faunal migrations using intra-tooth sampling and strontium and oxygen isotope analyses: a case study of modern caribou (Rangifer tarandus granti). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2009, 36, 1163-1172.	2.4	138
42	Stable isotope evidence for salt-marsh grazing in the Bronze Age Severn Estuary, UK: implications for palaeodietary analysis at coastal sites. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2008, 35, 2111-2118.	2.4	151
43	Archaeologies of Climate Change: Perceptions and Prospects. Etudes Inuit Studies, 0, 43, 265-287.	0.2	6
44	New Isotope Evidence for Diachronic and Site-Spatial Variation in Precontact Diet during the Little Ice Age at Nunalleq, Southwest Alaska. Etudes Inuit Studies, 0, 43, 223-242.	0.2	1
45	Activity Areas or Conflict Episode? Interpreting the Spatial Patterning of Lice and Fleas at the Precontact Yup'ik Site of Nunalleq (Sixteenth to Seventeenth Centuries AD, Alaska). Etudes Inuit Studies, 0, 43, 197-221.	0.2	1