

# Christin Heidemann

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

44  
papers

1,052  
citations

759055

12  
h-index

434063

31  
g-index

47  
all docs

47  
docs citations

47  
times ranked

1337  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Participation in structured diabetes self-management education programs and its associations with self-management behaviour – a nationwide population-based study. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2022, 105, 843-850.	1.0	8
2	Sex-specific impact of major depressive disorder on 12-year change in glycaemic status: Results from a nationwide cohort study of adults without diabetes in Germany. <i>Diabetic Medicine</i> , 2022, 39, e14767.	1.2	3
3	Non-utilisation of health care services during the COVID-19 pandemic: Results of the CoMoLo study.. , 2022, 7, 2-17.		5
4	Sports activity patterns and cardio-metabolic health over time among adults in Germany: Results of a nationwide 12-year follow-up study. <i>Journal of Sport and Health Science</i> , 2021, 10, 439-446.	3.3	7
5	Estimating the impact of tax policy interventions on the projected number and prevalence of adults with type 2 diabetes in Germany between 2020 and 2040. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2021, 9, e001813.	1.2	7
6	Are depressive symptoms associated with quality of care in diabetes? Findings from a nationwide population-based study. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2021, 9, e001804.	1.2	9
7	Patterns and associated factors of diabetes self-management: Results of a latent class analysis in a German population-based study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0248992.	1.1	1
8	Perceived Access to Health Care Services and Relevance of Telemedicine during the COVID-19 Pandemic in Germany. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 7661.	1.2	28
9	Excess mortality in adults with documented diabetes in Germany: routine data analysis of all insurance claims in Germany 2013–2014. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e041508.	0.8	14
10	Diabetes free life expectancy and years of life lost associated with type 2 diabetes: projected trends in Germany between 2015 and 2040. <i>Population Health Metrics</i> , 2021, 19, 38.	1.3	15
11	Care for the chronically ill in Germany - The challenges during the COVID-19 pandemic.. , 2021, 5, 2-27.		14
12	Utilisation of outpatient medical services by people with diagnosed diabetes during the COVID-19 pandemic in Germany.. , 2021, 6, 51-58.		4
13	Health situation of adults in Germany - Results for selected indicators from GEDA 2019/2020-EHIS.. , 2021, 6, 3-25.		8
14	Gestational diabetes in Germany: Development of screening participation and prevalence.. , 2021, 6, 3-18.		2
15	Self-assessed quality of care among adults with diagnosed diabetes in Germany.. , 2021, 6, 36-42.		0
16	Healthy life years among people with and without diabetes in Germany.. , 2021, 6, 43-50.		0
17	Factors associated with undiagnosed type 2 diabetes in Germany: results from German Health Interview and Examination Survey for Adults 2008–2011. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2020, 8, e001707.	1.2	10
18	Psychometric properties of a nationwide survey for adults with and without diabetes: the ‘‘disease knowledge and information needs – diabetes mellitus (2017)–survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020, 20, 192.	1.2	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Participation in structured diabetes mellitus self-management education program and association with lifestyle behavior: results from a population-based study. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2020, 8, e001066.	1.2	12
20	Health App Use and Its Correlates Among Individuals With and Without Type 2 Diabetes: Nationwide Population-Based Survey. <i>JMIR Diabetes</i> , 2020, 5, e14396.	0.9	11
21	Perceived diabetes risk and related determinants in individuals with high actual diabetes risk: results from a nationwide population-based survey. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2019, 7, e000680.	1.2	25
22	Time trends in healthy lifestyle among adults in Germany: Results from three national health interview and examination surveys between 1990 and 2011. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0222218.	1.1	10
23	Individual and area-level determinants associated with C-reactive protein as a marker of cardiometabolic risk among adults: Results from the German National Health Interview and Examination Survey 2008-2011. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0211774.	1.1	7
24	Title is missing!. , 2019, 14, e0222218.		0
25	Title is missing!. , 2019, 14, e0222218.		0
26	Title is missing!. , 2019, 14, e0222218.		0
27	Title is missing!. , 2019, 14, e0222218.		0
28	Social inequality and diabetes mellitus - developments over time among the adult population in Germany.. , 2019, 4, 11-28.		2
29	Derivation and external validation of a clinical version of the German Diabetes Risk Score (GDRS) including measures of HbA1c. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2018, 6, e000524.	1.2	8
30	Determinants of Change in Glycemic Status in Individuals with Prediabetes: Results from a Nationwide Cohort Study in Germany. <i>Journal of Diabetes Research</i> , 2018, 2018, 1-12.	1.0	11
31	Association between random glucose and all-cause mortality: findings from the mortality follow-up of the German National Health Interview and Examination Survey 1998. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2018, 18, 95.	0.9	7
32	National public health system responses to diabetes and other important noncommunicable diseases. <i>Bundesgesundheitsblatt - Gesundheitsforschung - Gesundheitsschutz</i> , 2018, 61, 1300-1306.	7.2	3
33	First results from the study 'Disease knowledge and information needs - Diabetes mellitus (2017)'.. , 2018, 3, 22-60.		6
34	Diabetes surveillance - status and perspectives.. , 2018, 3, 10.		0
35	Temporal changes in predicted risk of type 2 diabetes in Germany: findings from the German Health Interview and Examination Surveys 1997-1999 and 2008-2011. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e013058.	0.8	12
36	All-cause mortality in adults with and without type 2 diabetes: findings from the national health monitoring in Germany. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2017, 5, e000451.	1.2	39

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Validation of the German Diabetes Risk Score among the general adult population: findings from the German Health Interview and Examination Surveys. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2016, 4, e000280.	1.2	38
38	Anthropometric markers and their association with incident type 2 diabetes mellitus: which marker is best for prediction? Pooled analysis of four German population-based cohort studies and comparison with a nationwide cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e009266.	0.8	43
39	Changes in diabetes care indicators: findings from German National Health Interview and Examination Surveys 1997â€“1999 and 2008â€“2011. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2015, 3, e000135.	1.2	57
40	Association Between Hemoglobin A1c and All-Cause Mortality: Results of the Mortality Follow-up of the German National Health Interview and Examination Survey 1998. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015, 38, 249-256.	4.3	46
41	Prevalence and comorbidity of diabetes mellitus among non-institutionalized older adults in Germany - results of the national telephone health interview survey â€“German Health Update (GEDA)â€™™ 2009. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2013, 13, 166.	1.2	47
42	German health interview and examination survey for adults (DEGS) - design, objectives and implementation of the first data collection wave. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 730.	1.2	327
43	Dietary patterns are associated with cardiometabolic risk factors in a representative study population of German adults. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2011, 106, 1253-1262.	1.2	86
44	Carbohydrate intake and incidence of type 2 diabetes in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC)-Potsdam Study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2008, 99, 1107-1116.	1.2	87