

# Catherine A Gehring

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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102  
papers

8,324  
citations

61984

43  
h-index

46799

89  
g-index

103  
all docs

103  
docs citations

103  
times ranked

8309  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A framework for community and ecosystem genetics: from genes to ecosystems. <i>Nature Reviews Genetics</i> , 2006, 7, 510-523.	16.3	911
2	A meta-analysis of context dependency in plant response to inoculation with mycorrhizal fungi. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2010, 13, 394-407.	6.4	889
3	COMMUNITY AND ECOSYSTEM GENETICS: A CONSEQUENCE OF THE EXTENDED PHENOTYPE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 559-573.	3.2	594
4	Differential tree mortality in response to severe drought: evidence for long-term vegetation shifts. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2005, 93, 1085-1093.	4.0	437
5	Complex Species Interactions and the Dynamics of Ecological Systems: Long-Term Experiments. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 293, 643-650.	12.6	325
6	The promise and the potential consequences of the global transport of mycorrhizal fungal inoculum. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 501-515.	6.4	285
7	Tree genetics defines fungal partner communities that may confer drought tolerance. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 11169-11174.	7.1	203
8	Mycorrhizal Fungal-Plant-Insect Interactions: The Importance of a Community Approach. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2009, 38, 93-102.	1.4	200
9	Interactions between aboveground herbivores and the mycorrhizal mutualists of plants. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 1994, 9, 251-255.	8.7	189
10	The role of locally adapted mycorrhizas and rhizobacteria in plant-soil feedback systems. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 1086-1098.	3.6	184
11	ECTOMYCORRHIZAL FUNGAL COMMUNITY STRUCTURE OF PINYON PINES GROWING IN TWO ENVIRONMENTAL EXTREMES. <i>Ecology</i> , 1998, 79, 1562-1572.	3.2	182
12	Shifts from competition to facilitation between a foundation tree and a pioneer shrub across spatial and temporal scales in a semiarid woodland. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2007, 173, 135-145.	7.3	156
13	Mycorrhizae-Herbivore Interactions: Population and Community Consequences. <i>Ecological Studies</i> , 2002, , 295-320.	1.2	148
14	Home-field advantage? evidence of local adaptation among plants, soil, and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi through meta-analysis. <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2016, 16, 122.	3.2	148
15	Environmental and genetic effects on the formation of ectomycorrhizal and arbuscular mycorrhizal associations in cottonwoods. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2006, 149, 158-164.	2.0	140
16	Herbivore-driven mycorrhizal mutualism in insect-susceptible pinyon pine. <i>Nature</i> , 1991, 353, 556-557.	27.8	138
17	Community specificity: life and afterlife effects of genes. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2012, 17, 271-281.	8.8	135
18	ECTOMYCORRHIZAL ABUNDANCE AND COMMUNITY COMPOSITION SHIFTS WITH DROUGHT: PREDICTIONS FROM TREE RINGS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 1072-1084.	3.2	121

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19	Host plant genetics affect hidden ecological players: links among <i>Populus</i> , condensed tannins, and fungal endophyte infection. <i>Canadian Journal of Botany</i> , 2005, 83, 356-361.	1.1	119
20	Increased moth herbivory associated with environmental stress of pinyon pine at local and regional levels. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1997, 109, 389-397.	2.0	105
21	Temporal variation in temperature and rainfall differentially affects ectomycorrhizal colonization at two contrasting sites. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 1998, 139, 733-739.	7.3	85
22	Disrupting mycorrhizal mutualisms: a potential mechanism by which exotic tamarisk outcompetes native cottonwoods. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2012, 22, 532-549.	3.8	84
23	Reduced mycorrhizae on <i>Juniperus monosperma</i> with mistletoe: the influence of environmental stress and tree gender on a plant parasite and a plant-fungal mutualism. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1992, 89, 298-303.	2.0	83
24	Deadly combination of genes and drought: increased mortality of herbivore-resistant trees in a foundation species. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009, 15, 1949-1961.	9.5	77
25	Genetically based susceptibility to herbivory influences the ectomycorrhizal fungal communities of a foundation tree species. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2009, 184, 657-667.	7.3	77
26	Comparisons of ectomycorrhizae on pinyon pines ( <i>Pinus edulis</i> ) <i>Botany</i> , 1994, 81, 1509-1516.	1.7	75
27	Climate relicts and their associated communities as natural ecology and evolution laboratories. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 29, 406-416.	8.7	71
28	From Lilliput to Brobdingnag: Extending Models of Mycorrhizal Function across Scales. <i>BioScience</i> , 2006, 56, 889.	4.9	70
29	Soil community composition and the regulation of grazed temperate grassland. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2003, 137, 603-609.	2.0	63
30	Tree genotype mediates covariance among communities from microbes to lichens and arthropods. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 840-850.	4.0	59
31	Plant genetics and interspecific competitive interactions determine ectomycorrhizal fungal community responses to climate change. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2014, 23, 1379-1391.	3.9	58
32	Title is missing!. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2003, 167, 127-139.	1.6	57
33	Mycorrhizae, invasions, and the temporal dynamics of mutualism disruption. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 1496-1508.	4.0	56
34	Terrestrial vertebrates promote arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal diversity and inoculum potential in a rain forest soil. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2002, 5, 540-548.	6.4	55
35	Duration of Herbivore Removal and Environmental Stress Affect the Ectomycorrhizae of Pinyon Pines. <i>Ecology</i> , 1995, 76, 2118-2123.	3.2	54
36	Ungulate and topographic control of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal spore community composition in a temperate grassland. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 815-827.	3.2	53

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37	Long-term effects of burning slash on plant communities and arbuscular mycorrhizae in a semi-arid woodland. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2004, 41, 379-388.	4.0	52
38	Plant genetic effects on soils under climate change. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 379, 1-19.	3.7	52
39	Tree genotype and genetically based growth traits structure twig endophyte communities. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 101, 467-478.	1.7	52
40	Neighboring trees affect ectomycorrhizal fungal community composition in a woodland-forest ecotone. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2008, 18, 363-374.	2.8	49
41	Above- and belowground responses to tree thinning depend on the treatment of tree debris. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 259, 71-80.	3.2	49
42	Negative Effects of Scale Insect Herbivory on the Ectomycorrhizae of Juvenile Pinyon Pine. <i>Ecology</i> , 1993, 74, 2297-2302.	3.2	48
43	Belowground interactions with arbuscular mycorrhizal shrubs decrease the performance of pinyon pine and the abundance of its ectomycorrhizas. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2006, 171, 171-178.	7.3	46
44	Patterns of diversity and adaptation in Glomeromycota from three prairie grasslands. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2013, 22, 2573-2587.	3.9	46
45	Continent-wide tree fecundity driven by indirect climate effects. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 1242.	12.8	46
46	Comparisons of Ectomycorrhizae on Pinyon Pines ( <i>Pinus edulis</i> ; Pinaceae) Across Extremes of Soil Type and Herbivory. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 1994, 81, 1509.	1.7	45
47	Convergence in mycorrhizal fungal communities due to drought, plant competition, parasitism, and susceptibility to herbivory: consequences for fungi and host plants. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2014, 5, 306.	3.5	43
48	Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	42
49	Common garden experiments disentangle plant genetic and environmental contributions to ectomycorrhizal fungal community structure. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2019, 221, 493-502.	7.3	40
50	The effect of natural disturbances on forest biodiversity: an ecological synthesis. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2022, 97, 1930-1947.	10.4	40
51	Molecular characterization of pezizalean ectomycorrhizas associated with pinyon pine during drought. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2011, 21, 431-441.	2.8	36
52	INTERACTIONS WITH JUNIPER ALTER PINYON PINE ECTOMYCORRHIZAL FUNGAL COMMUNITIES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 2687-2692.	3.2	35
53	Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in the tree seedlings of two Australian rain forests: occurrence, colonization, and relationships with plant performance. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2006, 16, 89-98.	2.8	35
54	Chronic herbivory negatively impacts cone and seed production, seed quality and seedling growth of susceptible pinyon pines. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2005, 143, 558-565.	2.0	34

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55	Interactions between an above-ground plant parasite and below-ground ectomycorrhizal fungal communities on pinyon pine. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2006, 94, 276-284.	4.0	33
56	SOIL RESPONSES TO MANAGEMENT, INCREASED PRECIPITATION, AND ADDED NITROGEN IN PONDEROSA PINE FORESTS. , 2007, 17, 1352-1365.		33
57	Genetics-based interactions among plants, pathogens, and herbivores define arthropod community structure. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 1974-1984.	3.2	33
58	Effects of a litter-disturbing bird species on tree seedling germination and survival in an Australian tropical rain forest. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 1999, 15, 737-749.	1.1	31
59	Plant species differ in early seedling growth and tissue nutrient responses to arbuscular and ectomycorrhizal fungi. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2017, 27, 211-223.	2.8	31
60	Evidence for mutualist limitation: the impacts of conspecific density on the mycorrhizal inoculum potential of woodland soils. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2005, 145, 123-131.	2.0	30
61	Drought negatively affects communities on a foundation tree: growth rings predict diversity. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 164, 751-761.	2.0	29
62	Interwoven branches of the plant and fungal trees of life. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2010, 185, 874-878.	7.3	29
63	Rehabilitating Downy Brome ( <i>Bromus tectorum</i> )-Invaded Shrublands Using Imazapic and Seeding with Native Shrubs. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2011, 4, 223-233.	1.1	29
64	Sexual stability in the nearly dioecious <i>Pinus johannis</i> (Pinaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2013, 100, 602-612.	1.7	27
65	Exotic cheatgrass and loss of soil biota decrease the performance of a native grass. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2013, 15, 2503-2517.	2.4	27
66	Mapping the potential mycorrhizal associations of the conterminous United States of America. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2016, 24, 139-147.	1.6	27
67	Terrestrial vertebrates alter seedling composition and richness but not diversity in an Australian tropical rain forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1637-1647.	3.2	25
68	Restoration of a ponderosa pine forest increases soil CO <sub>2</sub> efflux more than either water or nitrogen additions. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 913-920.	4.0	24
69	Large, high-severity burn patches limit fungal recovery 13 years after wildfire in a ponderosa pine forest. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2019, 139, 107616.	8.8	23
70	Consequences for ectomycorrhizal fungi of the selective loss or gain of pine across landscapes. <i>Botany</i> , 2014, 92, 855-865.	1.0	21
71	Reconciling disparate responses to grazing in the arbuscular mycorrhizal symbiosis. <i>Rhizosphere</i> , 2019, 11, 100167.	3.0	21
72	Legacy effects of tree mortality mediated by ectomycorrhizal fungal communities. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2019, 224, 155-165.	7.3	21

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73	Local biotic adaptation of trees and shrubs to plant neighbors. <i>Oikos</i> , 2017, 126, 583-593.	2.7	20
74	Higher Temperature at Lower Elevation Sites Fails to Promote Acclimation or Adaptation to Heat Stress During Pollen Germination. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 536.	3.6	20
75	Ectomycorrhizal and Dark Septate Fungal Associations of Pinyon Pine Are Differentially Affected by Experimental Drought and Warming. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2020, 11, 582574.	3.6	20
76	Adaptive capacity in the foundation tree species <i>Populus fremontii</i> : implications for resilience to climate change and non-native species invasion in the American Southwest. , 2020, 8, coaa061.		20
77	The relationship between stem-galling wasps and mycorrhizal colonization of <i>Quercus turbinella</i> . <i>Canadian Journal of Botany</i> , 2005, 83, 1349-1353.	1.1	19
78	An elusive ectomycorrhizal fungus reveals itself: a new species of <i>Geopora</i> (Pyronemataceae) associated with <i>Pinus edulis</i> . <i>Mycologia</i> , 2014, 106, 553-563.	1.9	18
79	Adaptive trait syndromes along multiple economic spectra define cold and warm adapted ecotypes in a widely distributed foundation tree species. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 1298-1318.	4.0	18
80	Stand-replacing wildfires alter the community structure of wood-inhabiting fungi in southwestern ponderosa pine forests of the USA. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2013, 6, 192-204.	1.6	17
81	Species Introductions and Their Cascading Impacts on Biotic Interactions in desert riparian ecosystems. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2015, 55, 587-601.	2.0	17
82	Tree species with limited geographical ranges show extreme responses to ectomycorrhizas. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 839-848.	5.8	16
83	Familiar soil conditions help <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> seedlings cope with warming and drying climate. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2020, 28, S344.	2.9	15
84	Seed reserves and light intensity affect the growth and mycorrhiza development of the seedlings of an Australian rain-forest tree. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2004, 20, 345-349.	1.1	14
85	Persistent effects of fire severity on ponderosa pine regeneration niches and seedling growth. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020, 477, 118502.	3.2	14
86	A robust method to determine historical annual cone production among slow-growing conifers. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016, 368, 1-6.	3.2	13
87	Plant response to fungal root endophytes varies by host genotype in the foundation species <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> . <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 107, 1645-1653.	1.7	13
88	Repeated Genetic and Adaptive Phenotypic Divergence across Tidal Elevation in a Foundation Plant Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2021, 198, E152-E169.	2.1	13
89	Cheatgrass invasion alters the abundance and composition of dark septate fungal communities in sagebrush steppe. <i>Botany</i> , 2016, 94, 481-491.	1.0	11
90	Genetic-Based Susceptibility of a Foundation Tree to Herbivory Interacts With Climate to Influence Arthropod Community Composition, Diversity, and Resilience. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 1831.	3.6	11

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91	Accounting for local adaptation in ectomycorrhizas: a call to track geographical origin of plants, fungi, and soils in experiments. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2018, 28, 187-195.	2.8	9
92	Long-Term Studies Reveal Differential Responses to Climate Change for Trees Under Soil- or Herbivore-Related Stress. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 132.	3.6	9
93	Hybridization in <i>Populus</i> alters the species composition and interactions of root-colonizing fungi: consequences for host plant performance. <i>Botany</i> , 2014, 92, 287-293.	1.0	8
94	Arthropod communities on hybrid and parental cottonwoods are phylogenetically structured by tree type: Implications for conservation of biodiversity in plant hybrid zones. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 7, 5909-5921.	1.9	7
95	Plastic responses to hot temperatures homogenize riparian leaf litter, speed decomposition, and reduce detritivores. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03461.	3.2	7
96	Introduced elk alter traits of a native plant and its plant-associated arthropod community. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2015, 67, 8-16.	1.1	5
97	UAV thermal image detects genetic trait differences among populations and genotypes of Fremont cottonwood ( <i>Populus fremontii</i> , Salicaceae). <i>Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation</i> , 2021, 7, 245-258.	4.3	5
98	Beyond ICOM8: perspectives on advances in mycorrhizal research from 2015 to 2017. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2018, 28, 197-201.	2.8	4
99	Plant genetic identity of foundation tree species and their hybrids affects a litter-dwelling generalist predator. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014, 176, 799-810.	2.0	3
100	Pine Seeds Carry Symbionts: Endophyte Transmission Re-examined. , 2019, , 335-361.		3
101	Host identity and neighborhood trees affect belowground microbial communities in a tropical rainforest. <i>Tropical Ecology</i> , 2022, 63, 216-228.	1.2	3
102	Microsatellite Primers in the Foundation Tree Species <i>Pinus edulis</i> and <i>P. monophylla</i> (Pinaceae). <i>Applications in Plant Sciences</i> , 2013, 1, 1200552.	2.1	2