Lubo Zhang

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

246
papers

6,153
citations

43
papers

63
g-index

7,049
ext. papers

7,049
ext. citations

5
avg, IF

6.25
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
246	Mitochondrial Dysfunction in the Pathogenesis of Preeclampsia <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2022 , 1	4.7	O
245	Long-Term Hypoxia Negatively Influences Ca Signaling in Basilar Arterial Myocytes of Fetal and Adult Sheep <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2021 , 12, 760176	4.6	
244	Hypoxia and Mitochondrial Dysfunction in Pregnancy Complications. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2021 , 10,	7.1	10
243	MicroRNA-210 Mediates Hypoxia-Induced Repression of Spontaneous Transient Outward Currents in Sheep Uterine Arteries During Gestation. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 77, 1412-1427	8.5	3
242	Gestational long-term hypoxia induces metabolomic reprogramming and phenotypic transformations in fetal sheep pulmonary arteries. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2021 , 320, L770-L784	5.8	2
241	Hypoxia and the integrated stress response promote pulmonary hypertension and preeclampsia: Implications in drug development. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2021 , 26, 2754-2773	8.8	3
240	Ryanodine receptor subtypes regulate Ca2+ sparks/spontaneous transient outward currents and myogenic tone of uterine arteries in pregnancy. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2021 , 117, 792-804	9.9	5
239	Uteroplacental Circulation in Normal Pregnancy and Preeclampsia: Functional Adaptation and Maladaptation. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021 , 22,	6.3	4
238	Fetal e-cigarette exposure programs a neonatal brain hypoxic-ischemic sensitive phenotype via altering DNA methylation patterns and autophagy signaling pathway. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2021 , 321, R791-R801	3.2	O
237	Inhibition of DNA methylation in newborns reprograms ischemia-sensitive biomarkers resulting in development of a heart ischemia-sensitive phenotype late in life. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2021 , 105, 198-210	3.4	
236	MicroRNA-210 downregulates TET2 and contributes to inflammatory response in neonatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2021 , 18, 6	10.1	5
235	Prenatal High-Salt Diet-Induced Metabolic Disorders via Decreasing Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor Gamma Coactivator 1 In Adult Male Rat Offspring. <i>Molecular</i> Nutrition and Food Research, 2020 , 64, e2000196	5.9	1
234	Inhibition of Autophagy Signaling via 3-methyladenine Rescued Nicotine-Mediated Cardiac Pathological Effects and Heart Dysfunctions. <i>International Journal of Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 16, 1349	-1362	9
233	Fetal Hypoxia Impacts on Proliferation and Differentiation of Sca-1 Cardiac Progenitor Cells and Maturation of Cardiomyocytes: A Role of MicroRNA-210. <i>Genes</i> , 2020 , 11,	4.2	2
232	TRPML channel activation partially rescues Ca2+ spark activity in sheep fetal pulmonary arterial myocytes following intrauterine long-term hypoxia. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020 , 34, 1-1	0.9	
231	High Altitude Hypoxia Induces Cellular Immaturity of Pulmonary Arteries in the Fetal Lamb: Assessment of Protein Biomarkers. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020 , 34, 1-1	0.9	
230	Gestational High-Altitude Hypoxia and Metabolomic Reprogramming in Pulmonary Arteries from Fetal Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020 , 34, 1-1	0.9	

229	Prenatal chronic intermittent nicotine aerosol exposure programming a sex dependent hypertensive phenotype via vascular eNOS uncoupling. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020 , 34, 1-1	0.9	
228	Clinical value of non-coding RNAs in cardiovascular, pulmonary, and muscle diseases. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2020 , 318, C1-C28	5.4	16
227	Reprogramming of miR-181a/DNA methylation patterns contribute to the maternal nicotine exposure-induced fetal programming of cardiac ischemia-sensitive phenotype in postnatal life. <i>Theranostics</i> , 2020 , 10, 11820-11836	12.1	8
226	Cardiac ECM: Its Epigenetic Regulation and Role in Heart Development and Repair. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020 , 21,	6.3	9
225	Gestational Hypoxia Inhibits Pregnancy-Induced Upregulation of Ca Sparks and Spontaneous Transient Outward Currents in Uterine Arteries Via Heightened Endoplasmic Reticulum/Oxidative Stress. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020 , 76, 930-942	8.5	8
224	Early Detection of Coronary Artery Disease by Micro-RNA Analysis in Asymptomatic Patients Stratified by Coronary CT Angiography. <i>Diagnostics</i> , 2020 , 10,	3.8	2
223	Antenatal Hypoxia Accelerates the Onset of Alzheimer's Disease Pathology in 5xFAD Mouse Model. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2020 , 12, 251	5.3	1
222	MiRNA-210 induces microglial activation and regulates microglia-mediated neuroinflammation in neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy. <i>Cellular and Molecular Immunology</i> , 2020 , 17, 976-991	15.4	41
221	Long-Term High-Altitude Hypoxia and Alpha Adrenoceptor-Dependent Pulmonary Arterial Contractions in Fetal and Adult Sheep. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2019 , 10, 1032	4.6	6
220	Perinatal nicotine exposure alters Akt/GSK-3/mTOR/autophagy signaling, leading to development of hypoxic-ischemic-sensitive phenotype in rat neonatal brain. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2019 , 317, R803-R813	3.2	4
219	Epigenetic down-regulation of BK channel by miR-181a contributes to the fetal and neonatal nicotine-mediated exaggerated coronary vascular tone in adult life. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 281, 82-89	3.2	11
218	Pregnancy Increases Ca Sparks/Spontaneous Transient Outward Currents and Reduces Uterine Arterial Myogenic Tone. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019 , 73, 691-702	8.5	15
217	Epigenetic Down-Regulation of Sirt 1 via DNA Methylation and Oxidative Stress Signaling Contributes to the Gestational Diabetes Mellitus-Induced Fetal Programming of Heart Ischemia-Sensitive Phenotype in Late Life. <i>International Journal of Biological Sciences</i> , 2019 , 15, 1240-12	11.2 2 51	23
216	Antenatal Hypoxia and Programming of Glucocorticoid Receptor Expression in the Adult Rat Heart. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2019 , 10, 323	4.6	13
215	Effect of Oxidative Stress on the Estrogen-NOS-NO-K Channel Pathway in Uteroplacental Dysfunction: Its Implication in Pregnancy Complications. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2019 , 2019, 9194269	6.7	12
214	MicroRNAs in brain development and cerebrovascular pathophysiology. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2019 , 317, C3-C19	5.4	14
213	Neural stem cell therapies and hypoxic-ischemic brain injury. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , 2019 , 173, 1-17	10.9	64
212	microRNAs and cardiac stem cells in heart development and disease. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2019 , 24, 233-240	8.8	10

211	Long-term exposure to high altitude hypoxia during pregnancy increases fetal heart susceptibility to ischemia/reperfusion injury and cardiac dysfunction. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 274, 7-15	3.2	13
21 0	Repression of the Glucocorticoid Receptor Increases Hypoxic-Ischemic Brain Injury in the Male Neonatal Rat. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019 , 20,	6.3	6
209	Prenatal hypoxia-induced epigenomic and transcriptomic reprogramming in rat fetal and adult offspring hearts. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2019 , 6, 238	8.2	11
208	MicroRNAs in Uteroplacental Vascular Dysfunction. <i>Cells</i> , 2019 , 8,	7.9	19
207	Gestational Hypoxia and Programing of Lung Metabolism. Frontiers in Physiology, 2019, 10, 1453	4.6	2
206	Glucocorticoids and programming of the microenvironment in heart. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 242, T121-T133	4.7	8
205	Nutritional Stress and Fetal Epigenetics in the Brain 2019 , 899-921		
204	Long Term Hypoxia Negatively Influences Ca2+ Signaling in Basilar Arterial Myocytes of Fetal and Adult Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 551.7	0.9	
203	Long Term Hypoxia Reduces Levels of Oxylipins in Pulmonary Arteries and Venous Plasma of Fetal Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 550.5	0.9	
202	Long Term Hypoxia Reduces Antioxidant Levels and Causes a Glycolytic Shift in Neonatal Sheep Pulmonary arteries. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 550.6	0.9	
201	Mitochondrial MiRNA in Cardiovascular Function and Disease. Cells, 2019, 8,	7.9	27
200	Multi-Omics Integration Reveals Short and Long-Term Effects of Gestational Hypoxia on the Heart Development. <i>Cells</i> , 2019 , 8,	7.9	6
199	Foetal hypoxia impacts methylome and transcriptome in developmental programming of heart disease. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2019 , 115, 1306-1319	9.9	8
198	MicroRNA-210 Downregulates ISCU and Induces Mitochondrial Dysfunction and Neuronal Death in Neonatal Hypoxic-Ischemic Brain Injury. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2019 , 56, 5608-5625	6.2	16
197	C-type natriuretic peptide functions as an innate neuroprotectant in neonatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury in mouse via natriuretic peptide receptor 2. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2018 , 304, 58-66	5.7	9
196	Long-term hypoxia uncouples Ca and eNOS in bradykinin-mediated pulmonary arterial relaxation. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2018, 314, R870-R88	3 <mark>3</mark> .2	4
195	A novel rodent model of pregnancy complications associated with genetically determined angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) activity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 315, E52-E62	6	4
194	Gestational Hypoxia and Developmental Plasticity. <i>Physiological Reviews</i> , 2018 , 98, 1241-1334	47.9	70

193	Repression of the Glucocorticoid Receptor Aggravates Acute Ischemic Brain Injuries in Adult Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2018 , 19,	6.3	11
192	Long-term high altitude hypoxia during gestation suppresses large conductance Ca -activated K channel function in uterine arteries: a causal role for microRNA-210. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2018 , 596, 5891-5906	3.9	16
191	SIRT1 increases cardiomyocyte binucleation in the heart development. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2018 , 9, 7996-8010	3.3	10
190	SIRT1 plays a novel role in the regulation of cardiomyocyte terminal differentiation in the developing heart. <i>Proceedings for Annual Meeting of the Japanese Pharmacological Society</i> , 2018 , WCP2018, PO4-2-6	Ο	
189	Acute Hypoxia Alters Ryanodine Receptor Activity in Pulmonary Arterial Myocytes of High Altitude Acclimatized Fetal and Adult Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 892.5	0.9	
188	Ryanodine Receptor 1 mRNA Expression is Increased by Post-Natal Maturation and Long Term Hypoxia in Sheep Pulmonary Arteries. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 892.9	0.9	
187	Pregnancy Enhances Calcium Spark Activity Independent of Altitude in Ovine Uterine Arterial Myocytes. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 858.10	0.9	
186	Beta Adrenergic Induced Pulmonary Arterial Vasodilation Following Long Term Hypoxia in Fetal and Adult Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 892.18	0.9	
185	Long Term Hypoxia Reduces Ca2+ Oscillations in Basilar Arterial Myocytes of Fetal and Adult Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 858.9	0.9	
184	High Altitude Hypoxia Impacts Omega-3 Fatty Acid Metabolites in Plasma of Fetal and Newborn Sheep. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 858.5	0.9	1
183	Long-term high-altitude hypoxia influences pulmonary arterial L-type calcium channel-mediated Ca signals and contraction in fetal and adult sheep. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2018 , 314, R433-R446	3.2	7
182	Inhibition of microRNA-210 suppresses pro-inflammatory response and reduces acute brain injury of ischemic stroke in mice. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2018 , 300, 41-50	5.7	62
181	Corticosteroids and perinatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2018 , 23, 1718-1732	8.8	10
180	Inhibition of DNA Methylation in the Developing Rat Brain Disrupts Sexually Dimorphic Neurobehavioral Phenotypes in Adulthood. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2017 , 54, 3988-3999	6.2	14
179	Pregnancy Reprograms Large-Conductance Ca-Activated K Channel in Uterine Arteries: Roles of Ten-Eleven Translocation Methylcytosine Dioxygenase 1-Mediated Active Demethylation. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017 , 69, 1181-1191	8.5	24
178	Angiogenesis during pregnancy: all routes lead to MAPKs. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017 , 595, 4571-4572	3.9	4
177	Prenatal high sucrose intake affected learning and memory of aged rat offspring with abnormal oxidative stress and NMDARs/Wnt signaling in the hippocampus. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2017 , 1669, 114-121	3.7	19
176	Brain-immune interactions in perinatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , 2017 , 159, 50-68	10.9	110

175	Inhibition of miRNA-210 reverses nicotine-induced brain hypoxic-ischemic injury in neonatal rats. <i>International Journal of Biological Sciences</i> , 2017 , 13, 76-84	11.2	25
174	Neonatal Lipopolysaccharide Exposure Gender-Dependently Increases Heart Susceptibility to Ischemia/Reperfusion Injury in Male Rats. <i>International Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2017 , 14, 1163-1172	3.7	6
173	MicroRNA-210 Targets Ten-Eleven Translocation Methylcytosine Dioxygenase 1 and Suppresses Pregnancy-Mediated Adaptation of Large Conductance Ca-Activated K Channel Expression and Function in Ovine Uterine Arteries. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017 ,	8.5	22
172	Chronic hypoxia upregulates DNA methyltransferase and represses large conductance Ca2+-activated K+ channel function in ovine uterine arteries. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2017 , 96, 424-434	3.9	16
171	Chronic Hypobaric Hypoxia Modulates Primary Cilia Differently in Adult and Fetal Ovine Kidneys. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2017 , 8, 677	4.6	4
170	MicroRNA-210 Suppresses Junction Proteins and Disrupts Blood-Brain Barrier Integrity in Neonatal Rat Hypoxic-Ischemic Brain Injury. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2017 , 18,	6.3	44
169	A novel mechanism of angiotensin II-regulated placental vascular tone in the development of hypertension in preeclampsia. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 30734-30741	3.3	14
168	MicroRNA-210 suppresses glucocorticoid receptor expression in response to hypoxia in fetal rat cardiomyocytes. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 80249-80264	3.3	19
167	Role of DNA methylation in perinatal nicotine-induced development of heart ischemia-sensitive phenotype in rat offspring. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 76865-76880	3.3	17
166	Computational Modeling Approach in Probing the Effects of Cytosine Methylation on the Transcription Factor Binding to DNA. <i>Current Topics in Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 17, 1778-1787	3	2
165	Proteomic Analysis of Endothelin-1 Targets in the Regulation of Cardiomyocyte Proliferation. <i>Current Topics in Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 17, 1788-1802	3	2
164	Nutritional Stress and Fetal Epigenetics in the Brain 2017 , 1-23		
163	Glucocorticoids Protect Neonatal Rat Brain in Model of Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy (HIE). <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2016 , 18,	6.3	29
162	Antenatal hypoxia induces epigenetic repression of glucocorticoid receptor and promotes ischemic-sensitive phenotype in the developing heart. <i>Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 91, 160-71	5.8	26
161	Dexamethasone Induces Cardiomyocyte Terminal Differentiation via Epigenetic Repression of Cyclin D2 Gene. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2016 , 358, 190-8	4.7	24
160	Inhibition of microRNA-210 provides neuroprotection in hypoxic-ischemic brain injury in neonatal rats. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2016 , 89, 202-12	7.5	85
159	Fetal stress-mediated hypomethylation increases the brain susceptibility to hypoxic-ischemic injury in neonatal rats. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2016 , 275 Pt 1, 1-10	5.7	10
158	Protective Effect of Antenatal Antioxidant on Nicotine-Induced Heart Ischemia-Sensitive Phenotype in Rat Offspring. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0150557	3.7	21

157	Direct effect of chronic hypoxia in suppressing large conductance Ca(2+)-activated K(+) channel activity in ovine uterine arteries via increasing oxidative stress. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016 , 594, 343-56	3.9	14	
156	Roles of ion channels in regulation of acetylcholine-mediated vasoconstrictions in umbilical cords of rabbit/rats. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 65, 95-103	3.4	5	
155	Estrogen Regulates Angiotensin II Receptor Expression Patterns and Protects the Heart from Ischemic Injury in Female Rats. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 93, 6	3.9	23	
154	Differential expression of microRNAs in ischemic heart disease. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2015 , 20, 223-35	8.8	38	
153	Epigenetic programming of hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy in response to fetal hypoxia. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , 2015 , 124, 28-48	10.9	33	
152	Antenatal Antioxidant Prevents Nicotine-Mediated Hypertensive Response in Rat Adult Offspring. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 93, 66	3.9	25	
151	Newborn hypoxia/anoxia inhibits cardiomyocyte proliferation and decreases cardiomyocyte endowment in the developing heart: role of endothelin-1. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0116600	3.7	19	
150	Chronic Losartan Treatment Up-Regulates AT1R and Increases the Heart Vulnerability to Acute Onset of Ischemia and Reperfusion Injury in Male Rats. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0132712	3.7	10	
149	Hypoxia Represses ER-Expression and Inhibits Estrogen-Induced Regulation of Ca2+-Activated K+ Channel Activity and Myogenic Tone in Ovine Uterine Arteries: Causal Role of DNA Methylation. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015 , 66, 44-51	8.5	20	
148	Mechanisms and therapeutic potential of microRNAs in hypertension. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2015 , 20, 1188-204	8.8	41	
147	Endothelial glucocorticoid receptor promoter methylation according to dexamethasone sensitivity. Journal of Molecular Endocrinology, 2015 , 55, 133-46	4.5	15	
146	Prenatal exposure to hypoxia induced Beclin 1 signaling-mediated renal autophagy and altered renal development in rat fetuses. <i>Reproductive Sciences</i> , 2015 , 22, 156-64	3	24	
145	Epigenetic mechanisms in heart development and disease. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2015 , 20, 799-811	8.8	64	
144	Dexamethasone Treatment of Newborn Rats Decreases Cardiomyocyte Endowment in the Developing Heart through Epigenetic Modifications. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0125033	3.7	33	
143	Fetal hypoxia increases vulnerability of hypoxic-ischemic brain injury in neonatal rats: role of glucocorticoid receptors. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2014 , 65, 172-9	7.5	51	
142	Inhibition of DNA methylation reverses norepinephrine-induced cardiac hypertrophy in rats. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2014 , 101, 373-82	9.9	80	
141	Gestational hypoxia increases reactive oxygen species and inhibits steroid hormone-mediated upregulation of Ca(2+)-activated K(+) channel function in uterine arteries. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014 , 64, 415-2	28.5	21	
140	Antenatal hypoxia induces programming of reduced arterial blood pressure response in female rat offspring: role of ovarian function. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e98743	3.7	9	

139	Glucocorticoid modulates angiotensin II receptor expression patterns and protects the heart from ischemia and reperfusion injury. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e106827	3.7	25
138	Gestational hypoxia up-regulates protein kinase C and inhibits calcium-activated potassium channels in ovine uterine arteries. <i>International Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2014 , 11, 886-92	3.7	19
137	Endothelin-1 promotes cardiomyocyte terminal differentiation in the developing heart via heightened DNA methylation. <i>International Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2014 , 11, 373-80	3.7	26
136	Epigenetic upregulation of large-conductance Ca2+-activated K+ channel expression in uterine vascular adaptation to pregnancy. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014 , 64, 610-8	8.5	30
135	Gestational hypoxia and epigenetic programming of brain development disorders. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2014 , 19, 1883-96	8.8	12
134	Binucleation of cardiomyocytes: the transition from a proliferative to a terminally differentiated state. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2014 , 19, 602-9	8.8	68
133	Perinatal nicotine exposure increases angiotensin II receptor-mediated vascular contractility in adult offspring. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e108161	3.7	33
132	Dexamethasone protects neonatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury via L-PGDS-dependent PGD2-DP1-pERK signaling pathway. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e114470	3.7	27
131	Promoter methylation represses AT2R gene and increases brain hypoxic-ischemic injury in neonatal rats. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2013 , 60, 32-8	7.5	30
130	Role of the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis in developmental programming of health and disease. <i>Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2013 , 34, 27-46	8.9	100
129	Chronic hypoxia inhibits pregnancy-induced upregulation of SKCa channel expression and function in uterine arteries. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2013 , 62, 367-74	8.5	25
128	Promoter methylation of Egr-1 site contributes to fetal hypoxia-mediated PKClgene repression in the developing heart. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2013 , 304, R683-9	3.2	21
127	Hypoxia inhibits cardiomyocyte proliferation in fetal rat hearts via upregulating TIMP-4. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2013 , 304, R613-20	3.2	29
126	Estrogen normalizes perinatal nicotine-induced hypertensive responses in adult female rat offspring. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2013 , 61, 1246-54	8.5	29
125	Gestational hypoxia induces preeclampsia-like symptoms via heightened endothelin-1 signaling in pregnant rats. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2013 , 62, 599-607	8.5	64
124	Fetal hypoxia results in programming of aberrant angiotensin ii receptor expression patterns and kidney development. <i>International Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2013 , 10, 532-8	3.7	25
123	Chronic hypoxia during gestation enhances uterine arterial myogenic tone via heightened oxidative stress. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e73731	3.7	24
122	Role of endothelin in uteroplacental circulation and fetal vascular function. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 11, 594-605	3.3	17

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121	Potassium channels and uterine vascular adaptation to pregnancy and chronic hypoxia. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 11, 737-47	3.3	17
120	Fetal hypoxia and programming of matrix metalloproteinases. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2012 , 17, 124-34	8.8	15
119	Norepinephrine causes epigenetic repression of PKClgene in rodent hearts by activating Nox1-dependent reactive oxygen species production. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 2753-63	0.9	57
118	Function and regulation of large conductance Ca(2+)-activated K+ channel in vascular smooth muscle cells. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2012 , 17, 974-87	8.8	76
117	Developmental nicotine exposure results in programming of alveolar simplification and interstitial pulmonary fibrosis in adult male rats. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 34, 370-7	3.4	18
116	Hypoxia-derived oxidative stress mediates epigenetic repression of PKClbene in foetal rat hearts. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2012 , 93, 302-10	9.9	70
115	Fetal stress and programming of hypoxic/ischemic-sensitive phenotype in the neonatal brain: mechanisms and possible interventions. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , 2012 , 98, 145-65	10.9	92
114	Chronic hypoxia differentially up-regulates protein kinase C-mediated ovine uterine arterial contraction via actin polymerization signaling in pregnancy. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 142	3.9	11
113	Chronic hypoxia suppresses pregnancy-induced upregulation of large-conductance Ca2+-activated K+ channel activity in uterine arteries. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 60, 214-22	8.5	41
112	Chronic hypoxia during gestation causes epigenetic repression of the estrogen receptor-Igene in ovine uterine arteries via heightened promoter methylation. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 60, 697-704	8.5	53
111	Perinatal nicotine exposure increases vulnerability of hypoxic-ischemic brain injury in neonatal rats: role of angiotensin II receptors. <i>Stroke</i> , 2012 , 43, 2483-90	6.7	54
110	Antenatal nicotine exposure results in programming of aberrant alveolar development and interstitial pulmonary fibrosis in adult male rats. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 698.10	0.9	
109	Egr1 plays a key role in fetal programming of gender-dependent PKClgene expression patterns in the developing heart. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 699.4	0.9	
108	Direct Inhibitory Effect of Hypoxia on Cardiomyocyte Proliferation in Fetal Rat Hearts. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 699.5	0.9	
107	Effect of chronic hypoxia on pregnancy-mediated transcriptional regulation of ERIIn ovine uterine arteries. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 535.5	0.9	
106	Altered dipsogenic responses and expression of angiotensin receptors in the offspring exposed to prenatal high sucrose. <i>Peptides</i> , 2011 , 32, 104-11	3.8	11
105	Pregnancy upregulates large-conductance Ca(2+)-activated K(+) channel activity and attenuates myogenic tone in uterine arteries. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2011 , 58, 1132-9	8.5	66
104	Antenatal nicotine induces heightened oxidative stress and vascular dysfunction in rat offspring. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2011 , 164, 1400-9	8.6	57

103	Angiotensin II receptors and drug discovery in cardiovascular disease. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2011 , 16, 22-34	8.8	80
102	Epigenetic mechanisms in developmental programming of adult disease. <i>Drug Discovery Today</i> , 2011 , 16, 1007-18	8.8	76
101	Prenatal water deprivation alters brain angiotensin system and dipsogenic changes in the offspring. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2011 , 1382, 128-36	3.7	17
100	Foetal nicotine exposure causes PKClgene repression by promoter methylation in rat hearts. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2011 , 89, 89-97	9.9	51
99	Foetal hypoxia increases cardiac AT(2)R expression and subsequent vulnerability to adult ischaemic injury. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2011 , 89, 300-8	9.9	58
98	Maternal hypoxia alters matrix metalloproteinase expression patterns and causes cardiac remodeling in fetal and neonatal rats. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2011 , 301, H2113-21	5.2	47
97	The effects of maternal hypoxia on the heart development in fetal and neonatal rats. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2011 , 25, 861.3	0.9	
96	Chronic hypoxia inhibits sex steroid hormone-mediated attenuation of ovine uterine arterial myogenic tone in pregnancy. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2010 , 56, 750-7	8.5	34
95	Chronic prenatal hypoxia induces epigenetic programming of PKC{epsilon} gene repression in rat hearts. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2010 , 107, 365-73	15.7	134
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