## LaÃ-s Angélica de Paula Simino

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6884377/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

		2257833	1588896	
10	197	3	8	
papers	citations	h-index	g-index	
10	10	10	304	
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Maternal high-fat diet consumption modulates hepatic lipid metabolism and microRNA-122 ( <i>miR-122</i> ) and microRNA-370 ( <i>miR-370</i> ) expression in offspring. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 111, 2112-2122.	1.2	130
2	Lipid overload during gestation and lactation can independently alter lipid homeostasis in offspring and promote metabolic impairment after new challenge to high-fat diet. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2017, 14, 16.	1.3	39
3	Obesity phenotype induced by high-fat diet leads to maternal-fetal constraint, placental inefficiency, and fetal growth restriction in mice. Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2022, 104, 108977.	1.9	9
4	Maternal resistance to diet-induced obesity partially protects newborn and post-weaning male mice offspring from metabolic disturbances. Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease, 2021, 12, 660-670.	0.7	5
5	Effect of acute swimming exercise at different intensities but equal total load over metabolic and molecular responses in swimming rats. Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility, 2022, 43, 35-44.	0.9	5
6	PTPRD as a candidate druggable target for therapies for restless legs syndrome?. Journal of Sleep Research, 2021, 30, e13216.	1.7	4
7	Maternal high-fat diet consumption programs male offspring to mitigate complications in liver regeneration. Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease, 2022, 13, 575-582.	0.7	3
8	Hepatic microRNA modulation might be an early event to non-alcoholic fatty liver disease development driven by high-fat diet in male mice. Molecular Biology Reports, 2022, 49, 2655.	1.0	2
9	Influência do estado nutricional materno e ganho de peso na gestação sobre o desfecho fetal. , 0, , .		O
10	Avaliação dos efeitos potenciais dos ácidos graxos saturados e insaturados na capacidade proliferativa de células hepáticas. , 0, , .		O