Saul S Morris

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

48 papers	8,645 citations	218381 26 h-index	197535 49 g-index
50 all docs	50 docs citations	50 times ranked	8673 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Comprehensive Nutrient Gap Assessment (CONGA): A method for identifying the public health significance of nutrient gaps. Nutrition Reviews, 2021, 79, 4-15.	2.6	10
2	Nutrient gaps and affordability of complementary foods in Eastern and Southern Africa and South Asia. Nutrition Reviews, 2021, 79, 1-3.	2.6	6
3	Perspective: Interventions to improve the diets of children and adolescents. Global Food Security, 2020, 27, 100379.	4.0	7
4	Conceptual framework of food systems for children and adolescents. Global Food Security, 2020, 27, 100436.	4.0	41
5	Introduction: Food systems for children and adolescents. Global Food Security, 2020, 27, 100435.	4.0	7
6	A Novel Method for Categorizing the Magnitude of Dietary Nutrient Gaps Among Children 6–23 Months and Rating the Quality of Evidence Using Data from Tanzania (P11-051-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz048.P11-051-19.	0.1	0
7	Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-Food Consumption: A Meta-Analysis of Global School-Based Student Health Surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2019, 40, 444-459.	0.5	72
8	Uncertainties in the GBD 2017 estimates on diet and health. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 1801-1802.	6.3	5
9	Eggs: A high potential food for improving maternal and child nutrition. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2018, 14, e12666.	1.4	3
10	An egg for everyone: Pathways to universal access to one of nature's most nutritious foods. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2018, 14, e12679.	1.4	31
11	Assessing the impact of integrated community case management (iCCM) programs on child mortality: Review of early results and lessons learned in sub‐Saharan Africa. Journal of Global Health, 2014, 4, 020411.	1.2	53
12	Care-seeking and appropriate treatment for childhood acute respiratory illness: an analysis of Demographic and Health Survey and Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey datasets for high-mortality countries. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 446.	1.2	15
13	Global and regional burden of hospital admissions for severe acute lower respiratory infections in young children in 2010: a systematic analysis. Lancet, The, 2013, 381, 1380-1390.	6.3	584
14	Scaling up access to oral rehydration solution for diarrhea: Learning from historical experience in low‐ and high‐performing countries. Journal of Global Health, 2013, 3, 010404.	1.2	33
15	What works? Interventions for maternal and child undernutrition and survival. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 417-440.	6.3	1,682
16	Effective international action against undernutrition: why has it proven so difficult and what can be done to accelerate progress?. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 608-621.	6.3	199
17	Multi-country analysis of the effects of diarrhoea on childhood stunting. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 816-830.	0.9	470
18	Commentary: Learning to Love Lot Quality Assurance Sampling. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 36, 864-865.	0.9	3

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19	Measuring improved targeting of health interventions to the poor in the context of a community-randomised trial in rural India. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2007, 28, 382-390.	0.8	11
20	Getting it right for children: a review of UNICEF joint health and nutrition strategy for 2006–"15. Lancet, The, 2006, 368, 817-819.	6.3	18
21	CRTs â€" Cluster Randomized Trials or â€œCourting Real Troublesâ€. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2006, 97, 72-75.	1.1	13
22	Making health insurance work for the poor: Learning from the Self-Employed Women's Association's (SEWA) community-based health insurance scheme in India. Social Science and Medicine, 2006, 62, 707-720.	1.8	60
23	To Retain or Remove User Fees?. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2006, 5, 137-153.	1.0	188
24	Chile's National Nutritional Supplementation Program for Older People: Lessons Learned. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2005, 26, 190-197.	0.5	15
25	Comorbidity in childhood in northern Ghana: magnitude, associated factors, and impact on mortality. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 34, 368-375.	0.9	56
26	Impact on child mortality of removing user fees: simulation model. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 331, 747-749.	2.4	52
27	Gaps in policy-relevant information on burden of disease in children: a systematic review. Lancet, The, 2005, 365, 2031-2040.	6.3	110
28	Commentary: Monitoring trends in under-5 mortality: better believe it's true. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 1302-1303.	0.9	2
29	Monetary incentives in primary health care and effects on use and coverage of preventive health care interventions in rural Honduras: cluster randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2004, 364, 2030-2037.	6.3	190
30	Conditional Cash Transfers Are Associated with a Small Reduction in the Rate of Weight Gain of Preschool Children in Northeast Brazil. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 2336-2341.	1.3	107
31	Do childhood growth indicators in developing countries cluster? Implications for intervention strategies. Public Health Nutrition, 2004, 7, 829-834.	1.1	27
32	Where and why are 10 million children dying every year?. Lancet, The, 2003, 361, 2226-2234.	6.3	1,935
33	How many child deaths can we prevent this year?. Lancet, The, 2003, 362, 65-71.	6.3	1,849
34	Predicting the distribution of under-five deaths by cause in countries without adequate vital registration systems. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 32, 1041-1051.	0.9	127
35	School Height Censuses Are Reliable and Valid Tools for Small-Area Targeting of Nutrition Interventions in Honduras. Journal of Nutrition, 2002, 132, 1188-1193.	1.3	8
36	Geographic Targeting of Nutrition Programs Can Substantially Affect the Severity of Stunting in Honduras. Journal of Nutrition, 2000, 130, 2514-2519.	1.3	6

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37	Does Geographic Targeting of Nutrition Interventions Make Sense in Cities? Evidence from Abidjan and Accra. World Development, 1999, 27, 2011-2019.	2.6	21
38	Precision, accuracy, and reliability of hemoglobin assessment with use of capillary blood. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1999, 69, 1243-1248.	2.2	113
39	Dietary patterns in a rural area of Ghana and their relevance for vitamin a consumption. Ecology of Food and Nutrition, 1999, 38, 183-207.	0.8	7
40	The development of low birth weight term infants and the effects of the environment in Northeast Brazil. Journal of Pediatrics, 1998, 132, 661-666.	0.9	99
41	Caffeine intake and pregnancy outcomes: a meta-analytic review. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 1998, 14, 523-530.	0.4	21
42	The NCHS Reference and the Growth of Breast- and Bottle-Fed Infants. Journal of Nutrition, 1998, 128, 1134-1138.	1.3	92
43	Postnatal Growth Patterns of Full-Term Low Birth Weight Infants in Northeast Brazil Are Related to Socioeconomic Status ,. Journal of Nutrition, 1997, 127, 1950-1956.	1.3	42
44	Breast feeding, pacifier use and infant development at 12 months of age: a birth cohort study in Brazil. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 1997, 11, 441-450.	0.8	22
45	Randomised, double blind, placebo controlled clinical trial of efficacy of vitamin A treatment in non-measles childhood pneumonia. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 315, 505-510.	2.4	51
46	Low birth weight and morbidity from diarrhea and respiratory infection in northeast Brazil. Journal of Pediatrics, 1996, 128, 497-504.	0.9	54
47	Reply to AH Shankar. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1995, 62, 842-843.	2.2	11
48	Diarrhoea—Defining the Episode. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1994, 23, 617-623.	0.9	74