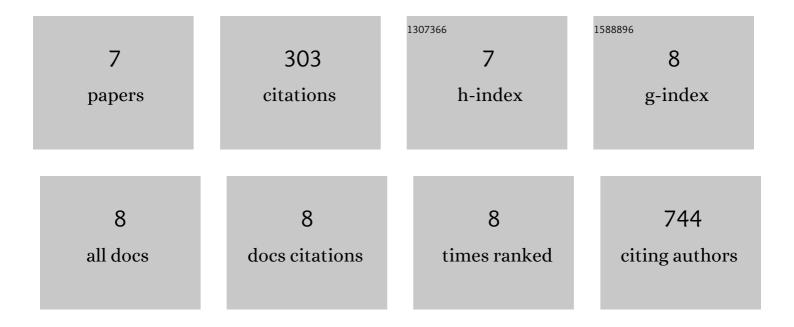
## Valentina Capobianco

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6779412/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	MicroRNA-449a Overexpression, Reduced NOTCH1 Signals and Scarce Goblet Cells Characterize the Small Intestine of Celiac Patients. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e29094.	1.1	85
2	miRNA and Protein Expression Profiles of Visceral Adipose Tissue Reveal miR-141/YWHAG and miR-520e/RAB11A as Two Potential miRNA/Protein Target Pairs Associated with Severe Obesity. Journal of Proteome Research, 2012, 11, 3358-3369.	1.8	53
3	Glucokinase Gene Mutations: Structural and Genotype-Phenotype Analyses in MODY Children from South Italy. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e1870.	1.1	44
4	Haplogroup T Is an Obesity Risk Factor: Mitochondrial DNA Haplotyping in a Morbid Obese Population from Southern Italy. BioMed Research International, 2013, 2013, 1-5.	0.9	37
5	Glucokinase (GCK) Mutations and Their Characterization in MODY2 Children of Southern Italy. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e38906.	1.1	37
6	Proteome analysis of human amniotic mesenchymal stem cells (hA-MSCs) reveals impaired antioxidant ability, cytoskeleton and metabolic functionality in maternal obesity. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 25270.	1.6	27
7	High Aminopeptidase N/CD13 Levels Characterize Human Amniotic Mesenchymal Stem Cells and Drive Their Increased Adipogenic Potential in Obese Women. Stem Cells and Development, 2013, 22, 2287-2297.	1.1	19