

Ashraf S Gorgey

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

157
papers

3,959
citations

147566

31
h-index

161609

54
g-index

160
all docs

160
docs citations

160
times ranked

2340
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The interaction of macronutrients and body composition among individuals with chronic spinal cord injury. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2023, 129, 1011-1022.	1.2	5
2	Effects of Electrical Stimulation Training on Body Composition Parameters After Spinal Cord Injury: A Systematic Review. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2022, 103, 1168-1178.	0.5	15
3	Leisure-time physical activity, anthropometrics, and body composition as predictors of quality of life domains after spinal cord injury: an exploratory cross-sectional study. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2022, 17, 1369.	1.6	6
4	Prediction of Distal Femur and Proximal Tibia Bone Mineral Density From Total Body Dual Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry Scans in Persons with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Clinical Densitometry</i> , 2022, 25, 252-260.	0.5	3
5	Benefits and interval training in individuals with spinal cord injury: A thematic review. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2022, 45, 327-338.	0.7	2
6	Exoskeleton Training and Trans-Spinal Stimulation for Physical Activity Enhancement After Spinal Cord Injury (EXTra-SCI): An Exploratory Study. <i>Frontiers in Rehabilitation Sciences</i> , 2022, 2, 789422.	0.5	7
7	Epidural stimulation with locomotor training ameliorates unstable blood pressure after tetraplegia. A case report. <i>Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology</i> , 2022, 9, 232-238.	1.7	2
8	Telerehabilitation for Exercise in Neurological Disability. , 2022, , 319-337.		0
9	Visceral Adiposity, Inflammation, and Testosterone Predict Skeletal Muscle Mitochondrial Mass and Activity in Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2022, 13, 809845.	1.3	4
10	The COVID-19 pandemic impacts all domains of quality of life in Egyptians with spinal cord injury: a retrospective longitudinal study. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2022, 60, 757-762.	0.9	5
11	Assessment of mitochondrial respiratory capacity using minimally invasive and noninvasive techniques in persons with spinal cord injury. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0265141.	1.1	1
12	Skeletal muscle stiffness as measured by magnetic resonance elastography after chronic spinal cord injury: a cross-sectional pilot study. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2021, 16, 2486.	1.6	7
13	Bone and non-contractile soft tissue changes following open kinetic chain resistance training and testosterone treatment in spinal cord injury: an exploratory study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2021, 32, 1321-1332.	1.3	11
14	Energy Expenditure, Cardiorespiratory Fitness, and Body Composition Following Arm Cycling or Functional Electrical Stimulation Exercises in Spinal Cord Injury: A 16-Week Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation</i> , 2021, 27, 121-134.	0.8	18
15	Low-dose testosterone replacement therapy and electrically evoked resistance training enhance muscle quality after spinal cord injury. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2021, 16, 1544.	1.6	2
16	Body Composition and Metabolic Assessment After Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury: Development of a Clinically Relevant Equation to Estimate Body Fat. <i>Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation</i> , 2021, 27, 11-22.	0.8	26
17	Acute exercise improves glucose effectiveness but not insulin sensitivity in paraplegia. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2021, , 1-7.	0.9	3
18	Role of exercise on visceral adiposity after spinal cord injury: a cardiometabolic risk factor. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2021, 121, 2143-2163.	1.2	5

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19	Neuromuscular electrical stimulation resistance training enhances oxygen uptake and ventilatory efficiency independent of mitochondrial complexes after spinal cord injury: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2021, 131, 265-276.	1.2	11
20	Effects Of Resistance Training Versus Passive Movement Training On Muscle Size, Oxygen Uptake And Ventilatory Efficiency After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2021, 53, 121-121.	0.2	0
21	Leisure-time Physical Activity, Anthropometrics, And Body Composition To Predict Quality Of Life After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2021, 53, 451-451.	0.2	0
22	Anthropometric Prediction of Visceral Adiposity in Persons With Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation</i> , 2021, 27, 23-35.	0.8	9
23	Epidural spinal cord stimulation as an intervention for motor recovery after motor complete spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2021, 126, 1843-1859.	0.9	26
24	Effects of dose deã€scalation following testosterone treatment and evoked resistance exercise on body composition, metabolic profile, and neuromuscular parameters in persons with spinal cord injury. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2021, 9, e15089.	0.7	5
25	Comparison of Various Indices in Identifying Insulin Resistance and Diabetes in Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 5591.	1.0	8
26	Invasive and Non-Invasive Approaches of Electrical Stimulation to Improve Physical Functioning after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 5356.	1.0	10
27	Measurement of Visceral Adipose Tissue in Persons With Spinal Cord Injury by Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Dual X-Ray Absorptiometry: Generation and Application of a Predictive Equation. <i>Journal of Clinical Densitometry</i> , 2020, 23, 63-72.	0.5	12
28	A secondary analysis of testosterone and electrically evoked resistance training versus testosterone only (TEREX-SCI) on untrained muscles after spinal cord injury: a pilot randomized clinical trial. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2020, 58, 298-308.	0.9	14
29	Methodological considerations for near-infrared spectroscopy to assess mitochondrial capacity after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2020, 43, 623-632.	0.7	2
30	Waist circumference cutoff identifying risks of obesity, metabolic syndrome, and cardiovascular disease in men with spinal cord injury. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0236752.	1.1	21
31	Magnetic Resonance Elastography to Measure Muscle Stiffness After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2020, 101, e26.	0.5	0
32	Proposed Waist Circumference Cut-off to Identify Risks of Obesity, Metabolic Syndrome, and Cardiovascular Disease After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2020, 101, e27.	0.5	0
33	Attenuation of autonomic dysreflexia during functional electrical stimulation cycling by neuromuscular electrical stimulation training: case reports. <i>Spinal Cord Series and Cases</i> , 2020, 6, 12.	0.3	5
34	The feasibility of using exoskeletalã€assisted walking with epidural stimulation: a case report study. <i>Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology</i> , 2020, 7, 259-265.	1.7	21
35	Sixteen weeks of testosterone with or without evoked resistance training on protein expression, fiber hypertrophy and mitochondrial health after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2020, 128, 1487-1496.	1.2	25
36	Electrical stimulation and denervated muscles after spinal cord injury. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2020, 15, 1397.	1.6	37

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37	Trabecular Bone Quality In Spinal Cord Injury Following Open Chain Resistance Training And Testosterone Replacement. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2020, 52, 77-77.	0.2	0
38	Effects Of Testosterone And Resistance Training On Protein Expression And Mitochondrial Functions Following Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2020, 52, 77-77.	0.2	0
39	Long-term effect of intrathecal baclofen treatment on bone health and body composition after spinal cord injury: A case matched report. <i>World Journal of Orthopedics</i> , 2020, 11, 453-464.	0.8	3
40	Exoskeletal Assisted Rehabilitation After Spinal Cord Injury. , 2019, , 440-447.e2.		17
41	Skeletal muscle hypertrophy and attenuation of cardio-metabolic risk factors (SHARC) using functional electrical stimulation-lower extremity cycling in persons with spinal cord injury: study protocol for a randomized clinical trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2019, 20, 526.	0.7	21
42	Prediction of thigh skeletal muscle mass using dual energy x-ray absorptiometry compared to magnetic resonance imaging after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2019, 42, 622-630.	0.7	10
43	Low-Dose Testosterone and Evoked Resistance Exercise after Spinal Cord Injury on Cardio-Metabolic Risk Factors: An Open-Label Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2019, 36, 2631-2645.	1.7	45
44	Testosterone and Resistance Training Improve Muscle Quality in Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2019, 51, 1591-1598.	0.2	19
45	Caloric Intake Relative to Total Daily Energy Expenditure Using a Spinal Cord Injury-Specific Correction Factor. <i>American Journal of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2019, 98, 947-952.	0.7	25
46	Effects of Testosterone and Resistance Training on Anabolic and Inflammatory Biomarkers Following Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2019, 51, 823-823.	0.2	0
47	Serum testosterone levels may influence body composition and cardiometabolic health in men with spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2019, 57, 229-239.	0.9	25
48	Mitochondrial health and muscle plasticity after spinal cord injury. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2019, 119, 315-331.	1.2	37
49	Quantification of trunk and android lean mass using dual energy x-ray absorptiometry compared to magnetic resonance imaging after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2019, 42, 508-516.	0.7	11
50	Sex dimorphism in the distribution of adipose tissue and its influence on proinflammatory adipokines and cardiometabolic profiles in motor complete spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2019, 42, 430-436.	0.7	17
51	The Effects of Electrical Stimulation Parameters in Managing Spasticity After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>American Journal of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2019, 98, 484-499.	0.7	24
52	Dietary manipulation and testosterone replacement therapy may explain changes in body composition after spinal cord injury: A retrospective case report. <i>World Journal of Clinical Cases</i> , 2019, 7, 2427-2437.	0.3	6
53	Testosterone and Resistance Training Improves Muscle Quality Following Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2019, 51, 307-307.	0.2	0
54	Plasma adiponectin levels are correlated with body composition, metabolic profiles, and mitochondrial markers in individuals with chronic spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2018, 56, 863-872.	0.9	14

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55	Validation of Anthropometric Muscle Cross-Sectional Area Equation after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>International Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2018, 39, 366-373.	0.8	7
56	Paradigms of Lower Extremity Electrical Stimulation Training After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2018, , .	0.2	10
57	Predicting Basal Metabolic Rate in Men with Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2018, 50, 1305-1312.	0.2	32
58	Associations of the trunk skeletal musculature and dietary intake to biomarkers of cardiometabolic health after spinal cord injury. <i>Clinical Physiology and Functional Imaging</i> , 2018, 38, 949-958.	0.5	12
59	Estimates of the precision of regional and whole body composition by dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry in persons with chronic spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2018, 56, 987-995.	0.9	28
60	Anthropometric Prediction of Visceral Adipose Tissue in Persons With Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. <i>PM and R</i> , 2018, 10, 817.	0.9	7
61	Higher dietary intake of vitamin D may influence total cholesterol and carbohydrate profile independent of body composition in men with Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 459-470.	0.7	10
62	Gender Dimorphism in Central Adiposity May Explain Metabolic Dysfunction After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>PM and R</i> , 2018, 10, 338-348.	0.9	20
63	Body composition changes with testosterone replacement therapy following spinal cord injury and aging: A mini review. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 624-636.	0.7	24
64	The influence of level of spinal cord injury on adipose tissue and its relationship to inflammatory adipokines and cardiometabolic profiles. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 407-415.	0.7	38
65	Predicting Basal Metabolic Rate After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2018, 50, 482-483.	0.2	0
66	Smart Data-Driven Optimization of Powered Prosthetic Ankles Using Surface Electromyography. <i>Sensors</i> , 2018, 18, 2705.	2.1	6
67	Testosterone and Resistance Training Increased Muscle Size Compared to Testosterone Only after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2018, 99, e12.	0.5	0
68	Robotic exoskeletons: The current pros and cons. <i>World Journal of Orthopedics</i> , 2018, 9, 112-119.	0.8	123
69	Anthropometric cutoffs and associations with visceral adiposity and metabolic biomarkers after spinal cord injury. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0203049.	1.1	29
70	Feasibility of robotic exoskeleton ambulation in a C4 person with incomplete spinal cord injury: a case report. <i>Spinal Cord Series and Cases</i> , 2018, 4, 36.	0.3	12
71	American Academy of Spinal Cord Injury Professionals ASCIP 2018 Educational Conference & Expo Stronger Together: Passion, Purpose and Possibilities in SCI/D. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 599-622.	0.7	0
72	The future of SCI rehabilitation: Understanding the impact of exoskeletons on gait mechanics. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2018, 41, 544-546.	0.7	4

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73	Semi-automated segmentation of magnetic resonance images for thigh skeletal muscle and fat using threshold technique after spinal cord injury. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2018, 13, 1787.	1.6	14
74	Testosterone and Resistance Exercise Improved Body Composition and Basal Metabolic Rate after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2018, 50, 199.	0.2	0
75	Anthropometric prediction of skeletal muscle cross-sectional area in persons with spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2017, 122, 1255-1261.	1.2	15
76	Effects of Testosterone and Evoked Resistance Exercise after Spinal Cord Injury (TEREX-SCI): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e014125.	0.8	32
77	Liver Adiposity and Metabolic Profile in Individuals with Chronic SCI. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2017, 98, e21.	0.5	0
78	Metabolic Profile as a Function of Mitochondrial Activity in Individuals With Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2017, 98, e81-e82.	0.5	0
79	Trunk Lean and Android Mass Using Magnetic Resonance Imaging and DXA After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2017, 98, e124.	0.5	0
80	Skeletal muscle mitochondrial mass is linked to lipid and metabolic profile in individuals with spinal cord injury. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2017, 117, 2137-2147.	1.2	21
81	A feasibility pilot using telehealth videoconference monitoring of home-based NMES resistance training in persons with spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord Series and Cases</i> , 2017, 3, 17039.	0.3	20
82	Abundance in proteins expressed after functional electrical stimulation cycling or arm cycling ergometry training in persons with chronic spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2017, 40, 439-448.	0.7	30
83	Effects of a fifty-six month electrical stimulation cycling program after tetraplegia: case report. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2017, 40, 485-488.	0.7	17
84	EMG-based energy expenditure optimization for active prosthetic leg tuning. , 2017, 2017, 394-397.		2
85	Mitochondrial mass and activity as a function of body composition in individuals with spinal cord injury. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2017, 5, e13080.	0.7	29
86	Electroencephalogram-Based Brain-Computer Interface and Lower-Limb Prosthesis Control: A Case Study. <i>Frontiers in Neurology</i> , 2017, 8, 696.	1.1	36
87	Liver Adiposity and Metabolic Profile in Individuals with Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2017, 2017, 1-11.	0.9	28
88	Disruption in bone marrow fat may attenuate testosterone action on muscle size after spinal cord injury: a case report. <i>European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2017, 53, 625-629.	1.1	5
89	Exoskeleton Training May Improve Level of Physical Activity After Spinal Cord Injury: A Case Series. <i>Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation</i> , 2017, 23, 245-255.	0.8	38
90	MRI analysis and clinical significance of lower extremity muscle cross-sectional area after spinal cord injury. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2017, 12, 714.	1.6	11

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91	Quantification of intermuscular and intramuscular adipose tissue using magnetic resonance imaging after neurodegenerative disorders. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2017, 12, 2100.	1.6	38
92	Blood Flow Restricted Exercise with Electrical Stimulation Enhanced Flow Mediation Dilation in Persons with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2016, 48, 836.	0.2	0
93	Effects of Use and Disuse on Non-paralyzed and Paralyzed Skeletal Muscles. , 2016, 7, 68.		9
94	Investigation of muscle activity during loaded human gait using signal processing of multi-channel surface EMG and IMU. , 2016, , .		3
95	Longitudinal changes in body composition and metabolic profile between exercise clinical trials in men with chronic spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2016, 39, 699-712.	0.7	38
96	Effects of once weekly NMES training on knee extensors fatigue and body composition in a person with spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2016, 39, 99-102.	0.7	21
97	Electrical stimulation and blood flow restriction increase wrist extensor cross-sectional area and flow mediated dilatation following spinal cord injury. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2016, 116, 1231-1244.	1.2	41
98	Characteristics of Electrically Evoked Resistance Training Over 16 Weeks in Persons with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016, 97, e132-e133.	0.5	0
99	Heterotopic Ossification Size was Not Influenced by Electrical Stimulation Training and Testosterone Replacement Therapy After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016, 97, e18.	0.5	0
100	Intramedullary Femoral Fixation interferes with Testosterone Action on Muscle Cross-sectional Area in a Person with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016, 97, e127.	0.5	2
101	Exoskeleton Training Improves Parameters of Physical Activity in a Person with Tetraplegia. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016, 97, e132.	0.5	1
102	Anthropometric Prediction of Skeletal Muscle Cross-sectional Area in Persons with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2016, 48, 894.	0.2	0
103	The Authors Respond. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2016, 97, 175-176.	0.5	0
104	Acute Responses of Functional Electrical Stimulation Cycling on the Ventilation \dot{V}_E to \dot{V}_{O_2} Production Ratio and Substrate Utilization After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>PM and R</i> , 2016, 8, 225-234.	0.9	18
105	Neuromuscular electrical stimulation and testosterone did not influence heterotopic ossification size after spinal cord injury: A case series. <i>World Journal of Clinical Cases</i> , 2016, 4, 172.	0.3	10
106	Skeletal muscle conditioning may be an effective rehabilitation intervention preceding functional electrical stimulation cycling. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2016, 11, 1232.	1.6	11
107	Skeletal muscle mitochondrial health and spinal cord injury. <i>World Journal of Orthopedics</i> , 2016, 7, 628.	0.8	21
108	Novel rehabilitation paradigm for restoration of hand functions after tetraplegia. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2016, 11, 1058.	1.6	0

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109	Activity-Based Restorative Therapies after Spinal Cord Injury: Inter-institutional conceptions and perceptions. , 2015, 6, 254.		41
110	Adiposity and spinal cord injury. World Journal of Orthopedics, 2015, 6, 567.	0.8	25
111	Does Upper Extremity Training Influence Body Composition after Spinal Cord Injury?. , 2015, 6, 271.		23
112	Exercise Recommendations and Considerations for Persons With Spinal Cord Injury. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2015, 96, 1749-1750.	0.5	54
113	The effects of electrical stimulation on body composition and metabolic profile after spinal cord injury " Part II. Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine, 2015, 38, 23-37.	0.7	68
114	Frequency of Dietary Recalls, Nutritional Assessment, and Body Composition Assessment in Men With Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2015, 96, 1646-1653.	0.5	43
115	Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation Training Increases Intermuscular Fascial Length but Not Tendon Cross-Sectional Area After Spinal Cord Injury. Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation, 2015, 21, 87-92.	0.8	10
116	Exercise awareness and barriers after spinal cord injury. World Journal of Orthopedics, 2014, 5, 158.	0.8	51
117	Body composition changes after 12 months of FES cycling: case report of a 60-year-old female with paraplegia. Spinal Cord, 2014, 52, S3-S4.	0.9	22
118	Effect of adjusting pulse durations of functional electrical stimulation cycling on energy expenditure and fatigue after spinal cord injury. Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development, 2014, 51, 1455-1468.	1.6	26
119	Effects of spinal cord injury on body composition and metabolic profile " Part I. Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine, 2014, 37, 693-702.	0.7	210
120	Improving the Efficiency of Electrical Stimulation Activities After Spinal Cord Injury. Current Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Reports, 2014, 2, 169-175.	0.3	12
121	Intra-rater Reliability of Ultrasound Imaging of Wrist Extensor Muscles in Patients With Tetraplegia. PM and R, 2014, 6, 127-133.	0.9	10
122	Neuromuscular electrical stimulation attenuates thigh skeletal muscles atrophy but not trunk muscles after spinal cord injury. Journal of Electromyography and Kinesiology, 2013, 23, 977-984.	0.7	32
123	Femoral Bone Marrow Adiposity and Cortical Bone Cross-Sectional Areas in Men With Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. PM and R, 2013, 5, 939-948.	0.9	26
124	Differences in current amplitude evoking leg extension in individuals with spinal cord injury. NeuroRehabilitation, 2013, 33, 161-170.	0.5	19
125	Seat Pressure Changes after Eight Weeks of Functional Electrical Stimulation Cycling: A Pilot Study. Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation, 2013, 19, 222-228.	0.8	14
126	Home-Based Functional Electrical Stimulation Cycling Enhances Quality of Life in Individuals with Spinal Cord Injury. Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation, 2013, 19, 324-329.	0.8	28

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127	The role of nutrition in health status after spinal cord injury. , 2013, 4, 14-22.		23
128	The effects of aging and electrical stimulation exercise on bone after spinal cord injury. , 2013, 4, 141-53.		11
129	Effects of Resistance Training on Adiposity and Metabolism after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2012, 44, 165-174.	0.2	146
130	Insulin growth factors may explain relationship between spasticity and skeletal muscle size in men with spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development</i> , 2012, 49, 373.	1.6	23
131	Report of practicability of a 6-month home-based functional electrical stimulation cycling program in an individual with tetraplegia. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2012, 35, 182-186.	0.7	21
132	A report of anticipated benefits of functional electrical stimulation after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2012, 35, 107-112.	0.7	31
133	Exercise Adherence During Home-Based Functional Electrical Stimulation Cycling by Individuals with Spinal Cord Injury. <i>American Journal of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2012, 91, 922-930.	0.7	42
134	A Model of Prediction and Cross-Validation of Fat-Free Mass in Men With Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2012, 93, 1240-1245.	0.5	20
135	Feasibility of home-based functional electrical stimulation cycling: case report. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2012, 50, 170-171.	0.9	28
136	Regional and relative adiposity patterns in relation to carbohydrate and lipid metabolism in men with spinal cord injury. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 36, 107-114.	0.9	88
137	A Preliminary Report on the Effects of the Level of Spinal Cord Injury on the Association Between Central Adiposity and Metabolic Profile. <i>PM and R</i> , 2011, 3, 440-446.	0.9	44
138	Acute effects of locomotor training on neuromuscular and metabolic profile after incomplete spinal cord injury. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2011, 29, 79-83.	0.5	12
139	Central adiposity associations to carbohydrate and lipid metabolism in individuals with complete motor spinal cord injury. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2011, 60, 843-851.	1.5	101
140	The effects of spinal cord injury and exercise on bone mass: A literature review. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2011, 29, 261-269.	0.5	62
141	Influence of motor complete spinal cord injury on visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissue measured by multi-axial magnetic resonance imaging. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2011, 34, 99-109.	0.7	56
142	Functional electrical stimulation therapies after spinal cord injury. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2011, 28, 231-248.	0.5	64
143	Relationship of Spasticity to Soft Tissue Body Composition and the Metabolic Profile in Persons With Chronic Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2010, 33, 6-15.	0.7	81
144	Oral baclofen administration in persons with chronic spinal cord injury does not prevent the protective effects of spasticity on body composition and glucose homeostasis. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2010, 48, 160-165.	0.9	12

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145	Locomotor and resistance training restore walking in an elderly person with a chronic incomplete spinal cord injury. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2010, 26, 127-133.	0.5	15
146	Skeletal Muscle Hypertrophy and Decreased Intramuscular Fat After Unilateral Resistance Training in Spinal Cord Injury: Case Report. <i>Journal of Spinal Cord Medicine</i> , 2010, 33, 90-95.	0.7	67
147	Effects of Electrical Stimulation Parameters on Fatigue in Skeletal Muscle. <i>Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy</i> , 2009, 39, 684-692.	1.7	113
148	Visceral & Abdominal Subcutaneous Fat And Body Composition In Motor Complete Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2009, 41, 402.	0.2	1
149	The Effect of Low-Level Laser Therapy on Electrically Induced Muscle Fatigue: A Pilot Study. <i>Photomedicine and Laser Surgery</i> , 2008, 26, 501-506.	2.1	40
150	Spasticity may defend skeletal muscle size and composition after incomplete spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2008, 46, 96-102.	0.9	66
151	The Role of Pulse Duration and Stimulation Duration in Maximizing the Normalized Torque During Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation. <i>Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy</i> , 2008, 38, 508-516.	1.7	67
152	High specific torque is related to lengthening contraction-induced skeletal muscle injury. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2008, 104, 639-647.	1.2	22
153	Prevalence of Obesity After Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation</i> , 2007, 12, 1-7.	0.8	77
154	Skeletal muscle atrophy and increased intramuscular fat after incomplete spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> , 2007, 45, 304-309.	0.9	324
155	Presentation 4. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2006, 87, e7-e8.	0.5	1
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