## Ricardo J Camacho

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Differential patterns of post-migration HIV-1 infection acquisition among Portuguese immigrants of different geographical origin. Aids, 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, .	1.0	6
2	Human Immunodeficiency Virus–2 (HIV-2): A Summary of the Present Standard of Care and Treatment Options for Individuals Living with HIV-2 in Western Europe. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 72, 503-509.	2.9	13
3	Development of HIV Drug Resistance in a Cohort of Adults on First-Line Antiretroviral Therapy in Tanzania during the Stavudine Era. Microbiology Research, 2021, 12, 847-861.	0.8	5
4	Increasing Prevalence of HIV-1 Transmitted Drug Resistance in Portugal: Implications for First Line Treatment Recommendations. Viruses, 2020, 12, 1238.	1.5	7
5	Molecular Epidemiology of HIV-1 Infected Migrants Followed Up in Portugal: Trends between 2001–2017. Viruses, 2020, 12, 268.	1.5	12
6	Tracing the Impact of Public Health Interventions on HIV-1 Transmission in Portugal Using Molecular Epidemiology. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2019, 220, 233-243.	1.9	23
7	Collaborative update of a rule-based expert system for HIV-1 genotypic resistance test interpretation. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0181357.	1.1	31
8	The global spread of HIV-1 subtype B epidemic. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2016, 46, 169-179.	1.0	60
9	Sub-Epidemics Explain Localized High Prevalence of Reduced Susceptibility to Rilpivirine in Treatment-Naive HIV-1-Infected Patients: Subtype and Geographic Compartmentalization of Baseline Resistance Mutations. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2016, 32, 427-433.	0.5	19
10	EPICE-HIV: An Epidemiologic Cost-Effectiveness Model for HIV Treatment. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0149007.	1.1	6
11	Assessing transmissibility of HIV-1 drug resistance mutations from treated and from drug-naive individuals. Aids, 2015, 29, 2045-2052.	1.0	21
12	Development of Nevirapine Resistance in Children Exposed to the Prevention of Mother-to-Child HIV-1 Transmission Programme in Maputo, Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0131994.	1.1	10
13	HIV-2EU—Supporting Standardized HIV-2 Drug-Resistance Interpretation in Europe: An Update: Table 1 Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2015, 61, 1346-1347.	2.9	23
14	Discordant predictions of residual activity could impact dolutegravir prescription upon raltegravir failure. Journal of Clinical Virology, 2015, 70, 120-127.	1.6	6
15	Clobal Dispersal Pattern of HIV Type 1 Subtype CRF01_AE: A Genetic Trace of Human Mobility Related to Heterosexual Sexual Activities Centralized in Southeast Asia. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2015, 211, 1735-1744.	1.9	62
16	HIV-1 Diversity, Transmission Dynamics and Primary Drug Resistance in Angola. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113626.	1.1	17
17	Time on drug analysis based on real life data. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2014, 17, 19790.	1.2	0
18	Pharmacy refill adherence outperforms self-reported methods in predicting HIV therapy outcome in resource-limited settings. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1035.	1.2	82

2

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19	Possible Footprints of APOBEC3F and/or Other APOBEC3 Deaminases, but Not APOBEC3G, on HIV-1 from Patients with Acute/Early and Chronic Infections. Journal of Virology, 2014, 88, 12882-12894.	1.5	21
20	Increase in transmitted resistance to non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors among newly diagnosed HIV-1 infections in Europe. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2014, 14, 407.	1.3	43
21	A near-full length genotypic assay for HCV1b. Journal of Virological Methods, 2014, 209, 126-135.	1.0	11
22	Patterns of Transmitted HIV Drug Resistance in Europe Vary by Risk Group. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e94495.	1.1	32
23	Limited cross-border infections in patients newly diagnosed with HIV in Europe. Retrovirology, 2013, 10, 36.	0.9	52
24	HIV-1 subtype distribution and its demographic determinants in newly diagnosed patients in Europe suggest highly compartmentalized epidemics. Retrovirology, 2013, 10, 7.	0.9	129
25	HIV-1 fitness landscape models for indinavir treatment pressure using observed evolution in longitudinal sequence data are predictive for treatment failure. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2013, 19, 349-360.	1.0	4
26	Automated subtyping of HIV-1 genetic sequences for clinical and surveillance purposes: Performance evaluation of the new REGA version 3 and seven other tools. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2013, 19, 337-348.	1.0	313
27	HIV-2EU: Supporting Standardized HIV-2 Drug Resistance Interpretation in Europe. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 56, 1654-1658.	2.9	31
28	RegaDB: community-driven data management and analysis for infectious diseases. Bioinformatics, 2013, 29, 1477-1480.	1.8	29
29	Declining Prevalence of HIV-1 Drug Resistance in Antiretroviral Treatment-exposed Individuals in Western Europe. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2013, 207, 1216-1220.	1.9	53
30	Clinical Evaluation of Rega 8: An Updated Genotypic Interpretation System That Significantly Predicts HIV-Therapy Response. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e61436.	1.1	17
31	Predictors of Attrition and Immunological Failure in HIV-1 Patients on Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy from Different Healthcare Settings in Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e82718.	1.1	21
32	Effect of Natural Polymorphisms in the HIV-1 CRF02_AG Protease on Protease Inhibitor Hypersusceptibility. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2012, 56, 2719-2725.	1.4	11
33	Treatment-associated polymorphisms in protease are significantly associated with higher viral load and lower CD4 count in newly diagnosed drug-naive HIV-1 infected patients. Retrovirology, 2012, 9, 81.	0.9	23
34	Phylogeographical footprint of colonial history in the global dispersal of human immunodeficiency virus type 2 group A. Journal of General Virology, 2012, 93, 889-899.	1.3	56
35	Phylodynamics of the HIV-1 CRF02_AG clade in Cameroon. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2012, 12, 453-460.	1.0	52
36	Appearance of a Single Amino Acid Insertion at Position 33 in HIV Type 1 Protease Under a Lopinavir-Containing Regimen, Associated with Reduced Protease Inhibitor Susceptibility. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2011, 27, 1223-1229.	0.5	0

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37	Origin and Epidemiological History of HIV-1 CRF14_BG. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24130.	1.1	28
38	Molecular Epidemiological Analysis of Paired pol/env Sequences from Portuguese HIV Type 1 Patients. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2011, 27, 803-805.	0.5	15
39	Antiretroviral therapy in treatment-naÃ <sup>-</sup> ve patients with HIV infection. Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS, 2011, 6, S3-S11.	1.5	23
40	Cell-Associated Viral Burden Provides Evidence of Ongoing Viral Replication in Aviremic HIV-2-Infected Patients. Journal of Virology, 2011, 85, 2429-2438.	1.5	50
41	Detection of drug resistance mutations at low plasma HIV-1 RNA load in a European multicentre cohort study. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2011, 66, 1886-1896.	1.3	56
42	European recommendations for the clinical use of HIV drug resistance testing: 2011 update. AIDS Reviews, 2011, 13, 77-108.	0.5	106
43	Estimating the individualized HIV-1 genetic barrier to resistance using a nelfinavir fitness landscape. BMC Bioinformatics, 2010, 11, 409.	1.2	12
44	Effect of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 protease inhibitor therapy and subtype on development of resistance in subtypes B and G. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2010, 10, 373-379.	1.0	9
45	Comparative performance of the REGA subtyping tool version 2 versus version 1. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2010, 10, 380-385.	1.0	13
46	Resistance pathways of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 against the combination of zidovudine and lamivudine. Journal of General Virology, 2010, 91, 1898-1908.	1.3	16
47	Genetic Subtypes of HIV Type 1 Circulating in Slovakia. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2010, 26, 1103-1107.	0.5	7
48	Drug Resistance Mutations for Surveillance of Transmitted HIV-1 Drug-Resistance: 2009 Update. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e4724.	1.1	823
49	Rapid clinical progression to AIDS and death in a persistently seronegative HIV-1 infected heterosexual young man. Aids, 2009, 23, 2359-2362.	1.0	12
50	Antiretroviral Drug Resistance in Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 2. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2009, 53, 3611-3619.	1.4	70
51	Discordant genotypic interpretation and phenotypic role of protease mutations in HIV-1 subtypes B and G. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2009, 63, 593-599.	1.3	18
52	Transmission of Drugâ€Resistant HIVâ€I Is Stabilizing in Europe. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2009, 200, 1503-1508.	1.9	213
53	Full genome sequence of three isolates of hepatitis C virus subtype 4b from Portugal. Archives of Virology, 2009, 154, 127-132.	0.9	9
54	The rise and fall of K65R in a Portuguese HIV-1 Drug Resistance database, despite continuously increasing use of tenofovirârt, infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2009, 9, 683-688	1.0	8

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55	Tracing the HIV-1 subtype B mobility in Europe: a phylogeographic approach. Retrovirology, 2009, 6, 49.	0.9	114
56	The incidence of multidrug and full class resistance in HIV-1 infected patients is decreasing over time (2001–2006) in Portugal. Retrovirology, 2008, 5, 12.	0.9	43
57	Impact of HIV-1 protease mutations A71V/T and T74S on M89I/V-mediated protease inhibitor resistance in subtype G isolates. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2008, 61, 1201-1204.	1.3	18
58	Bayesian network analyses of resistance pathways against efavirenz and nevirapine. Aids, 2008, 22, 2107-2115.	1.0	21
59	Estimation of an <i>in vivo</i> fitness landscape experienced by HIV-1 under drug selective pressure useful for prediction of drug resistance evolution during treatment. Bioinformatics, 2008, 24, 34-41.	1.8	28
60	Modelled in vivo HIV fitness under drug selective pressure and estimated genetic barrier towards resistance are predictive for virological response. Antiviral Therapy, 2008, 13, 399-407.	0.6	7
61	Modelled <i>in vivo</i> HIV Fitness under drug Selective Pressure and Estimated Genetic Barrier Towards Resistance are Predictive for Virological Response. Antiviral Therapy, 2008, 13, 399-408.	0.6	17
62	Estimating the Relative Contribution of dNTP Pool Imbalance and APOBEC3G/3F Editing to HIV Evolution <i>In Vivo</i> . Journal of Computational Biology, 2007, 14, 1105-1114.	0.8	26
63	Recombination Confounds the Early Evolutionary History of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1: Subtype G Is a Circulating Recombinant Form. Journal of Virology, 2007, 81, 8543-8551.	1.5	84
64	Antiretroviral resistance in different HIV-1 subtypes: impact on therapy outcomes and resistance testing interpretation. Current Opinion in HIV and AIDS, 2007, 2, 123-129.	1.5	23
65	Impact of genetic variation of HIV-1 on drug resistance development. Future Virology, 2007, 2, 303-310.	0.9	Ο
66	Bayesian network analysis of resistance pathways against HIV-1 protease inhibitors. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2007, 7, 382-390.	1.0	30
67	Molecular epidemiology and prevalence of drug resistance-associated mutations in newly diagnosed HIV-1 patients in Portugal. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2007, 7, 391-398.	1.0	71
68	Use of a New Dual-Antigen Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay To Detect and Characterize the Human Antibody Response to the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 2 Envelope gp125 and gp36 Glycoproteins. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2006, 44, 607-611.	1.8	17
69	HIV-1 pol mutation frequency by subtype and treatment experience: extension of the HIVseq program to seven non-B subtypes. Aids, 2006, 20, 643-651.	1.0	78
70	The Calculated Genetic Barrier for Antiretroviral Drug Resistance Substitutions Is Largely Similar for Different HIV-1 Subtypes. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2006, 41, 352-360.	0.9	90
71	Comparison of the COBAS TAQMANâ,,¢ HIV-1 HPS with VERSANT HIV-1 RNA 3.0 Assay (bDNA) for plasma RNA quantitation in different HIV-1 subtypes. Journal of Virological Methods, 2006, 135, 223-228.	1.0	14
72	Protease mutation M89I/V is linked to therapy failure in patients infected with the HIV-1 non-B subtypes C, F or G. Aids, 2006, 20, 1789.	1.0	0

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73	Analysis of HIV-1 pol sequences using Bayesian Networks: implications for drug resistance. Bioinformatics, 2006, 22, 2975-2979.	1.8	60
74	Discordances between Interpretation Algorithms for Genotypic Resistance to Protease and Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Are Subtype Dependent. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2006, 50, 694-701.	1.4	78
75	Protease mutation M89I/V is linked to therapy failure in patients infected with the HIV-1 non-B subtypes C, F or G. Aids, 2005, 19, 1799-1806.	1.0	76
76	Impact of HIV-1 Subtype and Antiretroviral Therapy on Protease and Reverse Transcriptase Genotype: Results of a Global Collaboration. PLoS Medicine, 2005, 2, e112.	3.9	262
77	Prevalence of Drugâ€Resistant HIVâ€1 Variants in Untreated Individuals in Europe: Implications for Clinical Management. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2005, 192, 958-966.	1.9	385
78	An automated genotyping system for analysis of HIV-1 and other microbial sequences. Bioinformatics, 2005, 21, 3797-3800.	1.8	468
79	Transmission of HIV-2. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2003, 3, 683-684.	4.6	23
80	Multicenter evaluation of a new rapid automated human immunodeficiency virus antigen detection assay. Journal of Virological Methods, 1999, 78, 61-70.	1.0	20