Xavier Sala-Blanch

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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394421 361022 1,372 63 19 35 citations g-index h-index papers 66 66 66 618 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The EFSUMB Guidelines and Recommendations for Musculoskeletal Ultrasound – Part I: Extraarticular Pathologies. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2022, 43, 34-57.	1.5	13
2	The EFSUMB Guidelines and Recommendations for Musculoskeletal Ultrasound – Part II: Joint Pathologies, Pediatric Applications, andÂGuided Procedures. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2022, 43, 252-273.	1.5	7
3	Nerve injury monitoring: too much ain't enough. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2022, 47, 276-277.	2.3	3
4	Accuracy of ultrasonography predicting spread location following intraneural and subparaneural injections: a scoping review. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2022, , .	1.0	2
5	Response to Dr Costa. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2022, 47, 340-340.	2.3	O
6	Anatomical Variability and Biomedical Imaging for Spinal Anesthesia Individualization. Advances in Medical Education, Research, and Ethics, 2022, , 126-146.	0.1	O
7	Preoperative bedside ultrasound assessment of gastric volume and evaluation of predisposing factors for delayed gastric emptying: a case–control observational study. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2021, 35, 483-489.	1.6	6
8	Analyzing cadaveric erector spinae plane block: a compendious approach. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 554.1-555.	2.3	O
9	Ultrasound-guided subparaneural popliteal sciatic nerve block: there is more to it than meets the eyes. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 268-275.	2.3	14
10	Anatomic and radiological correlation of injectate spread from first thoracic costotransverse junction in cervical erector spinae plane. Autopsy and Case Reports, 2021, 11, e2021275.	0.6	3
11	High-definition ultrasound imaging defines the paraneural sheath and fascial compartments surrounding the cords of the brachial plexus at the costoclavicular space and lateral infraclavicular fossa. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 500-506.	2.3	13
12	Anatomical basis of fascial plane blocks. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 581-599.	2.3	30
13	Opening injection pressure monitoring using an in-line device does not prevent intraneural injection in an isolated nerve model. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 916-918.	2.3	8
14	Standardizing nomenclature in regional anesthesia: an ASRA-ESRA Delphi consensus study of abdominal wall, paraspinal, and chest wall blocks. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2021, 46, 571-580.	2.3	131
15	Anatomic barriers to paraspinal blocks: a cadaver case series. Brazilian Journal of Anesthesiology (Elsevier), 2021, , .	0.4	0
16	Sciatic nerve movement in the deep gluteal space during hip rotations maneuvers. Clinical Anatomy, 2021, , .	2.7	0
17	Another (Internal) Epineurium: Beyond the Anatomical Barriers of Nerves. Clinical Anatomy, 2020, 33, 199-206.	2.7	26
18	"Triceps Brachii Muscle Response to Neurostimulation of the Radial Nerve during Axillary Plexus Blockade: Clinical, Anatomical and Histological Correlation― Clinical Anatomy, 2020, 33, 578-584.	2.7	1

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19	Comparison of the effectiveness of circumferential versus non-circumferential spread in median and ulnar nerve blocks. A double-blind randomized clinical trial. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2020, 45, 362-366.	2.3	1
20	Intertruncal approach to the supraclavicular brachial plexus, current controversies and technical update: a daring discourse. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2020, 45, 377-380.	2.3	20
21	Yet another perineural layer: so what?. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2020, 45, 483-484.	2.3	6
22	Vulnerability of different nerves to intrafascicular injection by different needle types and at different approach angles: a mathematical model. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2020, 45, 306-310.	2.3	1
23	Upper trunk block for shoulder analgesia with potential phrenic nerve sparing: a preliminary anatomical report. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, 44, 872-874.	2.3	12
24	Usefulness of high-resolution ultrasound for small nerve blocks: visualization of intercostobrachial and medial brachial cutaneous nerves in the axillary area. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, 44, 929-933.	2.3	7
25	Our best anesthetic blocks are probably related to unintentional and unnoticed intraneural injection. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, 44, 279-280.	2.3	10
26	India ink: a time-tested histological marker. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, 44, 757-759.	2.3	1
27	Ultrasound-guided selective block of the medial brachial cutaneous and the intercostobrachial nerves for proximal arteriovenous fistula surgery. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, 44, 814.1-815.	2.3	4
28	Upper trunk block: †primum non nocere'. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2019, , rapm-2019-101	1622.3	1
29	Extrafasicular and Intraperineural, but No Endoneural, Spread after Deliberate Intraneural Injections in a Cadaveric Study. Anesthesiology, 2019, 130, 1007-1016.	2.5	25
30	Patterns of Distribution of the Nerves Around the Axillary Artery Evaluated by Ultrasound and Assessed by Nerve Stimulation During Axillary Block. Clinical Anatomy, 2019, 32, 2-8.	2.7	9
31	Direct laryngoscopy and the "Pythagorean Theorem†Is this the future? The importance of the elaticity of muscles of mouth's floor to obtain the hypotenuse of buccoâ€laryngeal axis. Clinical Anatomy, 2018, 31, 702-704.	2.7	0
32	Gemelli-obturator complex in the deep gluteal space: an anatomic and dynamic study. Skeletal Radiology, 2018, 47, 763-770.	2.0	12
33	A novel marker for identifying and studying the membranes, barriers, and compartments surrounding peripheral nerves microscopically. Clinical Anatomy, 2018, 31, 1050-1057.	2.7	19
34	Anatomic Basis for Brachial Plexus Block at the Costoclavicular Space. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2016, 41, 387-391.	2.3	61
35	Pythagoras and Cosines: The skin–dural sac distance and optimal angles in paramedian spinal anesthesia. Clinical Anatomy, 2016, 29, 1046-1052.	2.7	9
36	Permanent upper trunk plexopathy after interscalene brachial plexus block. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2016, 30, 51-54.	1.6	10

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37	Vloka Sciatic Nerve Sheath. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2015, 40, 174.	2.3	5
38	Microscopic Morphology and Ultrastructure of Human Peripheral Nerves., 2015,, 91-106.		14
39	Ultrasound-Guided Phrenic Nerve Block for CT-Guided Percutaneous Pulmonary Fine-Needle Aspiration Biopsy. Journal of Vascular and Interventional Radiology, 2015, 26, 597-599.	0.5	7
40	Cross-sectional Microscopic Anatomy of the Sciatic Nerve and Paraneural Sheaths., 2015,, 237-269.		2
41	Ultrastructure of the Epineurium. , 2015, , 85-98.		1
42	Cross-Sectional Microscopic Anatomy of the Brachial Plexus and Paraneural Sheaths., 2015, , 161-188.		5
43	Ultrasound-Guided Stellate Ganglion Block. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2013, 38, 170.	2.3	8
44	Sciatic Nerve Structure and Nomenclature. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2013, 38, 463-465.	2.3	9
45	Ultrasound-Guided Popliteal Sciatic Block with a Single Injection at the Sciatic Division Results in Faster Block Onset than the Classical Nerve Stimulator Technique. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2012, 114, 1121-1127.	2.2	59
46	No Clinical or Electrophysiologic Evidence of Nerve Injury after Intraneural Injection during Sciatic Popliteal Block. Anesthesiology, 2011, 115, 589-595.	2.5	84
47	Ultrasound guidance for the performance of sciatic and saphenous nerve blocks in dogs. Veterinary Journal, 2011, 187, 221-224.	1.7	50
48	A Practical Review of Perineural Versus Intraneural Injections. International Anesthesiology Clinics, 2011, 49, 1-12.	0.8	42
49	Ultrasound–anatomic correlation of the peripheral nerves of the upper limb. Surgical and Radiologic Anatomy, 2010, 32, 305-314.	1,2	25
50	Structural Injury to the Human Sciatic Nerve After Intraneural Needle Insertion. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2009, 34, 201-205.	2.3	85
51	Intraneural Injection with Low-Current Stimulation During Popliteal Sciatic Nerve Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2009, 109, 673-677.	2.2	152
52	Anatomy–ultrasound correlation for selected peripheral nerve blocks. Techniques in Regional Anesthesia and Pain Management, 2008, 12, 146-152.	0.2	4
53	A clinical evaluation of four disposable laryngeal masks in adult patients. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2008, 20, 514-520.	1.6	16
54	Ultrasound Guidance May Reduce but Not Eliminate Complications of Peripheral Nerve Blocks. Anesthesiology, 2008, 108, 557-558.	2.5	59

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55	Intraneural Injection during Anterior Approach for Sciatic Nerve Block: What Have We Learned and Where to Go from Here?. Anesthesiology, 2005, 102, 1283-1284.	2.5	1
56	Nerve stimulation in regional anesthesia: theory and practice. Bailliere's Best Practice and Research in Clinical Anaesthesiology, 2005, 19, 153-174.	4.0	45
57	Intraneural Injection during Anterior Approach for Sciatic Nerve Block. Anesthesiology, 2004, 101, 1027-1030.	2.5	60
58	Image-guided techniques for peripheral nerve blocks. Current Opinion in Anaesthesiology, 2004, 17, 409-415.	2.0	10
59	Interpreting Infraclavicular Motor Responses to Neurostimulation of the Brachial Plexus. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2004, 29, 618-620.	2.3	2
60	Combined Infraclavicular Plexus Block with Suprascapular Nerve Block for Humeral Head Surgery in a Patient with Respiratory Failure: An Alternative Approach. Anesthesiology, 2003, 98, 784-785.	2.5	26
61	Reply to Dr. Sia. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2002, 27, 327-328.	2.3	22
62	Ultrasound in the practice of brachial plexus anesthesia. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2002, 27, 77-89.	2.3	35
63	Peripheral Nerve Stimulation in the Practice of Brachial Plexus Anesthesia. Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine, 2001, 26, 478-483.	2.3	73