

Berkin Bilgic

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

79
papers

3,493
citations

172457

29
h-index

161849

54
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82
all docs

82
docs citations

82
times ranked

3308
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | MRI estimates of brain iron concentration in normal aging using quantitative susceptibility mapping. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2012, 59, 2625-2635. | 4.2 | 427 |
| 2 | Wave-CAIPI for highly accelerated 3D imaging. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2015, 73, 2152-2162. | 3.0 | 180 |
| 3 | Fast quantitative susceptibility mapping using 3D EPI and total generalized variation. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2015, 111, 622-630. | 4.2 | 157 |
| 4 | Quantitative susceptibility mapping: Report from the 2016 reconstruction challenge. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2018, 79, 1661-1673. | 3.0 | 151 |
| 5 | Quantitative oxygenation venography from MRI phase. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2014, 72, 149-159. | 3.0 | 143 |
| 6 | High-resolution in vivo diffusion imaging of the human brain with generalized slice dithered enhanced resolution: Simultaneous multislice (g-SMS). <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2018, 79, 141-151. | 3.0 | 134 |
| 7 | Fast image reconstruction with L2-regularization. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2014, 40, 181-191. | 3.4 | 125 |
| 8 | Quantitative susceptibility mapping using deep neural network: QSMnet. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2018, 179, 199-206. | 4.2 | 115 |
| 9 | Fast quantitative susceptibility mapping with L1-regularization and automatic parameter selection. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2014, 72, 1444-1459. | 3.0 | 110 |
| 10 | Multi-contrast reconstruction with Bayesian compressed sensing. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2011, 66, 1601-1615. | 3.0 | 109 |
| 11 | 3D MR fingerprinting with accelerated stack-of-spirals and hybrid sliding-window and GRAPPA reconstruction. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2017, 162, 13-22. | 4.2 | 87 |
| 12 | Echo planar time-resolved imaging (EPTI). <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2019, 81, 3599-3615. | 3.0 | 75 |
| 13 | RARE/turbo spin echo imaging with simultaneous multislice Wave-CAIPI. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2015, 73, 929-938. | 3.0 | 68 |
| 14 | Network Accelerated Motion Estimation and Reduction (NAMER): Convolutional neural network guided retrospective motion correction using a separable motion model. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2019, 82, 1452-1461. | 3.0 | 67 |
| 15 | Accelerated diffusion spectrum imaging with compressed sensing using adaptive dictionaries. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2012, 68, 1747-1754. | 3.0 | 66 |
| 16 | DeepDTI: High-fidelity six-direction diffusion tensor imaging using deep learning. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2020, 219, 117017. | 4.2 | 63 |
| 17 | Improving parallel imaging by jointly reconstructing multi-contrast data. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2018, 80, 619-632. | 3.0 | 62 |
| 18 | Connectome 2.0: Developing the next-generation ultra-high gradient strength human MRI scanner for bridging studies of the micro-, meso- and macro-connectome. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2021, 243, 118530. | 4.2 | 58 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Efficient integral image computation on the GPU. , 2010, , . | | 56 |
| 20 | Fast nonlinear susceptibility inversion with variational regularization. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2018, 80, 814-821. | 3.0 | 55 |
| 21 | Waveâ€CAIPI for highly accelerated MPâ€RAGE imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2018, 79, 401-406. | 3.0 | 53 |
| 22 | Rapid multi-orientation quantitative susceptibility mapping. NeuroImage, 2016, 125, 1131-1141. | 4.2 | 52 |
| 23 | Singleâ€step quantitative susceptibility mapping with variational penalties. NMR in Biomedicine, 2017, 30, e3570. | 2.8 | 50 |
| 24 | Autocalibrated waveâ€<sc>CAIPI</sc> reconstruction; Joint optimization of kâ€space trajectory and parallel imaging reconstruction. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2017, 78, 1093-1099. | 3.0 | 47 |
| 25 | Highlyâ€accelerated volumetric brain examination using optimized waveâ€CAIPI encoding. Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging, 2019, 50, 961-974. | 3.4 | 44 |
| 26 | Highly accelerated multishot echo planar imaging through synergistic machine learning and joint reconstruction. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2019, 82, 1343-1358. | 3.0 | 40 |
| 27 | Nonlinear dipole inversion (NDI) enables robust quantitative susceptibility mapping (QSM). NMR in Biomedicine, 2020, 33, e4271. | 2.8 | 39 |
| 28 | Tiltedâ€CAIPI for highly accelerated distortionâ€free EPI with point spread function (PSF) encoding. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2019, 81, 377-392. | 3.0 | 37 |
| 29 | Simultaneous multislice magnetic resonance fingerprinting (SMSâ€MRF) with directâ€spiral sliceâ€GRAPPA (dsâ€SC) reconstruction. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2017, 77, 1966-1974. | 3.0 | 35 |
| 30 | QSM reconstruction challenge 2.0: A realistic in silico head phantom for MRI data simulation and evaluation of susceptibility mapping procedures. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 86, 526-542. | 3.0 | 34 |
| 31 | Lipid suppression in CSI with spatial priors and highly undersampled peripheral kâ€space. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2013, 69, 1501-1511. | 3.0 | 33 |
| 32 | Highâ€fidelity, highâ€isotropicâ€resolution diffusion imaging through gSlider acquisition with and T 1 corrections and integrated I ^B 0 / Rx shim array. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2020, 83, 56-67. | 3.0 | 31 |
| 33 | Distortionâ€free, highâ€isotropicâ€resolution diffusion MRI with gSlider BUDAâ€EPI and multicoil dynamic B₀ shimming. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 86, 791-803. | 3.0 | 31 |
| 34 | SDnDTI: Self-supervised deep learning-based denoising for diffusion tensor MRI. NeuroImage, 2022, 253, 119033. | 4.2 | 31 |
| 35 | QSM reconstruction challenge 2.0: Design and report of results. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 86, 1241-1255. | 3.0 | 30 |
| 36 | Motionâ€robust subâ€millimeter isotropic diffusion imaging through motion corrected generalized slice dithered enhanced resolution (MCâ€gSlider) acquisition. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2018, 80, 1891-1906. | 3.0 | 28 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Joint multi-contrast variational network reconstruction (jVN) with application to rapid 2D and 3D imaging. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2020, 84, 1456-1469. | 3.0 | 28 |
| 38 | Echo planar time-resolved imaging with subspace reconstruction and optimized spatiotemporal encoding. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2020, 84, 2442-2455. | 3.0 | 28 |
| 39 | Fast human detection with cascaded ensembles on the GPU. , 2010, , . | | 27 |
| 40 | Characterization of normal-appearing white matter in multiple sclerosis using quantitative susceptibility mapping in conjunction with diffusion tensor imaging. <i>Neuroradiology</i> , 2019, 61, 71-79. | 2.2 | 24 |
| 41 | Wave-LORAKS: Combining wave encoding with structured low-rank matrix modeling for more highly accelerated 3D imaging. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2019, 81, 1620-1633. | 3.0 | 24 |
| 42 | Accelerated 1^{H} MRSI using randomly undersampled spiral-based k-space trajectories. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2015, 74, 13-24. | 3.0 | 23 |
| 43 | Variable flip angle echo planar time-resolved imaging (vFA-EPTI) for fast high-resolution gradient echo myelin water imaging. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2021, 232, 117897. | 4.2 | 22 |
| 44 | Simultaneous Time Interleaved MultiSlice (STIMS) for Rapid Susceptibility Weighted acquisition. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2017, 155, 577-586. | 4.2 | 21 |
| 45 | Vectorial total generalized variation for accelerated multi-channel multi-contrast MRI. <i>Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2016, 34, 1161-1170. | 1.8 | 19 |
| 46 | Phase-matched virtual coil reconstruction for highly accelerated diffusion echo-planar imaging. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2019, 194, 291-302. | 4.2 | 19 |
| 47 | Weak-harmonic regularization for quantitative susceptibility mapping. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2019, 81, 1399-1411. | 3.0 | 19 |
| 48 | Scan-specific artifact reduction in k-space (SPARK) neural networks synergize with physics-based reconstruction to accelerate MRI. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2022, 87, 764-780. | 3.0 | 19 |
| 49 | The 2016 QSM Challenge: Lessons learned and considerations for a future challenge design. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2020, 84, 1624-1637. | 3.0 | 18 |
| 50 | Mapping the human connectome using diffusion MRI at 300 mT/m gradient strength: Methodological advances and scientific impact. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2022, 254, 118958. | 4.2 | 18 |
| 51 | Improving <i>in vivo</i> human cerebral cortical surface reconstruction using data-driven super-resolution. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2021, 31, 463-482. | 2.9 | 17 |
| 52 | Fast Dictionary-Based Reconstruction for Diffusion Spectrum Imaging. <i>IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging</i> , 2013, 32, 2022-2033. | 8.9 | 16 |
| 53 | Blip-up-down acquisition for spin- and gradient-echo imaging (BUDA-SAGE) with self-supervised denoising enables efficient T_2 , T_2^* , ρ - and diamagnetic susceptibility mapping. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2022, 88, 633-650. | 3.0 | 15 |
| 54 | Fast reconstruction for multichannel compressed sensing using a hierarchically semiseparable solver. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2015, 73, 1034-1040. | 3.0 | 14 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Optimized multi-axis spiral projection <sc>MR</sc> fingerprinting with subspace reconstruction for rapid whole-brain high-isotropic-resolution quantitative imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 88, 133-150. | 3.0 | 14 |
| 56 | Model-based iterative reconstruction for single-shot <sc>EPI</sc> at 7<sc>T</sc>. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2017, 78, 2250-2264. | 3.0 | 13 |
| 57 | Efficient T_2 mapping with blip-up/down EPI and gSlider-SMS (T_2 -BUDA-gSlider). Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 86, 2064-2075. | 3.0 | 13 |
| 58 | A 48-channel receive array coil for mesoscopic diffusion-weighted MRI of in vivo human brain on the 3 T connectome scanner. NeuroImage, 2021, 238, 118256. | 4.2 | 13 |
| 59 | Comparison of parameter optimization methods for quantitative susceptibility mapping. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 85, 480-494. | 3.0 | 12 |
| 60 | A multi-inversion multi-echo spin and gradient echo echo planar imaging sequence with low image distortion for rapid quantitative parameter mapping and synthetic image contrasts. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2021, 86, 866-880. | 3.0 | 11 |
| 61 | Improved cortical surface reconstruction using sub-millimeter resolution MPRAGE by image denoising. NeuroImage, 2021, 233, 117946. | 4.2 | 11 |
| 62 | High-fidelity approximation of grid- and shell-based sampling schemes from undersampled DSI using compressed sensing: Post mortem validation. NeuroImage, 2021, 244, 118621. | 4.2 | 11 |
| 63 | WaveCAIPI ViSta: highly accelerated whole-brain direct myelin water imaging with zero-padding reconstruction. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2018, 80, 1061-1073. | 3.0 | 10 |
| 64 | Accelerated whole-brain perfusion imaging using a simultaneous multislice spin-echo and gradient-echo sequence with joint virtual coil reconstruction. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2019, 82, 973-983. | 3.0 | 10 |
| 65 | Highly efficient MRI through multi-shot echo planar imaging. , 2019, , . | | 10 |
| 66 | Mitigation of partial volume effects in susceptibility-based oxygenation measurements by joint utilization of magnitude and phase (JUMP). Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2017, 77, 1713-1727. | 3.0 | 9 |
| 67 | High-fidelity fast volumetric brain MRI using synergistic wave-controlled aliasing in parallel imaging and a hybrid denoising generative adversarial network (HDnGAN). Medical Physics, 2022, 49, 1000-1014. | 3.0 | 9 |
| 68 | An artificial intelligence-accelerated 2-minute multi-shot echo planar imaging protocol for comprehensive high-quality clinical brain imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 87, 2453-2463. | 3.0 | 9 |
| 69 | Accelerated spin-echo functional MRI using multisection excitation by simultaneous spin-echo interleaving (MESSI) with complex-encoded generalized slice dithered enhanced resolution (cgSlider) simultaneous multislice echo-planar imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2020, 84, 206-220. | 3.0 | 8 |
| 70 | Susceptibility-Based Neuroimaging: Standard Methods, Clinical Applications, and Future Directions. Current Radiology Reports, 2017, 5, 1. | 1.4 | 6 |
| 71 | Accelerated diffusion spectrum imaging with compressed sensing using adaptive dictionaries. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2012, 68, spcone-spcone. | 3.0 | 4 |
| 72 | Quantitative Susceptibility Map Reconstruction via a Total Generalized Variation Regularization. , 2013, , . | | 4 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 73 | Fast reconstruction for accelerated multi-slice multi-contrast MRI. , 2015, , . | | 4 |
| 74 | Optimization of magnetization transfer contrast for EPI FLAIR brain imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 87, 2380-2387. | 3.0 | 4 |
| 75 | <scp>BUDAâ€MESMERISE</scp>: Rapid acquisition and unsupervised parameter estimation for <scp>T₁</scp>, <scp>T₂</scp>, <scp>M₀</scp>, <scp>B₀</scp>, and <scp>B₁</scp> maps. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 88, 292-308. | 3.0 | 4 |
| 76 | Rapid simultaneous acquisition of macromolecular tissue volume, susceptibility, and relaxometry maps. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 87, 781-790. | 3.0 | 3 |
| 77 | Highly accelerated <scp>EPI</scp> with wave encoding and multiâ€shot simultaneous multislice imaging. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2022, 88, 1180-1197. | 3.0 | 3 |
| 78 | Wave-CAIPI enables highly accelerated 3D MRI. , 2014, , . | | 1 |
| 79 | Liver-Buda-Sage: Simultaneous Whole Liver T₂ and T*₂ Mapping in one Breath-Hold. , 2022, , . | | 1 |