Hideo Fukuhara

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

28 papers	673 citations	567281 15 h-index	552781 26 g-index
29 all docs	29 docs citations	29 times ranked	736 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Current status of photodynamic technology for urothelial cancer. Cancer Science, 2022, 113, 392-398.	3.9	18
2	Real-world experience with 5-aminolevulinic acid for photodynamic diagnosis of bladder cancer (2nd) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 2022, 38, 102757.	2.6	11
3	Photodynamic diagnosis and therapy for urothelial carcinoma and prostate cancer: new imaging technology and therapy. International Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 26, 18-25.	2.2	27
4	A case of mixed tumor formed by metastasis of urothelial carcinoma and malignant lymphoma to the same lymph nodes. IJU Case Reports, 2021, 4, 294-297.	0.3	1
5	Successful treatment with DCF chemotherapy and radiotherapy for primary squamous cell carcinoma of the prostate. IJU Case Reports, 2021, 4, 421-424.	0.3	1
6	Sunitinib with photoirradiation-mediated reactive oxygen species generation induces apoptosis of renal cell carcinoma cells. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2021, 35, 102427.	2.6	4
7	Predictors of therapeutic efficacy of 5-aminolevulinic acid-based photodynamic therapy in human prostate cancer. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2021, 35, 102452.	2.6	5
8	Identification of risk factors associated with oral 5-aminolevulinic acid-induced hypotension in photodynamic diagnosis for non-muscle invasive bladder cancer: a multicenter retrospective study. BMC Cancer, 2021, 21, 1223.	2.6	10
9	5-aminolevulinic acid-mediated photodynamic diagnosis using fluorescence ureterorenoscopy for urinary upper tract urothelial carcinoma â^¼Preliminary prospective single centre trialâ^¼. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2020, 29, 101617.	2.6	16
10	Real-world experience with 5-aminolevulinic acid for the photodynamic diagnosis of bladder cancer: Diagnostic accuracy and safety. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2020, 32, 101999.	2.6	18
11	Synchronous bilateral renal cell carcinomas with differing histologies. IJU Case Reports, 2020, 3, 196-199.	0.3	4
12	Identification of risk factors for post-induction hypotension in patients receiving 5-aminolevulinic acid: a single-center retrospective study. JA Clinical Reports, 2020, 6, 35.	0.7	18
13	5-Aminolevulinic acid-induced severe hypotension during transurethral resection of a bladder tumor: a case report. JA Clinical Reports, 2019, 5, 58.	0.7	18
14	Clinical application of photodynamic medicine technology using light-emitting fluorescence imaging based on a specialized luminous source. Medical Molecular Morphology, 2018, 51, 187-193.	1.0	17
15	Plasma protoporphyrin IX following administration of 5-aminolevulinic acid as a potential tumor marker. Molecular and Clinical Oncology, 2015, 3, 797-801.	1.0	14
16	The Utility of a Flexible Fluorescence-Cystoscope with a Twin Mode Monitor for the 5-Aminolevulinic Acid-Mediated Photodynamic Diagnosis of Bladder Cancer. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0136416.	2.5	14
17	Oral 5-aminolevulinic acid mediated photodynamic diagnosis using fluorescence cystoscopy for non-muscle-invasive bladder cancer: A randomized, double-blind, multicentre phase II/III study. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2015, 12, 193-200.	2.6	61
18	Performance of 5-aminolevulinic-acid-based photodynamic diagnosis for radical prostatectomy. BMC Urology, 2015, 15, 78.	1.4	17

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Photodynamic Diagnosis Mediated by 5-Aminolevulinic Acid for Urinary Bladder Cancer. , 2015, , 285-291.		0
20	Photodynamic diagnosis using 5â€aminolevulinic acid during gastrectomy for gastric cancer. Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2014, 109, 213-217.	1.7	39
21	The inhibition of ferrochelatase enhances 5-aminolevulinic acid-based photodynamic action for prostate cancer. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2013, 10, 399-409.	2.6	44
22	Application of 5-Aminolevulinic Acid-mediated Photodynamic Diagnosis to Robot-assisted Laparoscopic Radical Prostatectomy. Urology, 2013, 82, 1175-1178.	1.0	9
23	Expression levels of PEPT1 and ABCG2 play key roles in 5-aminolevulinic acid (ALA)-induced tumor-specific protoporphyrin IX (PpIX) accumulation in bladder cancer. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2013, 10, 288-295.	2.6	82
24	Improvement of aminolevulinic acid (ALA)-mediated photodynamic diagnosis using n-propyl gallate. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2013, 10, 28-32.	2.6	8
25	Photodynamic therapy involves an antiangiogenic mechanism and is enhanced by ferrochelatase inhibitor in urothelial carcinoma. Cancer Science, 2013, 104, 765-772.	3.9	38
26	Porphyrins as urinary biomarkers for bladder cancer after 5-aminolevulinic acid (ALA) administration: The potential of photodynamic screening for tumors. Photodiagnosis and Photodynamic Therapy, 2013, 10, 484-489.	2.6	26
27	Comparison between intravesical and oral administration of 5â€aminolevulinic acid in the clinical benefit of photodynamic diagnosis for nonmuscle invasive bladder cancer. Cancer, 2012, 118, 1062-1074.	4.1	108
28	Photodynamic diagnosis of positive margin during radical prostatectomy: Preliminary experience with 5â€aminolevulinic acid. International Journal of Urology, 2011, 18, 585-591.	1.0	41