

# Lee E Frelich

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

100  
papers

8,922  
citations

43973

48  
h-index

46693

89  
g-index

102  
all docs

102  
docs citations

102  
times ranked

7022  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ural Mountains Taiga. , 2022, , 318-328.		1
2	Wind and fire: Rapid shifts in tree community composition following multiple disturbances in the southern boreal forest. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2022, 13, .	1.0	5
3	Revegetation to slow buckthorn reinvasion: strengths and limits of evaluating management techniques retrospectively. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2021, 29, .	1.4	5
4	The Possibility of Using the Chapmanâ€“Richards and NÅslund Functions to Model Heightâ€“Diameter Relationships in Hemiboreal Old-Growth Forest in Estonia. <i>Forests</i> , 2021, 12, 184.	0.9	3
5	Earthworm invasion causes declines across soil fauna size classes and biodiversity facets in northern North American forests. <i>Oikos</i> , 2021, 130, 766-780.	1.2	21
6	Seven Ways a Warming Climate Can Kill the Southern Boreal Forest. <i>Forests</i> , 2021, 12, 560.	0.9	19
7	History and Future of Fire in Hardwood and Conifer Forests of the Great Lakes-Northeastern Forest Region, USA. <i>Managing Forest Ecosystems</i> , 2021, , 243-285.	0.4	2
8	White-tailed deer herbivory impacts on tree seedling and sapling abundance in the Lake States Region of the USA. <i>Annals of Forest Science</i> , 2021, 78, 1.	0.8	6
9	Boreal and Taiga Biome. , 2020, , 103-115.		3
10	Climate-Biome Envelope Shifts Create Enormous Challenges and Novel Opportunities for Conservation. <i>Forests</i> , 2020, 11, 1015.	0.9	12
11	Are Secondary Forests Ready for Climate Change? It Depends on Magnitude of Climate Change, Landscape Diversity and Ecosystem Legacies. <i>Forests</i> , 2020, 11, 965.	0.9	14
12	Climateâ€“change refugia in boreal North America: what, where, and for how long?. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2020, 18, 261-270.	1.9	91
13	Natural Disturbance Dynamics Analysis for Ecosystem-Based Managementâ€“FORDISMAN. <i>Forests</i> , 2020, 11, 663.	0.9	0
14	Monitoring disturbance intervals in forests: a case study of increasing forest disturbance in Minnesota. <i>Annals of Forest Science</i> , 2019, 76, 1.	0.8	12
15	Sideâ€“swiped: ecological cascades emanating from earthworm invasions. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2019, 17, 502-510.	1.9	60
16	Terrestrial Ecosystem Impacts of Sulfide Mining: Scope of Issues for the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness, Minnesota, USA. <i>Forests</i> , 2019, 10, 747.	0.9	10
17	Promoting and maintaining diversity in contemporary hardwood forests: Confronting contemporary drivers of change and the loss of ecological memory. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2018, 421, 98-108.	1.4	83
18	Natural Disturbances and Forest Management: Interacting Patterns on the Landscape. , 2018, , 221-248.		8

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19	How much does climate change threaten European forest tree species distributions?. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 1150-1163.	4.2	540
20	Imprints of management history on hemiboreal forest ecosystems in the Baltic States. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2018, 9, e02503.	1.0	20
21	Patterns and drivers of recent disturbances across the temperate forest biome. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 4355.	5.8	167
22	Quantifying impacts of white-tailed deer ( <i>Odocoileus virginianus</i> Zimmerman) browse using forest inventory and socio-environmental datasets. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0201334.	1.1	14
23	Interspecific competition limits the realized niche of <i>Fraxinus nigra</i> along a waterlogging gradient. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2018, 48, 1292-1301.	0.8	7
24	Wildland Fire: Understanding and Maintaining an Ecological Baseline. <i>Current Forestry Reports</i> , 2017, 3, 188-201.	3.4	6
25	The changing role of fire in mediating the relationships among oaks, grasslands, mesic temperate forests, and boreal forests in the Lake States. <i>Journal of Sustainable Forestry</i> , 2017, 36, 421-432.	0.6	17
26	Hemiboreal forest: natural disturbances and the importance of ecosystem legacies to management. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01706.	1.0	74
27	The unseen invaders: introduced earthworms as drivers of change in plant communities in North American forests (a meta-analysis). <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 1065-1074.	4.2	107
28	Changing disturbance regimes, ecological memory, and forest resilience. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2016, 14, 369-378.	1.9	947
29	Temperature and leaf nitrogen affect performance of plant species at range overlap. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, art186.	1.0	7
30	Invasive earthworms interact with abiotic conditions to influence the invasion of common buckthorn ( <i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> ). <i>Oecologia</i> , 2015, 178, 219-230.	0.9	33
31	Impact of wind-induced microsites and disturbance severity on tree regeneration patterns: Results from the first post-storm decade. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 348, 174-185.	1.4	25
32	How to Become a Forest Ecologist In Only 40 Years. <i>Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America</i> , 2014, 95, 207-210.	0.2	0
33	Temperate tree expansion into adjacent boreal forest patches facilitated by warmer temperatures. <i>Ecography</i> , 2014, 37, 152-161.	2.1	118
34	Resident plant diversity and introduced earthworms have contrasting effects on the success of invasive plants. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2014, 16, 2181-2193.	1.2	17
35	Earthworm invasion alters enchytraeid community composition and individual biomass in northern hardwood forests of North America. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2014, 83, 159-169.	2.1	23
36	Climate and interrelated tree regeneration drivers in mixed temperate-boreal forests. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2013, 28, 149-159.	1.9	49

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37	Earthworm Invasions in Northern Hardwood Forests: a Rapid Assessment Method. <i>Natural Areas Journal</i> , 2013, 33, 21-30.	0.2	22
38	Linking direct and indirect pathways mediating earthworms, deer, and understory composition in Great Lakes forests. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2013, 15, 1057-1066.	1.2	65
39	Do vegetation boundaries display smooth or abrupt spatial transitions along environmental gradients? Evidence from the prairie-forest biome boundary of historic <M>innesota, <USA>. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2013, 24, 1129-1140.	1.1	33
40	Sapling growth responses to warmer temperatures - cooled™ by browse pressure. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 3455-3463.	4.2	72
41	Leaf Litter Disappearance in Earthworm-Invaded Northern Hardwood Forests: Role of Tree Species and the Chemistry and Diversity of Litter. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2012, 15, 913-926.	1.6	43
42	Trophic cascades, invasive species and body-size hierarchies interactively modulate climate change responses of ecotonal temperate-boreal forest. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 367, 2955-2961.	1.8	57
43	First records of <i>Parergodrilus heideri</i> (Annelida: "Polychaeta") from North America. <i>Zootaxa</i> , 2012, 3498, 81.	0.2	4
44	Understorey diversity in southern boreal forests is regulated by productivity and its indirect impacts on resource availability and heterogeneity. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2012, 100, 539-545.	1.9	99
45	Interactive effects of global warming and -global warming™ on the initial establishment of native and exotic herbaceous plant species. <i>Oikos</i> , 2012, 121, 1121-1133.	1.2	60
46	Poor recruitment is changing the structure and species composition of an old-growth hemlock-hardwood forest. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2011, 261, 1998-2006.	1.4	42
47	Experimental warming induces degradation of a Tibetan alpine meadow through trophic interactions. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2011, 48, 659-667.	1.9	70
48	Flowering phenology and height growth pattern are associated with maximum plant height, relative growth rate and stem tissue mass density in herbaceous grassland species. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 991-1000.	1.9	120
49	Vegetation controls vary across space and spatial scale in a historic grassland-forest biome boundary. <i>Ecography</i> , 2011, 34, 402-414.	2.1	31
50	The wave towards a new steady state: effects of earthworm invasion on soil microbial functions. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2011, 13, 2191-2196.	1.2	46
51	Fine-scale heterogeneity in overstory composition contributes to heterogeneity of wildfire severity in southern boreal forest. <i>Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2011, 16, 203-214.	0.7	30
52	Will environmental changes reinforce the impact of global warming on the prairie-forest border of central North America?. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2010, 8, 371-378.	1.9	153
53	Tree rings detect earthworm invasions and their effects in northern Hardwood forests. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2010, 12, 1053-1066.	1.2	50
54	European buckthorn and Asian soybean aphid as components of an extensive invasional meltdown in North America. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2010, 12, 2913-2931.	1.2	137

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55	Detecting wind disturbance severity and canopy heterogeneity in boreal forest by coupling high-spatial resolution satellite imagery and field data. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2010, 114, 299-308.	4.6	32
56	Wilderness Conservation in an Era of Global Warming and Invasive Species: A Case Study from Minnesota's Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness. <i>Natural Areas Journal</i> , 2009, 29, 385-393.	0.2	30
57	Regional climate change adaptation strategies for biodiversity conservation in a midcontinental region of North America. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2012-2022.	1.9	97
58	Patterns of plant community structure within and among primary and second-growth northern hardwood forest stands. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 258, 2556-2568.	1.4	39
59	Exotic earthworm effects on hardwood forest floor, nutrient availability and native plants: a mesocosm study. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2008, 155, 509-518.	0.9	80
60	Site factors affecting black ash ring growth in northern Minnesota. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2008, 255, 3489-3493.	1.4	12
61	Litter decomposition in earthworm-invaded northern hardwood forests: Role of invasion degree and litter chemistry. <i>Ecoscience</i> , 2008, 15, 536-544.	0.6	49
62	MOSS HARVEST TRUNCATES THE SUCCESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF EPIPHYTIC BRYOPHYTES IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST. , 2008, 18, 146-158.		9
63	Frost Crack Incidence in Northern Hardwood Forests of the Southern Borealâ€“North Temperate Transition Zone. <i>Northern Journal of Applied Forestry</i> , 2008, 25, 133-138.	0.5	10
64	REGIONAL EXTENT OF AN ECOSYSTEM ENGINEER: EARTHWORM INVASION IN NORTHERN HARDWOOD FORESTS. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2007, 17, 1666-1677.	1.8	84
65	Windâ€“throw mortality in the southern boreal forest: effects of species, diameter and stand age. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2007, 95, 1261-1273.	1.9	155
66	Effects of Earthworm Invasion on Plant Species Richness in Northern Hardwood Forests. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2007, 21, 997-1008.	2.4	100
67	CHANGES IN HARDWOOD FOREST UNDERSTORY PLANT COMMUNITIES IN RESPONSE TO EUROPEAN EARTHWORM INVASIONS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 1637-1649.	1.5	201
68	Earthworm invasion into previously earthworm-free temperate and boreal forests. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2006, 8, 1235-1245.	1.2	250
69	Earthworm invasion into previously earthworm-free temperate and boreal forests. , 2006, , 35-45.		10
70	Effects of European Earthworm Invasion on Soil Characteristics in Northern Hardwood Forests of Minnesota, USA. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2005, 8, 911-927.	1.6	206
71	PATHWAYS IN OLD-FIELD SUCCESSION TO WHITE PINE: SEED RAIN, SHADE, AND CLIMATE EFFECTS. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2005, 75, 363-378.	2.4	110
72	EXOTIC EUROPEAN EARTHWORM INVASION DYNAMICS IN NORTHERN HARDWOOD FORESTS OF MINNESOTA, USA. , 2005, 15, 848-860.		167

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73	Allometric Equations for Estimation of Ash-free Dry Mass from Length Measurements for Selected European Earthworm Species (Lumbricidae) in the Western Great Lakes Region. <i>American Midland Naturalist</i> , 2004, 151, 179-185.	0.2	55
74	Examining the effects of alternative management strategies on landscape-scale forest patterns in northeastern Minnesota using LANDIS. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2004, 180, 73-87.	1.2	17
75	Fine-scale environmental variation and structure of understorey plant communities in two old-growth pine forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2003, 91, 283-293.	1.9	53
76	Perspectives on development of definitions and values related to old-growth forests. <i>Environmental Reviews</i> , 2003, 11, S9-S22.	2.1	68
77	Seed rain, safe sites, competing vegetation, and soil resources spatially structure white pine regeneration and recruitment. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2003, 33, 1892-1904.	0.8	72
78	Comparing the Importance of Seedbed and Canopy Type in the Restoration of Upland <i>Thuja occidentalis</i> Forests of Northeastern Minnesota. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2001, 9, 386-396.	1.4	27
79	Discordance in spatial patterns of white pine ( <i>Pinus strobus</i> ) size-classes in a patchy near-boreal forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2001, 89, 280-291.	1.9	70
80	Multiple scale composition and spatial distribution patterns of the north-eastern Minnesota presettlement forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2001, 89, 538-554.	1.9	40
81	INFLUENCE OF LOGGING, FIRE, AND FOREST TYPE ON BIODIVERSITY AND PRODUCTIVITY IN SOUTHERN BOREAL FORESTS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 2731-2748.	1.5	177
82	Seedbed and moisture availability determine safe sites for early <i>Thuja occidentalis</i> (Cupressaceae) regeneration. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2000, 87, 1807-1814.	0.8	52
83	Conservation implications of browsing by <i>Odocoileus virginianus</i> in remnant upland <i>Thuja occidentalis</i> forests. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2000, 93, 359-369.	1.9	84
84	Minireviews: Neighborhood Effects, Disturbance Severity, and Community Stability in Forests. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 1999, 2, 151-166.	1.6	158
85	Are Large, Infrequent Disturbances Qualitatively Different from Small, Frequent Disturbances?. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 1998, 1, 524-534.	1.6	168
86	Effects of White-Tailed Deer on Populations of an Understory Forb in Fragmented Deciduous Forests. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 1998, 12, 995-1004.	2.4	216
87	Neighbourhood effects in forests: implications for within-stand patch structure. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 1998, 86, 149-161.	1.9	52
88	EVIDENCE FOR TWO ALTERNATE STABLE STATES IN AN UNGULATE GRAZING SYSTEM. , 1998, 8, 1260-1269.		125
89	A Structural Alternative to Chronosequence Analysis for Uneven-Aged Northern Hardwood Forests. <i>Journal of Sustainable Forestry</i> , 1997, 6, 347-366.	0.6	23
90	Modeling for ecosystem management in Minnesota pine forests. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 1997, 80, 313-324.	1.9	32

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91	Neighborhood effects, disturbance, and succession in forests of the western Great Lakes Region1. <i>Ecoscience</i> , 1995, 2, 148-158.	0.6	53
92	Spatial Patterns and Succession in a Minnesota Southernâ€Boreal Forest. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1995, 65, 325-346.	2.4	321
93	Age-class distribution and spatial patterns in an old-growth hemlockâ€“hardwood forest. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 1994, 24, 1939-1947.	0.8	92
94	Patch Formation and Maintenance in an Old-Growth Hemlock-Hardwood Forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 1993, 74, 513-527.	1.5	184
95	A Simulation of Landscape-Level Stand Dynamics in the Northern Hardwood Region. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 1991, 79, 223.	1.9	60
96	Natural Disturbance Regimes in Hemlockâ€“Hardwood Forests of the Upper Great Lakes Region. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1991, 61, 145-164.	2.4	383
97	A methodology for estimating canopy disturbance frequency and intensity in dense temperate forests. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 1989, 19, 651-663.	0.8	378
98	Estimating Gap Origin Probabilities for Canopy Trees. <i>Ecology</i> , 1988, 69, 778-785.	1.5	68
99	Current and predicted long-term effects of deer browsing in hemlock forests in Michigan, USA. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 1985, 34, 99-120.	1.9	205
100	A Simulation of Equilibrium Diameter Distributions of Sugar Maple ( <i>Acer saccharum</i> ). <i>Bulletin of the Torrey Botanical Club</i> , 1984, 111, 193.	0.6	73