Jun-Ei Obata

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

28 papers	291 citations	933447 10 h-index	940533 16 g-index
28 all docs	28 docs citations	28 times ranked	575 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The combined assessment of flow-mediated dilation of the brachial artery and brachial-ankle pulse wave velocity improves the prediction of future coronary events in patients with chronic coronary artery disease. Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 64, 179-184.	1.9	34
2	Remnant Lipoproteins Are Residual Risk Factor for Future Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Stable Coronary Artery Disease and On-Statin Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol Levels <70 mg/dL. Circulation Journal, 2019, 83, 1302-1308.	1.6	34
3	Assessment of carotid plaque neovascularization using quantitative analysis of contrast-enhanced ultrasound imaging is useful for risk stratification in patients with coronary artery disease. International Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 195, 113-119.	1.7	30
4	Remnant lipoproteinemia predicts cardiovascular events in patients with type 2 diabetes and chronic kidney disease. Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 69, 529-535.	1.9	24
5	C–type lectin–like domain and fibronectin–like type II domain of phospholipase A$_2$ receptor 1 modulate binding and migratory responses to collagen. FEBS Letters, 2015, 589, 829-835.	2.8	22
6	Insulin resistance negatively affects long-term outcome in non-diabetic patients with coronary artery disease after therapies to reduce atherosclerotic risk factors. Journal of Cardiology, 2013, 62, 348-353.	1.9	18
7	Sustained myocardial production of stromal cell-derived factor-1α was associated with left ventricular adverse remodeling in patients with myocardial infarction. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2015, 309, H1764-H1771.	3.2	16
8	Impact of target vessel on long-term cardiac mortality after successful chronic total occlusion percutaneous coronary intervention: Insights from a Japanese multicenter registry. International Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 245, 77-82.	1.7	13
9	High levels of stromal cell-derived factor-1α predict secondary cardiac events in stable patients with a history of myocardial infarction. Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 69, 320-325.	1.9	12
10	Persistent Dysfunction of Coronary Endothelial Vasomotor Responses is Related to Atheroma Plaque Progression in the Infarct-Related Coronary Artery of AMI Survivors. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2019, 26, 1062-1074.	2.0	12
11	Improvement in Brachial Endothelial Vasomotor Function and Brachial-Ankle Pulse Wave Velocity Reduces the Residual Risk for Cardiovascular Events after Optimal Medical Treatment in Patients with Coronary Artery Disease. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2021, 28, 1133-1144.	2.0	12
12	Effect of coronary artery spasm on long-term outcomes in survivors of acute myocardial infarction. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 257, 7-11.	1.7	11
13	Human soluble phospholipase A$_2$ receptor is an inhibitor of the integrin-mediated cell migratory response to collagen-I. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 2018, 315, C398-C408.	4.6	10
14	Persistent Myocardial Production of Follistatin-like 1 Is Associated With Left Ventricular Adverse Remodeling in Patients With Myocardial Infarction. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2020, 26, 733-738.	1.7	6
15	Echolucency of the carotid artery is associated with short-term plaque progression and positive remodeling in the culprit coronary artery in AMI survivors. Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 70, 438-445.	1.9	5
16	Sustained endothelial dysfunction in the infarct-related coronary artery is associated with left ventricular adverse remodeling in survivors of ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 75, 261-269.	1.9	5
17	Impact of persistent endothelial dysfunction in an infarct-related coronary artery on future major adverse cardiovascular event occurrence in STEMI survivors. Heart and Vessels, 2021, 36, 472-482.	1.2	5
18	A Case of Ruptured Vertebrobasilar Junction Aneurysm Associated with Subclavian Steal Phenomenon. Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2017, 26, e160-e164.	1.6	5

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Angiotensin II receptor blockers suppress the release of stromal cell-derived factor-1α from infarcted myocardium in patients with acute myocardial infarction. Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 71, 367-374.	1.9	4
20	Pulmonary Vascular Resistance Is Associated With Brachial-Ankle Pulse-Wave Velocity and Adverse Clinical Outcomes in Patients With Heart Failure With Preserved Ejection Fraction. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2019, 25, 725-732.	1.7	4
21	High levels of stromal cell-derived factor-1α predict short-term progression of renal dysfunction in patients with coronary artery disease. Clinical and Experimental Nephrology, 2019, 23, 920-927.	1.6	3
22	Failure of drug-coated balloon angioplasty to treat bare metal in-stent restenosis accompanied by late stent thrombosis but successful treatment of binary in-stent restenosis. Journal of Cardiology Cases, 2019, 20, 84-87.	0.5	2
23	Echolucency of carotid plaque is useful for selecting high-risk patients with chronic coronary artery disease who benefit from intensive lipid-lowering therapy. Journal of Cardiology, 2021, 77, 590-598.	1.9	2
24	A Propensity Score Matched Analysis of Statin Effects on Major Adverse Cardiac Events after Percutaneous Coronary Intervention in Patients Over 75 Years Old. Internal Medicine, 2022, , .	0.7	2
25	Long-Term Follow-up of a Coronary Artery Aneurysm After Biodegradable-Polymer Sirolimus-Eluting Stent Implantation. Circulation Journal, 2020, 84, 1196.	1.6	0
26	Takotsubo Cardiomyopathy With Leaflet Valve Thrombosis 2 Years After Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement. JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions, 2021, 14, e331-e331.	2.9	0
27	Stratification Analysis of Statin Effect on Major Adverse Cardiac Events after Percutaneous Coronary Intervention in Patients on Hemodialysis. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	1.9	0
28	Abstract 11733: Assessment of Carotid Plaque Neovascularization Using Quantitative Analysis of Contrast-Enhanced Ultrasound Imaging is Useful for Risk Stratification in Patients With Coronary Artery Disease. Circulation, 2014, 130, .	1.6	0