

Krista L Mcguire

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

45
papers

3,199
citations

212478

28
h-index

274796

44
g-index

46
all docs

46
docs citations

46
times ranked

6417
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The "black box"™ of plant demography: how do seed type, climate and seed fungal communities affect grass seed germination?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 231, 2319-2332.	3.5	6
2	Academic leaders must support inclusive scientific communities during COVID-19. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 997-998.	3.4	44
3	Soil microbial composition varies in response to coffee agroecosystem management. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2020, 96, .	1.3	16
4	The Role of Phosphorus Limitation in Shaping Soil Bacterial Communities and Their Metabolic Capabilities. <i>MBio</i> , 2020, 11, .	1.8	69
5	Microbial Composition and Functional Diversity Differ Across Urban Green Infrastructure Types. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2020, 11, 912.	1.5	29
6	Soil Microbial Assemblages Are Linked to Plant Community Composition and Contribute to Ecosystem Services on Urban Green Roofs. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 7, .	1.1	36
7	Evaluating the effects of canine urine on urban soil microbial communities. <i>Urban Ecosystems</i> , 2019, 22, 721-732.	1.1	7
8	Microbial Communities in Bioswale Soils and Their Relationships to Soil Properties, Plant Species, and Plant Physiology. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 2368.	1.5	10
9	Associations among arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and seedlings are predicted to change with tree successional status. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 607-620.	1.5	19
10	Detecting macroecological patterns in bacterial communities across independent studies of global soils. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2018, 3, 189-196.	5.9	136
11	Quantifying Urban Bioswale Nitrogen Cycling in the Soil, Gas, and Plant Phases. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 10, 1627.	1.2	6
12	Phylogenetic and Functional Diversity of Total (DNA) and Expressed (RNA) Bacterial Communities in Urban Green Infrastructure Bioswale Soils. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2017, 83, .	1.4	41
13	Consequences of tropical forest conversion to oil palm on soil bacterial community and network structure. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 112, 258-268.	4.2	60
14	Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal diversity and natural enemies promote coexistence of tropical tree species. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 712-720.	1.5	29
15	Soil Type Has a Stronger Role than Dipterocarp Host Species in Shaping the Ectomycorrhizal Fungal Community in a Bornean Lowland Tropical Rain Forest. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017, 8, 1828.	1.7	22
16	Links between plant and fungal diversity in habitat fragments of coastal shrubland. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0184991.	1.1	11
17	Long-lasting effects of land use history on soil fungal communities in second-growth tropical rain forests. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 1881-1895.	1.8	64
18	Urban park soil microbiomes are a rich reservoir of natural product biosynthetic diversity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 14811-14816.	3.3	89

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19	Experimental Evidence that Fungi are Dominant Microbes in Carbon Content and Growth Response to Added Soluble Organic Carbon in Moss-rich Tundra Soil. <i>Journal of Eukaryotic Microbiology</i> , 2016, 63, 363-366.	0.8	2
20	Urban stress is associated with variation in microbial species composition but not richness in Manhattan. <i>ISME Journal</i> , 2016, 10, 751-760.	4.4	86
21	Lack of host specificity leads to independent assortment of dipterocarps and ectomycorrhizal fungi across a soil fertility gradient. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2015, 18, 807-816.	3.0	125
22	Relating belowground microbial composition to the taxonomic, phylogenetic, and functional trait distributions of trees in a tropical forest. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2015, 18, 1397-1405.	3.0	183
23	Interactions among mutualism, competition, and predation foster species coexistence in diverse communities. <i>Theoretical Ecology</i> , 2015, 8, 297-312.	0.4	20
24	Farm management, not soil microbial diversity, controls nutrient loss from smallholder tropical agriculture. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2015, 6, 90.	1.5	26
25	Agricultural intensification and the functional capacity of soil microbes on smallholder African farms. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 744-752.	1.9	42
26	Bacteria and Fungi in Green Roof Ecosystems. <i>Ecological Studies</i> , 2015, , 175-191.	0.4	11
27	Responses of Soil Fungi to Logging and Oil Palm Agriculture in Southeast Asian Tropical Forests. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2015, 69, 733-747.	1.4	87
28	Evolutionary histories of soil fungi are reflected in their large-scale biogeography. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 1086-1093.	3.0	80
29	Shifts in fungal communities during decomposition of boreal forest litter. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2014, 10, 58-69.	0.7	40
30	Large trees drive forest aboveground biomass variation in moist lowland forests across the tropics. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 1261-1271.	2.7	365
31	Ectomycorrhizal-Dominated Boreal and Tropical Forests Have Distinct Fungal Communities, but Analogous Spatial Patterns across Soil Horizons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e68278.	1.1	69
32	Digging the New York City Skyline: Soil Fungal Communities in Green Roofs and City Parks. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e58020.	1.1	174
33	Dramatic Improvements and Persistent Challenges for Women Ecologists. <i>BioScience</i> , 2012, 62, 189-196.	2.2	51
34	Fungal Community Composition in Neotropical Rain Forests: the Influence of Tree Diversity and Precipitation. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2012, 63, 804-812.	1.4	121
35	Responses of sugar maple and hemlock seedlings to elevated carbon dioxide under altered above- and belowground nitrogen sources. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2011, 31, 391-401.	1.4	17
36	Slowed decomposition is biotically mediated in an ectomycorrhizal, tropical rain forest. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 164, 785-795.	0.9	84

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37	Microbial communities and their relevance for ecosystem models: Decomposition as a case study. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010, 42, 529-535.	4.2	337
38	Nitrogen alters carbon dynamics during early succession in boreal forest. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010, 42, 1157-1164.	4.2	96
39	Resistance of microbial and soil properties to warming treatment seven years after boreal fire. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010, 42, 1872-1878.	4.2	81
40	Functional diversity in resource use by fungi. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 2324-2332.	1.5	133
41	Functional Diversity in Resource Use By Fungi. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 100319061621033.	1.5	1
42	Dual mycorrhizal colonization of forest-dominating tropical trees and the mycorrhizal status of non-dominant tree and liana species. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2008, 18, 217-222.	1.3	74
43	Ectomycorrhizal Associations Function to Maintain Tropical Monodominance. , 2008, , 287-302.		9
44	COMMON ECTOMYCORRHIZAL NETWORKS MAY MAINTAIN MONODOMINANCE IN A TROPICAL RAIN FOREST. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007, 88, 567-574.	1.5	179
45	Recruitment dynamics and ectomycorrhizal colonization of <i>Dicymbe corymbosa</i> , a monodominant tree in the Guiana Shield. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2007, 23, 297-307.	0.5	12