# Carolyn J Brown

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| #   | Paper  | IF   | Citations |
|-----|--|------|-----------|
| 125 | The functional role of long non-coding RNA in human carcinomas. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , <b>2011</b> , 10, 38   | 42.1 | 1233      |
| 124 | A gene from the region of the human X inactivation centre is expressed exclusively from the inactive X chromosome. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1991</b> , 349, 38-44                                    | 50.4 | 1164      |
| 123 | The human XIST gene: analysis of a 17 kb inactive X-specific RNA that contains conserved repeats and is highly localized within the nucleus. <i>Cell</i> , <b>1992</b> , 71, 527-42            | 56.2 | 1021      |
| 122 | A gene deleted in Kallmann's syndrome shares homology with neural cell adhesion and axonal path-finding molecules. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1991</b> , 353, 529-36                                   | 50.4 | 764       |
| 121 | A comprehensive analysis of common copy-number variations in the human genome. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>2007</b> , 80, 91-104  | 11   | 429       |
| 120 | Additional annotation enhances potential for biologically-relevant analysis of the Illumina Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip array. <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , <b>2013</b> , 6, 4 | 5.8  | 349       |
| 119 | Localization of the X inactivation centre on the human X chromosome in Xq13. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1991</b> , 349, 82-4   | 50.4 | 338       |
| 118 | Human cancer long non-coding RNA transcriptomes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2011</b> , 6, e25915   | 3.7  | 292       |
| 117 | The interleukin-2 receptor gamma chain maps to Xq13.1 and is mutated in X-linked severe combined immunodeficiency, SCIDX1. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 2, 1099-104         | 5.6  | 251       |
| 116 | The human X-inactivation centre is not required for maintenance of X-chromosome inactivation. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1994</b> , 368, 154-6   | 50.4 | 233       |
| 115 | Translating dosage compensation to trisomy 21. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2013</b> , 500, 296-300  | 50.4 | 228       |
| 114 | Androgen receptor locus on the human X chromosome: regional localization to Xq11-12 and description of a DNA polymorphism. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1989</b> , 44, 264-9 | 11   | 213       |
| 113 | Silencing of the mammalian X chromosome. <i>Annual Review of Genomics and Human Genetics</i> , <b>2005</b> , 6, 69-92  | 9.7  | 172       |
| 112 | Landscape of DNA methylation on the X chromosome reflects CpG density, functional chromatin state and X-chromosome inactivation. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2015</b> , 24, 1528-39   | 5.6  | 151       |
| 111 | Expression of genes from the human active and inactive X chromosomes. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1997</b> , 60, 1333-43  | 11   | 145       |
| 110 | A stain upon the silence: genes escaping X inactivation. <i>Trends in Genetics</i> , <b>2003</b> , 19, 432-8   | 8.5  | 136       |
| 109 | Acquired TNFRSF14 mutations in follicular lymphoma are associated with worse prognosis. <i>Cancer Research</i> , <b>2010</b> , 70, 9166-74   | 10.1 | 133       |

## (2008-2004)

| 108 | The dynamics of X-inactivation skewing as women age. Clinical Genetics, 2004, 66, 327-32   | 4    | 117 |
|-----|--|------|-----|
| 107 | Unique somatic and malignant expression patterns implicate PIWI-interacting RNAs in cancer-type specific biology. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2015</b> , 5, 10423   | 4.9  | 115 |
| 106 | Derivation of consensus inactivation status for X-linked genes from genome-wide studies. <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , <b>2015</b> , 6, 35   | 9.3  | 107 |
| 105 | Skewed X-chromosome inactivation is common in fetuses or newborns associated with confined placental mosaicism. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1997</b> , 61, 1353-61  | 11   | 106 |
| 104 | Epigenomics: mapping the methylome. <i>Cell Cycle</i> , <b>2006</b> , 5, 155-8   | 4.7  | 106 |
| 103 | The causes and consequences of random and non-random X chromosome inactivation in humans. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , <b>2000</b> , 58, 353-63  | 4    | 106 |
| 102 | Escape Artists of the X Chromosome. <i>Trends in Genetics</i> , <b>2016</b> , 32, 348-359  | 8.5  | 102 |
| 101 | Evolutionary conservation of possible functional domains of the human and murine XIST genes. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 2, 663-72   | 5.6  | 96  |
| 100 | Chromosome-wide DNA methylation analysis predicts human tissue-specific X inactivation. <i>Human Genetics</i> , <b>2011</b> , 130, 187-201   | 6.3  | 95  |
| 99  | DNA methylation is globally disrupted and associated with expression changes in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease small airways. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 50, 912-22            | 5.7  | 90  |
| 98  | Analysis of expressed SNPs identifies variable extents of expression from the human inactive X chromosome. <i>Genome Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 14, R122  | 18.3 | 90  |
| 97  | Stabilization and localization of Xist RNA are controlled by separate mechanisms and are not sufficient for X inactivation. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , <b>1998</b> , 142, 13-23  | 7.3  | 84  |
| 96  | Mechanisms of X-chromosome inactivation. Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark, 2006, 11, 852-66  | 2.8  | 82  |
| 95  | Epigenetics of cancer progression. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , <b>2008</b> , 9, 215-34   | 2.6  | 73  |
| 94  | Physical mapping of 60 DNA markers in the p21.1q21.3 region of the human X chromosome. <i>Genomics</i> , <b>1991</b> , 11, 352-63  | 4.3  | 72  |
| 93  | Extremely skewed X-chromosome inactivation is increased in women with recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1999</b> , 65, 913-7  | 11   | 71  |
| 92  | Skewed X-chromosome inactivation is associated with trisomy in women ascertained on the basis of recurrent spontaneous abortion or chromosomally abnormal pregnancies. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>2003</b> , 72, 399-407 | 11   | 68  |
| 91  | A skewed view of X chromosome inactivation. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , <b>2008</b> , 118, 20-3   | 15.9 | 66  |

| 90 | Variable escape from X-chromosome inactivation: identifying factors that tip the scales towards expression. <i>BioEssays</i> , <b>2014</b> , 36, 746-56  | 4.1   | 65 |
|----|--|-------|----|
| 89 | A cross-species comparison of X-chromosome inactivation in Eutheria. <i>Genomics</i> , <b>2007</b> , 90, 453-63  | 4.3   | 61 |
| 88 | Inactive X chromosome-specific reduction in placental DNA methylation. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2009</b> , 18, 3544-52   | 5.6   | 60 |
| 87 | Inducible XIST-dependent X-chromosome inactivation in human somatic cells is reversible.  Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 10104-9  | 11.5  | 60 |
| 86 | Polymorphic X-chromosome inactivation of the human TIMP1 gene. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1999</b> , 65, 699-708   | 11    | 59 |
| 85 | Small marker X chromosomes lack the X inactivation center: implications for karyotype/phenotype correlations. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1994</b> , 55, 87-95  | 11    | 55 |
| 84 | 2.6 Mb YAC contig of the human X inactivation center region in Xq13: physical linkage of the RPS4X, PHKA1, XIST and DXS128E genes. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 2, 1105-15  | 5.6   | 54 |
| 83 | Forming facultative heterochromatin: silencing of an X chromosome in mammalian females. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , <b>2003</b> , 60, 2586-603   | 10.3  | 53 |
| 82 | Unravelling the complex genetics of cleft lip in the mouse model. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , <b>2001</b> , 12, 426-35   | 5 3.2 | 53 |
| 81 | X chromosome inactivation of the human TIMP gene. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , <b>1990</b> , 18, 4191-5   | 20.1  | 52 |
| 80 | X chromosome-specific cDNA arrays: identification of genes that escape from X-inactivation and other applications. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2001</b> , 10, 77-83   | 5.6   | 51 |
| 79 | Spread of X-chromosome inactivation into autosomal sequences: role for DNA elements, chromatin features and chromosomal domains. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2014</b> , 23, 1211-23   | 5.6   | 49 |
| 78 | The 56/58 kDa androgen-binding protein in male genital skin fibroblasts with a deleted androgen receptor gene. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , <b>1991</b> , 75, 37-47   | 4.4   | 48 |
| 77 | When the Lyon(ized chromosome) roars: ongoing expression from an inactive X chromosome. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2017</b> , 372,   | 5.8   | 47 |
| 76 | Investigations of the genomic region that contains the clf1 mutation, a causal gene in multifactorial cleft lip and palate in mice. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , <b>2005</b> , 73, 103-13 |       | 47 |
| 75 | Epigenetic impacts on neurodevelopment: pathophysiological mechanisms and genetic modes of action. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , <b>2011</b> , 69, 92R-100R  | 3.2   | 46 |
| 74 | X-chromosome inactivation: molecular mechanisms from the human perspective. <i>Human Genetics</i> , <b>2011</b> , 130, 175-85  | 6.3   | 45 |
| 73 | Variability of X chromosome inactivation: effect on levels of TIMP1 RNA and role of DNA methylation. <i>Human Genetics</i> , <b>2002</b> , 110, 271-8  | 6.3   | 45 |

#### (2013-1993)

| 72 | Mapping of the distal boundary of the X-inactivation center in a rearranged X chromosome from a female expressing XIST. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1993</b> , 2, 883-7  | 5.6  | 44 |
|----|---|------|----|
| 71 | Noninactivation of a selectable human X-linked gene that complements a murine temperature-sensitive cell cycle defect. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1989</b> , 45, 592-8  | 11   | 44 |
| 70 | Characterization of expression at the human XIST locus in somatic, embryonal carcinoma, and transgenic cell lines. <i>Genomics</i> , <b>2003</b> , 82, 309-22   | 4.3  | 42 |
| 69 | Prognostic significance of secondary cytogenetic alterations in follicular lymphomas. <i>Genes Chromosomes and Cancer</i> , <b>2008</b> , 47, 1038-48   | 5    | 41 |
| 68 | Involvement of the X chromosome in non-Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Genes Chromosomes and Cancer</i> , <b>2000</b> , 28, 246-257  | 5    | 40 |
| 67 | Induction of XIST expression from the human active X chromosome in mouse/human somatic cell hybrids by DNA demethylation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , <b>1998</b> , 26, 2935-40   | 20.1 | 38 |
| 66 | The DXS423E gene in Xp11.21 escapes X chromosome inactivation. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1995</b> , 4, 251-5   | 5.6  | 38 |
| 65 | Localization of a gene that escapes inactivation to the X chromosome proximal short arm: implications for X inactivation. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1990</b> , 46, 273-9                                     | 11   | 38 |
| 64 | Skewed X inactivation and recurrent spontaneous abortion. <i>Seminars in Reproductive Medicine</i> , <b>2001</b> , 19, 175-81   | 1.4  | 36 |
| 63 | Epigenetic and chromosomal control of gene expression: molecular and genetic analysis of X chromosome inactivation. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Symposia on Quantitative Biology</i> , <b>1993</b> , 58, 315-22                         | 3.9  | 36 |
| 62 | Patterns of placental development evaluated by X chromosome inactivation profiling provide a basis to evaluate the origin of epigenetic variation. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2012</b> , 27, 1745-53                          | 5.7  | 34 |
| 61 | The eXceptional nature of the X chromosome. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 27, R242-R249   | 5.6  | 32 |
| 60 | Lack of expression of XIST from a small ring X chromosome containing the XIST locus in a girl with short stature, facial dysmorphism and developmental delay. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>2002</b> , 10, 44-51 | 5.3  | 31 |
| 59 | Methylation of ZNF261 as an assay for determining X chromosome inactivation patterns <b>2003</b> , 120A, 439-41   |      | 30 |
| 58 | Skewed X-chromosome inactivation: cause or consequence?. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , <b>1999</b> , 91, 304-5  | 9.7  | 29 |
| 57 | Impact of flanking chromosomal sequences on localization and silencing by the human non-coding RNA XIST. <i>Genome Biology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 16, 208  | 18.3 | 27 |
| 56 | EYA4 is inactivated biallelically at a high frequency in sporadic lung cancer and is associated with familial lung cancer risk. <i>Oncogene</i> , <b>2014</b> , 33, 4464-73   | 9.2  | 27 |
| 55 | XIST-induced silencing of flanking genes is achieved by additive action of repeat a monomers in human somatic cells. <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , <b>2013</b> , 6, 23   | 5.8  | 26 |

| 54 | Escape From X-Chromosome Inactivation: An Evolutionary Perspective. <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, 241   | 5.7 | 25 |  |
|----|---|-----|----|--|
| 53 | Beyond sense: the role of antisense RNA in controlling Xist expression. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , <b>2003</b> , 14, 341-7   | 7.5 | 25 |  |
| 52 | Characterization of a small supernumerary ring X chromosome by fluorescence in situ hybridization. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , <b>1993</b> , 47, 1153-6              |     | 25 |  |
| 51 | Determination of X-chromosome inactivation status using X-linked expressed polymorphisms identified by database searching. <i>Genomics</i> , <b>2000</b> , 65, 9-15                           | 4.3 | 24 |  |
| 50 | Role of the X chromosome in cancer. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , <b>1996</b> , 88, 480-2   | 9.7 | 23 |  |
| 49 | Differentially methylated CpG island within human XIST mediates alternative P2 transcription and YY1 binding. <i>BMC Genetics</i> , <b>2014</b> , 15, 89                                      | 2.6 | 22 |  |
| 48 | An association between skewed X-chromosome inactivation and abnormal outcome in mosaic trisomy 16 confined predominantly to the placenta. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , <b>2000</b> , 58, 436-46 | 4   | 20 |  |
| 47 | Gene on short arm of human X chromosome complements murine tsA1S9 DNA synthesis mutation. <i>Somatic Cell and Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1989</b> , 15, 173-8                                |     | 20 |  |
| 46 | Direct detection of non-random X chromosome inactivation by use of a transcribed polymorphism in the XIST gene. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1995</b> , 3, 333-43           | 5.3 | 20 |  |
| 45 | Hypoxia and environmental epigenetics. <i>High Altitude Medicine and Biology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 15, 323-30   | 1.9 | 19 |  |
| 44 | Evidence that heteronuclear proteins interact with XIST RNA in vitro. <i>Somatic Cell and Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1996</b> , 22, 403-17   |     | 19 |  |
| 43 | Identification of regulatory elements flanking human XIST reveals species differences. <i>BMC Molecular Biology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 11, 20  | 4.5 | 17 |  |
| 42 | Human cis-acting elements regulating escape from X-chromosome inactivation function in mouse. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 27, 1252-1262                                   | 5.6 | 16 |  |
| 41 | YY1 binding association with sex-biased transcription revealed through X-linked transcript levels and allelic binding analyses. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 37324            | 4.9 | 16 |  |
| 40 | Methylated DNA immunoprecipitation. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2009,  | 1.6 | 16 |  |
| 39 | Regional localization of CCG1 gene which complements hamster cell cycle mutation BN462 to Xq11-Xq13. <i>Somatic Cell and Molecular Genetics</i> , <b>1989</b> , 15, 93-6                      |     | 16 |  |
| 38 | XIST expression and X-chromosome inactivation in human preimplantation embryos. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>1997</b> , 61, 5-8   | 11  | 15 |  |
| 37 | Molecular and Genetic Studies of Human X Chromosome Inactivation. <i>Advances in Developmental Biology (1992)</i> , <b>1993</b> , 2, 37-72  |     | 14 |  |

## (2008-2012)

| 36 | Targeting of >1.5 Mb of human DNA into the mouse X chromosome reveals presence of cis-acting regulators of epigenetic silencing. <i>Genetics</i> , <b>2012</b> , 192, 1281-93   | 4                | 13 |
|----|---|------------------|----|
| 35 | Epigenetic predisposition to expression of TIMP1 from the human inactive X chromosome. <i>BMC Genetics</i> , <b>2005</b> , 6, 48  | 2.6              | 13 |
| 34 | Genes that escape from X-chromosome inactivation: Potential contributors to Klinefelter syndrome. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part C: Seminars in Medical Genetics,</i> <b>2020</b> , 184, 226-238             | 3 <sup>3.1</sup> | 13 |
| 33 | X-chromosome inactivation (XCI) patterns in placental tissues of a paternally derived bal t(X;20) case <b>2003</b> , 118A, 29-34  |                  | 12 |
| 32 | Salvage TME following TEM: a possible indication for TaTME. <i>Techniques in Coloproctology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 22, 355-361   | 2.9              | 11 |
| 31 | Intragenic CNVs for epigenetic regulatory genes in intellectual disability: Survey identifies pathogenic and benign single exon changes. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , <b>2016</b> , 170, 2916-2926 | 2.5              | 11 |
| 30 | Ectopic XIST transcripts in human somatic cells show variable expression and localization. <i>Cytogenetic and Genome Research</i> , <b>2002</b> , 99, 92-8  | 1.9              | 11 |
| 29 | Skewed X-chromosome inactivation is associated with primary but not secondary ovarian failure. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , <b>2007</b> , 143A, 945-51   | 2.5              | 10 |
| 28 | Assessment of long non-coding RNA expression reveals novel mediators of the lung tumour immune response. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2020</b> , 10, 16945  | 4.9              | 9  |
| 27 | A multi-centre randomized controlled trial of open vs closed management of the rectal defect after transanal endoscopic microsurgery. <i>Colorectal Disease</i> , <b>2019</b> , 21, 1025-1031                               | 2.1              | 8  |
| 26 | Getting to the center of X-chromosome inactivation: the role of transgenes. <i>Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 87, 759-66   | 3.6              | 8  |
| 25 | Genetic mapping of four DNA markers (DXS16, DXS43, DXS85, and DXS143) from the p22 region of the human X chromosome. <i>Human Genetics</i> , <b>1988</b> , 80, 296-8  | 6.3              | 8  |
| 24 | Have humans lost control: The elusive X-controlling element. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 56, 71-77  | 7.5              | 7  |
| 23 | Beyond sequence homology: Cellular biology limits the potential of XIST to act as a miRNA sponge. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2019</b> , 14, e0221371  | 3.7              | 7  |
| 22 | BCoR-L1 variation and breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research, 2007, 9, R54   | 8.3              | 7  |
| 21 | Equality of the sexes: mammalian dosage compensation. <i>Seminars in Reproductive Medicine</i> , <b>2001</b> , 19, 125-32   | 1.4              | 7  |
| 20 | Cross-species examination of X-chromosome inactivation highlights domains of escape from silencing. <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , <b>2021</b> , 14, 12   | 5.8              | 7  |
| 19 | X chromosome inactivation: heterogeneity of heterochromatin. <i>Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 86, 370-9   | 3.6              | 6  |

| 18 | How do genes that escape from X-chromosome inactivation contribute to Turner syndrome?. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part C: Seminars in Medical Genetics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 181, 28-35                                       | 3.1   | 6 |
|----|--|-------|---|
| 17 | S100B and neurofibromin immunostaining and X-inactivation patterns of laser-microdissected cells indicate a multicellular origin of some NF1-associated neurofibromas. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , <b>2011</b> , 89, 1451-60 | 4.4   | 5 |
| 16 | MspI RFLP detected with chromosome-walk clone pXUT23-SE3.2L from DXS16 in Xp22.1-22.3. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , <b>1987</b> , 15, 9614  | 20.1  | 5 |
| 15 | Surgical site infection in elective colonic and rectal resections: effect of oral antibiotics and mechanical bowel preparation compared with mechanical bowel preparation only. <i>Colorectal Disease</i> , <b>2020</b> , 22, 1686-1693    | 2.1   | 5 |
| 14 | Prediction model and web-based risk calculator for postoperative ileus after loop ileostomy closure. <i>British Journal of Surgery</i> , <b>2019</b> , 106, 1676-1684  | 5.3   | 4 |
| 13 | Identification of a PIG-A related processed gene on chromosome 12. <i>Human Genetics</i> , <b>1995</b> , 95, 691-7   | 6.3   | 4 |
| 12 | Active chromatin marks are retained on X chromosomes lacking gene or repeat silencing despite XIST/Xist expression in somatic cell hybrids. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2010</b> , 5, e10787  | 3.7   | 4 |
| 11 | A cross-cohort analysis of autosomal DNA methylation sex differences in the term placenta. <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 38  | 9.3   | 3 |
| 10 | Contribution of genetic and epigenetic changes to escape from X-chromosome inactivation. <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , <b>2021</b> , 14, 30   | 5.8   | 3 |
| 9  | Independent domains for recruitment of PRC1 and PRC2 by human XIST. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , <b>2021</b> , 17, e100  | 91623 | 3 |
| 8  | Transanal endoscopic microsurgery as day surgery - a single-centre experience with 500 patients. <i>Colorectal Disease</i> , <b>2018</b> , 20, O310-O315   | 2.1   | 2 |
| 7  | Transanal Endoscopic Microsurgery (TEM) for rectal GI stromal tumor. <i>American Journal of Surgery</i> , <b>2021</b> , 221, 183-186   | 2.7   | 2 |
| 6  | X-Chromosome Inactivation <b>2013</b> , 63-88  |       | 1 |
| 5  | Lack of expression of XIST from a small ring X chromosome containing the XIST locus in a girl with short stature, facial dysmorphism and developmental delay   |       | 1 |
| 4  | Pterostilbene leads to DNMT3B-mediated DNA methylation and silencing of OCT1-targeted oncogenes in breast cancer cells. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , <b>2021</b> , 98, 108815  | 6.3   | 1 |
| 3  | Involvement of the X chromosome in non-Hodgkin lymphoma <b>2000</b> , 28, 246  |       | 1 |
| 2  | Multiple distinct domains of human XIST are required to coordinate gene silencing and subsequent heterochromatin formation <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , <b>2022</b> , 15, 6  | 5.8   | O |
| 1  | Reply to Dr. Robert A. Hegele. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , <b>2007</b> , 81, 415   | 11    |   |