

David Tilman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

189
papers

104,775
citations

1888

102
h-index

3260

185
g-index

194
all docs

194
docs citations

194
times ranked

71538
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Solutions for a cultivated planet. <i>Nature</i> , 2011, 478, 337-342.	13.7	5,821
2	Agricultural sustainability and intensive production practices. <i>Nature</i> , 2002, 418, 671-677.	13.7	5,748
3	Food in the Anthropocene: the EAT–Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems. <i>Lancet</i> , 2019, 393, 447-492.	6.3	5,421
4	Global food demand and the sustainable intensification of agriculture. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 20260-20264.	3.3	5,160
5	Biodiversity loss and its impact on humanity. <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 486, 59-67.	13.7	4,969
6	The metacommunity concept: a framework for multi-scale community ecology. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 7, 601-613.	3.0	4,069
7	Biodiversity and Ecosystem Functioning: Current Knowledge and Future Challenges. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 294, 804-808.	6.0	3,551
8	Forecasting Agriculturally Driven Global Environmental Change. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 292, 281-284.	6.0	3,068
9	Land Clearing and the Biofuel Carbon Debt. <i>Science</i> , 2008, 319, 1235-1238.	6.0	3,066
10	The Influence of Functional Diversity and Composition on Ecosystem Processes. <i>Science</i> , 1997, 277, 1300-1302.	6.0	2,414
11	Global diets link environmental sustainability and human health. <i>Nature</i> , 2014, 515, 518-522.	13.7	2,269
12	Environmental, economic, and energetic costs and benefits of biodiesel and ethanol biofuels. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2006, 103, 11206-11210.	3.3	2,257
13	Productivity and sustainability influenced by biodiversity in grassland ecosystems. <i>Nature</i> , 1996, 379, 718-720.	13.7	2,237
14	Habitat destruction and the extinction debt. <i>Nature</i> , 1994, 371, 65-66.	13.7	2,236
15	Competition and Biodiversity in Spatially Structured Habitats. <i>Ecology</i> , 1994, 75, 2-16.	1.5	2,198
16	Diversity and Productivity in a Long-Term Grassland Experiment. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 294, 843-845.	6.0	1,873
17	Biodiversity and stability in grasslands. <i>Nature</i> , 1994, 367, 363-365.	13.7	1,840
18	Options for keeping the food system within environmental limits. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 562, 519-525.	13.7	1,709

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19	Biodiversity and ecosystem stability in a decade-long grassland experiment. <i>Nature</i> , 2006, 441, 629-632.	13.7	1,668
20	Carbon-Negative Biofuels from Low-Input High-Diversity Grassland Biomass. <i>Science</i> , 2006, 314, 1598-1600.	6.0	1,505
21	THE ECOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES OF CHANGES IN BIODIVERSITY: A SEARCH FOR GENERAL PRINCIPLES101. <i>Ecology</i> , 1999, 80, 1455-1474.	1.5	1,398
22	Beneficial Biofuels—The Food, Energy, and Environment Trilemma. <i>Science</i> , 2009, 325, 270-271.	6.0	1,335
23	Biodiversity and Ecosystem Functioning. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2014, 45, 471-493.	3.8	1,311
24	Niche tradeoffs, neutrality, and community structure: A stochastic theory of resource competition, invasion, and community assembly. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004, 101, 10854-10861.	3.3	1,226
25	Biodiversity: Population Versus Ecosystem Stability. <i>Ecology</i> , 1995, 77, 350-363.	1.5	1,224
26	High plant diversity is needed to maintain ecosystem services. <i>Nature</i> , 2011, 477, 199-202.	13.7	1,195
27	Plant diversity and ecosystem productivity: Theoretical considerations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1997, 94, 1857-1861.	3.3	1,150
28	COMMUNITY INVASIBILITY, RECRUITMENT LIMITATION, AND GRASSLAND BIODIVERSITY. <i>Ecology</i> , 1997, 78, 81-92.	1.5	1,110
29	Biodiversity increases the resistance of ecosystem productivity to climate extremes. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 526, 574-577.	13.7	1,032
30	Global environmental impacts of agricultural expansion: The need for sustainable and efficient practices. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1999, 96, 5995-6000.	3.3	994
31	PLANT DIVERSITY, SOIL MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES, AND ECOSYSTEM FUNCTION: ARE THERE ANY LINKS?. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 2042-2050.	1.5	991
32	Biotic Control over the Functioning of Ecosystems. <i>Science</i> , 1997, 277, 500-504.	6.0	948
33	Biodiversity as a barrier to ecological invasion. <i>Nature</i> , 2002, 417, 636-638.	13.7	935
34	Secondary Succession and the Pattern of Plant Dominance Along Experimental Nitrogen Gradients. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1987, 57, 189-214.	2.4	882
35	Loss of plant species after chronic low-level nitrogen deposition to prairie grasslands. <i>Nature</i> , 2008, 451, 712-715.	13.7	809
36	Future threats to biodiversity and pathways to their prevention. <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 546, 73-81.	13.7	736

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37	Effects of plant species richness on invasion dynamics, disease outbreaks, insect abundances and diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 1999, 2, 286-293.	3.0	723
38	Impacts of Biodiversity Loss Escalate Through Time as Redundancy Fades. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 336, 589-592.	6.0	672
39	Species effects on nitrogen cycling: a test with perennial grasses. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1990, 84, 433-441.	0.9	630
40	Comparative analysis of environmental impacts of agricultural production systems, agricultural input efficiency, and food choice. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2017, 12, 064016.	2.2	604
41	Plant functional composition influences rates of soil carbon and nitrogen accumulation. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2008, 96, 314-322.	1.9	588
42	Plant diversity enhances ecosystem responses to elevated CO ₂ and nitrogen deposition. <i>Nature</i> , 2001, 410, 809-810.	13.7	517
43	Anthropogenic environmental changes affect ecosystem stability via biodiversity. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 348, 336-340.	6.0	516
44	Nutrient enrichment, biodiversity loss, and consequent declines in ecosystem productivity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 11911-11916.	3.3	511
45	Experimental Tests of the Dependence of Arthropod Diversity on Plant Diversity. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 1998, 152, 738-750.	1.0	499
46	Global food system emissions could preclude achieving the 1.5°C and 2°C climate change targets. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 370, 705-708.	6.0	496
47	Grassland species loss resulting from reduced niche dimension. <i>Nature</i> , 2007, 446, 791-793.	13.7	481
48	Nexus approaches to global sustainable development. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2018, 1, 466-476.	11.5	468
49	DYNAMICS OF SOIL NITROGEN AND CARBON ACCUMULATION FOR 61 YEARS AFTER AGRICULTURAL ABANDONMENT. <i>Ecology</i> , 2000, 81, 88-98.	1.5	457
50	Multiple health and environmental impacts of foods. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 23357-23362.	3.3	440
51	Diversity decreases invasion via both sampling and complementarity effects. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2005, 8, 604-611.	3.0	439
52	Plant species loss decreases arthropod diversity and shifts trophic structure. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 1029-1039.	3.0	417
53	HERBIVORE EFFECTS ON PLANT AND NITROGEN DYNAMICS IN OAK SAVANNA. <i>Ecology</i> , 1998, 79, 165-177.	1.5	407
54	Competition Among Grasses Along a Nitrogen Gradient: Initial Conditions and Mechanisms of Competition. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1993, 63, 199-229.	2.4	400

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55	Biodiversity impacts ecosystem productivity as much as resources, disturbance, or herbivory. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 10394-10397.	3.3	400
56	Plant Traits and Resource Reduction For Five Grasses Growing on a Nitrogen Gradient. Ecology, 1991, 72, 685-700.	1.5	398
57	Human-caused environmental change: Impacts on plant diversity and evolution. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2001, 98, 5433-5440.	3.3	386
58	EFFECTS OF GRASSLAND PLANT SPECIES DIVERSITY, ABUNDANCE, AND COMPOSITION ON FOLIAR FUNGAL DISEASE. Ecology, 2002, 83, 1713-1726.	1.5	376
59	From selection to complementarity: shifts in the causes of biodiversityâ€“productivity relationships in a long-term biodiversity experiment. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2007, 274, 871-876.	1.2	375
60	Phylogenetic diversity promotes ecosystem stability. Ecology, 2012, 93, S223.	1.5	372
61	Emerging human infectious diseases and the links to global food production. Nature Sustainability, 2019, 2, 445-456.	11.5	362
62	The greening of the green revolution. Nature, 1998, 396, 211-212.	13.7	351
63	Functional traits, productivity and effects on nitrogen cycling of 33 grassland species. Functional Ecology, 2002, 16, 563-574.	1.7	331
64	National food production stabilized by crop diversity. Nature, 2019, 571, 257-260.	13.7	323
65	Title is missing!. Plant Ecology, 2000, 146, 1-10.	0.7	296
66	Multiple facets of biodiversity drive the diversityâ€“stability relationship. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 1579-1587.	3.4	296
67	Old-Field Succession on a Minnesota Sand Plain. Ecology, 1987, 68, 12-26.	1.5	287
68	Climate change and health costs of air emissions from biofuels and gasoline. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 2077-2082.	3.3	279
69	Do species and functional groups differ in acquisition and use of C, N and water under varying atmospheric CO2 and N availability regimes? A field test with 16 grassland species. New Phytologist, 2001, 150, 435-448.	3.5	240
70	Drought and biodiversity in Grasslands. Oecologia, 1992, 89, 257-264.	0.9	236
71	Root depth distribution and the diversityâ€“productivity relationship in a longâ€“term grassland experiment. Ecology, 2013, 94, 787-793.	1.5	233
72	Dynamics of vesicular-arbuscular mycorrhizae during old field succession. Oecologia, 1991, 86, 349-358.	0.9	232

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73	Allocation and the Transient Dynamics of Succession on Poor Soils. <i>Ecology</i> , 1990, 71, 1144-1155.	1.5	223
74	Soil carbon sequestration accelerated by restoration of grassland biodiversity. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 718.	5.8	216
75	Bioenergy and Wildlife: Threats and Opportunities for Grassland Conservation. <i>BioScience</i> , 2009, 59, 767-777.	2.2	212
76	The effects of long-term nitrogen loading on grassland insect communities. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2000, 124, 73-84.	0.9	205
77	Insect species diversity, abundance and body size relationships. <i>Nature</i> , 1996, 380, 704-706.	13.7	201
78	Seed limitation and the regulation of community structure in oak savanna grassland. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2003, 91, 999-1007.	1.9	188
79	Carbon and nitrogen cycling during old-field succession: Constraints on plant and microbial biomass. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 1990, 11, 111.	1.7	186
80	Plant spectral diversity integrates functional and phylogenetic components of biodiversity and predicts ecosystem function. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 976-982.	3.4	185
81	Mechanisms responsible for the positive diversity-productivity relationship in Minnesota grasslands. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 7, 661-668.	3.0	184
82	Competition and nutrient kinetics along a temperature gradient: An experimental test of a mechanistic approach to niche theory. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 1981, 26, 1020-1033.	1.6	180
83	Oscillations and chaos in the dynamics of a perennial grass. <i>Nature</i> , 1991, 353, 653-655.	13.7	179
84	Variation in growth rate and ecophysiology among 34 grassland and savanna species under contrasting N supply: a test of functional group differences. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2003, 157, 617-631.	3.5	179
85	Plant diversity effects on grassland productivity are robust to both nutrient enrichment and drought. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150277.	1.8	169
86	Ecological Experimentation: Strengths and Conceptual Problems. , 1989, , 136-157.		162
87	QUADRATIC VARIATION IN OLD-FIELD SPECIES RICHNESS ALONG GRADIENTS OF DISTURBANCE AND NITROGEN. <i>Ecology</i> , 2002, 83, 492-504.	1.5	155
88	Plant diversity controls arthropod biomass and temporal stability. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1457-1464.	3.0	153
89	Low biodiversity state persists two decades after cessation of nutrient enrichment. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 454-460.	3.0	151
90	Soil carbon sequestration in prairie grasslands increased by chronic nitrogen addition. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 2030-2036.	1.5	147

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91	Linkages between plant functional composition, fine root processes and potential soil N mineralization rates. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2009, 97, 48-56.	1.9	145
92	Pocket gophers (<i>Geomys bursarius</i>), vegetation, and soil nitrogen along a successional sere in east central Minnesota. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1987, 72, 178-184.	0.9	141
93	Global change effects on plant communities are magnified by time and the number of global change factors imposed. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 17867-17873.	3.3	141
94	Plant succession and gopher disturbance along an experimental gradient. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1983, 60, 285-292.	0.9	138
95	Long-term increased grain yield and soil fertility from intercropping. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2021, 4, 943-950.	11.5	137
96	Asynchrony among local communities stabilises ecosystem function of metacommunities. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 1534-1545.	3.0	136
97	Plant diversity drives soil microbial biomass carbon in grasslands irrespective of global environmental change factors. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 4076-4085.	4.2	134
98	FIRE SUPPRESSION AND ECOSYSTEM CARBON STORAGE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2000, 81, 2680-2685.	1.5	131
99	Interactive effects of fertilization and disturbance on community structure and resource availability in an old-field plant community. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1991, 88, 61-71.	0.9	127
100	Soil fertility increases with plant species diversity in a long-term biodiversity experiment. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2008, 158, 85-93.	0.9	124
101	Species richness, but not phylogenetic diversity, influences community biomass production and temporal stability in a re-examination of 16 grassland biodiversity studies. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2015, 29, 615-626.	1.7	124
102	Diversity of plant evolutionary lineages promotes arthropod diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1308-1317.	3.0	108
103	ECOLOGY:Diversity and Production in European Grasslands. <i>Science</i> , 1999, 286, 1099-1100.	6.0	105
104	Biodiversity and Ecosystem Properties. <i>Science</i> , 1997, 278, 1865c-1869.	6.0	104
105	Traits linked with species invasiveness and community invasibility vary with time, stage and indicator of invasion in a long-term grassland experiment. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 593-604.	3.0	103
106	Proactive conservation to prevent habitat losses to agricultural expansion. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2021, 4, 314-322.	11.5	101
107	Responses of Legumes to Herbivores and Nutrients During Succession on a Nitrogen-Poor Soil. <i>Ecology</i> , 1995, 76, 2648-2655.	1.5	100
108	Deficits of biodiversity and productivity linger a century after agricultural abandonment. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 1533-1538.	3.4	98

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109	The economic value of grassland species for carbon storage. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2017, 3, e1601880.	4.7	96
110	Diversity-dependent temporal divergence of ecosystem functioning in experimental ecosystems. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 1639-1642.	3.4	95
111	The results of biodiversityâ€™ecosystem functioning experiments are realistic. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 1485-1494.	3.4	93
112	Long-term oscillations in grassland productivity induced by drought. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2002, 5, 110-120.	3.0	92
113	Resource limitation in a competitive context determines complex plant responses to experimental resource additions. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 2505-2517.	1.5	92
114	Biodiversity and decomposition in experimental grassland ecosystems. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2001, 126, 429-433.	0.9	91
115	Resource availability underlies the plantâ€™fungal diversity relationship in a grassland ecosystem. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 204-216.	1.5	91
116	DOES METABOLIC THEORY APPLY TO COMMUNITY ECOLOGY? IT'S A MATTER OF SCALE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 1797-1799.	1.5	88
117	Little bluestem litter dynamics in Minnesota old fields. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1987, 72, 327-330.	0.9	83
118	Abundance, diversity and body size: patterns from a grassland arthropod community. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 1999, 68, 824-835.	1.3	83
119	Sustainable intensification of high-diversity biomass production for optimal biofuel benefits. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2018, 1, 686-692.	11.5	78
120	BIOLOGICAL WEED CONTROL VIA NUTRIENT COMPETITION: POTASSIUM LIMITATION OF DANDELIONS. , 1999, 9, 103-111.		77
121	Shifting grassland plant community structure drives positive interactive effects of warming and diversity on aboveground net primary productivity. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 741-749.	4.2	77
122	Plant biodiversity and the regeneration of soil fertility. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	76
123	Biotic homogenization destabilizes ecosystem functioning by decreasing spatial asynchrony. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03332.	1.5	74
124	Food webs obscure the strength of plant diversity effects on primary productivity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 505-512.	3.0	73
125	The Diet, Health, and Environment Trilemma. <i>Annual Review of Environment and Resources</i> , 2018, 43, 109-134.	5.6	73
126	Air-quality-related health damages of maize. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2019, 2, 397-403.	11.5	73

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127	Nitrogen mineralization and nitrification in four Minnesota old fields. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1987, 71, 481-485.	0.9	70
128	Air quality-related health damages of food. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	70
129	Biodiversity enhances the multitrophic control of arthropod herbivory. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, .	4.7	68
130	Seasonal Variation in the NDVI-Species Richness Relationship in a Prairie Grassland Experiment (Cedar) Tj ETQq0,0,0 rgBT /Overlock 1	1.8	65
131	Introduced species that overcome life history tradeoffs can cause native extinctions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 2131.	5.8	64
132	Benefits of intensive agricultural intercropping. <i>Nature Plants</i> , 2020, 6, 604-605.	4.7	63
133	ECOLOGY:Enhanced: Diversity by Default. <i>Science</i> , 1999, 283, 495-496.	6.0	62
134	Restoring Abandoned Farmland to Mitigate Climate Change on a Full Earth. <i>One Earth</i> , 2020, 3, 176-186.	3.6	60
135	Diversification, Biotic Interchange, and the Universal Trade-Off Hypothesis. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2011, 178, 355-371.	1.0	58
136	Invasions of equilibria: tests of resource competition using two species of algae. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1984, 61, 197-200.	0.9	55
137	Interspecific competition among grasshoppers and their effect on plant abundance in experimental field environments. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1992, 89, 524-532.	0.9	53
138	Range contraction enables harvesting to extinction. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 3945-3950.	3.3	53
139	Climate warming promotes species diversity, but with greater taxonomic redundancy, in complex environments. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2017, 3, e1700866.	4.7	50
140	Forbs, grasses, and grassland fire behaviour. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 1983-2001.	1.9	45
141	Tree diversity, tree height and environmental harshness in eastern and western North America. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 743-751.	3.0	43
142	Selective herbivory on a nitrogen fixing legume (<i>Lathyrus venosus</i>) influences productivity and ecosystem nitrogen pools in an oak savanna. <i>Ecoscience</i> , 2000, 7, 166-174.	0.6	41
143	Long-lasting effects on nitrogen cycling 12 years after treatments cease despite minimal long-term nitrogen retention. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009, 15, 1755-1766.	4.2	40
144	Limited evidence for spatial resource partitioning across temperate grassland biodiversity experiments. <i>Ecology</i> , 2020, 101, e02905.	1.5	40

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145	Grassland biodiversity can pay. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 3876-3881.	3.3	38
146	Resistance of soil biota and plant growth to disturbance increases with plant diversity. Ecology Letters, 2020, 23, 119-128.	3.0	38
147	Food web composition and plant diversity control foliar nutrient content and stoichiometry. Journal of Ecology, 2015, 103, 1432-1441.	1.9	36
148	Recovery as nitrogen declines. Nature, 2015, 528, 336-337.	13.7	36
149	Diversity breeds complementarity. Nature, 2014, 515, 44-45.	13.7	35
150	Diversity-dependent soil acidification under nitrogen enrichment constrains biomass productivity. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 6594-6603.	4.2	31
151	Predictions of species interactions from consumer-resource theory: experimental tests with grasshoppers and plants. Oecologia, 1993, 94, 516-527.	0.9	29
152	Grassland ecosystem recovery after soil disturbance depends on nutrient supply rate. Ecology Letters, 2020, 23, 1756-1765.	3.0	29
153	Plant effects on soil N mineralization are mediated by the composition of multiple soil organic fractions. Ecological Research, 2011, 26, 201-208.	0.7	26
154	Ambient changes exceed treatment effects on plant species abundance in global change experiments. Global Change Biology, 2018, 24, 5668-5679.	4.2	25
155	Global protected areas seem insufficient to safeguard half of the world's mammals from human-induced extinction. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2022, 119, .	3.3	24
156	Phenological responses of prairie plants vary among species and year in a three-year experimental warming study. Ecosphere, 2015, 6, 1-15.	1.0	23
157	Identifying mechanisms that structure ecological communities by snapping model parameters to empirically observed tradeoffs. Ecology Letters, 2018, 21, 494-505.	3.0	22
158	Mechanistically derived dispersal kernels explain species-level patterns of recruitment and succession. Ecology, 2018, 99, 2415-2420.	1.5	22
159	Does diversity beget stability?. Nature, 1994, 371, 114-114.	13.7	20
160	SPECIES RESPONSES TO NITROGEN FERTILIZATION IN HERBACEOUS PLANT COMMUNITIES, AND ASSOCIATED SPECIES TRAITSEcological ArchivesE089-070. Ecology, 2008, 89, 1175-1175.	1.5	20
161	An evolutionary approach to ecosystem functioning. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2001, 98, 10979-10980.	3.3	19
162	Community diversity outweighs effect of warming on plant colonization. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 3079-3090.	4.2	17

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163	Biodiversity & Environmental Sustainability amid Human Domination of Global Ecosystems. <i>Daedalus</i> , 2012, 141, 108-120.	0.9	16
164	Impact of multiple small and persistent threats on extinction risk. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2022, 36, .	2.4	16
165	Consequences of elevated temperatures on legume biomass and nitrogen cycling in a field warming and biodiversity experiment in a North American prairie. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2013, 40, 1147.	1.1	15
166	The Benefits of Natural Disasters. <i>Science</i> , 1996, 273, 1518-0.	6.0	14
167	Functional Diversity. , 2001, , 587-596.		14
168	Further reâ€œanalyses looking for effects of phylogenetic diversity on community biomass and stability. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2015, 29, 1607-1610.	1.7	13
169	Towards a theoretical basis for ecosystem conservation. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2001, 16, 983-995.	0.7	12
170	Seed and microsite limitation in a late-successional old field: the effects of water, adults, litter, and small mammals on seeds and seedlings. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2012, 213, 1003-1013.	0.7	12
171	Cultivate biodiversity to harvest food security and sustainability. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2021, 31, R1154-R1158.	1.8	12
172	Responseâ€œEcosystem Services: Free Lunch No More. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 335, 656-657.	6.0	11
173	Diversity and stability in plant communities (Reply). <i>Nature</i> , 2007, 446, E7-E8.	13.7	10
174	Chronic fertilization and irrigation gradually and increasingly restructure grassland communities. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019, 10, e02625.	1.0	8
175	Temporal variability in production is not consistently affected by global change drivers across herbaceous-dominated ecosystems. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2020, 194, 735-744.	0.9	8
176	THE INVASION PARADOX: RECONCILING PATTERN AND PROCESS IN SPECIES INVASIONS. , 2007, 88, 3.		7
177	Quantifying the environmental limits to fire spread in grassy ecosystems. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	3.3	7
178	African mammals, foodwebs, and coexistence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 7890-7891.	3.3	6
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