

Gianni Turcato

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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Version: 2024-04-28

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

46
papers

355
citations

11
h-index

17
g-index

57
ext. papers

592
ext. citations

3.8
avg, IF

3.8
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
46	Risk of delayed intracranial haemorrhage after an initial negative CT in patients on DOACs with mild traumatic brain injury.. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2022 , 53, 185-189	2.9	2
45	"Decision tree analysis for assessing the risk of post-traumatic haemorrhage after mild traumatic brain injury in patients on oral anticoagulant therapy".. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2022 , 22, 47	2.4	
44	Effect of the SARS-COV-2 pandemic outbreak on the emergency department admission for an acute psychiatric condition□ <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2022 , 151, 626-632	5.2	0
43	High Plasma Concentration of Apolipoprotein C-III Confers an Increased Risk of Cerebral Ischemic Events on Cardiovascular Patients Anticoagulated With Warfarin.. <i>Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2021 , 8, 781383	5.4	
42	Effect of the Emergency Department Assessment of Chest Pain Score on the Triage Performance in Patients With Chest Pain. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021 , 161, 12-18	3	0
41	Rapid antigen test to identify COVID-19 infected patients with and without symptoms admitted to the Emergency Department. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 51, 92-97	2.9	7
40	Predictors of post-traumatic complication of mild brain injury in anticoagulated patients: DOACs are safer than VKAs-comment. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 16, 2319-2321	3.7	
39	The ROX index can be a useful tool for the triage evaluation of COVID-19 patients with dyspnoea. <i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i> , 2021 , 77, 3361-3369	3.1	6
38	Risk factors associated with intracranial bleeding and neurosurgery in patients with mild traumatic brain injury who are receiving direct oral anticoagulants. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 43, 180-185	2.9	4
37	Patients with mild traumatic brain injury receiving direct oral anticoagulants in Emergency Department: a necessary discussion. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 42, 235-236	2.9	
36	Clinical application of the COVID-19 Reporting and Data System (CO-RADS) in patients with suspected SARS-CoV-2 infection: observational study in an emergency department. <i>Clinical Radiology</i> , 2021 , 76, 74.e23-74.e29	2.9	4
35	Errors in nurse-led triage: An observational study. <i>International Journal of Nursing Studies</i> , 2021 , 113, 103788	5.8	1
34	Acute abdominal pain in triage: A retrospective observational study of the Manchester triage system's validity. <i>Journal of Clinical Nursing</i> , 2021 , 30, 942-951	3.2	1
33	Clinical application of a rapid antigen test for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 infection in symptomatic and asymptomatic patients evaluated in the emergency department: A preliminary report. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2021 , 82, e14-e16	18.9	28
32	Decision tree analysis to predict the risk of intracranial haemorrhage after mild traumatic brain injury in patients taking DOACs. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 50, 388-393	2.9	1
31	Triage of patients with fever: The Manchester triage system's predictive validity for sepsis or septic shock and seven-day mortality. <i>Journal of Critical Care</i> , 2020 , 59, 63-69	4	2
30	Correlation between arterial blood gas and CT volumetry in patients with SARS-CoV-2 in the emergency department. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020 , 97, 233-235	10.5	13

29	Effectiveness of Manchester Triage System in risk prioritisation of patients with pulmonary embolism who present dyspnoea, chest pain or collapse. <i>International Emergency Nursing</i> , 2020 , 50, 100842	2.4	2
28	Blood sampling during nurse triage reduces patient length of stay in the emergency department: A propensity score-weighted, population-based study. <i>International Emergency Nursing</i> , 2020 , 49, 100826	2.4	2
27	Estimated plasma volume status (ePVS) could be an easy-to-use clinical tool to determine the risk of sepsis or death in patients with fever. <i>Journal of Critical Care</i> , 2020 , 58, 106-112	4	5
26	Thirty-day mortality in atrial fibrillation patients with gastrointestinal bleeding in the emergency department: differences between direct oral anticoagulant and warfarin users. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 15, 311-318	3.7	5
25	Increased Incidence of Ischemic Cerebrovascular Events in Cardiovascular Patients With Elevated Apolipoprotein CIII. <i>Stroke</i> , 2020 , 51, 61-68	6.7	3
24	A nomogram to predict unfavourable outcome in patients receiving oral anticoagulants for atrial fibrillation after stroke. <i>European Stroke Journal</i> , 2020 , 5, 384-393	5.6	3
23	The COVID-19 epidemic and reorganisation of triage, an observational study. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 15, 1517-1524	3.7	3
22	Performance of the Manchester Triage System in patients with dyspnoea: A retrospective observational study. <i>International Emergency Nursing</i> , 2020 , 53, 100931	2.4	4
21	Management of whiplash-associated disorder in the Italian emergency department: the feasibility of an evidence-based continuous professional development course provided by physiotherapists. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2020 , 1-8	2.4	0
20	IER-START nomogram for prediction of three-month unfavorable outcome after thrombectomy for stroke. <i>International Journal of Stroke</i> , 2020 , 15, 412-420	6.3	8
19	IER-SICH Nomogram to Predict Symptomatic Intracerebral Hemorrhage After Thrombectomy for Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2019 , 50, 909-916	6.7	29
18	Direct Oral Anticoagulant Treatment and Mild Traumatic Brain Injury: Risk of Early and Delayed Bleeding and the Severity of Injuries Compared with Vitamin K Antagonists. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 57, 817-824	1.5	17
17	Evaluation of Neutrophil-lymphocyte and Platelet-lymphocyte Ratios as Predictors of 30-day Mortality in Patients Hospitalized for an Episode of Acute Decompensated Heart Failure. <i>Journal of Medical Biochemistry</i> , 2019 , 38, 452-460	1.9	8
16	Not Just Arterial Damage: Increased Incidence of Venous Thromboembolic Events in Cardiovascular Patients With Elevated Plasma Levels of Apolipoprotein CIII. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019 , 8, e010973	6	8
15	Red Blood Cell Distribution Width Improves Reclassification of Patients Admitted to the Emergency Department with Acute Decompensated Heart Failure. <i>Journal of Medical Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 37, 299-306	1.9	3
14	STARTING-SICH Nomogram to Predict Symptomatic Intracerebral Hemorrhage After Intravenous Thrombolysis for Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2018 , 49, 397-404	6.7	34
13	A nomogram to predict the probability of mortality after first-ever acute manifestations of cerebral small vessel disease. <i>Journal of the Neurological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 385, 92-95	3.2	1
12	The START nomogram for individualized prediction of the probability of unfavorable outcome after intravenous thrombolysis for stroke. <i>International Journal of Stroke</i> , 2018 , 13, 700-706	6.3	17

11	Red blood cell distribution width independently predicts 1-month mortality in acute decompensation of cirrhotic patients admitted to emergency department. <i>European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology</i> , 2018 , 30, 33-38	2.2	8
10	Introduction of direct oral anticoagulant within 7 days of stroke onset: a nomogram to predict the probability of 3-month modified Rankin Scale score ≥ 2 . <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Thrombolysis</i> , 2018 , 46, 292-298	5.1	5
9	Red blood cell distribution width in heart failure: A narrative review. <i>World Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 10, 6-14	2.1	23
8	Association between short- and medium-term air pollution exposure and risk of mortality after intravenous thrombolysis for stroke. <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Thrombolysis</i> , 2018 , 45, 293-299	5.1	0
7	Association of Short- and Medium-Term Particulate Matter Exposure with Risk of Mortality after Spontaneous Intracerebral Hemorrhage. <i>Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases</i> , 2018 , 27, 2519-2523	2.8	1
6	Efficacy and safety in pharmacological cardioversion of recent-onset atrial fibrillation: a propensity score matching to compare amiodarone vs class IC antiarrhythmic drugs. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 12, 853-859	3.7	8
5	Early in-hospital variation of red blood cell distribution width predicts mortality in patients with acute heart failure. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017 , 243, 306-310	3.2	14
4	The Role of Red Blood Cell Distribution Width for Predicting 1-year Mortality in Patients Admitted to the Emergency Department with Severe Dyspnoea. <i>Journal of Medical Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 36, 32-38	1.9	2
3	Early function decline after ischemic stroke can be predicted by a nomogram based on age, use of thrombolysis, RDW and NIHSS score at admission. <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Thrombolysis</i> , 2017 , 43, 394-400	5.1	23
2	Red Blood Cell Distribution Width Is an Independent Predictor of Outcome in Patients Undergoing Thrombolysis for Ischemic Stroke. <i>Seminars in Thrombosis and Hemostasis</i> , 2017 , 43, 30-35	5.3	30
1	Red blood cell distribution width independently predicts medium-term mortality and major adverse cardiac events after an acute coronary syndrome. <i>Annals of Translational Medicine</i> , 2016 , 4, 254	3.2	15