

Eilin K Erevik

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6620789/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

23
papers

368
citations

840585

11
h-index

839398

18
g-index

23
all docs

23
docs citations

23
times ranked

441
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Short rest between shift intervals increases the risk of sick leave: a prospective registry study. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2017, 74, 496-501.	1.3	45
2	Sleep Detriments Associated With Quick Returns in Rotating Shift Work. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2017, 59, 522-527.	0.9	39
3	Short rest between shifts (quick returns) and night work is associated with work-related accidents. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2019, 92, 829-835.	1.1	33
4	Alcohol use among Norwegian students. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2017, 34, 415-429.	0.7	30
5	Disclosure and Exposure of Alcohol on Social Media and Later Alcohol Use: A Large-Scale Longitudinal Study. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2017, 8, 1934.	1.1	30
6	Insomnia, sleep duration and academic performance: a national survey of Norwegian college and university students. <i>Sleep Medicine: X</i> , 2019, 1, 100005.	0.5	29
7	Who is watching user-generated alcohol posts on social media?. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2018, 78, 131-137.	1.7	26
8	Sharing of Alcohol-Related Content on Social Networking Sites: Frequency, Content, and Correlates. <i>Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2017, 78, 608-616.	0.6	25
9	Internet-based treatment of gambling problems: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>Journal of Behavioral Addictions</i> , 2021, 10, 546-565.	1.9	18
10	Tinder Use and Romantic Relationship Formations: A Large-Scale Longitudinal Study. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2020, 11, 1757.	1.1	17
11	The associations between low-level gaming, high-level gaming and problematic alcohol use. <i>Addictive Behaviors Reports</i> , 2019, 10, 100186.	1.0	14
12	Long working hours are inversely related to sick leave in the following 3 months: a 4-year registry study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2019, 92, 457-466.	1.1	13
13	Relationships Between Exposure to Different Gambling Advertising Types, Advertising Impact and Problem Gambling. <i>Journal of Gambling Studies</i> , 2022, 38, 465-482.	1.1	9
14	Recurrent cannabis use among Norwegian students. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2017, 34, 497-510.	0.7	8
15	Prevalence and correlates of stimulant and depressant pharmacological cognitive enhancement among Norwegian students. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2018, 35, 372-387.	0.7	7
16	Alcohol Use Among Business Students: Demographic, Personality, and Social Correlates of Increased Consumption. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Educational Research</i> , 2018, 62, 900-910.	1.0	6
17	The Norwegian remote intervention programme for problem gambling: Short- and long-term outcomes. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2020, 37, 365-383.	0.7	5
18	Demographics, Personality and Substance-Use Characteristics Associated with Forming Romantic Relationships. <i>Evolutionary Psychological Science</i> , 2020, 6, 1-13.	0.8	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	General and Alcohol-Related Social Media Use and Mental Health: a Large-Sample Longitudinal Study. <i>International Journal of Mental Health and Addiction</i> , 2021, 19, 1991-2002.	4.4	3
20	Gambling Addiction Norway – experiences among members of a Norwegian self-help group for problem gambling. <i>International Gambling Studies</i> , 2020, 20, 246-261.	1.3	3
21	Smoking and snus use among Norwegian students: Demographic, personality and substance use characteristics. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2021, 38, 141-160.	0.7	3
22	“Freshman” week characteristics associated with participation and experiencing adverse effects. <i>Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy</i> , 2018, 13, 21.	1.0	1
23	Demographical, personality, alcohol use, and mental health characteristics associated with different alcoholic beverage preferences among students. <i>Cogent Psychology</i> , 2020, 7, .	0.6	0