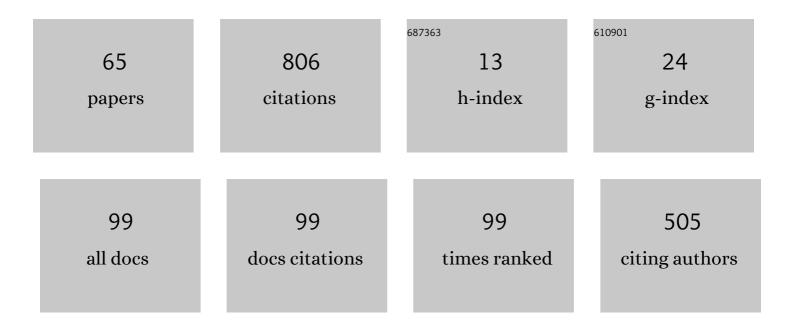
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Total Health-Related Costs Due to Absenteeism, Presenteeism, and Medical and Pharmaceutical Expenses in Japanese Employers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, e273-e280.	1.7	126
2	Protocol for a Nationwide Internet-based Health Survey of Workers During the COVID-19 Pandemic in 2020. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 217-225.	0.6	101
3	The Introduction of an Active Rest Program by Workplace Units Improved the Workplace Vigor and Presenteeism Among Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, 1140-1147.	1.7	80
4	A comparative assessment of major international disasters: the need for exposure assessment, systematic emergency preparedness, and lifetime health care. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 46.	2.9	46
5	Effects of an Artificial Intelligence–Assisted Health Program on Workers With Neck/Shoulder Pain/Stiffness and Low Back Pain: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e27535.	3.7	39
6	How Occupational Health can Contribute in a Disaster and What We should Prepare for the Future—Lessons Learned through Support Activities of a Medical School at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant in Summer 2011. Journal of Occupational Health, 2013, 55, 6-10.	2.1	25
7	Review of health issues of workers engaged in operations related to the accident at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant. Journal of Occupational Health, 2015, 57, 497-512.	2.1	23
8	Intensity of Home-Based Telework and Work Engagement During the COVID-19 Pandemic. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 63, 907-912.	1.7	21
9	Anticipated health effects and proposed countermeasures following the immediate introduction of telework in response to the spread of COVID-19: The findings of a rapid health impact assessment in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2021, 63, e12198.	2.1	21
10	Development, Success Factors, and Challenges of Government-Led Health and Productivity Management Initiatives in Japan. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 63, 18-26.	1.7	21
11	The Introduction of an Occupational Health Management System for Solving Issues in Occupational Health Activities in Japan Industrial Health, 2002, 40, 167-174.	1.0	15
12	Transition of Occupational Health Issues Associated With Stabilization and Decommissioning of the Nuclear Reactors in the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant Through 2013. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 56, 1145-1152.	1.7	14
13	Occupational safety and health aspects of corporate social responsibility reporting in Japan from 2004 to 2012. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 381.	2.9	14
14	What Occupational Health Needs Arise in Workplaces Following Disasters? A Joint Analysis of Eight Cases of Disaster in Japan. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2015, 57, 836-844.	1.7	11
15	A randomized controlled trial of the effect of participatory ergonomic low back pain training on workplace improvement. Journal of Occupational Health, 2017, 59, 256-266.	2.1	11
16	Association between preventive measures against workplace infection and preventive behavior against personal infection. Industrial Health, 2021, 60, 420-428.	1.0	11
17	Developing a global occupational health and safety management system model for Japanese companies. Journal of Occupational Health, 2020, 62, e12081.	2.1	10
18	Surveys on the competencies of specialist occupational physicians and effective methods for acquisition of competencies in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2015, 57, 126-141.	2.1	9

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19	Current Status and Issues for the Role of Occupational Health Physicians in Japan. JMA Journal, 2018, 1, 15-21.	0.8	9
20	Factors of occurrence and improvement methods of presenteeism attributed to diabetes: A systematic review. Journal of Occupational Health, 2019, 61, 36-53.	2.1	8
21	Association between overtime work hours and preventive dental visits among Japanese workers. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 87.	2.9	8
22	Diabetes severity measured by treatment control status and number of anti-diabetic drugs affects presenteeism among workers with type 2 diabetes. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1865.	2.9	8
23	Continuous improvement of fitnessâ€forâ€duty management programs for workers engaging in stabilizing and decommissioning work at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant. Journal of Occupational Health, 2018, 60, 196-201.	2.1	7
24	Work functioning impairment in the course of pharmacotherapy treatment for depression. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 15712.	3.3	7
25	Association between perceived organizational support and COVID-19 vaccination intention: A cross-sectional study. Journal of Occupational Health, 2021, 63, e12308.	2.1	7
26	Perceived Supervisor Support for Health Affects Presenteeism: A Cross-Sectional Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 4340.	2.6	7
27	Suboptimal radiation protection for municipal employees operating in the Fukushima designated zone: Figure 1. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2012, 69, 453-454.	2.8	6
28	Trends in Uterine Cervical Cancer Screening at Physical Health Checkups for Company Employees in Japan. Journal of UOEH, 2019, 41, 327-333.	0.6	6
29	Cardiovascular and cerebrovascular diseases risk associated with the incidence of presenteeism and the costs of presenteeism. Journal of Occupational Health, 2020, 62, e12167.	2.1	6
30	Emerging Occupational Health Needs at a Semiconductor Factory Following the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquakes. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, 198-203.	1.7	5
31	Occupational Health Services Improve Effective Coverage for Hypertension and Diabetes Mellitus at Japanese Companies. Journal of UOEH, 2019, 41, 271-282.	0.6	5
32	Association of organizational factors with knowledge of effectiveness indicators and participation in corporate health and productivity management programs. Journal of Occupational Health, 2021, 63, e12205.	2.1	5
33	Association between the course of hypnotics treatment for insomnia and work functioning impairment in Japanese workers. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0243635.	2.5	5
34	The opinions of occupational physicians about maintaining healthy workers by means of medical examinations in Japan using the Delphi method. Journal of Occupational Health, 2016, 58, 72-80.	2.1	4
35	Validation of self-reported medication use for hypertension, diabetes, and dyslipidemia among employees of large-sized companies in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2020, 62, e12138.	2.1	4
36	Work-Related Factors Affecting the Occurrence of Presenteeism 5Recent Research Trends and Future Directions. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 61-73.	0.6	4

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37	Prospective Cohort Study of Sociodemographic and Work-Related Factors and Subsequent Unemployment under COVID-19 Pandemic. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 6924.	2.6	4
38	Occupational health in disasters: Valuable knowledge gained from experience with the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant accident. Journal of Occupational Health, 2019, 61, 429-430.	2.1	3
39	The Impact of Diabetes Status on Presenteeism in Japan. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 654-661.	1.7	3
40	Follow-Up of Occupational Health Issues and Measures Taken in Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant Where Decommissioning Work Has Continued Over 6 Years Since 2014. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 669-679.	1.7	3
41	Assessing the effect of mandatory progress reporting on treatment requirements identified during health examinations at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant: A time series analysis. Journal of Occupational Health, 2020, 62, e12111.	2.1	3
42	Needs survey on the priority given to periodical medical examination items among occupational physicians in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2018, 60, 502-514.	2.1	2
43	Effect Modification by Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Symptoms on the Association of Psychosocial Work Environments With Psychological Distress and Work Engagement. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 166.	2.6	2
44	Factors that influence occupational physicians' decision to issue an employer warning in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2020, 62, e12147.	2.1	2
45	Relationship between impaired work function and coping behaviors in workers with low back pain. Journal of Occupational Health, 2021, 63, e12272.	2.1	2
46	Improved Sleep Quality and Work Performance Among Shift Workers Consuming a "Foods with Function Claims―Containing Asparagus Extract. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 15-23.	0.6	2
47	Health Issues of Workers Engaged in Operations Related to the Accident at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant. , 2016, , 307-324.		2
48	Prospective cohort study of workers diagnosed with COVID-19 and subsequent unemployment. Journal of Occupational Health, 2022, 64, e12317.	2.1	2
49	Relationship among work–treatment balance, job stress, and work engagement in Japan: a cross-sectional study. Industrial Health, 2022, 61, 56-67.	1.0	2
50	Promotion and Challenge of Health and Productivity Management Initiatives. Health Evaluation and Promotion, 2018, 45, 331-335.	0.0	1
51	Effectiveness of seasonal influenza vaccine in adult Japanese workers, 2017–2020. Vaccine, 2022, 40, 621-626.	3.8	1
52	The new practice of interviews focusing on presenteeism provides additional opportunities to find occupational health issues. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2022, 4, n/a.	0.5	1
53	Sociodemographic factors and self-restraint from social behaviors during the COVID-19 pandemic in Japan: A cross-sectional study. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2022, 28, 101834.	1.8	1
54	The differences of the economic losses due to presenteeism and treatment costs between high-stress workers and non-high-stress workers using the stress check survey in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2022, 64, .	2.1	1

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55	COVID-19 vaccination coverage by company size and the effects of workplace vaccination program in Japan: a cohort study. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2022, 27, 29-29.	3.4	1
56	Characteristics of self-reported daily life note (LN) users in return-to-work judgment for workers on sick leave due to mental health conditions, and usefulness of the tool. Industrial Health, 2019, 57, 70-78.	1.0	0
57	Subjective and objective assessments after a change from a 4-crew, 12-h shift to a 3-crew, 12-h shift schedule: an observational study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2021, 94, 77-83.	2.3	0
58	What types of information about the COVID-19 pandemic do occupational physicians find useful?: a survey. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2021, 3, n/a.	0.5	0
59	Competencies of occupational health professionals for disaster management based on their own experiences. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2021, 3, n/a.	0.5	0
60	Consideration of information that occupational physicians should obtain from employers for use in providing employees' healthcare. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2021, 3, n/a.	0.5	0
61	Relationship Between Work Engagement and the Onset of Long-term Sickness Absence Due to Mental Disorders: A 4-year Retrospective Cohort Study. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 323-334.	0.6	0
62	Effect of Psychological Distress on the Association of Workplace Social Capital with Presenteeism and Sickness Absence. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 293-303.	0.6	0
63	A literature review of the health effects of workers responding to the Great East Japan Earthquake. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2020, 2, n/a.	0.5	0
64	Changes in Presenteeism Six Months After Returning from Sick Leave Due to Mental Illness. Journal of UOEH, 2021, 43, 385-395.	0.6	0
65	Status of information disclosure on occupational safety and health activities in micro-, small-, and medium-sized enterprises, Journal of Occupational Safety and Health, 2022	0.0	0