Hugo Westerlund

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6609739/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

226 papers

12,664 citations

64 h-index

16450

30920 102 g-index

229 all docs 229 docs citations

times ranked

229

12709 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 1491-1497.	13.7	786
2	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603â€^838 individuals. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	13.7	529
3	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120â€^813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e277-e285.	10.0	375
4	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. Psychological Medicine, 2017, 47, 1342-1356.	4.5	314
5	Body mass index and risk of dementia: Analysis of individualâ€level data from 1.3 million individuals. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2018, 14, 601-609.	0.8	284
6	Self-rated health before and after retirement in France (GAZEL): a cohort study. Lancet, The, 2009, 374, 1889-1896.	13.7	269
7	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e490-e497.	10.0	241
8	Effort–Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease. Epidemiology, 2017, 28, 619-626.	2.7	224
9	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Leisure-Time Physical Inactivity: An Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of Up to 170,000 Men and Women: The IPD-Work Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 1078-1089.	3.4	198
10	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222â€^120 individuals. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 27-34.	11.4	197
11	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Type 2 Diabetes: A Pooled Analysis of 124,808 Men and Women. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2268-2275.	8.6	185
12	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f4746-f4746.	6.0	181
13	Effect of retirement on major chronic conditions and fatigue: French GAZEL occupational cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 341, c6149-c6149.	2.3	179
14	Physical inactivity, cardiometabolic disease, and risk of dementia: an individual-participant meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, l1495.	2.3	168
15	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	6.0	152
16	Sleep Disturbances and Cause-Specific Mortality: Results From the GAZEL Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 300-309.	3.4	145
17	From Midlife to Early Old Age. Epidemiology, 2010, 21, 284-290.	2.7	144
18	Job Strain and Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors: Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 47,000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e67323.	2.5	144

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 760.	5.1	140
20	Comparison of alternative versions of the job demand-control scales in 17 European cohort studies: the IPD-Work consortium. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 62.	2.9	137
21	Sickness Presenteeism Predicts Suboptimal Self-Rated Health and Sickness Absence: A Nationally Representative Study of the Swedish Working Population. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e44721.	2.5	136
22	Is Retirement Beneficial for Mental Health?. Epidemiology, 2011, 22, 553-559.	2.7	135
23	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2018, 44, 239-250.	3.4	135
24	Demand, control and social climate as predictors of emotional exhaustion symptoms in working Swedish men and women. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2008, 36, 737-743.	2.3	134
25	Job strain in relation to body mass index: pooled analysis of 160 000 adults from 13 cohort studies. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2012, 272, 65-73.	6.0	132
26	Comorbidity and Functional Trajectories From Midlife to Old Age: The Health and Retirement Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2015, 70, 332-338.	3.6	128
27	Work-family conflict and health in Swedish working women and men: a 2-year prospective analysis (the SLOSH study). European Journal of Public Health, 2013, 23, 710-716.	0.3	121
28	Diagnosis-specific sickness absence as a predictor of mortality: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 337, a1469-a1469.	2.3	118
29	Job Strain and Health-Related Lifestyle: Findings From an Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 118 000 Working Adults. American Journal of Public Health, 2013, 103, 2090-2097.	2.7	114
30	Smoking, physical inactivity and obesity as predictors of healthy and disease-free life expectancy between ages 50 and 75: a multicohort study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 1260-1270.	1.9	114
31	Work stress and risk of cancer: meta-analysis of 5700 incident cancer events in 116 000 European men and women. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f165-f165.	6.0	112
32	Managerial leadership is associated with self-reported sickness absence and sickness presenteeism among Swedish men and women. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2008, 36, 803-811.	2.3	109
33	Office design's impact on sick leave rates. Ergonomics, 2014, 57, 139-147.	2.1	109
34	Managerial leadership and ischaemic heart disease among employees: the Swedish WOLF study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2009, 66, 51-55.	2.8	106
35	Job Strain and Tobacco Smoking: An Individual-Participant Data Meta-Analysis of 166 130 Adults in 15 European Studies. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e35463.	2.5	102
36	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2018, 6, 705-713.	11.4	100

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Concentration requirements modify the effect of office type on indicators of health and performance. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 2014, 38, 167-174.	5.1	97
38	Job Strain and the Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2015, 46, 557-559.	2.0	97
39	Effect of Retirement on Sleep Disturbances: the GAZEL Prospective Cohort Study. Sleep, 2009, 32, 1459-1466.	1.1	96
40	Associations of job strain and lifestyle risk factors with risk of coronary artery disease: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. Cmaj, 2013, 185, 763-769.	2.0	95
41	Breast cancer among shift workers: results of the WOLF longitudinal cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2013, 39, 170-177.	3.4	94
42	Job Strain and Alcohol Intake: A Collaborative Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 140 000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e40101.	2.5	93
43	Life-Course Accumulation of Neighborhood Disadvantage and Allostatic Load: Empirical Integration of Three Social Determinants of Health Frameworks. American Journal of Public Health, 2014, 104, 904-910.	2.7	91
44	Socioeconomic status over the life course and allostatic load in adulthood: results from the Northern Swedish Cohort. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2011, 65, 986-992.	3.7	90
45	How valid is a short measure of effort-reward imbalance at work? A replication study from Sweden. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 67, 526-531.	2.8	89
46	The Symptom Checklist-core depression (SCL-CD ₆) scale: Psychometric properties of a brief six item scale for the assessment of depression. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2014, 42, 82-88.	2.3	87
47	Workplace expansion, long-term sickness absence, and hospital admission. Lancet, The, 2004, 363, 1193-1197.	13.7	85
48	Prevalence and characteristics of hearing problems in a working and non-working Swedish population. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 453-460.	3.7	85
49	Diagnosis-specific sick leave as a risk marker for disability pension in a Swedish population. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 915-920.	3.7	83
50	Job strain and depressive symptoms in men and women: a prospective study of the working population in Sweden. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 78-82.	3.7	83
51	Body mass index as a predictor of healthy and disease-free life expectancy between ages 50 and 75: a multicohort study. International Journal of Obesity, 2017, 41, 769-775.	3.4	83
52	Cohort Profile: The Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health (SLOSH). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 691-692i.	1.9	82
53	Workplace bullying and workplace violence as risk factors for cardiovascular disease: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 1124-1134.	2.2	82
54	Work and Sleep—A Prospective Study of Psychosocial Work Factors, Physical Work Factors, and Work Scheduling. Sleep, 2015, 38, 1129-1136.	1.1	81

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Nurses' practice environment and satisfaction with schedule flexibility is related to intention to leave due to dissatisfaction: A multi-country, multilevel study. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2016, 58, 47-58.	5.6	78
56	Sickness Presenteeism Among Swedish Police Officers. Journal of Occupational Rehabilitation, 2011, 21, 17-22.	2.2	77
57	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2621-2628.	2.2	76
58	Emotional distress before coronary bypass grafting limits the benefits of surgery. American Heart Journal, 1998, 136, 510-517.	2.7	75
59	Cross-Lagged Relationships Between Workplace Demands, Control, Support, and Sleep Problems. Sleep, 2011, 34, 1403-1410.	1.1	74
60	Workplace bullying and violence as risk factors for type 2 diabetes: a multicohort study and meta-analysis. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 75-83.	6.3	74
61	Tinnitus Severity Is Reduced with Reduction of Depressive Mood – a Prospective Population Study in Sweden. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e37733.	2.5	72
62	Subjective social status: its determinants and association with health in the Swedish working population (the SLOSH study). European Journal of Public Health, 2012, 22, 593-597.	0.3	70
63	Factor Structure and Longitudinal Measurement Invariance of the Demand Control Support Model: An Evidence from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health (SLOSH). PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e70541.	2.5	70
64	Nurses' Practice Environment and Work-Family Conflict in Relation to Burn Out: A Multilevel Modelling Approach. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e96991.	2.5	70
65	Psychosocial working conditions and depressive symptoms among Swedish employees. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2009, 82, 951-960.	2.3	69
66	Age-related trajectories of physical functioning in work and retirement: the role of sociodemographic factors, lifestyle and disease. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 503-509.	3.7	61
67	Diagnosis-specific sick leave as a long-term predictor of disability pension: a 13-year follow-up of the GAZEL cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2012, 66, 155-159.	3.7	59
68	Association of Contractual and Subjective Job Insecurity With Sickness Presenteeism Among Public Sector Employees. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 52, 830-835.	1.7	58
69	Sickness presenteeism is more than an alternative to sickness absence: results from the population-based SLOSH study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2012, 85, 905-914.	2.3	58
70	Depressive symptoms as a cause and effect of job loss in men and women: evidence in the context of organisational downsizing from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 1045.	2.9	58
71	Copenhagen Psychosocial Questionnaire - A validation study using the Job Demand-Resources model. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196450.	2.5	58
72	Trajectories of self-rated health in the last 15Âyears of life by cause of death. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 177-185.	5.7	56

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Socioeconomic Inequalities in Disability-free Life Expectancy in Older People from England and the United States: A Cross-national Population-Based Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2020, 75, 906-913.	3.6	56
74	Destructive managerial leadership and psychological well-being among employees in Swedish, Polish, and Italian hotels. Work, 2011, 39, 267-281.	1.1	55
75	Effect of Retirement on Alcohol Consumption: Longitudinal Evidence from the French Gazel Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e26531.	2.5	55
76	Health Effects on Leaders and Co-Workers of an Art-Based Leadership Development Program. Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics, 2011, 80, 78-87.	8.8	53
77	Validation of the Copenhagen Psychosocial Questionnaire Version III and Establishment of Benchmarks for Psychosocial Risk Management in Sweden. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 3179.	2.6	53
78	Managerial leadership is associated with employee stress, health, and sickness absence independently of the demand-control-support model. Work, 2010, 37, 71-79.	1.1	50
79	All-cause and diagnosis-specific sickness absence as a predictor of sustained suboptimal health: a 14-year follow-up in the GAZEL cohort. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 311-317.	3.7	50
80	Social and Material Adversity from Adolescence to Adulthood and Allostatic Load in Middle-Aged Women and Men: Results from the Northern Swedish Cohort. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2012, 43, 117-128.	2.9	48
81	Job insecurity and risk of diabetes: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. Cmaj, 2016, 188, E447-E455.	2.0	47
82	Validating abbreviated measures of effort-reward imbalance at work in European cohort studies: the IPD-Work consortium. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2014, 87, 249-256.	2.3	46
83	Change in physical activity and weight in relation to retirement: the French GAZEL Cohort Study. BMJ Open, 2012, 2, e000522.	1.9	45
84	Organizational instability and cardiovascular risk factors in white-collar employees: An analysis of correlates of structural instability of workplace organization on risk factors for coronary heart disease in a sample of 3,904 white collar employees in the Stockholm region. European Journal of Public Health, 2004, 14, 37-42.	0.3	43
85	Job strain and ischaemic disease: does the inclusion of older employees in the cohort dilute the association? The WOLF Stockholm Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, 372-374.	3.7	42
86	Do Peer Relations in Adolescence Influence Health in Adulthood? Peer Problems in the School Setting and the Metabolic Syndrome in Middle-Age. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e39385.	2.5	41
87	Organizational Downsizing and Depressive Symptoms in the European Recession: The Experience of Workers in France, Hungary, Sweden and the United Kingdom. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e97063.	2.5	40
88	Information and communication technology demands at work: the association with job strain, effort-reward imbalance and self-rated health in different socio-economic strata. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2016, 89, 1049-1058.	2.3	40
89	The effect of noise absorption variation in open-plan offices: A field study with a cross-over design. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 2015, 44, 34-44.	5.1	39
90	Job strain and atrial fibrillation – Results from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health and meta-analysis of three studies. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2018, 25, 1142-1149.	1.8	39

#	Article	IF	Citations
91	Reciprocal relations between work stress and insomnia symptoms: A prospective study. Journal of Sleep Research, 2020, 29, e12949.	3.2	39
92	Work-related sleep disturbances and sickness absence in the Swedish working population, 1993-1999. Sleep, 2008, 31, 1169-77.	1.1	39
93	The Role of Sleep Disturbances in the Longitudinal Relationship Between Psychosocial Working Conditions, Measured by Work Demands and Support, and Depression. Sleep, 2014, 37, 1977-1985.	1.1	38
94	Work stress, anthropometry, lung function, blood pressure, and blood-based biomarkers: a cross-sectional study of 43,593 French men and women. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 9282.	3.3	38
95	Patterns of Weight Gain in Middle-Aged and Older US Adults, 1992–2010. Epidemiology, 2015, 26, 165-168.	2.7	37
96	Does Sickness Absence Due to Psychiatric Disorder Predict Cause-specific Mortality? A 16-Year Follow-up of the GAZEL Occupational Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 172, 700-707.	3.4	36
97	The impact of involuntary exit from employment in later life on the risk of major depression and being prescribed anti-depressant medication. Aging and Mental Health, 2015, 19, 381-389.	2.8	36
98	Sickness absence as a prognostic marker for common chronic conditions: analysis of mortality in the GAZEL study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2008, 65, 820-826.	2.8	34
99	Influence of retirement and work stress on headache prevalence: A longitudinal modelling study from the GAZEL Cohort Study. Cephalalgia, 2011, 31, 696-705.	3.9	34
100	Expectancies, Socioeconomic Status, and Self-Rated Health: Use of the Simplified TOMCATS Questionnaire. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 20, 242-251.	1.7	34
101	Self-Rated Health in the Last 12 Years of Life Compared to Matched Surviving Controls: The Health and Retirement Study. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e107879.	2.5	34
102	Treatment of Patients with Chronic Somatic Symptoms by Means of Art Psychotherapy: A Process Description. Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics, 1998, 67, 50-56.	8.8	33
103	The association between office design and performance on demanding cognitive tasks. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 2015, 42, 172-181.	5.1	33
104	Social Adversity in Adolescence Increases the Physiological Vulnerability to Job Strain in Adulthood: A Prospective Population-Based Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e35967.	2.5	33
105	Antecedents and Characteristics of Lean Thinking Implementation in a Swedish Hospital. Quality Management in Health Care, 2013, 22, 48-61.	0.8	32
106	Sleep Duration and Sleep Disturbances as Predictors of Healthy and Chronic Disease–Free Life Expectancy Between Ages 50 and 75: A Pooled Analysis of Three Cohorts. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2019, 74, 204-210.	3.6	32
107	Dual source support and control at work in relation to poor health. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2005, 33, 455-463.	2.3	31
108	Hospital organizational factors influence work–family conflict in registered nurses: Multilevel modeling of a nation-wide cross-sectional survey in Sweden. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2014, 51, 744-751.	5.6	31

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	The negative effects on mental health of being in a non-desired occupation in an increasingly precarious labour market. SSM - Population Health, 2017, 3, 516-524.	2.7	31
110	Validation of Online Versions of Tinnitus Questionnaires Translated into Swedish. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2016, 8, 272.	3.4	30
111	Addressing challenges of validity and internal consistency of mental health measures in a 27- year longitudinal cohort study $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{C}$ the Northern Swedish Cohort study. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2016, 16, 4.	3.1	30
112	Using Sickness Absence Records to Predict Future Depression in a Working Population: Prospective Findings From the GAZEL Cohort. American Journal of Public Health, 2009, 99, 1417-1422.	2.7	29
113	Diagnosis-specific disability pension predicts suicidal behaviour and mortality in young adults: a nationwide prospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002286.	1.9	29
114	Aging and the Change in Fatigue and Sleep – A Longitudinal Study Across 8 Years in Three Age Groups. Frontiers in Psychology, 2018, 9, 234.	2.1	29
115	Long working hours and change in body weight: analysis of individual-participant data from 19 cohort studies. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 1368-1375.	3.4	29
116	Do socioeconomic factors shape weight and obesity trajectories over the transition from midlife to old age? Results from the French GAZEL cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 92, 16-23.	4.7	28
117	Parental academic involvement in adolescence, academic achievement over the life course and allostatic load in middle age: a prospective population-based cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2013, 67, 508-513.	3.7	28
118	Socioeconomic differences in healthy and disease-free life expectancy between ages 50 and 75: a multi-cohort study. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 267-272.	0.3	28
119	Is cultural activity at work related to mental health in employees?. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2013, 86, 281-288.	2.3	27
120	Job strain and loss of healthy life years between ages 50 and 75 by sex and occupational position: analyses of 64 934 individuals from four prospective cohort studies. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 486-493.	2.8	26
121	Does good leadership buffer effects of high emotional demands at work on risk of antidepressant treatment? A prospective study from two Nordic countries. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2014, 49, 1209-1218.	3.1	25
122	Non-Listening and Self Centered Leadership $\hat{a} \in \text{``Relationships to Socioeconomic Conditions and Employee Mental Health. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e44119.}$	2.5	25
123	Work–home interference and its prospective relation to major depression and treatment with antidepressants. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2014, 40, 66-73.	3.4	25
124	Effect of depression onset on adherence to medication among hypertensive patients. Journal of Hypertension, 2013, 31, 1477-1484.	0.5	24
125	Interactions between lean management and the psychosocial work environment in a hospital setting – a multi-method study. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 480.	2.2	24
126	Influence of retirement on nonadherence to medication for hypertension and diabetes. Cmaj, 2013, 185, E784-E790.	2.0	23

#	Article	IF	Citations
127	Mental health in adolescence as determinant of alcohol consumption trajectories in the Northern Swedish Cohort. International Journal of Public Health, 2015, 60, 335-342.	2.3	23
128	Technostress operationalised as information and communication technology (ICT) demands among managers and other occupational groups $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{C}$ Results from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health (SLOSH). Computers in Human Behavior, 2021, 114, 106486.	8.5	23
129	Coping with critical life events and lack of controlâ€"the exertion of control. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2005, 30, 1027-1032.	2.7	22
130	Does Lean implementation interact with group functioning?. Journal of Health Organization and Management, 2014, 28, 196-213.	1.3	22
131	Long working hours and risk of 50 health conditions and mortality outcomes: a multicohort study in four European countries. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 11, 100212.	5.6	21
132	Does Personality Have a Different Impact on Self-Rated Distraction, Job Satisfaction, and Job Performance in Different Office Types?. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0155295.	2.5	21
133	A Qualitative Study on the Content Validity of the Social Capital Scales in the Copenhagen Psychosocial Questionnaire (COPSOQ II). Scandinavian Journal of Work and Organizational Psychology, 2016, 1, .	0.9	20
134	Is perception of leadership influenced by office environment?. Journal of Corporate Real Estate, 2013, 15, 194-212.	1.9	19
135	Determinants in adolescence for adult sickness absence in women and men: a 26-year follow-up of a prospective population based cohort (Northern Swedish cohort). BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 75.	2.9	18
136	Residential Selection across the Life Course: Adolescent Contextual and Individual Determinants of Neighborhood Disadvantage in Mid-Adulthood. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80241.	2.5	18
137	Job strain and the risk of severe asthma exacerbations: a metaâ€analysis of individualâ€participant data from 100Â000 <scp>E</scp> uropean men and women. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2014, 69, 775-783.	5.7	18
138	Trajectories of job demands and control: risk for subsequent symptoms of major depression in the nationally representative Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health (SLOSH). International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2018, 91, 263-272.	2.3	18
139	Benchmarks for Evidence-Based Risk Assessment with the Swedish Version of the 4-Item Psychosocial Safety Climate Scale. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 8675.	2.6	18
140	Differences in the association between sickness absence and long-term sub-optimal health by occupational position: a 14-year follow-up in the GAZEL cohort. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 68, 729-733.	2.8	17
141	Short- and long-term effects of major organisational change on minor psychiatric disorder and self-rated health: results from the Whitehall II study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 70, 688-696.	2.8	17
142	How Visual Management for Continuous Improvement Might Guide and Affect Hospital Staff. Quality Management in Health Care, 2015, 24, 222-228.	0.8	17
143	Long working hours and cancer risk: a multi-cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 813-818.	6.4	17
144	Socio-economic predictors of depressive symptoms around old age retirement in Swedish women and men. Aging and Mental Health, 2019, 23, 558-565.	2.8	17

#	Article	IF	Citations
145	Job Strain and the Risk of Inflammatory Bowel Diseases: Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 95Â000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88711.	2.5	17
146	The impact of moderate and major workplace expansion and downsizing on the psychosocial and physical work environment and income in Sweden. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2007, 35, 62-69.	2.3	16
147	Paid and unpaid working hours among Swedish men and women in relation to depressive symptom trajectories: results from four waves of the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e017525.	1.9	16
148	Long working hours, anthropometry, lung function, blood pressure and blood-based biomarkers: cross-sectional findings from the CONSTANCES study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 130-135.	3.7	16
149	Purchases of prescription antidepressants in the Swedish population in relation to major workplace downsizing. Epidemiology, 2015, 27, 1.	2.7	15
150	Interactional justice at work is related to sickness absence: a study using repeated measures in the Swedish working population. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 912.	2.9	15
151	Does inflammation provide a link between psychosocial work characteristics and diabetes? Analysis of the role of interleukin-6 and C-reactive protein in the Whitehall II cohort study. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2019, 78, 153-160.	4.1	15
152	Repeated exposure to high ICT demands at work, and development of suboptimal self-rated health: findings from a 4-year follow-up of the SLOSH study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 717-728.	2.3	15
153	It is not just about occupation, but also about where you work. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 2017, 45, 372-379.	1.9	14
154	Psychosocial work demands and physical workload decrease with ageing in blue-collar and white-collar workers: a prospective study based on the SLOSH cohort. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e030918.	1.9	14
155	How does cessation of work affect sleep? Prospective analyses of sleep duration, timing and efficiency from the Swedish Retirement Study. Journal of Sleep Research, 2021, 30, e13157.	3.2	14
156	Antidepressant use and associations with psychosocial work characteristics. A comparative study of Swedish and Danish gainfully employed. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 149, 38-45.	4.1	13
157	Multicohort study of change in job strain, poor mental health and incident cardiometabolic disease. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 785-792.	2.8	13
158	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Peripheral Artery Disease: A Multiâ€Cohort Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2020, 9, e013538.	3.7	13
159	Work-Related Sleep Disturbances and Sickness Absence in the Swedish Working Population, 1993–1999. Sleep, 2008, , .	1.1	12
160	Involvement and structure: A qualitative study of organizational change and sickness absence among women in the public sector in Sweden. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 318.	2.9	12
161	Cross-cultural validity of the demand-control questionnaire: Swedish and Brazilian workers. Revista De Saude Publica, 2014, 48, 486-496.	1.7	12
162	Job demands, control and social support as predictors of trajectories of depressive symptoms. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 235, 535-543.	4.1	12

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Fetal and life course origins of serum lipids in mid-adulthood: results from a prospective cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 484.	2.9	11
164	Is transition to disability pension in young people associated with changes in risk of attempted suicide? Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 2331-2338.	4.5	11
165	Influence of Retirement on Adherence to Statins in the Insurance Medicine All-Sweden Total Population Data Base. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0130901.	2.5	11
166	Does job promotion affect men's and women's health differently? Dynamic panel models with fixed effects. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 46, dyw310.	1.9	11
167	Sickness presence in the Swedish Police inÂ2007 and in 2010: Associations withÂdemographic factors, jobÂcharacteristics, and health. Work, 2016, 54, 379-387.	1.1	11
168	Downsizing and purchases of psychotropic drugs: A longitudinal study of stayers, changers and unemployed. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0203433.	2.5	11
169	Construct validity of a global scale for Workplace Social Capital based on COPSOQ III. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0221893.	2.5	11
170	Staying in or switching between permanent, temporary and self-employment during 2008–2010: Associations with changing job characteristics and emotional exhaustion. Economic and Industrial Democracy, 2019, 40, 215-237.	1.6	11
171	Health- and Age-Related Workplace Factors as Predictors of Preferred, Expected, and Actual Retirement Timing: Findings from a Swedish Cohort Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 2746.	2.6	11
172	Commuting distance and behavior-related health: A longitudinal study. Preventive Medicine, 2021, 150, 106665.	3.4	11
173	Job insecurity and risk of coronary heart disease: Mediation analyses of health behaviors, sleep problems, physiological and psychological factors. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 118, 104706.	2.7	11
174	Improvements in physical and mental health following a rehabilitation programme for breast cancer patients. European Journal of Oncology Nursing, 2011, 15, 12-15.	2.1	10
175	Covert coping with unfair treatment at work and risk of incident myocardial infarction and cardiac death among men: prospective cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2011, 65, 420-425.	3.7	10
176	Self-rated health amongst male and female employees in Sweden: a nationally representative study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2015, 88, 849-859.	2.3	10
177	Parental academic involvement in adolescence as predictor of mental health trajectories over the life course: a prospective population-based cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 653.	2.9	10
178	Psychophysiological effects of temporary alternative employment. Social Science and Medicine, 2001, 52, 405-415.	3.8	9
179	Does Working While Ill Trigger Serious Coronary Events? The Whitehall II Study. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2009, 51, 1099-1104.	1.7	9
180	Associations between onset of effort-reward imbalance at work and onset of musculoskeletal pain: analyzing observational longitudinal data as pseudo-trials. Pain, 2018, 159, 1477-1483.	4.2	9

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
181	Informal caregiving as a risk factor for type 2 diabetes in individuals with favourable and unfavourable psychosocial work environments: A longitudinal multi-cohort study. Diabetes and Metabolism, 2018, 44, 38-44.	2.9	9
182	Prevailing over Adversity: Factors Counteracting the Long-Term Negative Health Influences of Social and Material Disadvantages in Youth. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 1842.	2.6	9
183	Informal Caregiving and Quality of Life Among Older Adults: Prospective Analyses from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health (SLOSH). Social Indicators Research, 2022, 160, 845-866.	2.7	9
184	Temporal relationships between job strain and low-back pain. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 396-404.	3.4	9
185	Bridges, pathways and valleys: labour market position and risk of hospitalization in a Swedish sample aged 55 - 63. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2004, 32, 368-373.	2.3	8
186	Unemployment in the teens and trajectories of alcohol consumption in adulthood. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e006430.	1.9	8
187	Social adversities in adolescence predict unfavourable trajectories of internalized mental health symptoms until middle age: results from the Northern Swedish Cohort. European Journal of Public Health, 2016, 26, 23-29.	0.3	8
188	Psychosocial work characteristics, sleep disturbances and risk of subsequent depressive symptoms: a study of timeâ€varying effect modification. Journal of Sleep Research, 2017, 26, 266-276.	3.2	8
189	Does social and professional establishment at age 30 mediate the association between school connectedness and family climate at age 16 and mental health symptoms at age 43?. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 246, 52-61.	4.1	8
190	A comparison of the B-spline group-based trajectory model with the polynomial group-based trajectory model for identifying trajectories of depressive symptoms around old-age retirement. Aging and Mental Health, 2020, 24, 445-452.	2.8	8
191	Sickness absence and sickness presence in relation to office type: An observational study of employer-recorded and self-reported data from Sweden. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0231934.	2.5	8
192	Psychosocial working characteristics before retirement and depressive symptoms across the retirement transition: a longitudinal latent class analysis. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 488-497.	3.4	8
193	Changes in Job Quality as People Work Beyond Pensionable Age in Sweden. Work, Aging and Retirement, 2022, 8, 282-295.	2.0	7
194	Workplace Violence and Long-term Sickness Absence. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 830-838.	1.7	6
195	The nature of paid work in the retirement years. Ageing and Society, 2023, 43, 1310-1332.	1.7	6
196	Longitudinal Mediation Modeling of Unhealthy Behaviors as Mediators between Workplace Demands/Support and Depressive Symptoms. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0169276.	2.5	6
197	Characteristics of Workplace Psychosocial Resources and Risk of Diabetes: A Prospective Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 59-66.	8.6	6
198	Do good psychosocial working conditions prolong working lives? Findings from a prospective study in Sweden. European Journal of Ageing, 2022, 19, 677-688.	2.8	6

#	Article	IF	Citations
199	Reduction in sleep disturbances at retirement: evidence from the Swedish Longitudinal Occupational Survey of Health. Ageing and Society, 2020, 40, 2155-2173.	1.7	5
200	Home and Workplace Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status and Behavior-related Health: A Within-individual Analysis. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2021, 55, 779-790.	2.9	5
201	Stuck at a workplace: What's work control, demands and learning got to do with it? A longitudinal multilevel study on Swedish permanent employees in situations of †workplace locked-in'. International Journal of Human Resource Management, 2020, 31, 1771-1792.	5.3	4
202	Labor market exit around retirement age in Sweden and trajectories of psychotropic drugs in a context of downsizing. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 618.	2.9	4
203	Sexual and gender harassment in Swedish workplaces: A prospective cohort study on implications for long-term sickness absence. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 466-474.	3.4	4
204	Status incongruence in human service occupations and implications for mild-to-severe depressive symptoms and register-based sickness absence: A prospective cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 209-217.	3.4	4
205	Psychosocial job strain and polypharmacy: a national cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 589-598.	3.4	4
206	It's giving Me the blues: A fixed-effects and G-Formula approach to understanding job insecurity, sleep disturbances, and major depression. Social Science and Medicine, 2022, 297, 114805.	3.8	4
207	Association of alcohol use with years lived without major chronic diseases: A multicohort study from the IPD-Work consortium and UK Biobank. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2022, 19, 100417.	5.6	4
208	Changes in anabolic and catabolic activity among women taking part in an alternative labour market programme. Integrative Psychological and Behavioral Science, 2004, 39, 3-15.	0.3	3
209	Does workplace social capital predict care quality through job satisfaction and stress at the clinic? A prospective study. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1320.	2.9	3
210	How consistently does sleep quality improve at retirement? Prospective analyses with groupâ€based trajectory models. Journal of Sleep Research, 2022, 31, e13474.	3.2	3
211	Study protocol for examining job strain as a risk factor for severe unipolar depression in an individual participant meta-analysis of 14 European cohorts. F1000Research, 2013, 2, 233.	1.6	3
212	Work changes and employee age, maladaptive coping expectations, and well-being: a Swedish cohort study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2022, 95, 1317-1330.	2.3	3
213	Psychotropic medication before and after disability retirement by pre-retirement perceived work-related stress. European Journal of Public Health, 2020, 30, 158-163.	0.3	2
214	Associations Between Being â€~Locked-In' and Health – An Epidemiological Study. Nordic Journal of Working Life Studies, 0, , .	0.5	2
215	Psychosomatic perspectives on job stress in a changing world—individual and structural perspectives. International Congress Series, 2002, 1241, 155-163.	0.2	1
216	Accuracy of a Single Item on Mentally Tiring Work as Proxy Measure of Job Demands and Efforts in the Gazel Cohort. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, e156-e158.	1.7	1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
217	Does Labor Market Position Explain the Differences in Self-Rated Health between Employed Immigrants and Native Swedes: a Population-Based Study from Southern Sweden. Journal of International Migration and Integration, 2019, 20, 703-715.	1.4	1
218	Group activity participation at age 21 and depressive symptoms during boom and recession in Sweden: a 20-year follow-up. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 475-481.	0.3	1
219	Onset of Workplace Bullying and Risk of Weight Gain: A Multicohort Longitudinal Study. Obesity, 2020, 28, 2216-2223.	3.0	1
220	Does staffâ€assessed care quality predict early failure of dental fillings? A prospective study. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 2020, 48, 387-394.	1.9	1
221	Study protocol for examining job strain as a risk factor for severe unipolar depression in an individual participant meta-analysis of 14 European cohorts. F1000Research, 0, 2, 233.	1.6	1
222	How does work impact daily sleep quality? A withinâ€individual study using actigraphy and selfâ€reports over the retirement transition. Journal of Sleep Research, 2022, 31, e13513.	3.2	1
223	The Implication of Physically Demanding and Hazardous Work on Retirement Timing. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 8123.	2.6	1
224	Birth size is not associated with depressive symptoms from adolescence to middle-age: results from the Northern Swedish Cohort study. Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease, 2019, 10, 376-383.	1.4	0
225	Work, stress and health: Theories and models. , 2017, , .		0
226	Job Quality in the Late Career in Sweden, Japan and the United States. Research on Aging, 2022, , 016402752210759.	1.8	0