## Pedro Berzosa

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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933447 752698 20 557 10 20 h-index citations g-index papers 25 25 25 857 citing authors all docs docs citations times ranked

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Evaluation of LAMP for the diagnosis of Loa loa infection in dried blood spots compared to PCR-based assays and microscopy. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2022, 116, e210210.	1.6	8
2	Colorimetric and Real-Time Loop-Mediated Isothermal Amplification (LAMP) for Detection of Loa loa DNA in Human Blood Samples. Diagnostics, 2022, 12, 1079.	2.6	3
3	Comparison of three <scp>PCR</scp> â€based methods to detect <i>Loa loa</i> and <i>Mansonella perstans</i> in longâ€term frozen storage dried blood spots. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2022, 27, 686-695.	2.3	7
4	Knowledge and practices regarding malaria and the National Treatment Guidelines among public health workers in Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 21.	2.3	2
5	Therapeutic efficacy of artesunate-amodiaquine and artemether-lumefantrine and polymorphism in Plasmodium falciparum kelch13-propeller gene in Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 275.	2.3	7
6	Impact of Plasmodium falciparum pfhrp2 and pfhrp3 gene deletions on malaria control worldwide: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 276.	2.3	18
7	Temporal evolution of the resistance genotypes of Plasmodium falciparum in isolates from Equatorial Guinea during 20Âyears (1999 to 2019). Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 463.	2.3	4
8	First evidence of the deletion in the pfhrp2 and pfhrp3 genes in Plasmodium falciparum from Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2020, 19, 99.	2.3	29
9	Failures in the case management of children with uncomplicated malaria in Bata district of Equatorial Guinea and associated factors. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0220789.	2.5	4
10	Comparison of three diagnostic methods (microscopy, RDT, and PCR) for the detection of malaria parasites in representative samples from Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2018, 17, 333.	2.3	149
11	Malaria determining risk factors at the household level in two rural villages of mainland Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2018, 17, 203.	2.3	18
12	Differentially expressed microRNAs in experimental cerebral malaria and their involvement in endocytosis, adherens junctions, FoxO and TGF- $\hat{l}^2$ signalling pathways. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 11277.	<b>3.</b> 3	35
13	The use and preference of artemether as a first-choice treatment for malaria: results from a cross-sectional survey in the Bata district, Equatorial Guinea. Malaria Journal, 2018, 17, 107.	2.3	4
14	Profile of molecular mutations in pfdhfr, pfdhps, pfmdr1, and pfcrt genes of Plasmodium falciparum related to resistance to different anti-malarial drugs in the Bata District (Equatorial Guinea). Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 28.	2.3	30
15	Prevalence of anemia and associated factors in children living in urban and rural settings from Bata District, Equatorial Guinea, 2013. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0176613.	2.5	31
16	Caregivers' Malaria Knowledge, Beliefs and Attitudes, and Related Factors in the Bata District, Equatorial Guinea. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0168668.	2.5	10
17	Malaria prevalence in Bata district, Equatorial Guinea: a cross-sectional study. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 456.	2.3	21
18	Artesunate/Amodiaquine Malaria Treatment for Equatorial Guinea (Central Africa). American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 88, 1087-1092.	1.4	12

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Duffy Negative Antigen Is No Longer a Barrier to Plasmodium vivax – Molecular Evidences from the African West Coast (Angola and Equatorial Guinea). PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2011, 5, e1192.	3.0	157
20	Efficacy of Artesunate + Sulphadoxine-Pyrimethamine (AS + SP) and Amodiaquine + Sulphadoxine-Pyrimethamine (AQ + SP) for UncomplicatedfalciparumMalaria in Equatorial Guinea (Central Africa). Journal of Tropical Medicine, 2009, 2009, 1-7.	1.7	8